UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS FERTILITY CENTER BEACHWOOD, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

Data verified by James Goldfarb, MD									
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF 10	00%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors:	
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	28%	Female factors only	8%

Used gestational carrier

Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles

Diminished ovarian reserve 14% Other factor

19%

Female & male factors 7%

	Indometriosis		nknown fac	tor 23%		e & maie fact	iors /
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES Total	number of cycles ^d : 625	(include	es 9 cycle[s] using f	rozen eg	gs)	
- 40 1				Age of	Woman		
Type of Cycle		<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		164	62	52	22	8	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		19.5	30.6	48.1	22.7	6/8	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	2.6	3.1	3.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantat	tion (%)	45.7	30.4	20.4	5.7	0/1	0/3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%	6)	15.7	5.9	4.8	0 / 13	0/1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & s	singleton live births ^e (%)	23.2	22.6	13.5	4.5	0/8	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%))	26.2	22.6	15.4	4.5	0/8	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		12.8	3.2	1.9	0.0	0/8	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.0	25.8	17.3	4.5	0/8	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.0	30.6	17.3	22.7	1/8	0/1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		117	37	21	15	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight	& singleton live births (%)	32.5	37.8	33.3	1 / 15	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	37.8	38.1	1 / 15	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	5.4	4.8	0 / 15	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			43.2	42.9	1 / 15	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.8	51.4	42.9	5/15	1/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		86	47	25	15	6	3
Number of transfers		79	43	21	12	5	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	1.0	1.2	2.0	1.0	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.7	1.9	2.3	1.6	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantat	tion (%)	28.7	20.9	10.8	10.7	0/6	0/6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight	& singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	23.3	9.5	1 / 12	0/5	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.6	25.6	14.3	1 / 12	0/5	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.6	0.0	0.0	0/12	0/5	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		35.4	25.6	14.3	1 / 12	0/5	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.0	34.9	19.0	3/12	1/5	0/2

Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f	Frozen Embryos ^f
Number of cycles	23	40
Number of transfers	18	34
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	45.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	8 / 18	29.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 18	38.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	5.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 18	44.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 18	52.9

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CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: University Hospitals Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.