COOPER INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by C. James Chuong, MD Patient Diagnosis a,b Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a 100% With ICSI 90% 30% Uterine factor **Tubal factor** 25% Multiple Factors: Unstimulated PGD/PGS 25% 27% 2% Ovulatory dysfunction 22% Male factor Female factors only 17% Used gestational carrier 9% Diminished ovarian reserve 39% Other factor 19% Female & male factors 22% Endometriosis 5% Unknown factor 2%

2016 ART SUCCESS BATES c,d Total

Total number of cycles: 120
(includes 0 cycles) using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs

Type of Cycle Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs Number of cycles Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%) Number of transfers	<35	35–37	ge of Patie 38-40	41-42	>42
Number of cycles Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)					
Number of cycles Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	22				
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		5	10	3	3
	4.5	0/5	2/10	1/3	1/3
Turnor of transfero	16	4	5	1	2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	2.8	4.0	3.5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 14	0/4	0/5	0/1	0/2
Outcomes per Cycle	0714	0/4	0/3	071	072
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.7	0/5	2 / 10	0/3	1/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.7	0/5	1/10	0/3	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.1	0/5	0 / 10	0/3	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	0/5	0 / 10	0/3	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	9.1	0/5	0 / 10	0/3	0/3
Outcomes per Transfer	9.1	0/3	0710	0/3	0/3
	23.7	0 / 11	3 / 11	0/4	0/4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 16	0/4	2/5	0/1	1/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5/16	0/4	1/5	0/1	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/16	0/4	0/5	0/1	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 16	0/4	0/5	0/1	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	2/16	0/4	0/5	0/1	0/2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	9	6	4	2	4
Number of transfers	9	6	4	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.0	0.8	0.3	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.0	2/13	1/7	0/3	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4/9	2/6	1/4	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4/9	2/6	1/4	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/9	2/6	1/4	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/9	0/6	0/4	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	3/9	2/6	1/4	0/2	0/1
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles	4	2	4	6	11
Number of fertility preservation cycles	0	0	1	0	0
4	Fresh	Froz	en Fr	ozen	Donate
Donor Eggs ^f	Eggs	Egg	s Em	bryos	Embryo
Number of cycles	9	1		14	1
Number of transfers	5	0		11	1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.5	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6/10			18.5	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4/5		4	1/11	0/1
	4/5		3	3 / 11	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7/5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/5			2 / 11	0/1
			2	2 / 11 / 11	0 / 1 0 / 1

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cooper Institute for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.