THE ADVANCED IVF INSTITUTE CHARLES E. MILLER, MD, SC & ASSOCIATES NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Charles E. Mille					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a	Patient	t Diagnosi	s ^{a,b}		
VF100%With ICSI82%Tubal factorJnstimulated0%PGD/PGS12%Ovulatory dysfunctionJsed gestational carrier<1%Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	6% Uterine factor 28% Male factor 40% Other factor 6% Unknown factor		9%Multiple Factors:40%Female factors only9%6%Female & male factors27%9%		
2016 ART SUCCESS RATES ^{c,d} Total number of cycles ^d : 685 (includes 0 cycle[s] using fresh	embryos from f	rozen nonde	opor eque)		
(embryos nom i		ge of Pati	ent	
Type of Cycle	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	>42
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	130	98	63	39	10
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	13.1	19.4	22.2	23.1	1 / 10
Number of transfers	73	54	34	23	8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.4	1.9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.9	13.6	3.6	0.0	0/6
Outcomes per Cycle					
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	34.7	30.2	17.9	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	27.6	14.3	7.7	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	20.4	12.7	5.1	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	7.1	1.6	2.6	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	17.3	9.5	2.6	0 / 10
Outcomes per Transfer					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.5	41.8	29.0	13.5	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.2	63.0	55.9	30.4	1/8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.6	50.0	26.5	13.0	1/8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.6	37.0	23.5	8.7	0/8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.1	13.0	2.9	4.3	1/8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%) 35.6	31.5	17.6	4.3	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	114	58	31	11	17
Number of transfers	112	54	31	10	14
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.5	1.2	0.8	1.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.8	51.3	51.1	4 / 11	20.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.1	61.1	61.3	6 / 10	5 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.3	53.7	54.8	4 / 10	5/14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.3	44.4	41.9	4 / 10	5/14
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.0	9.3	9.7	0 / 10	0/14
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (37.0	35.5	4 / 10	5/14
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles		21	18	12	0
Number of Legg of Lindry banking cycles	45 2	0	0	0	9 0
Number of ferning preservation cycles	_	-	-		-
f	Fresh	Froz		rozen	Donated
Donor Eggs	Eggs	Egg	ys Ei	nbryos	Embryos
Number of cycles	8	0		1	0
Number of transfers	5	0		1	0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5/5			1/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5/5			1/1	
	3/5			1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			1/1	
	1 / 5			1/1 0/1 1/1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: The Advanced IVF Institute, Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?		Egg cryopreservation?		Gestational carriers?	Ves	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor chibryos:	NO	Egg cryopreservation:	103	acstational carriers:	103		103

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.