### Appendix PE I Program Evaluation Forms

The Program Evaluation Forms Appendix details the information to be contained in each individual data point on both Aggregate Reports for Tuberculosis Program Evaluation forms:

- Follow-up and Treatment for Contacts to Tuberculosis Case Report
- Targeted Testing and Treatment for Latent Tuberculosis Infection (Targeted Testing Report).

## Follow-up and Treatment for Contacts to Tuberculosis Cases Report Instructions

The Follow-up and Treatment for Contacts to Tuberculosis Case Report is an annual summary of health department activity in eliciting and evaluating contacts to TB cases and treating the contacts that have latent TB infection. The report can also include results provided by partner or contract healthcare entities, provided that these outside healthcare entities have cooperated with the health department to ensure that the data are accurate.

PIGNET PRINCE PR	THE TOP 1996G ACTION	1996 CONTACT-TOTAL 1996 CAUTIOC P (1250) (regate Reports for Tuberculosis Program Evaluation:				
Follow-up and Treatment for Contacts to Tuberculosis Cases						
Cohol Year. 1995						
Preimmony Colle for Follow-up. (23 15) 1521	(August 15 of the second year of a the cohol year	m)				
Folal FB Coses Repolled. 30						
Part I. Cases and Contacts	T					
	1	of Cales for Investigation:	atr			
	Sputum #mear+	Sputum #mear-cuit.+	Others			
Cases for Investigation	20 (a1)	8 (22)				
Cases with No Contacts	<b>↓</b> (01)	2 (02)				
Number of Contacts	80 (cf)	32 (02)	40 (0)			
Bøliæld	en (au)	24 (12)	40 (0)			
TB Disease	20 (e1)	24 (62)	16 (e)			
Latent TB Infection	40 (11)	(2)	16 🐧			
Started Treatment	32 (g1)	(92)	16 (g)			
Completed Treatment	8 (1)	(12)	8 (1)			
ealon i Treatment Not Completed:	8					
Contact Moued (follow-up unknown)	8					
Actue T8 Deueloped						
Aduerse Effector Medicine						
Contact Chose to Stop			_			
Contact is Lost to Follow-up			8			
Prouider Decision	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
art II. Evaluation Indices						
No-Contacts Rate	20 (01/81),%	25 (02/62),%				
Contacts Per Case	€ (C1/a1)	4 (c2/s2)				
Busiliation Rate	75 (01/61),%	75 (02/02),%	100 (%),%			
Disease Rate	33 @1/01),%	100 (e202),%	4D (045), 9			
Latent Intection Rate	हर (मध्य),%	(12/012),%	4D (8A), 9			
Treatment Rate	80 (g1/m),%	(g2/f2),%	100 (9/5,%			
Completion Rate	25 (11/91),%	(1292),%	50 (1/9),1			
COMPRIOR RAE	4941.4	l (~=3-7) 1 **	, v= (-ig)) ·			

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## Follow-up and Treatment for Contacts to Tuberculosis Cases Report Field and Formula Guide

	I. Cases and Conta	
A <sub>1</sub>	Sputum Smear + Cases for Investigation	$A_1$ is the actual number of Sputum Smear Positive persons within the TIMS database for the specified cohort year. $A_1$ must be less than or equal to the Total TB Cases Reported. Additionally, the sum or $A_1$ and $A_2$ must be less than or equal to Total TB Cases Reported.
A <sub>2</sub>	Sputum Smear - cult + Cases for Investigation	$A_2$ is the actual number of Sputum Smear Negative and Culture Positive persons within the TIMS database for the specified cohort year. $A_2$ must be less than or equal to the Total TB Cases Reported. Additionally, the sum or $A_1$ and $A_2$ must be less than or equal to Total TB Cases Reported.
B <sub>1</sub>	Sputum Smear + Cases with No Contacts	$B_1$ is a subset of $A_1$ , representing the number of persons from the $A_1$ group who have no reported contacts. $B_1$ must be less or equal to $A_1$ .
B <sub>2</sub>	Sputum Smear - cult + Cases with No Contacts	$B_2$ is a subset of $A_1$ , representing the number of persons from the $A_2$ group who have no reported contacts. $B_2$ must be less than or equal to $A_1$ .
C <sub>1</sub>	Sputum Smear + Number of Contacts	$C_1$ is total number of contacts derived from the $B_1$ group. There are no restrictions to the number of contacts in the $C_1$ group.
C <sub>2</sub>	Sputum Smear - cult + Number of Contacts	$C_2$ is total number of contacts derived from the $B_2$ group. There are no restrictions to the number of contacts in the $C_2$ group
С	Others Number of Contacts	C is total number of contacts derived from any persons in the TIMS database that do not fit either of the other two categories. There are no restrictions to the number of contacts in the C group.
$D_1$	Sputum Smear + Evaluated	$D_1$ is a subset of $C_1$ , representing the number of persons from the $C_1$ group that were evaluated for TB. $D_1$ must be less than or equal to $C_1$ .
$D_2$	Sputum Smear - cult + Evaluated	$D_2$ is a subset of $C_2$ , representing the number of persons from the $C_2$ group that were evaluated for TB. $D_2$ must be less than or equal to $C_2$ .
D	Others Evaluated	D is a subset of C, representing the number of persons from the C group that were evaluated for TB. D must be less than or equal to C.
E <sub>1</sub>	Sputum Smear + TB Disease	$E_1$ is a subset of $D_1$ , representing the number of persons from the $D_1$ group who tested positive to TB Disease. $E_1$ must be less than or equal to $D_1$ ; additionally, the sum of E1 and F1 must be less than or equal to D1.
E <sub>2</sub>	Sputum Smear - cult + TB Disease	$E_2$ is a subset of $D_2$ , representing he number of persons from the $D_2$ group who tested positive for TB disease. $E_2$ must be less than or equal to $D_2$ ; additionally, the sum of E2 and F2 must be less than or equal to $D_2$ .
Е	Others TB Disease	E is a subset of D, representing the number of persons from the D group who tested positive for TB disease. E must be less than or equal to D; additionally, the sum of E and F must be less than or equal to D.
F <sub>1</sub>	Sputum Smear + Latent TB Infection	$F_1$ is a subset of $D_1$ , representing he number of persons from the $D_1$ group who tested positive for Latent TB Infection. $F_1$ must be less than or equal to $D_1$ ; additionally, the sum of E1 and F1 must be less than or equal to D1.
F <sub>2</sub>	Sputum Smear - cult + Latent TB Infection	$F_2$ is a subset of $D_2$ , representing the number of persons from the $D_2$ group who tested positive for Latent TB Infection. $F_2$ must be less than or equal to $D_2$ ; additionally, the sum of E2 and F2 must be less than or equal to $D_2$ .
F	Others Latent TB Infection	F is a subset of D. The number of persons from the D group who tested positive for Latent TB Infection. E must be less than or equal to D; additionally, the sum of E and F must be less than or equal to D.
G <sub>1</sub>	Sputum Smear + Started Treatment	$G_1$ is a subset of $F_1$ , representing the number of persons from the $F_1$ group who started TB treatment. $G_1$ must be less than or equal to $F_1$ .
G <sub>2</sub>	Sputum Smear - cult + Started Treatment	$G_2$ is a subset of $F_2$ , representing he number of persons from the $F_2$ group who started TB treatment. $G_2$ must be less than or equal to $F_2$ .
G	Others Started Treatment	G is a subset of F, representing he number of persons from the F group who started TB treatment. E must be less than or equal to F.

