THE GEORGIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE			Data verified by Patrick L. Blohm, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b				
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier	0%	With ICSI PGD/PGS		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	11% 26%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	59%	Female & male factors 20%

Endometriosis	970 0	nknown iac	101 5%	0		
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles ^d : 163	(include	es 1 cycle	[s] using f	rozen eg	gs)	
	Age o			Woman		
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs			00 10			
Number of cycles	69	25	7	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	8.0	0/7	0/4	U	U
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0	32.6	9/14	3/4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.6	4.3	0/7	0/2		
Outcomes per Cycle	0.0	4.0	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.0	36.0	3/7	1/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.2	48.0	3/7	1/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	27.5	4.0	2/7	0/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	63.8	52.0	5/7	1/4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.0	56.0	5/7	3/4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	66	23	7	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	30.3	39.1	3/7	1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.9	52.2	3/7	1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	28.8	4.3	2/7	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.7	56.5	5/7	1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.2	60.9	5/7	3/4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	6	7	1	0	3
Number of transfers	24	6	7	1	0	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0	1.5	3.5	1.0	U	J
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.7	0/9	4 / 10	0/1		0/6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	29.2	0/6	3/7	0/1		0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	0/6	3/7	0/1		0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	0/6	0/7	0/1		0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.8	0/6	3/7	0/1		0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.2	0/6	4/7	0/1		0/3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	0	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles	13			2		
Number of transfers		13			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		76.0			1/4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		5 / 13			1/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 13			1/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 13			0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 13			1/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 13			1/2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.