SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Walid Saleh, MD						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors:		
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	25%	Female factors only	9%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	46%	Other factor	9%	Female & male factors	19%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	16%			

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles 268	(include	es 3 cycle	s] using f	rozen eg	gs)	
Time of Circle	Age of Woman					
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	29	21	7	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.7	10.3	0.0	2/7	1/6	0/2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	41.7	51.9	0/4	0/2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.3	1 / 16	0/11	0/1	0/1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	21.4	17.2	23.8	0/7	0/6	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	24.1	33.3	0/7	0/6	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	6.9	9.5	0/7	0/6	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.4	31.0	42.9	0/7	0/6	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	41.4	57.1	0/7	0/6	0/2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	52	20	16	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	28.8	25.0	5/16	0/3	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	35.0	7/16	0/3	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	10.0	2/16	0/3	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.8	45.0	9/16	0/3	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.3	60.0	12 / 16	0/3	0/1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	19	12	3	0	1
Number of transfers	29	16	12	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.5		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	1.8	1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.6	18.2	50.0	1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	24.1	2/16	2/12	1/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	3 / 16	2/12	1/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0/16	2/12	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.5	3 / 16	4/12	1/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.2	5 / 16	9/12	1/3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	7	6	10	4	0	1
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles	19			18		
Number of transfers		17			15	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.9			29.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		4 / 17			5 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 17			5 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 17			1 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 17			6 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 17			7 / 15	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.