H <sub>1</sub>	Sputum Smear +	$H_1$ is a subset of $G_1$ , representing the number of persons from the $G_1$ group who
	Completed Treatment	completed TB treatment. H <sub>1</sub> must be less than or equal to G <sub>1</sub> .
H <sub>2</sub>	Sputum Smear –	$H_2$ is a subset of $G_2$ , representing he number of persons from the $G_2$ group who completed TB treatment. $H_2$ must be less than or equal to $G_2$ .
	cult +	completed 1B treatment. <b>H</b> <sub>2</sub> must be less than of equal to <b>G</b> <sub>2</sub> .
TT	Completed Treatment Others	H is a subset of C representing he number of persons from the C group who
Н	Completed Treatment	<b>H</b> is a subset of <b>G</b> , representing he number of persons from the <b>G</b> group who completed TB treatment. H must be less than or equal to <b>G</b> .
	ons Treatment Not pleted	A collection of general reasons that treatment for latent TB infection is not being completed. The sum of all Reasons Treatment Not Completed for each Type of Case for Investigation (Sputum Smear +, Sputum Smear - cult. +, and Others) must
		be less than or equal to the difference between those that started treatment and those that completed treatment $(G_x - H_x)$ .
	um Smear + Death	Persons from the Sputum Smear +: Started Treatment category that died before treatment could be completed.
Death		Persons from the Sputum Smear - cult. +: Started Treatment category that died before treatment could be completed.
	rs: Death	Persons from the Others: Started Treatment category that died before treatment could be completed.
Move		Persons from the Sputum Smear +: Started Treatment category that have moved away from the jurisdiction of the health department and follow-up information is not
	w-up Unknown)	available. If follow-up information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction (completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should be recorded accordingly.
	um Smear - cult + act Moved	Persons from the Sputum Smear - cult. +: Started Treatment category that have
(Follo	w-up Unknown)	moved away from the jurisdiction of the health department and follow-up information is not available. If follow-up information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction (completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should be recorded accordingly.
	rs: Contact Moved w-up Unknown)	Persons from the Others: Started Treatment category that have moved away from the jurisdiction of the health department and follow-up information is not available If follow-up information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction (completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should be recorded accordingly.
	um Smear + e TB Developed	Persons from the Sputum Smear +: Started Treatment category who develop active TB according to the standard surveillance definition.
Active	um Smear - cult + e TB Developed	Persons from the Sputum Smear - cult. + Started Treatment category who develop active TB according to the standard surveillance definition.
	e TB Developed	Persons from the Others Started Treatment category who develops active TE according to the standard surveillance definition.
Adverse Effect of Medicine treatment due to drug-food interact discontinued.		recommendation from health-care provider, the person should be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.
Sputum Smear - cult + Adverse Effect of Medicine  Persons from the Sputum Smear - cult. +: Started Treatment categor complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB medication (in drug and drug-food interaction) and a healthcare provider determines should be discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications by recommendation from health-care provider, the person should be a Contact Chose to Stop.		
<b>Othe</b> Adver	rs: rse Effect of Medicine	Persons from the Others: Started Treatment category who do not complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB medication (including drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a healthcare provider determines that treatment should be discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications but there is no recommendation from health-care provider, the person should be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.
	um Smear + act Chose to Stop	Persons from the Sputum Smear +: Started Treatment category who stop taking their medications before they have completed treatment without a specific

