VIRGINIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RESTON, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical	characteris	stics and trea	atment appro	baches vai	y (see page	s 11–20).	
2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Fady I. Sha							
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a	Pa	atient Dia	gnosis ^b				
IVF 100% With ICSI 97% Tubal factor Unstimulated 0% PGD/PGS 53% Ovulatory dysfunction Used gestational carrier 3% Diminished ovarian reserved	17% C 29% M e 43% C	Diterine factor Male factor Dither factor	- 15% 49% 44%	Female	Factors: e factors onl e & male fac		
Endometriosis	8% l	Jnknown fac	tor <1%				
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c Total number of cycles ^d : 19	90 (includ	es 1 cycle	s] using f	rozen eg	gs)		
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	43–44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	31	22	12	8	1	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.2	0.0	0/12	0/8	0/1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.6			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.6	66.7	8/12	6/11			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	60.0	2/11	3/6	1/4			
Outcomes per Cycle	00.7	00.7	7/40	0 / 0	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.7	22.7	7 / 12	2/8	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.2	27.3	8/12	4/8	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	22.7	0/12	0/8	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.6	50.0	8/12	4/8	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.1	59.1	8 / 12	5/8	0/1		
Outcomes per Transfer	00	10	0	7	0	0	
Number of transfers	26	18	9	7	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%		5/18	7/9	2/7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.8	6 / 18	8/9	4/7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	5/18	0/9	0/7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.5	11/18	8/9 8/9	4/7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.2	13 / 18	0/9	5/7			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	16	8	5	2	2	1	
Number of transfers	16	8	5	2	2	1	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.7	2.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.1	1.4	2.0	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	2/9	0/7	1/4	1/2	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%	6) 4 / 16	2/8	0/5	0/2	0/2	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5/16	2/8	0/5	1/2	1/2	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/16	0/8	0/5	0/2	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5/16	2/8	0/5	1/2	1/2	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 16	2/8	0/5	1/2	1/2	1/1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	10	17	13	3	1	1	
Donor Eggs	Fr	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles		18			18		
Number of transfers		17			18		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		77.3			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%	6)	9/17			7 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		10 / 17			7 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 17			1 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		13 / 17			8 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 17			10/18		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?		Embryo cryopreservation?		SART member?		(See Appendix C for details.)	100

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.