HRC FERTILITY-ENCINO ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Michael A.							
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a	P	Patient Diagnosis ^b					
VF 100% With ICSI 85% Tubal factor Jnstimulated <1% PGD/PGS 47% Ovulatory dysfunction	1% 3%	Uterine factor Male factor	· 4% 13%	<i>Multiple</i> Female	Factors: e factors onl	y 79	
Jsed gestational carrier 2% Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis		Other factor Unknown fac	32% tor 24%	Female	e & male fac	tors 5	
2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c Total number of cycles ^d : 1,	078 (inclu	udes 16 cyc	cle[s] using	g frozen	eggs)		
Turne of Cycelo			Age of Woman				
Type of Cycle	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
resh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	114	95	98	69	39	12	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.8	7.4	5.1	17.4	10.3	1 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.6	31.9	23.9	7.7	11.8	3/11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.9	13.6	6.7	4.3	0/9	0/5	
Outcomes per Cycle		17.0					
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	17.9	14.3	5.8	5.1	1/12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.2	20.0	16.3	7.2	5.1	1/12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	5.3	5.1	0.0	2.6	1/12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.2	25.3	21.4	7.2	7.7	2/12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%) Outcomes per Transfer	43.0	30.5	26.5	10.1	7.7	3/12	
Number of transfers	71	51	57	29	13	8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%		33.3	24.6	13.8	2/13	1/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.7	37.3	24.0	17.2	2/13	1/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.5	9.8	8.8	0.0	1/13	1/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.2	47.1	36.8	17.2	3 / 13	2/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.0	56.9	45.6	24.1	3 / 13	3/8	
rozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	90	53	67	39	17	31	
Number of transfers	86	48	62	33	13	27	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.5	2.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.7	58.4	46.3	29.6	20.0	26.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%) 55.8	43.8	35.5	33.3	2/13	33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	64.0	52.1	38.7	39.4	3 / 13	33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	16.7	11.3	3.0	0/13	7.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	75.6	70.8	50.0	42.4	3/13	40.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	81.4	81.3	67.7	60.6	7 / 13	44.4	
lumber of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	21	30	38 ¢	22	16	10 f	
Donor Eggs	Fi	resh Embr	yos'	Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles		100			101		
Number of transfers		59			99		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	\ \	67.0			50.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.6			34.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.8			44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		27.1			13.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.9 84.7			57.6 66.7		
r ercentage of transfers resulting in pregnationes (%)		04.7			00.7		

Yes SART member? Donor embryos? Yes Embryo cryopreservation? Yes (See Appendix C for details.)

Yes Single women?

Verified lab accreditation?

Yes

Yes

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates. ^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

Yes Gestational carriers?

Donor eggs?