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	recommendation from a healthcare provider.
Sputum Smear - cult + Contact Chose to Stop	Persons from the Sputum Smear - cult. +: Started Treatment category who stop taking their medications before they have completed treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare provider.
Others: Contact Chose to Stop	Persons from the Others: Started Treatment category who stop taking their medications before they have completed treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare provider.
Sputum Smear + Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Sputum Smear +: Started Treatment category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.
Sputum Smear - cult + Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Sputum Smear - cult. +: Started Treatment category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.
Others: Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Others: Started Treatment category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.
Sputum Smear + Provider Decision	Persons from the Sputum Smear +: Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.
Sputum Smear - cult + Provider Decision	Persons from the Sputum Smear - cult. +: Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.
Others: Provider Decision	Persons from the Others: Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.
Part II. Evaluation Indices	The Evaluation Indices are summary statistics automatically calculated by TIMS from the data entered in Part I and presented as either ratios or percentages. The formulas are shown on the paper copy of the report.

# Follow-up and Treatment for Contacts to Tuberculosis Cases Report TIMS Field Definitions

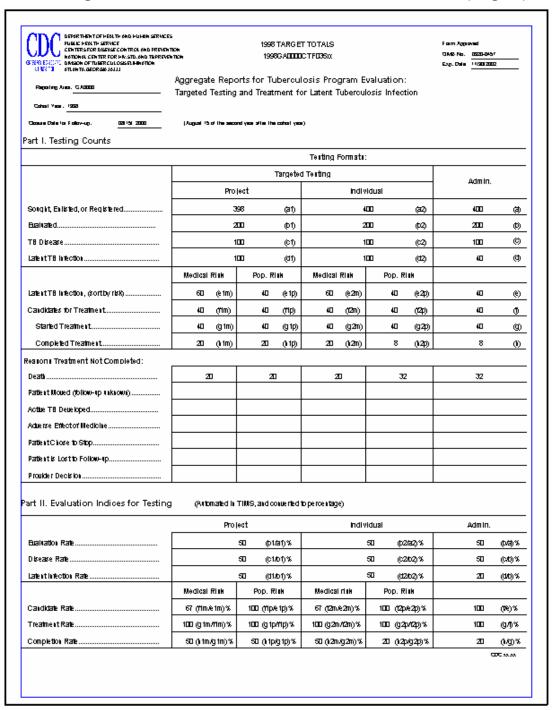
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			Form Approved		
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTIVE HATIONAL CENTER FOR HIV. STD. AND TO PREVEN			OMB No. <u>0920-0457</u>		
II 119-9 (C.1 DIVISION OF TUDERCULOSIS ELIMINATION CERTO ATLANTA, GEORGIA 38335	,		Exp. Date 11/30/2002		
Reporting Area: siteid		Г			
Cohort Year: cohortyear			Preliminary Report		
Preliminary Date for Follow-up: 08/15/ datefoll	owup (August 15 of the first yea	ar after the cohort year)	C Final Report		
Total TB Cases Reported: totaltb					
Part I. Cases and Contacts					
	Types	of Cases for Investi	gation:		
	Sputum smear +	Sputum smear - cu	ılt. + Others		
Cases for Investigation		a2			
Cases with No Contacts	Ь1	b2			
Number of Contacts		c2	С		
Evaluated		d2	d		
TB Disease		e2	е		
Latent TB Infection		f2	f		
Started Treatment	g1	g2	g		
Completed Treatment	h1	h2	h		
Reasons Treatment Not Complete	d:				
Death	rtnc11	rtnc21	rtnc31		
Contact Moved (follow-up unknown)	rtnc12	rtnc22	rtnc32		
Active TB Developed	rtnc13	rtnc23	rtnc33		
Adverse Effect of Medicine	rtnc14	rtnc24	rtnc34		
Contact Chose to Stop	rtnc15	rtnc25	rtnc35		
Contact is Lost to Follow-up	rtnc16	rtnc26	rtnc36		
Provider Decision	rtnc17	rtnc27	rtnc37		

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#### **Targeted Testing Reports Instructions**

The Aggregate Reports for Tuberculosis Program Evaluation: Targeted Testing and Treatment for Latent Tuberculosis Infection (Targeted Testing Report) is an annual summary of activities to find and treat latent TB infection through targeted and other testing. "Testing" means diagnostic tests done to find latent TB infection. Contact testing and follow-up, however, are not included in this report. Active case finding (searching for TB disease) should not be included in this report unless the individuals are also being tested for latent TB infection.

