THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WICHITA, KANSAS

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–21).

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bruce L. Tjaden, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^{a,b}						
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	27% 18%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	46%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	6% 22%	

2016 ART SUCCESS RATES c,d

Total number of cycles^d: 240 (includes 2 cyclefs] using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs)

(includes 2 cycle[s] using fresh emb	ryos from f				
Type of Cycle		Age of Patient			
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	>42
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	78	16	16	2	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.0	0 / 16	3 / 16	0/2	0/2
Number of transfers	62	14	11	2	1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.0	3.0	2.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	47.3	0/12	0/8	0/2	0/1
Outcomes per Cycle					
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.3	5 / 16	4 / 16	1/2	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.5	5 / 16	3 / 16	1/2	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	3 / 16	2/16	1/2	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	2/16	1 / 16	0/2	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	21.8	0 / 16	2/16	0/2	0/2
Outcomes per Transfer					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.2	26.9	22.7	1/6	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.2	5/14	4 / 11	1/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.4	5/14	3 / 11	1/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.3	3 / 14	2/11	1/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	2/14	1 / 11	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	27.4	0 / 14	2/11	0/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	58	20	10	5	1
Number of transfers	52	18	7	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.6	2.3	4.0	'
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.4	35.0	1.7	2/5	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	7 / 18	1/7	2/4	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.7	5 / 18	1/7	2/4	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	5 / 18	1/7	2/4	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	0 / 18	0/7	0/4	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	3 / 18	1/7	2/4	0/1
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles	11	4	0	1	0
Number of fertility preservation cycles	4	1	0	0	0
	Fresh	Froz	en Fr	ozen	Donated
Donor Eggs ^f	Eggs	Egg	s Em	bryos	Embryos
Number of cycles	3	8		3	0
Number of transfers	2	7		3	0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/3	7/1	4	2/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/2	4/	7	2/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/2	4/	7	2/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/2	1/	7	2/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/2	3/7		0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	0/2	1/7	7	1/3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.