BAYSTATE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

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2013	Anı	C I		νг	155

Data verified by Kelly Lynch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	37%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors:	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	26%	Female factors only	8%
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	11%	Female & male factors	9%
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	26%		

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 564 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES	Total number of cycles ⁴ : 564	(include	s i cycle	sj using i	rozen egç	JS)		
Type of Cycle Age of Woma								
Type of Cycle		<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles		130	70	54	29	9	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	2.9	16.7	17.2	1/9		
Average number of embryos transferred	,	1.1	1.2	1.7	2.1	3.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in	implantation (%)	59.6	55.6	43.5	25.9	0 / 13		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers		88.9	74.3	33.3	1 / 12	0/4		
Outcomes per Cycle								
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal	weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	30.0	13.0	17.2	0/9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live	births (%)	35.4	34.3	16.7	17.2	0/9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live birth		2.3	1.4	3.7	0.0	0/9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		37.7	35.7	20.4	17.2	0/9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.8	40.0	29.6	20.7	0/9		
Outcomes per Transfer								
Number of transfers		92	45	29	13	4	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm		42.4	46.7	24.1	5 / 13	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li		50.0	53.3	31.0	5 / 13	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bir		3.3	2.2	6.9	0 / 13	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				5 / 13	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie	s (%)	62.0	62.2	55.2	6 / 13	0/4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles		92	74	41	9	6	2	
Number of transfers		85	59	33	8	5	1	
Estimated average number of transfers per reti	ieval	1.5	1.9	1.3	0.9	2.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	10741	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	2.2	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in	implantation (%)	60.2	33.9	47.5	7/12	3/7	2/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm		48.2	16.9	12.1	3/8	1/5	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li		56.5	23.7	24.2	4/8	2/5	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bir		0.0	1.7	6.1	0/8	0/5	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (* *	56.5	25.4	30.3	4/8	2/5	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie		68.2	45.8	54.5	6/8	4/5	1/1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycl		11	6	6	0	0	0	
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f				
Number of cycles			9			15		
Number of transfers			8			13		
Average number of embryos transferred			1.4			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			7/9			4 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm		4/8			1 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li		4/8			1 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bir		1/8			0 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (5/8			1 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie		6/8			5 / 13			

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Baystate Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?		Embryo cryopreservation?		SART member?		(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.