#### Targeted Testing and Treatment for Latent Tuberculosis Infection (Page 1)



### **Targeted Testing and Treatment for Latent Tuberculosis Infection (Page 2)**

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	Aggregate									
	Targeted Te	esting	and Treatr Conti)		r Latent II	Jbercuio	sis intecti	on		
art III. Referral Counts			(00.11.1							
art III. Referral Counts							_			
Referred, TB Infection:	Medical R	el uk	Pop. R	lik	Adm	ln.	_			
Referred		jm)		002		0				
TB Disease		(Im)		<b>4</b> 2		1				
Latent TB Infection		<b>(m</b> )		<b>(</b> \$P)		16				
Candidates for Treatment	40	(film)	<b>-</b>	(Mb)	40	( <b>12</b> m)	40	<b>(2p)</b>	40	ø
Started Treatment	40	(g 1m)	40	(g1p)	40	(g2m)	40	(920)	40	9
Completed Treatment	20	(i 1m)	20	(11p)	20	(12m)	8	(120)	8	(1)
Resion i Treatment Not Completed:										
Death	20		21	1	2	0	32	!	32	
Patient Moued (follow-sp suknows)										
Active TB Developed										
Aduerse Effector Medicine										
Pattent Chose to Stop										
Pattent is Lost to Follow-4p										
Pattent Chose to Stop										
Partieut is Lost to Follow-4p										
Prouider Decision										
art II. Evaluation Indices for Testing	g (Autom	nafed In	TIMS, and o	onue ried 1	b percentage	e)				
		Pro	ect			indiv	ldual		Admin.	
Bialitation Rate			50 (þ1	Anys			50 (t/2	/22)%	50	(b/d)%
Disease Rate			SD (01	.b1)%	50 (0262)%		VD2)%	50	(cd)%	
Latent Intection Rate			50 (d1	<i>1</i> 01)%			50 (±2	x62)%	20	(30)%
	Medical R	l ik	Pop. R	lik	Medical	risk	Pop. Ri	l i H		
Candidate Rate	67 (MmÆ	1m)%	100 (ffp/	e1p)%	67 <b>(12</b> m/	€2m)%	100 (12p	e2p)%	100	(Ne)%
Treatment Rate	100 (g 1m/	Mm)%	100 (g1p	vmp)%	100 (g2m	/12m)%	100 (92)	м <b>2</b> р)%	100	<b>ወ</b> /ዓ%
Completion Rate	50 () 1m/s	g1m)%	50 (11p	/g1p)%	50 (12m)	/g2m)%	20 (12)	vg2p)%	20	(1/9)%
										DC 33.33

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## Targeted Testing and Treatment for Latent Tuberculosis Infection Field and Formula Guide

#### **Targeted Testing: Project Formulas**

A <sub>1</sub>	Sought, Enlisted, or Registered	A <sub>1</sub> is the actual number of persons within the project who were sought, enlisted, or registered for testing within the project. Can be any number (no restrictions).
B <sub>1</sub>	Evaluated	$B_1$ is a subset of $A_1$ . The number of persons from the $A_1$ group who were actually tested for latent TB infection. $B_1$ must be less than $A_1$ .
C <sub>1</sub>	TB Disease	$C_1$ is a subset of $B_1$ . The number of persons from the $B_1$ group that tested positive for TB disease. $C_1$ must be less than $B_1$ . Additionally, the sum of $C_1 + D_1$ must be less than $B_1$ .
D <sub>1</sub>	Latent TB Infection	$D_1$ is a subset of $B_1$ . The number of persons from the $B_1$ group that tested positive for Latent TB Infection. $D_1$ must be less than $B_1$ . Additionally, the sum of $C_1 + D_1$ must be less than or equal to $B_1$ .
E <sub>1M</sub>	Latent TB Infection (sorted by risk) (Medical Risk)	$E_{1M}$ is a subset of $D_1$ . The number of persons from the $D_1$ group who were evaluated because of a medical risk factor. $E_{1M}$ must be less than or equal to $D_1$ . Additionally, $E_{1M} + E_{1P}$ must equal $D_1$ .
E <sub>1P</sub>	Latent TB Infection (sorted by risk) (Pop. Risk)	$E_{1P}$ is a subset of $D_1$ . The number of persons from the $D_1$ group who were evaluated because of a medical risk factor. $E_{1P}$ must be less than or equal to $D_1$ . Additionally, $E_{1M} + E_{1P}$ must equal $D_1$ .
F <sub>1M</sub>	Candidates for Treatment (Medical Risk)	$F_{1M}$ is a subset of $E_{1M}$ . The number of persons from the $E_{1M}$ group who are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection treatment.
F <sub>1P</sub>	Candidates for Treatment (Pop. Risk)	$F_{1P}$ is a subset of $E_{1P}$ . The number of persons from the $E_{1P}$ group who are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection treatment.
G <sub>1M</sub>	Started Treatment (Medical Risk)	$G_{1M}$ is a subset of $F_{1M}$ . The number of persons from the $F_{1M}$ group that actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment
G <sub>1P</sub>	Started Treatment (Pop. Risk)	$G_{1P}$ is a subset of $F_{1P}$ . The number of persons from the $F_{1P}$ group that actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.
Н	Completed Treatment (Medical Risk)	$H_{1M}$ is a subset of $F_{1M}$ . The number of persons from the $F_{1M}$ group that actually completed treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.
Н1Р	Completed Treatment (Pop. Risk)	$H_{1P}$ is a subset of $F_{1P}$ . The number of persons from the $F_{1P}$ group that actually completed treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.
Rea	sons Treatment Not Completed	A collection of general reasons that treatment for latent TB infection is not being completed. The sum of all Reasons Treatment Not Completed for each investigation target (Medical Risk and Pop. Risk) must be less than or equal to the difference between those that started treatment and those that completed treatment $(G_{x-}H_{x})$ .

