UTAH CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Erica B. Johnstone, MD						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b						
IVF Unstimulated		With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction		Uterine factor Male factor	3% 43%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only	9%	
Used gestational carrier	2%	1 42/1 40	X170	Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	21%	Other factor Unknown factor	12% 14%		- , -	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles ^d : 634	(include	es 0 cycle	[s] using f	rozen eg	gs)		
T (0.1	Age of Woman						
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	179	44	22	10	7	3	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.4	9.1	0.0	0/10	2/7	1/3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.3	51.7	48.1	1/9	0/1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.1	10.7	2/13	0/4			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	20.7	34.1	31.8	1/10	0/7	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	43.2	31.8	1 / 10	0/7	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.4	9.1	9.1	0/10	0/7	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.4	52.3	40.9	1/10	0/7	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	54.5	50.0	1/10	0/7	0/3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	129	35	15	4	1	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	28.7	42.9	7 / 15	1/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	54.3	7 / 15	1/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.6	11.4	2/15	0/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.9	65.7	9/15	1/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.8	68.6	11 / 15	1/4	0/1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	137	33	23	9	7	1	
Number of transfers	133	30	21	9	6	1	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	45.0	52.8	7/14	1/7	0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	31.6	26.7	42.9	4/9	1/6	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.6	40.0	47.6	5/9	1/6	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	6.7	14.3	1/9	0/6	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.9	46.7	61.9	6/9	1/6	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.9	53.3	76.2	6/9	2/6	0/1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	33	21	18	11	8	2	
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles	35			1102	31		
Number of transfers		32			30		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		65.9			43.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		40.6			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.9			26.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		18.8			10.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		65.6			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			50.0		

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.