REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Dat	Data verified by Nasiruddin Hana, MD						
	Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b						
	IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors:		
	Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	21%	Female factors only	8%	
	Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	12%	Female & male factors	11%	
					Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	15%			

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles 1.10	NE (: !	-10					
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles 1,10)5 (Inclu	des 6 cycl		irozen e Woman	ggs)		
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41–42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs	700	05-01	00-40	71-72	70-77		
Number of cycles	217	111	85	57	34	10	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.5	7.2	15.3	5.3	11.8	5/10	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.0	17.6	25.2	4.2	8.5	0/2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.6	8.6	2.2	0.0	0/14	0/1	
Outcomes per Cycle		0.0		0.0	0,	0,.	
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	14.7	10.8	11.8	3.5	0.0	0/10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.6	11.7	15.3	3.5	0.0	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	3.6	4.7	1.8	0.0	0/10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.4	15.3	20.0	5.3	0.0	0/10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.0	18.0	27.1	10.5	8.8	0/10	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	135	68	50	43	19	1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	23.7	17.6	20.0	4.7	0/19	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	19.1	26.0	4.7	0/19	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	5.9	8.0	2.3	0/19	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.3	25.0	34.0	7.0	0 / 19	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.7	29.4	46.0	14.0	3 / 19	0/1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	171	93	46	25	9	0	
Number of transfers	154	88	38	23	9	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.4	0.8	1.0	1.8	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.2	37.1	38.8	25.0	2 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	27.3	31.8	31.6	21.7	1/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	40.9	34.2	34.8	2/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	5.7	5.3	0.0	0/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.1	46.6	39.5	34.8	2/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.4	53.4	57.9	43.5	3/9		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	49	29	32	15	3	6	
Donor Eggs	Fre	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles	26				81		
Number of transfers		20			78		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.6			30.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		20.0			25.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.0			32.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.0			5.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0			37.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.0			47.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Re

0045 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.