UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CONSULTANTS OREGON HEALTH & SCIENCE UNIVERSITY PORTLAND, OREGON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2014 ART CYCLE PROFILE			Data verified by David M. Lee, MD							
Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors:		
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	45%	Female factors only	16%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	21%	Female & male factors	27%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%			

			Age of	Woman		
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41–42	43-44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs	700	05-07	00-40	71-72	40-44	777
Number of cycles	78	47	31	13	4	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.1	17.0	12.9	4 / 13	2/4	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	35.6	12.2	2/11	2.0	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	26.9	13.6	0/18	0/4	0/1	0/1
Outcomes per Cycle	20.0	10.0	0710	074	071	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	14.9	3.2	1 / 13	0/4	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	14.9	3.2	1 / 13	0/4	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.1	4.3	3.2	0 / 13	0/4	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.2	19.1	6.5	1 / 13	0/4	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.7	27.7	12.9	2/13	1/4	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer	00.7		12.0	27 10	., .	0,
Number of transfers	53	23	20	5	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	30.2	30.4	5.0	1/5	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.0	30.4	5.0	1/5	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.8	8.7	5.0	0/5	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.7	39.1	10.0	1/5	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.5	56.5	20.0	2/5	1/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	65	30	30	10	3	2
Number of transfers	63	28	27	8	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.5	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.7	52.0	29.5	8/16	2/5	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	31.7	46.4	25.9	4/8	2/3	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	57.1	33.3	4/8	2/3	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.9	10.7	0.0	2/8	0/3	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	67.9	37.0	6/8	2/3	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.9	44.4	6/8	2/3	0/2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	22	13	14	5	2	0
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles	47			37		
Number of transfers		41			35	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	70.8			35.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.1			25.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		39.0			31.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		29.3			5.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		68.3			37.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.6			48.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: University Fertility Consultants, Oregon Health & Science University

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.