KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FREMONT, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Lisa Farah-Eways, MD							
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b							
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier	100% 0% 0%	With ICSI PGD/PGS	, -	Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	15% 47%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	5% 39% 7% 8%	,	7% 22%		

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles ^d : 1,01	8 (inclu	des 1 cycl	e[s] using	g frozen e	ggs)	
Time of Ovelle	Age of Woman					
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	207	136	121	57	24	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.9	8.1	14.9	14.0	8.3	2/6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	2.3	3.0	3.6	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.4	42.1	30.2	11.9	7.0	0/9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	65.8	39.0	2.3	0.0	0/17	0/2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	39.6	30.1	18.2	5.3	4.2	0/6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.5	33.8	19.8	7.0	4.2	0/6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	5.1	13.2	1.8	0.0	0/6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.8	39.0	33.1	8.8	4.2	0/6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	47.1	39.7	24.6	8.3	0/6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	176	107	94	45	20	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	46.6	38.3	23.4	6.7	5.0	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.9	43.0	25.5	8.9	5.0	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	6.5	17.0	2.2	0.0	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.3	49.5	42.6	11.1	5.0	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.5	59.8	51.1	31.1	10.0	0/4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	106	55	26	11	3
Number of transfers	107	103	55	26	11	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.2	1.6	1.2	1.1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.5	55.7	49.3	48.5	8 / 18	0/5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	42.1	36.9	30.9	26.9	4/11	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	49.5	43.7	34.5	30.8	4/11	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	8.7	7.3	15.4	1/11	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.9	52.4	41.8	46.2	5/11	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.2	65.0	63.6	57.7	7 / 11	0/3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	26	17	22	16	9	0
Donor Eggs	Fre	sh Embr	yos ^f	Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles	37		26			
Number of transfers		34			25	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.8			72.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		41.2			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			64.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.8			12.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.8			76.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.7			84.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.