REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY ASSOCIATES OF CHARLOTTE CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

Type of ART and	Proce	dural Facto	r s a			E F	Patient Diag	nosis ^b			
VF Jnstimulated Jsed gestational carrier		With ICSI	86% 3%		ovarian reserve	11% 23% 22%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor	3% 25% 13%	Female	Factors: e factors onl e & male fac	
			_	Endometrios	SIS	8%	Unknown fact	or 11%			
2015 ART SUCCE	SS R/	ATES [°]	Tota	number o	f cycles ^d : 1,19	91 (inc	ludes 48 cyc	le[s] usin	g frozen	eggs)	
Type of		e						Age of \			
						<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from	n Non	idonor Eggs				010	105	00	40	05	10
Number of cycles	tiona h	ofore retrieval (0	\sim			210	105	88	48	25	13
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)						5.7	10.5	15.9	22.9	28.0	2/13
Average number of embryos transferred						1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						31.1	37.3	12.3	20.7	0.0	0/6
Percentage of elective	single e	embryo transfers	s (eSEI)	%)		11.0	11.4	3.2	0 / 13	0/11	0/2
Outcomes per Cycle				A Sector 19	e (a)	0.7	10.5	0.0	10	0.0	0.140
Percentage of cycles re					e births (%)	6.7	10.5	6.8	4.2	0.0	0/13
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)						8.1	11.4	9.1	4.2	0.0	0/13
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)						5.2	6.7	0.0	2.1	0.0	0/13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)						13.8	18.1	9.1	6.3	0.0	0/13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)						16.2	21.9	12.5	10.4	12.0	0/13
Outcomes per Transfe	r										
Number of transfers					2	80	45	41	15	13	4
Percentage of transfers	s resulti	ng in term, norn	nal weigł	t & singleton	live births ^e (%)	17.5	24.4	14.6	2 / 15	0/13	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						21.3	26.7	19.5	2 / 15	0/13	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						13.8	15.6	0.0	1 / 15	0/13	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						36.3	42.2	19.5	3 / 15	0 / 13	0/4
Percentage of transfers	s resulti	ng in pregnancie	es (%)			42.5	51.1	26.8	5/15	3 / 13	0/4
Frozen Embryos fro	om No	ndonor Egg	S								
Number of cycles						240	92	65	15	8	1
Number of transfers						219	89	60	14	8	1
Estimated average num	nber of	transfers per ret	rieval			1.5	1.3	0.9	0.6	1.0	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred						1.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						56.5		42.2	9/18	2/12	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						37.0		23.3	3/14	2/8	1/1
Percentage of transfers		-	-	-	(,,)	46.6		33.3	3/14	2/8	1/1
				(,)		14.6		8.3	1/14	0/8	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						61.2		41.7	5/14	2/8	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						71.2		53.3	10/14	3/8	1/1
Number of Egg/Em						51	32	38	12	6	6
										-	
Donor Eggs						Fresh Embryos ^T			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles							31			57	
Number of transfers							27			56	
Average number of embryos transferred							1.8			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							66.0			47.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							29.6			26.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							37.0			35.7	
Percentage of transfers							22.2			7.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							63.0			42.9	
Percentage of transfers	s resulti	ng in pregnancie	es (%)				74.1			55.4	
	ES &	PROFILE	C	ont Nomo	Depreductive	. Endo			f Charlett		
CURRENT SERVIC				ent name:	Reproductive	; Eligo	CHINOIOUV ASS	sociates o	I Chanon	le	
ORRENT SERVIC		Gestational car			Reproductive es Single worr			Verified lab			Yes

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

° Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.