CCRM MINNEAPOLIS EDINA, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE	Data verified by April E. Batcheller, MD
LOID AILL OIGHE LIIGHEL	Data verified by Abril E. Batcheller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors:	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Male factor	35%	Female factors only	25%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	30%	Female & male factors	20%
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	15%		

	Total number of cycles : 67 (i	Holades	o cyclets		Woman	3)			
Type of Cycle			35–37	38-40	41–42	43-44	>44		
Freeh Emburge from Neudoner Eggs		<35	33-37	30-40	41-42	43-44	>44		
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs		3	2	1	0	0	0		
Number of cycles	0/3	0/2	0/1	U	U	U			
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)								
Average number of embryos transferred	malantation (0/)	2.0	2.0						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in in		2/4 0/2	1/4 0/2						
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (e Outcomes per Cycle	9SE1) (%)	0/2	0/2						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal w	reight & singleton live hirths (%)	0/3	1/2	0/1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal w		0/3	1/2	0/1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births		1/3	0/2	0/1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	(70)	1/3	1/2	0/1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%	<u>(</u>)	1/3	1/2	0/1					
Outcomes per Transfer	o)	170	1/2	0/1					
Number of transfers		2	2	0	0	0	0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal	weight & singleton live births e (%)	0/2	1/2						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live		0/2	1/2						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live birth		1/2	0/2						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%	1/2	1/2							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies		1/2	1/2						
	(-)								
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs									
Number of cycles		5	4	3	0	0	0		
Number of transfers		5	4	3	0	0	0		
Estimated average number of transfers per retrie	eval	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.0		0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.0	1.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in in		4/7	3/4	3/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal		2/5	2/4	2/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live		3/5	2/4	3/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live birth		0/5	0/4	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%		3/5	2/4	3/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies	(%)	4/5	3/4	3/3					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycle	s	12	12	14	8	0	1		
Donor Eggs	Fre	sh Embr	vos ^f	Frozen Embryos ^f					
Number of cycles				0			2		
Number of transfers			0			2			
Average number of embryos transferred						2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in ir	mplantation (%)					2/4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal						0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live						0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live birth						0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%						0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies						1/2			

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CCRM Minneapolis

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.