WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE **WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA**

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Erika B. Johnston-MacAnanny, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis a,b					
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	15% 21%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	34%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	7% 11%

2016 ART SUCCESS RATES c,d

Total number of cycles^d: 350

	(includes 0 cycle[s] using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs) Age of Patient								
Type of Cycle	-25	_	38–40	41–42	>42				
Force Fortunes from French Mandagen French	<35	35–37	30-40	41-42	>42				
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs	00	00	40	_	•				
Number of cycles	60	28	18	9	3				
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.7	25.0	1 / 18	3/9	0/3				
Number of transfers	49	18	13	5	2				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.0	2.0				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	68.1	7 / 17	0 / 12	1/5	0/1				
Outcomes per Cycle									
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.7	39.3	5 / 18	1/9	1/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.7	35.7	2 / 18	1/9	1/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.3	35.7	1 / 18	1/9	1/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	0.0	1 / 18	0/9	0/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	30.0	32.1	0 / 18	1/9	0/3				
Outcomes per Transfer									
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.8	42.9	24.0	1/10	1/4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	11 / 18	5 / 13	1/5	1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	10 / 18	2/13	1/5	1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.9	10 / 18	1 / 13	1/5	1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.2	0/18	1 / 13	0/5	0/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	36.7	9 / 18	0 / 13	1/5	0/2				
France France from Nondoner France									
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs	7.4	0.4	0.4	40	0				
Number of cycles	74	31	24	10	2				
Number of transfers	68	26	23	10	1				
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.4	1.2	0.9	0.5				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.3	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	65.9	50.0	36.1	7/11	1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.5	61.5	43.5	7 / 10	1/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.8	46.2	39.1	6/10	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	34.6	30.4	5/10	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.7	11.5	8.7	1/10	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	39.7	23.1	26.1	4/10	0/1				
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles	39	13	17	9	2				
Number of fertility preservation cycles	15	0	0	2	0				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Fresh	Froze	n Er	ozen	Donated				
Donor Eggs ^f	Eggs	Eggs		bryos	Embryos				
Number of cycles	0	4		5	2				
Number of transfers	0	4		5	2				
Average number of embryos transferred	U	1.3		1.8	1.5				
		3/5							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				5/9	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3/4		3/5	1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3/4		3/5	0/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3/4		1/5	0/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/4		2/5	0/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)		2/4		1/5	0/2				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Wake Forest University Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.