INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CINCINNATI, OHIO

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

2016	ADT CVCI E DDAEII E	Determ

Data verified by Sherif G. Awadalla, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis ^{a,b}					
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	29% 15%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	37%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	19% 20%

2016 ART SUCCESS RATES c,d

Total number of cycles: 1,174

		Ad	Age of Patient				
Type of Cycle	<35	35–37	38–40	41-42	>42		
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	353	137	76	19	6		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.2	10.2	19.7	5 / 19	0/6		
Number of transfers	299	109	57	11	5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	53.4	12.6	3.6	0/11	0/3		
Outcomes per Cycle				-,			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.2	35.0	39.5	2/19	0/6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.9	32.1	31.6	1/19	0/6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	21.2	23.7	1/19	0/6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	10.9	7.9	0 / 19	0/6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	19.0	19.7	1/19	0/6		
Outcomes per Transfer	2011			.,	0,0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.7	30.8	30.8	6.9	0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	44.0	52.6	2/11	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.8	40.4	42.1	1/11	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.4	26.6	31.6	1/11	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.4	13.8	10.5	0/11	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	30.8	23.9	26.3	1/11	0/5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs Number of cycles Number of transfers	252 231	94 86	47 44	14 10	0		
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.5	1.3	2.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.0	33.6	37.9	3 / 15			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.6	47.7	47.7	2/10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.1	40.7	34.1	2/10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	33.7	25.0	2/10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	7.0	9.1	0/10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births (%)	27.7	25.6	22.7	2/10			
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking Cycles	28	23	16	2	0		
Number of fertility preservation cycles	6	8	6	0	0		
Trumbor of formity propervation by olds	Fresh	Froz	_	_			
Donor Eggs ^f	Eggs	Egg		ozen ibryos	Donate Embryo		
Number of cycles	-56	-99		39	3		
Number of transfers		6		34	3		
Average number of embryos transferred	52 1.5	1.3		1.6	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.3	2/8		30.4	2/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	2/0		38.2	1/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.2	2/6		35.3	1/3		
1 Growing of transfers resulting in two bittins (70)	70.2	2/(,	00.0	1/0		

DDENI	CEDV	IOEC 0	PROFILE
	SERV	ILES &	

Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)

Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight and singleton live births^e (%)

Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)

Current Name: Institute for Reproductive Health

36.5

9.6

28.8

2/6

0/6

2/6

23.5

11.8

17.6

0/3

1/3

0/3

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.