Medical Risk / Death	Demand from the Medical Diely Started Treatment actagemy that
Modical Rick / Death	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category that
Pop. Risk / Death	died before treatment could be completed.
	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category that died before treatment could be completed.
Medical Risk / Contact Moved	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category that
(Follow-up Unknown)	have moved away from the jurisdiction of the health department
	and follow-up information is not available. If follow-up
	information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction
	(completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should
	be recorded accordingly.
Pop. Risk / Contact Moved	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category that have
(Follow-up Unknown)	moved away from the jurisdiction of the health department and
	follow-up information is not available. If follow-up information
	becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction (completed
	treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should be recorded
	accordingly.
Medical Risk / Active TB	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category who
Developed	develop active TB according to the standard surveillance
	definition.
Pop. Risk / Active TB Developed	Persons from the Pop. Risk Started Treatment category who
	develop active TB according to the standard surveillance
	definition.
Medical Risk / Adverse Effect of	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category who
Medicine	do not complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB
	medication (including drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a
	healthcare provider determines that treatment should be
	discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications but there is
	not recommendation from health-care provider, the person should
	be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.
Pop. Risk / Adverse Effect of Medicine	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category who do
Wedene	not complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB
	medication (including drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a
	healthcare provider determines that treatment should be
	discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications but there is
	not recommendation from health-care provider, the person should
	be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.
Medical Risk / Contact Chose to Stop	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category who
	stop taking their medications before they have completed
	treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare
	provider.
Pop. Risk / Contact Chose to Stop	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category who stop
- ·- F	taking their medications before they have completed treatment
M. II. I BULLO A CONTRACTOR	without a specific recommendation from a healthcare provider.
<b>Medical Risk /</b> Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category
·· <del></del>	whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment
	regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health
	department cannot locate them to determine a more specific
	outcome.

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Pop. Risk / Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.
Medical Risk / Provider Decision	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.
Pop. Risk / Provider Decision	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.
Part II. Evaluation Indices	The Evaluation Indices are summary statistics automatically calculated by TIMS from the data entered in Part I and presented as either ratios or percentages. The formulas are shown on the paper copy of the report.

### **Targeted Testing: Individual Formulas**

	Sought Enlisted or	
A <sub>2</sub>	Sought, Enlisted, or Registered	$A_2$ is the actual number of persons within the project who were sought, enlisted, or registered for testing within the project. Can be any number (no restrictions).
В2	Evaluated	B <sub>2</sub> is a subset of A <sub>2</sub> . The number of persons from the A <sub>2</sub> group who were actually tested for latent TB infection. B <sub>2</sub> must be less than A <sub>2</sub> .
C <sub>2</sub>	TB Disease	$C_2$ is a subset of $B_2$ . The number of persons from the $B_2$ group that tested positive for TB disease. $C_2$ must be less than $B_2$ . Additionally, the sum of $C_2 + D_2$ must be less than $B_2$ .
D <sub>2</sub>	Latent TB Infection	$D_2$ is a subset of $B_2$ . The number of persons from the $B_2$ group that tested positive for Latent TB Infection. $D_2$ must be less than $B_2$ . Additionally, the sum of $C_2 + D_2$ must be less than or equal to $B_2$ .
E <sub>2M</sub>	Latent TB Infection (sorted by risk) (Medical Risk)	$E_{2M}$ is a subset of $D_2$ . The number of persons from the $D_2$ group who were evaluated because of a medical risk factor. $E_{2M}$ must be less than or equal to $D_2$ . Additionally, $E_{2M} + E_{2P}$ must equal $D_2$ .
E <sub>2P</sub>	Latent TB Infection (sorted by risk) (Pop. Risk)	$E_{2P}$ is a subset of $D_2$ . The number of persons from the $D_2$ group who were evaluated because of a medical risk factor. $E_{2P}$ must be less than or equal to $D_2$ . Additionally, $E_{2M} + E_{2P}$ must equal $D_2$ .
F <sub>2M</sub>	Candidates for Treatment (Medical Risk)	$F_{2M}$ is a subset of $E_{2M}$ . The number of persons from the $E_{2M}$ group who are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection treatment.
F <sub>2P</sub>	Candidates for Treatment (Pop. Risk)	$F_{2P}$ is a subset of $E_{2P}$ . The number of persons from the $E_{2P}$ group who are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection treatment.
G <sub>2M</sub>	Started Treatment (Medical Risk)	$G_{2M}$ is a subset of $F_{2M}$ . The number of persons from the $F_{2M}$ group that actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment
$G_{2P}$	Started Treatment (Pop. Risk)	$G_{2P}$ is a subset of $F_{2P}$ . The number of persons from the $F_{2P}$ group

