BRENDA L. MOSKOVITZ, MD, PC TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2014 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors:	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	67%	Female factors only	25%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	0%	Female & male factors	42%
				Endometriosis	25%	Unknown factor	8%		

2014	ART SII	CCESS	BATES ^C

Total number of cycles^d: 14 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Total number of cycles : 14 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs) Age of Woman								
Type of Cycle		<35	35-37	38-40	41–42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs		700	05-01	00-40	71-72	40-44		
Number of cycles	1	3	1	2	1	0		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%	0/1	0/3	0/1	0/2	0/1	O		
Average number of embryos transferred						2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in	implantation (%)	2.0 3/2	1.5 1/3	2.0 0/2	2.0 0 / 2	1/2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers	. ,	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle	(0021) (70)	0, 1	0,1	0, 1	071	0,1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal	weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live		0/1	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live birth		1/1	0/3	0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	• •	1/1	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (1/1	1/3	0/1	0/2	1/1		
Outcomes per Transfer								
Number of transfers		1	2	1	1	1	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm	al weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton liv	ve births (%)	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bir		1/1	0/2	0/1	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (1/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie	s (%)	1/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	1/1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles		3	1	0	0	0	0	
Number of transfers		3	1	0	0	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per reti	ieval	Ŭ	1.0	0.0	· ·	· ·	Ŭ	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	2.0	0.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in	implantation (%)	1/4	1/2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm		0/3	1/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li		1/3	1/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bir		0/3	0/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (* *	1/3	1/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie		1/3	1/1					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycl	AS	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos ^T			Frozen Embryos [†]			
Number of cycles			0			0		
Number of transfers			0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred								
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in								
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, norm								
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton li								
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live bin								
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancie	S (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.