

STANFORD MEDICINE FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–21).

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Valerie L. Baker, MD			
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^{a,b}			
IVF	100%	With ICSI	53%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	<1%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	44%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	66%
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	22%
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	12%
						Multiple Factors:	
						Female factors only	4%
						Female & male factors	41%

2016 ART SUCCESS RATES ^{c,d}		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,339 (includes 9 cycle[s] using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs)				
Type of Cycle	Age of Patient					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	>42	
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	98	114	75	65	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.4	3.1	10.5	20.0	32.3	
Number of transfers	41	36	31	17	7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.4	3.3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	62.1	46.4	4 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	13.4	11.2	5.3	4.0	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	12.5	10.2	3.5	1.3	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	9.2	3.5	1.3	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	9.8	8.2	3.5	1.3	0.0	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.5	25.5	9.6	5.4	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.6	30.6	19.4	3 / 17	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.1	27.8	12.9	1 / 17	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	25.0	12.9	1 / 17	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2.8	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	22.2	12.9	1 / 17	0 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	149	110	87	30	35	
Number of transfers	125	93	72	24	26	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.9	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.5	48.9	39.0	40.0	21.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.6	48.4	44.4	45.8	42.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.0	45.2	33.3	45.8	19.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.4	41.9	29.2	41.7	19.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.6	3.2	4.2	4.2	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	41.6	36.6	27.8	33.3	15.4	
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles						
Number of fertility preservation cycles	120	114	104	47	23	
	72	81	64	22	9	
Donor Eggs^f						
	Fresh Eggs	Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos		
Number of cycles	18	1	19	9		
Number of transfers	13	1	17	8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 17	1 / 1	30.0	5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13	1 / 1	7 / 17	5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13	1 / 1	6 / 17	5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 13	1 / 1	6 / 17	5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 17	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 13	1 / 1	5 / 17	4 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Stanford Medicine Fertility & Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.