## DELAWARE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA NEWARK, DELAWARE

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Jeffrey B.	-							
Type of ART and Procedural Factors <sup>a</sup>	Patient Diagnosis <sup>b</sup>							
IVF 99% With ICSI 85% Tubal factor   Unstimulated 0% PGD/PGS 42% Ovulatory dysfunction   Used gestational carrier 0% Diminished ovarian reservent	43%   12%   /e 9% (	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown fac	r 2% 11% 21%	Female	Factors: e factors onl e & male fac			
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES <sup>c</sup> Total number of cycles <sup>d</sup> : 3	17 (includ	les 0 cycle	[s] using fi	ozen eg	gs)			
The of Oralls			Age of	Age of Woman				
Type of Cycle	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44		
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles	40	15	17	9	8	4		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.0	2 / 15	3/17	0/9	4/8	2/4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.0	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/4	1/2	1/3					
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2/3	1/1	1/2					
Outcomes per Cycle								
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (%)	0.0	0 / 15	1 / 17	0/9	0/8	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	0 / 15	1/17	0/9	0/8	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	0 / 15	0/17	0/9	0/8	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2.5	0 / 15	1 / 17	0/9	0/8	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2.5	1 / 15	1 / 17	0/9	0/8	0/4		
Outcomes per Transfer								
Number of transfers	3	2	2	0	0	0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (9	%) 0/3	0/2	1/2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/3	0/2	1/2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/3	0/2	0/2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/3	0/2	1/2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/3	1/2	1/2					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles	77	32	17	0	0	0		
Number of transfers	70	30	14	0	0	0		
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.0	Ŭ		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.3					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.2	55.8	8/15					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (9	%) 44.3	36.7	3/14					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	36.7	4/14					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	13.3	1/14					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.6	50.0	5/14					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	66.7	9/14					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	25	22	9	6	5	0		
Donor Eggs	Fr	resh Embr	vos <sup>f</sup>	Froz	zen Embr	vos <sup>f</sup>		
Number of cycles		0			Frozen Embryos <sup>f</sup> 31			
Number of transfers		0			27			
Average number of embryos transferred					1.1			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					51.7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births <sup>e</sup> (9	%)				33.3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					40.7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					7.4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					48.1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					55.6			

Donor eggs? Donor embryos?		Gestational carriers? Embryo cryopreservation?		Single women? SART member?		Verified lab accreditation? (See Appendix C for details.)	Yes				

<sup>a</sup> Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF. <sup>b</sup> Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

<sup>c</sup> Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

<sup>d</sup> Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

<sup>e</sup> In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

<sup>f</sup> All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.