	tment for Latent TB Infection treatment.
I (Medical Risk) I	M. The number of persons from the $F_{2M}$
group that actually con	mpleted treatment for Latent TB Infection
treatment.	
$H_{2P}$ Completed Treatment $H_{2P}$ is a subset of $F_{2P}$ .	The number of persons from the $F_{2P}$ group
(Pop. Risk) that actually comple	ted treatment for Latent TB Infection
treatment.	
Reasons Treatment Not A collection of generation	ral reasons that treatment for latent TB
Completed	g completed. The sum of all Reasons
	eted for each investigation target (Medical
<u> </u>	oust be less than or equal to the difference
± ,	arted treatment and those that completed
treatment $(G_x - H_x)$ .	area treatment and those that completed
1	
reisons nom the wied	ical Risk: Started Treatment category that
died before treatment c	
	Risk: Started Treatment category that died
before treatment could	
I (FOIIOW-UD UDKDOWD)	ical Risk: Started Treatment category that
have moved away from	n the jurisdiction of the health department
and follow-up inform	nation is not available. If follow-up
information becomes	available from the receiving jurisdiction
(completed treatment,	ost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should
be recorded accordingl	y.
Pop. Risk / Contact Moved Persons from the Pop.	Risk: Started Treatment category that have
I (FOIIOW-II) UNKNOWN)	jurisdiction of the health department and
	is not available. If follow-up information
=	om the receiving jurisdiction (completed
	v-up, etc.), the outcome should be recorded
accordingly.	·····
	ical Risk: Started Treatment category who
Developed	according to the standard surveillance
definition.	according to the standard survemance
	b. Risk Started Treatment category who
reisons from the roj	according to the standard surveillance
definition.	according to the standard surveinance
	ical Disk: Started Trantment actogram who
Medicine 1 CISOIIS ITOIII UIC IVICU	ical Risk: Started Treatment category who
=	ment due to adverse effects of the TB
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a
<u> </u>	determines that treatment should be
<u> -</u>	attent stops taking medications but there is
	om health-care provider, the person should
be categorized as Contained Pop. Risk / Adverse Effect of Persons from the Pop.	
Medicine Telsons from the Top.	Risk: Started Treatment category who do
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ent due to adverse effects of the TB
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a
=	determines that treatment should be
<u> </u>	atient stops taking medications but there is
	om health-care provider, the person should
be categorized as Conta	act Chose to Stop.

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Medical Risk / Contact Chose to	D C /1 M /: 1D:1 C/ / 1T / / / 1
Stop	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category who
·	stop taking their medications before they have completed
	treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare
	provider.
Pop. Risk / Contact Chose to Stop	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category who stop
Stop	taking their medications before they have completed treatment
	without a specific recommendation from a healthcare provider.
Medical Risk / Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category
Follow-up	whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment
	regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health
	department cannot locate them to determine a more specific
	outcome.
Pop. Risk / Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category whose
Follow-up	treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is
	incomplete or indeterminate because the health department
	cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.
Medical Risk / Provider Decision	Persons from the Medical Risk: Started Treatment category
	whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for
	latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about
	the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.
Pop. Risk / Provider Decision	Persons from the Pop. Risk: Started Treatment category whom a
	healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent
	TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the
	benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.

#### Admin. Formulas

	i i oimalao				
A	Sought, Enlisted, or Registered	A is the actual number of persons within the project who were sought, enlisted, or registered for testing within the project. Can be any number (no restrictions).			
	Evaluated				
В	Evaluated	B is a subset of A. The number of persons from the A group who			
		were actually tested for latent TB infection. B must be less than			
		A.			
С	TB Disease	C is a subset of B. The number of persons from the B group that			
		tested positive for TB disease. C must be less than B.			
		Additionally, the sum of C + D must be less than B.			
D	Latent TB Infection	D is a subset of B. The number of persons from the B group that			
ע	Editorit 15 milodion				
		tested positive for Latent TB Infection. D must be less than B.			
		Additionally, the sum of $C + D$ must be less than or equal to $B$ .			
Е	Latent TB Infection (sorted by risk)	E is a subset of D. The number of persons from the D group who			
	(Medical Risk)	were evaluated because of a medical risk factor. E must be less			
	, , ,	than or equal to D. Additionally, E + E must equal D.			
Е	Latent TB Infection	E is a subset of D. The number of persons from the D group who			
	(sorted by risk) (Pop. Risk)	were evaluated because of a medical risk factor. E must be less			
	(i op. rtisk)	than or equal to D. Additionally, E + E must equal D.			
F	Candidates for	F is a subset of E. The number of persons from the E group who			
I,	Treatment	1 5 1			
	(Medical Risk)	are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection treatment.			
F	Candidates for Treatment	F is a subset of E. The number of persons from the E group who			
	(Pop. Risk)	are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection treatment.			
G	Started Treatment	G is a subset of F. The number of persons from the F group that			

	(Medical Risk)	actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment		
G	Started Treatment (Pop. Risk)	G is a subset of F. The number of persons from the F group that actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.		
Н	Completed Treatment	H is a subset of F. The number of persons from the F group that		
(Medical Risk)		actually completed treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.		
Н	Completed Treatment (Pop. Risk)	H is a subset of F. The number of persons from the F group that actually completed treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.		
Reasons Treatment Not Completed		A collection of general reasons that treatment for latent TB infection is not being completed. The sum of all Reasons Treatment Not Completed for the Admin. investigation target must be less than or equal to the difference between those that started treatment and those that completed treatment (GH).		
Death		Persons from the Admin.: Started Treatment category that died before treatment could be completed.		
Contact Moved / (Follow-up Unknown)		Persons from the Admin.: Started Treatment category that have moved away from the jurisdiction of the health department and follow-up information is not available. If follow-up information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction (completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should be recorded accordingly.		
Active '	TB Developed	Persons from the Admin.: Started Treatment category who develop active TB according to the standard surveillance definition.		
Adverse Effect of Medicine		Persons from the Admin.: Started Treatment category who do not complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB medication (including drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a healthcare provider determines that treatment should be discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications but there is not recommendation from health-care provider, the person should be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.		
Contact Chose to Stop		Persons from the Admin.: Started Treatment category who stop taking their medications before they have completed treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare provider.		
Contac	t is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Admin.: Started Treatment category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.		
Provide	er Decision	Persons from the Admin.: Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.		

