THE FERTILITY WELLNESS INSTITUTE OF OHIO MASON, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical c	haracteris	tics and trea	atment appro	baches vai	y (see page	s 11–20).	
2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Neeoo W. C	-						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a	Pa	Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF100%With ICSI63%Tubal factorUnstimulated0%PGD/PGS0%Ovulatory dysfunctionUsed gestational carrier0%Diminished ovarian reserveEndometriosis	28% U 47% N 7% C	Iterine factor Iale factor Other factor Inknown fact	· 0% 21% 9%	Female	Factors: e factors onl e & male fac		
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c Total number of cycles ^d : 58	(includes	s 0 cycle[s] using fro	zen egg	s)		
Turne of Cuelo		Age of Woman					
Type of Cycle	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	22	6	9	3	0	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0/6	3/9	1/3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.2	7 / 10	2/12	0/3			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/18	0/6	0/6	0/1			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.6	0/6	2/9	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	1/6	2/9	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	22.7	2/6	0/9	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	54.5	3/6	2/9	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.7	5/6	2/9	0/3			
Outcomes per Transfer	01	c	c	0	0	0	
Number of transfers Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21 14.3	6 0/6	6 2/6	2 0/2	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	1/6	2/6	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.8	2/6	0/6	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	3/6	2/6	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.2	5/6	2/6	0/2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	5	1	0	0	0	0	
Number of transfers	5	1	0	0	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7						
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/8	0/2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/5	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/5	0/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/5	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/5	0/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/5	0/1					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Donor Eggs	Fre	Fresh Embryos ^f		Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles		6			6		
Number of transfers		5			5		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) Percentage of transferre resulting in term, percentage with θ simpleton line bittle ⁶ (0/)		9/10			0/6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1/5			0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1/5			0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3/5 4/5			0/5 0/5		
Dereentage of transfere regulting in live births (0/)					0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5/5			0/5		

 Donor embryos?
 No
 Embryo cryopreservation?
 Yes
 SART member?
 No
 (See Appendix C for details.)

 ^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

Yes Single women?

Yes Verified lab accreditation?

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

No Gestational carriers?

Donor eggs?

Yes