FERTILITY CENTER & APPLIED GENETICS OF FLORIDA SARASOTA, FLORIDA

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE			Data verified by Julio E. Pabon, MD						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^{a,b}					
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	6% 63%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	28%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	64% 26%

2016 ART SUCCESS RATES c,d	Total number of cycles : 210 (includes 0 cycle[s] using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs	i)

Type of Cycle	Age of Patient						
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	>42		
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	2	1	1	0	0		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0/2	0/1	0/1				
Number of transfers	0	1	1	0	0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	2.0				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)			0/1				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/2	0/1	1/1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0/2	0/1	1/1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/2	0/1	1/1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/2	0/1	0/1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	0/2	0/1	1/1				
Outcomes per Transfer							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0/1	2/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0/1	1/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0/1	1/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/1	1/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/1	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)		0/1	1/1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	31	18	16	5	1		
Number of transfers	30	14	15	3	1		
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.3	10 / 16	6 / 14	2/4	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	10 / 14	7 / 15	2/3	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.3	9 / 14	5 / 15	2/3	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.3	8/14	5 / 15	2/3	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 15	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	43.3	8 / 14	5 / 15	1/3	0/1		
	20	00	0.4	4.4	4.5		
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles	38	23	34	11	15		
Number of fertility preservation cycles	0	2	0	2	1		
f	Fresh	Froz		ozen	Donated		
Donor Eggs [†]	Eggs	Egg	s Em	bryos	Embryos		
Number of cycles	0	0		13	1		
Number of transfers	0	0		12	1		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 12	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 12	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				3 / 12	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				3 / 12	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1/12	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)			8	3 / 12	1/1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of Florida

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.