## IDAHO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BOISE, IDAHO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical of	haracteris	tics and trea	atment appro	baches var	y (see page	s 11–20).		
2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Cristin C. S	later, MC	)						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors <sup>a</sup>	Pa	Patient Diagnosis <sup>b</sup>						
IVF100%With ICSI57%Tubal factorUnstimulated0%PGD/PGS3%Ovulatory dysfunctionUsed gestational carrier5%5%Diminished ovarian reserveEndometriosis	6% C 12% N 32% C	Jterine factor Aale factor Other factor Jnknown fac	- 5% 27% 16%	Female	Factors: e factors onl e & male fac			
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES <sup>c</sup> Total number of cycles <sup>d</sup> : 480	0 (include	es 2 cycle[	s] using fr	ozen eg	gs)			
Time of Quele	Age of Woman							
Type of Cycle	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44		
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles	86	41	15	6	5	1		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.5	19.5	3 / 15	2/6	0/5	1/1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.2	1.3	2.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.0	40.5	2/11	2/5	1/11			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.5	2 / 19	0/4	0/1	0/4			
Outcomes per Cycle	10.0			0 / 0	0.45			
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (%)	18.6	14.6	1/15	0/6	0/5	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.8	17.1	2/15	0/6	1/5	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	4.9	0/15	1/6	0/5	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.2	22.0	2/15	1/6	1/5	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.9	36.6	2 / 15	1/6	1/5	0/1		
Outcomes per Transfer Number of transfers	65	24	F	4	4	0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (%)		24	5 1/5	4 0/4	0/4	0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	29.2	2/5	0/4	1/4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.2	8.3	0/5	1/4	0/4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.2	37.5	2/5	1/4	1/4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.4	62.5	2/5	1/4	1/4			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					_	_		
Number of cycles	58	35	17	4	0	0		
Number of transfers	57	33	17	4	0	0		
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.5				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.4 29.8	35.8 33.3	20.7 1 / 17	6/6 2/4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	29.8 45.6	36.4	1/17	3/4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	43.0 7.0	9.1	0/17	0/4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.6	45.5	1/17	3/4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.6	54.5	6/17	4/4				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	20	8	21	8	2	8		
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos <sup>f</sup>			Frozen Embryos <sup>f</sup>			
Number of cycles		58			85			
Number of transfers		51			78			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.3			42.9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (%)	31.4			33.3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		39.2			39.7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		33.3			11.5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		74.5			51.3			
		78.4			61.5			

## **CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE**

Current Name: Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine

Dopor ogge?	Voc	Gestational carriers?	Voc	Single women?	Voc	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor eggs?	res	Gestational camers?	ies	Single women?	res	vermed lab accreditation?	ies
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

<sup>a</sup> Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

<sup>b</sup> Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

<sup>c</sup> Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

<sup>d</sup> Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

<sup>e</sup> In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces). <sup>f</sup> All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs. IDAHO