#### **Referral Counts: Medical Risk Formulas**

I <sub>M</sub>	Referred	I <sub>M</sub> is the actual number of persons within the project who were referred for testing within the project. Can be any number (no restrictions).
J <sub>M</sub>	TB Disease	$J_{M}$ is a subset of $I_{M}$ . The number of persons from the $I_{M}$ group that tested positive for TB disease. $J_{M}$ must be less than B.

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	1	Additionally the sum of I + K must be less than I			
17	Latent TB Infection	Additionally, the sum of $J_M + K_M$ must be less than $I_M$ .			
that tested positive for Latent Tl		$K_M$ is a subset of $I_M$ . The number of persons from the $I_M$ group that tested positive for Latent TB Infection. $K_M$ must be less than $I_M$ . Additionally, the sum of $J_M + K_M$ must be less than or equal to			
		$I_{M}.$			
L <sub>M</sub>	Candidates for Treatment	L <sub>M</sub> is a subset of K <sub>M</sub> . The number of persons from the K <sub>M</sub> group who are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection			
M	Started Treatment	treatment.			
M <sub>M</sub>		$M_{\text{M}}$ is a subset of $L_{\text{M}}$ . The number of persons from the $L_{\text{M}}$ group that actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.			
N <sub>M</sub>	Completed Treatment	$N_{\text{M}}$ is a subset of $L_{\text{M}}$ . The number of persons from the $L_{\text{M}}$ group that actually completed treatment for Latent TB Infection			
		treatment.			
Compl	ns Treatment Not eted	A collection of general reasons that treatment for latent TB infection is not being completed. The sum of all Reasons Treatment Not Completed for the Referral: Medical Risk investigation must be less than or equal to the difference between those that started treatment and those that completed treatment (GH).			
Death		Persons from the Referral: Medical Risk, Started Treatment category that died before treatment could be completed.			
Contact Moved (Follow-up Unknown)		Persons from the Referral: Medical Risk, Started Treatment category that have moved away from the jurisdiction of the health department and follow-up information is not available. If follow-up information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction (completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should			
		be recorded accordingly.			
Active '	TB Developed	Persons from the Referral: Medical Risk, Started Treatment category who develop active TB according to the standard surveillance definition.			
Adverse Effect of Medicine		Persons from the Referral: Medical Risk, Started Treatment category who do not complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB medication (including drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a healthcare provider determines that treatment should be discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications but there is not recommendation from health-care provider, the person should be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.			
Contact Chose to Stop		Persons from the Referral: Medical Risk, Started Treatment category who stop taking their medications before they have completed treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare provider.			
Contact is Lost to Follow-up		Persons from the Referral: Medical Risk, Started Treatment, category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.			
Provide	er Decision	Persons from the Referral: Medical Risk, Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.			

### Referral Counts: Pop. Risk Formulas

Ι <sub>P</sub>	I <sub>P</sub> Referred I <sub>P</sub> is the actual number of persons within the project who we				
		referred for testing within the project. Can be any number (no			
TD Diocese		restrictions).			
J <sub>P</sub> TB Disease		J <sub>P</sub> is a subset of I <sub>P</sub> . The number of persons from the I <sub>P</sub> group that			
		tested positive for TB disease. J <sub>p</sub> must be less than B.			
1/	Latent TB Infection	Additionally, the sum of $J_p + K_p$ must be less than $I_p$ .			
Kp	Latent 15 inicotion	K <sub>P</sub> is a subset of I <sub>P</sub> . The number of persons from the I <sub>P</sub> group that			
		tested positive for Latent TB Infection. $K_P$ must be less than $I_P$ . Additionally, the sum of $J_P + K_P$ must be less than or equal to $I_P$ .			
Lp	Candidates for	$L_P$ is a subset of $K_P$ . The number of persons from the $K_P$ group			
26	Treatment	who are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection			
		treatment.			
M <sub>P</sub>	Started Treatment	$M_P$ is a subset of $L_P$ . The number of persons from the $L_P$ group			
		that actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.			
N <sub>P</sub>	Completed Treatment	$N_P$ is a subset of $L_P$ . The number of persons from the $L_P$ group			
		that actually completed treatment for Latent TB Infection			
Re	asons Treatment Not	treatment.  A collection of general reasons that treatment for latent TB			
	Completed	infection is not being completed. The sum of all Reasons			
		Treatment Not Completed for the Referral: Pop. Risk			
		investigation must be less than or equal to the difference between			
		those that started treatment and those that completed treatment			
		(GH).			
Death		Persons from the Referral: Pop. Risk, Started Treatment category			
		that died before treatment could be completed.			
	t Moved -up Unknown)	Persons from the Referral: Pop. Risk, Started Treatment category			
		that have moved away from the jurisdiction of the health			
		department and follow-up information is not available. If follow-up information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction			
		(completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should			
		be recorded accordingly.			
Active	TB Developed	Persons from the Referral: Pop. Risk, Started Treatment category			
		who develop active TB according to the standard surveillance			
		definition.			
Advers	e Effect of Medicine	Persons from the Referral: Pop. Risk, Started Treatment category			
		who do not complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB			
		medication (including drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a healthcare provider determines that treatment should be			
		healthcare provider determines that treatment should discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications but there			
		not recommendation from health-care provider, the person should			
		be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.			
Contac	t Chose to Stop	Persons from the Referral: Pop. Risk, Started Treatment category			
		who stop taking their medications before they have completed			
		treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare			
		provider.			

