HENRY FORD REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

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9	n :	15	ART	CV	e d	BΩ	1511	Е.

Data verified by Nicole Budrys, MD

Type of ART and	dural Facto	rs ^a	Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors:
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	59%	Female factors only 6%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	24%	Female & male factors 27%
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATESC

Total number of cycles^d: 82 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

	Total number of cycles ^a : 82 (ilicidaes	i cycle[s	i using in	ozen egg.	3)		
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman						
Type of Oyole		<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles	16	9	4	5	0	0		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)							
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in		5 / 14	3 / 13	1/7	0/2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers	(eSET) (%)	0/7	1/7	0/3	0/1			
Outcomes per Cycle	Δ							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal		1 / 16	1/9	0/4	0/5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live		2/16	2/9	0/4	0/5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live birth	s (%)	1 / 16	0/9	0/4	0/5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3/16	2/9	0/4	0/5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies	(%)	4/16	3/9	1/4	0/5			
Outcomes per Transfer								
Number of transfers		7	7	4	1	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm		1/7	1/7	0/4	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li	ve births (%)	2/7	2/7	0/4	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bit	1/7	0/7	0/4	0/1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/7	2/7	0/4	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie	es (%)	4/7	3/7	1/4	0/1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs	•							
Number of cycles		22	8	3	1	0	0	
Number of transfers		20	7	3	1	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per ret	rieval	1.8	1.8	0.5	0.3		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	1.3	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in	implantation (%)	32.4	8 / 13	1/4	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm	al weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	0/7	1/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li		35.0	0/7	1/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bil	ths (%)	5.0	2/7	0/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (40.0	2/7	1/3	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie	es (%)	55.0	5/7	1/3	0/1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycl	es	3	2	5	2	0	1	
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryo		yos ^f	Froz	zen Embryos ¹		
Number of cycles		0			0			
lumber of transfers			0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred								
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in	implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm								
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li								
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bil	ths (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bir Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.