ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF TEXAS HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics	cteristics and t	reatment ap	proaches va	ry (see page	s 11–21).	
2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Michael A. Allon,						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a	Patient	Diagnosi	a,b			
IVF100%With ICSI92%Tubal factorUnstimulated0%PGD/PGS12%Ovulatory dysfunctionUsed gestational carrier0%Used gestational carrierDiminished ovarian reserveEndometriosisUsed gestational carrierUsed gestational carrierUsed gestational carrier	15%Uterine21%Male fa27%Other f13%Unknow	e factor actor actor	6% Mult 35% Fer	 Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors 		
2016 ART SUCCESS RATES ^{c,d} Total number of cycles ^d : 329 (includes 0 cycle[s] using fresh er	nbryos from fi	rozen nondo	onor eggs)			
		Age of Patient				
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	>42	
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)						
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	
Average number of embryos transferred Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)						
Outcomes per Transfer						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in programes (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births e^{e} (%)					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	26	24	10	5	
Number of transfers	57	26	24	10	5	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	62.4	40.5	39.0	4 / 13	0/12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	80.7	73.1 46.2	70.8 50.0	7 / 10 3 / 10	0/5 0/5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	66.7 42.1	40.2	30.0	3/10	0/5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.6	3.8	12.5	0 / 10	0/5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%		26.9	29.2	1/10	0/5	
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles		40	00	00	10	
Number of Egg of Emoryo Banking Cycles	60 1	46 2	33 1	20 0	18 0	
Number of ferning preservation cycles				-	-	
Donor Eggs ^f	Fresh	Froz		rozen	Donated Embryos	
Number of cycles	Eggs 6	Egg 0	-	n bryos 22	Embryos 0	
Number of transfers	6	0		22	0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	Ū		1.8	, in the second s	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 10			21.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/6			31.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6/6			27.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/6			18.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%	2/6) 2/6			9.1 4.5		
	2/0			4.5		
CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Advanced Fertility (Center of Texas	6				

Donor eggs? Yes Embryo cryopreservation? Yes Single women? Yes SART member

Donor eggs? Donor embryos?	Embryo cryopreservation? Egg cryopreservation?	Single women? Gestational carriers?	SART member? Verified lab accreditation?	Yes Yes	

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.