Donor eggs?

Donor embryos?

FERTILITY CENTER OF THE CAROLINAS UNIVERSITY MEDICAL GROUP, DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY **GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA**

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Paul B			h				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors aVF100%With ICSI95%Tubal factorJnstimulated0%PGD/PGS1%Ovulatory dysfunctionJsed gestational carrier1%EndometriosisEndometriosis	11% U a 33% M eserve 3% C	itient Diag Iterine factor Iale factor Other factor Inknown fac	<pre>< <1% 38% 14%</pre>	Female	Factors: e factors onl e & male fac		
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c Total number of cycles	^d : 209 (include	es 3 cycle	s] using fr	ozen eg	gs)		
Type of Cycle		Age of V			Voman		
	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	47	22	21	6	1	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.1	4.5	4.8	2/6	0/1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.3	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	35.7	35.9	0/9	0/3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.7	0 / 19	0 / 19	0/3	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e		40.9	38.1	0/6	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	50.0	42.9	0/6	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.0	4.5	4.8	0/6	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.1	54.5	47.6	0/6	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.4	59.1	71.4	0/6	0/1		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	44	20	19	4	1	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live birth	s ^e (%) 29.5	45.0	8/19	0/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	55.0	9/19	0/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.2	5.0	1 / 19	0/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.5	60.0	10/19	0/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.4	65.0	15 / 19	0/4	0/1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	38	13	15	5	3	2	
Number of transfers	37	11	15	4	3	2	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.4	1.2	1.3	, in the second s	-	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.7	2.3	1.7	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.6	35.0	23.1	0/6	1/5	0 /	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live birth	•	2/11	1 / 15	0/4	1/3	0 /	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.2	2/11	1/15	0/4	1/3	0 /	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	2/11	1/15	0/4	0/3	0/	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.8	4/11	3 / 15	0/4	1/3	0/	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.6	4/11	3 / 15	1/4	1/3	0/	
lumber of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	10	4	9	2	0	0	
			4				
Donor Eggs	Fre	esh Embr	yos	Froz	zen Embr	yos	
Number of cycles Number of transfers		4			4		
		3			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0 6 / 6			1.8 4 / 7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	$e^{(0/2)}$	0/3			4/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live birth	5 (70)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/3			2/4 1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3/3 3/3			3/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3/3			3/4 3/4		
r ereentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (70)		5/5			5/4		

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF. ^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

Yes

Yes

° Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

Single women?

SART member?

Verified lab accreditation?

(See Appendix C for details.)

Yes

Yes

Yes

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates. ^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

Yes Gestational carriers?

No Embryo cryopreservation?