UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO MEDICINE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY **CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

Comparing success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-21).

2016 ART CYCLE PROFILE			Data verified by Helen Kim, MD							
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^{a,b}						
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	9% 14%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	18%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	14% 12%	

	ART SUCCESS DATES C,d	l
20146	ADT CHACLES DATES "	

Total number of cycles^d: 155

	, and a system of the state of	using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs) Age of Patient						
Type of Cycle		-25						
Freels Freelsman from Freels Nordon		<35	35–37	38-40	41–42	>42		
Fresh Embryos from Fresh Nondono	or Eggs	0.5	10	00	10	4		
Number of cycles	0/)	25	18	23	12 2 / 12	4		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval	%)	8.0	2/18	17.4		1/4		
Number of transfers		10 1.4	10 1.8	12	6 2.0	3 3.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	ro (oSET) (0/)	1.4 5/9	1.6	1.8 1 / 10				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfe	rs (ese i) (%)	5/9	1/9	1 / 10	0/5	0/3		
Outcomes per Cycle Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancie	2 (94)	16.0	6/10	01.7	2 / 12	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancie		16.0 16.0	6 / 18 4 / 18	21.7 17.4	1/12	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in fine births (•	16.0	3 / 18	17.4	1 / 12	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton in Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live bir		0.0	1 / 18	0.0	0/12	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, norm		12.0	3 / 18	13.0	1/12	0/4		
Outcomes per Transfer	ar weight and singleton live births (%)	12.0	3/10	13.0	1/12	0 / 4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting	in implentation (9/)	4 / 14	6 / 17	27.3	1 / 10	0 / 11		
		4 / 14	6/10	5 / 12	2/6	0/11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnand Percentage of transfers resulting in live birth:		4 / 10	4/10	4/12	1/6	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live birtis		4 / 10	3/10	4 / 12	1/6	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live		0/10	1/10	0/12	0/6	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, no		3/10	3/10	3/12	1/6	0/3		
Fercentage of transfers resulting in term, not	mai weight and singleton live births (%)	3/10	3/10	3/12	1/0	0/3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eg	gs .							
Number of cycles		24	13	9	3	3		
Number of transfers		23	12	8	3	3		
Estimated average number of transfers per r	etrieval	1.4	1.7	0.6	0.6			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting	in implantation (%)	53.3	10 / 19	7 / 13	4/5	2/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnand	cies (%)	65.2	7 / 12	7/8	3/3	2/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live birth:	s (%)	26.1	6 / 12	6/8	3/3	1/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singletor	live births (%)	17.4	5/12	6/8	2/3	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live		8.7	1 / 12	0/8	1/3	1/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, no	mal weight and singleton live births (%)	13.0	4 / 12	6/8	2/3	0/3		
Number of Egg or Embryo Banking	Cycles	6	3	9	0	0		
Number of fertility preservation cycles	5 ,0.00	4	2	1	0	0		
Number of leftility preservation cycles		•		•		_		
f		Fresh	Froz		ozen	Donated		
Donor Eggs ^f		Eggs	Egg	is Em	bryos	Embryos		
Number of cycles		0	0		2	1		
Number of transfers		0	0		2	1		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting				1/2	2/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnand				1/2	1/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live birth					1/2	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singletor					1/2	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live					0/2	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, no	mal weight and singleton live births (%)				1/2	0/1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Chicago Medicine Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

^a Excludes cycles evaluating new procedures and banking cycles; unstimulated percentage includes fresh egg cycles only.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number and success rates exclude 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Success rates exclude cycles using fresh embryos from frozen nondonor eggs.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.