## COLORADO REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY DENVER, COLORADO

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

**2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE** 

Data verified by Susan W. Trout, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis <sup>a,b</sup>						
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	25% 37%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	32%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	17% 13%	

2016 ART SUCCESS RATES C,d

Total number of cycles<sup>d</sup>: 99

	cycle[s] using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs)  Age of Patient							
Type of Cycle	.05							
	<35	35–37	38-40	41–42	>42			
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs			_					
Number of cycles	21	15	7	3	1			
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	1 / 15	0/7	1/3	0/1			
Number of transfers	14	9	3	1	0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.0				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 12	0/7	0/2					
Outcomes per Cycle			- · -					
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9.5	1 / 15	0/7	0/3	0/1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9.5	1 / 15	0/7	0/3	0/1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4.8	1 / 15	0/7	0/3	0/1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	0 / 15	0/7	0/3	0/1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	4.8	1 / 15	0/7	0/3	0/1			
Outcomes per Transfer								
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	14.3	1 / 16	0/6	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/14	1/9	0/3	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/14	1/9	0/3	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 14	1/9	0/3	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	0/9	0/3	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	1 / 14	1/9	0/3	0/1				
Frozon Embryos from Nondoner Eggs								
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs Number of cycles	13	8	7	4	1			
	7	7	6	3	1			
Number of transfers					ı			
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.2	2.0	0.8	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/11	4/11	2/9	2/5	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/7	4/7	2/6	1/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/7	2/7	2/6	1/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/7	2/7	2/6	0/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/7	0/7	0/6	1/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (%)	1/7	2/7	1/6	0/3	0/1			
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles	3	2	0	3	0			
Number of fertility preservation cycles	0	1	0	0	0			
	Fresh	Froz	en Fr	ozen	Donated			
Donor Eggs <sup>f</sup>	Eggs	Egg		bryos	Embryos			
Number of cycles	2	<b>-99</b>		4	5			
Number of transfers	2	0		3	5			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	O .		1.0	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4/4			1.0	3/9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/2			1/3	3/9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)  Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/2			1/3	3/5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/2			1/3	3/5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)  Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (%)	1/2 0/2			0/3 1/3	0/5 2/5			

## **CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE**

**Current Name: Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology** 

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.