REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES SANDY SPRINGS, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE	Data verified by Daniel Shapiro, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors a					Patient Diagnosis b						
	IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors:		
	Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	35%	Female factors only	22%	
	Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	24%	Female & male factors	23%	
					Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	5%			

	Endometriosis	8% U	Inknown fac	tor 5%	Ď			
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES	Total number of cycles ^d : 1,83	34 (inclu	des 191 c	vcle[s] us	ina frozer	n eggs)		
	Total Hambor of Cycles 1 1,00	Age of Woman						
Type of Cycle		<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles		224	97	92	33	25	5	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		4.0	9.3	12.0	12.1	12.0	1/5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.5	2.2	3.3	2.6	4.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in im		44.6	32.1	11.3	10.0	5.7	0/14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (es	SET) (%)	76.9	52.6	12.5	0/7	0/11	0/3	
Outcomes per Cycle	Δ							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal we		15.2	8.2	6.5	3.0	8.0	0/5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live bir		16.5	10.3	7.6	6.1	8.0	0/5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (9	%)	2.2	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0/5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		18.8	12.4	7.6	6.1	8.0	0/5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		22.3	19.6	9.8	9.1	12.0	0/5	
Outcomes per Transfer		404	40	00	_	45		
Number of transfers	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	101	40	33	8	15	3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal v		33.7	20.0	18.2	1/8	2/15	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live		36.6	25.0	21.2	2/8	2/15	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	S (%)	5.0 41.6	2.5 30.0	0.0 21.2	0/8 2/8	0 / 15 2 / 15	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (0/)	49.5	47.5	27.3	3/8	3 / 15	0/3	
rercentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (70)	49.5	47.5	21.3	3/0	3/13	0/3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles		270	195	144	52	17	9	
Number of transfers		268	192	143	50	17	9	
Estimated average number of transfers per retriev	val	1.4	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.1	1.1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in im		54.5	52.9	34.5	28.8	32.1	4/16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal		39.6	35.9	25.9	32.0	6/17	3/9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live		48.9	40.6	35.0	34.0	7 / 17	3/9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births	s (%)	4.9	7.3	4.2	0.0	0 / 17	0/9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		54.1	48.4	39.2	34.0	7 / 17	3/9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	64.1	49.7	50.0	10 / 17	4/9	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	•	78	64	73	37	12	5	
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles								
Number of transfers			0			205		
Average number of embryos transferred						1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in im						47.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal						33.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live						41.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births						2.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						43.9		
Development of the reference was obtained in the reservoirs of	n/\					EE C		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)

Current Name: Reproductive Biology Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.