LIFESOURCE FERTILITY CENTER RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE	Data verified by Joseph G. Gianfortoni, MD
LUIU AIII UIULLI IIU	Data verified by 303ebit G. Giarrioi torii. MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a			Patient Diagnosis b							
	IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	20%	Multiple Factors:	
	Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	77%	Female factors only 8%	
	Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	16%	Female & male factors 61%	
					Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	1%		

Endometriosis	10% 0	nknown iac	tor 1%)			
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c Total number of cycles ^d : 115	include	es 5 cycle	s] using f	rozen eg	gs)		
	Age of Woman						
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs	100						
Number of cycles	7	5	3	1	2	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1/7	0/5	0/3	0/1	0/2	O	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4/9	4/9	0/6	0/2	0/3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3/6	1/5	1/3	0/1	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle	0/0	173	170	071	071		
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	4/7	3/5	0/3	0/1	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/7	3/5	0/3	0/1	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/7	0/5	0/3	0/1	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4/7	3/5	0/3	0/1	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4/7	3/5	0/3	0/1	0/2		
Outcomes per Transfer	4/1	3/3	0/0	0 / 1	0/2		
Number of transfers	6	5	3	1	1	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	4/6	3/5	0/3	0/1	0/1	U	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/6	3/5	0/3	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/6	0/5	0/3	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4/6	3/5	0/3	0/1	0/1		
		3/5	0/3	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4/6	3/3	0/3	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	29	8	20	2	3	0	
Number of transfers	26	8	17	2	2	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.7	2.8	0.7	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.1	5 / 11	26.1	2/4	1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	46.2	3/8	3/17	0/2	0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	4/8	3/17	0/2	0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	0/8	0 / 17	1/2	0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.8	4/8	3 / 17	1/2	0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.4	4/8	5 / 17	1/2	1/2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	13	3	4	3	0	0	
Donor Eggs	Fre	esh Embr	yos ^f	Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles		0		7			
Number of transfers		0			6		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					4/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1/6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					3/6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0/6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					3/6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					4/6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has closed since 2015. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.