## **TENNESSEE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE**

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

**2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE** 

Data verified by Ringland S. Murray, MD

| Type of ART and Procedural Factors <sup>a</sup> |      |           |     | Patient Diagnosis a,b      |     |                |     |                       |     |  |
|---|------|-----------|-----|----------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|--|
| IVF   | 100% | With ICSI | 69% | Tubal factor               | 18% | Uterine factor | <1% | Multiple Factors:     |     |  |
| Unstimulated                                    | 4%   | PGD/PGS   | 25% | Ovulatory dysfunction      | 9%  | Male factor    | 35% | Female factors only   | 16% |  |
| Used gestational carrier                        | <1%  |           |     | Diminished ovarian reserve | 14% | Other factor   | 38% | Female & male factors | 17% |  |
|   |      |           |     | Endometriosis              | 13% | Unknown factor | 10% |                       |     |  |

ART SUCCESS RATES C,d

Total number of cycles 242

| 2016 ART SUCCESS RATES <sup>c,d</sup>  | (includes 0 cycle[s] using fresh emb                 | ryos from f    |              |        |       |         |  |
|--|--|----------------|--------------|--------|-------|---------|--|
| Type of Cycle  |  | Age of Patient |              |        |       |         |  |
| Type of Cycle  |  | <35            | 35-37        | 38-40  | 41-42 | >42     |  |
| Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondon  | or Eggs  |                |              |        |       |         |  |
| Number of cycles   |  | 41             | 11           | 9      | 9     | 4       |  |
| Percentage of cancellations before retrieval   | (%)  | 2.4            | 1 / 11       | 2/9    | 2/9   | 3/4     |  |
| Number of transfers  |  | 36             | 6            | 4      | 2     | 0       |  |
| Average number of embryos transferred  |  | 1.6            | 1.5          | 2.3    | 1.5   |         |  |
| Percentage of elective single embryo transfe   | ers (eSET) (%)                                       | 34.4           | 1 / 4        | 0/4    | 0/1   |         |  |
| Outcomes per Cycle   |  |                |              |        |       |         |  |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancie   | s (%)  | 56.1           | 1 / 11       | 3/9    | 0/9   | 0/4     |  |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (  | %)   | 41.5           | 1 / 11       | 2/9    | 0/9   | 0/4     |  |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton li   | ve births (%)  | 36.6           | 1/11         | 2/9    | 0/9   | 0/4     |  |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live bir  | ths (%)  | 4.9            | 0/11         | 0/9    | 0/9   | 0/4     |  |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in term, norm   | al weight and singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (%) | 31.7           | 1 / 11       | 1/9    | 0/9   | 0/4     |  |
| Outcomes per Transfer  |  |                |              |        |       |         |  |
| Percentage of embryos transferred resulting  | in implantation (%)                                  | 42.6           | 1/9          | 2/7    | 0/3   |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnan-  | cies (%)   | 63.9           | 1/6          | 3/4    | 0/2   |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in live birth  | s (%)  | 47.2           | 1/6          | 2/4    | 0/2   |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in singletor   | live births (%)                                      | 41.7           | 1/6          | 2/4    | 0/2   |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live   | births (%)   | 5.6            | 0/6          | 0/4    | 0/2   |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in term, no  |  | 36.1           | 1/6          | 1/4    | 0/2   |         |  |
| Francis Francis Committee of Francis F |  |                |              |        |       |         |  |
| Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eg  | gs   | 50             | 07           | 40     |       | 0       |  |
| Number of cycles   |  | 50             | 27           | 10     | 4     | 0       |  |
| Number of transfers  |  | 50             | 27           | 9      | 4     | 0       |  |
| Estimated average number of transfers per r  | etrieval   | 1.7            | 1.6          | 0.6    | 0.4   | 0.0     |  |
| Average number of embryos transferred  |  | 1.3            | 1.3          | 1.4    | 1.8   |         |  |
| Percentage of embryos transferred resulting  |  | 50.7           | 65.7         | 4 / 13 | 3/7   |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnan-  |  | 64.0           | 77.8         | 4/9    | 3 / 4 |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in live birth  |  | 58.0           | 70.4         | 4/9    | 3 / 4 |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in singletor   |  | 54.0           | 66.7         | 4/9    | 3 / 4 |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live   |  | 4.0            | 3.7          | 0/9    | 0/4   |         |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in term, no  | rmal weight and singleton live births (%)            | 40.0           | 51.9         | 2/9    | 3/4   |         |  |
| <b>Number of Egg or Embryo Banking</b>   | Cycles   | 17             | 13           | 13     | 9     | 4       |  |
| Number of fertility preservation cycles  |  | 1              | 0            | 0      | 0     | 0       |  |
|  |  | Fresh          | Froze        | en Fr  | ozen  | Donated |  |
| Donor Eggs <sup>f</sup>  |  | Eggs           | Egg          |        | bryos | Embryos |  |
| Number of cycles   |  | 4              | <b>-99</b> 5 |        | 4     | 8       |  |
| Number of transfers  |  | 2              | 5            |        | 4     | 8       |  |
| verage number of embryos transferred   |  | 1.0            | 1.4          |        | 1.3   | 1.4     |  |
| Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)  |  | 1/2            | 4/7          |        | 2/5   | 6/11    |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnan   | •              | 1/2            | 3/5          |        | 1/4   | 5/8     |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in live birth  | • •  | 0/2            | 2/5          |        | 1/4   | 5/8     |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in singletor   |  | 0/2            | 1/5          |        | 0/4   | 4/8     |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live   |  | 0/2            | 1/5          |        | 1/4   | 1/8     |  |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in term, no  |  | 0/2            | 1/5          |        | 0/4   | 2/8     |  |
| r ercentage of transfers resulting in term, no   | mai weight and singleton live births (%)             | 0/2            | 1/5          |        | 0/4   | 2/0     |  |

## **CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE**

**Current Name:** Tennessee Reproductive Medicine

| Donor eggs?    | Yes | Embryo cryopreservation? | Yes | Single women?         | Yes | SART member?                | Yes |
|----------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|
| Donor embryos? | Yes | Egg cryopreservation?    | Yes | Gestational carriers? | Yes | Verified lab accreditation? | Yes |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.