HENRY FORD REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE **TROY, MICHIGAN**

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nicole Budrys, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis ^{a,b}						
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI PGD/PGS	,-	Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	21% 7%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	65%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	0% 26%	

2016 ART SUCCESS RATES c,d

Total number of cycles^d: 101 (includes 0 cycle[s] using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs)

	(includes 0 cycle[s] using fresh emb	Age of Patient				
Type of Cycle		<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	>42
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor E	Eggs					
Number of cycles	27	9	8	1	2	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.4	0/9	2/8	1/1	0/2	
Number of transfers		15	4	5	0	1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.8	2.0		1.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (e	eSET) (%)	5 / 15	0/3	0/5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%	6)	37.0	3/9	2/8	0/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		29.6	3/9	1/8	0/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live b	• •	25.9	3/9	1/8	0/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births		3.7	0/9	0/8	0/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal w	eight and singleton live births (%)	18.5	2/9	1/8	0/1	0/2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in ir		52.0	3/7	2/10		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies		10 / 15	3 / 4	2/5		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%		8 / 15	3 / 4	1/5		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live		7 / 15	3 / 4	1/5		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live birth		1 / 15	0/4	0/5		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal	weight and singleton live births (%)	5 / 15	2/4	1/5		0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles		24	10	4	2	1
Number of transfers		23	9	4	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrie	eval	1.8	3.0	0.8	2.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in ir	mplantation (%)	54.3	7 / 15	2/5	1/2	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies		56.5	5/9	2/4	1/2	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%		47.8	5/9	1/4	1/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live	,	30.4	3/9	1/4	1/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live birth		17.4	2/9	0/4	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal		30.4	2/9	1/4	1/2	0/1
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cyc		_	0	-	_	0
Number of Egg of Embryo Banking Cycles	cies	5 0	0	5 0	1 0	2 0
Number of fertility preservation cycles		_	_	_	_	_
Donor Eggs ^f		Fresh Eggs	Froze Egg:		ozen bryos	Donated Embryos
Number of cycles		0	0		0	0
Number of transfers		0	0		0	0
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in ir	mplantation (%)					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%	5)					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live birth						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.