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Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Referral: Pop. Risk, Started Treatment, category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.
Provider Decision	Persons from the Referral: Pop. Risk, Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.

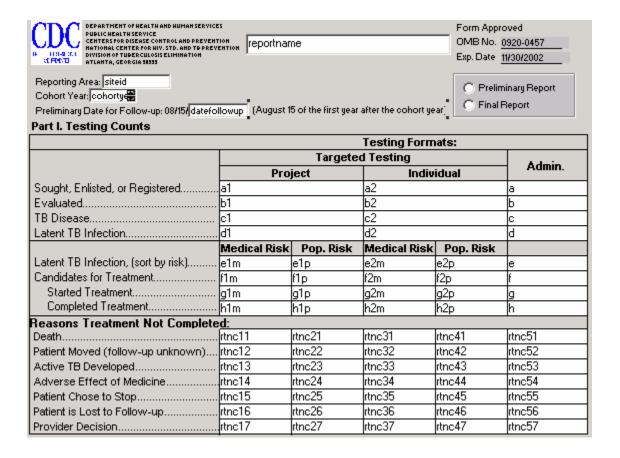
#### **Referral Counts: Admin. Formulas**

I	Referred	I is the actual number of persons within the project who were referred for testing within the project. Can be any number (no			
		restrictions).			
J	TB Disease	J is a subset of I. The number of persons from the I group that			
		tested positive for TB disease. J must be less than B.			
		Additionally, the sum of $J + K$ must be less than I.			
K	Latent TB Infection	K is a subset of I. The number of persons from the I group that			
		tested positive for Latent TB Infection. K must be less than I.			
	Candidates for	Additionally, the sum of $J + K$ must be less than or equal to $I$ .			
L	Treatment	L is a subset of K. The number of persons from the K group who			
2.6	Started Treatment	are identified as candidates for Latent TB Infection treatment.			
M	We is a subset of E. The number of persons from the E gr				
	Completed Treatment	actually began treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.			
N	Completed Treatment	N is a subset of L. The number of persons from the L group that			
	and Transfer and Not	actually completed treatment for Latent TB Infection treatment.			
Re	asons Treatment Not Completed	A collection of general reasons that treatment for latent TB			
	•	infection is not being completed. The sum of all Reasons			
		Treatment Not Completed for the Referral: Admin. investigation			
		must be less than or equal to the difference between those that			
		started treatment and those that completed treatment (GH).			
Death		Persons from the Referral: Admin. Started Treatment category			
		that died before treatment could be completed.			
	t Moved -up Unknown)	Persons from the Referral: Admin. Started Treatment category			
(1 Ollow	-up officiowity	that have moved away from the jurisdiction of the health			
		department and follow-up information is not available. If follow-			
		up information becomes available from the receiving jurisdiction			
		(completed treatment, lost to follow-up, etc.), the outcome should			
		be recorded accordingly.			
Active '	TB Developed	Persons from the Referral: Admin. Started Treatment category			
		who develop active TB according to the standard surveillance			
		definition.			

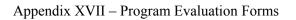
Adverse Effect of Medicine	Persons from the Referral: Admin. Started Treatment category who do not complete treatment due to adverse effects of the TB medication (including drug-drug and drug-food interaction) and a healthcare provider determines that treatment should be discontinued. If the patient stops taking medications but there is not recommendation from health-care provider, the person should be categorized as Contact Chose to Stop.
Contact Chose to Stop	Persons from the Referral: Admin, Started Treatment category who stop taking their medications before they have completed treatment without a specific recommendation from a healthcare provider.
Contact is Lost to Follow-up	Persons from the Referral: Admin., Started Treatment, category whose treatment status at the end of the expected treatment regimen is incomplete or indeterminate because the health department cannot locate them to determine a more specific outcome.
Provider Decision	Persons from the Referral: Admin, Started Treatment category whom a healthcare provider has determined that the treatment for latent TB infection should be stopped because of concern about the benefits, safety, or the practicality of treatment.

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## **Targeted Testing and Treatment for Latent Tuberculosis Infection TIMS Field Definitions**



Part III. Referral Counts			
Referred, TB Infection:	Medical Risk	Pop. Risk	Admin.
Referred	im	ip	i
TB Disease	.jm	İP	i
Latent TB Infection	.km	kp	k
Candidates for Treatment	lm	lp	I
Started Treatment	mm	mp	m
Completed Treatment	nm	np	n
Resasons Treatment Not Comple	ted:		
Death	rtner11	rtner21	rtncr31
Patient Moved (follow-up unknown).	rtncr12	rtner22	rtncr32
Active TB Developed	rtncr13	rtner23	rtncr33
Adverse Effect of Medicine	rtncr14	rtner24	rtncr34
Patient Chose to Stop	rtncr15	rtner25	rtncr35
Patient is Lost to Follow-up	rtncr16	rtner26	rtncr36
Provider Decision	rtner17	rtncr27	rtner37



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