KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FREMONT, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2014 ART CYCLE PROFILE			Data verified by Lisa Farah-Eways, MD						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier	100% <1% <1%	With ICSI PGD/PGS	,-	Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	14% 49%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	43%	Female & male factors 25%	

Endometriosis	2% U	nknown iac	101 9%)		
2014 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles ^d : 983	(include	es 0 cycle	s] using f	rozen eg	gs)	
			Age of Woman			
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs			00 10			
Number of cycles	223	160	116	60	27	8
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.1	7.5	9.5	13.3	14.8	3/8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	2.6	3.3	3.9	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.8	38.9	23.0	15.0	6.6	0/9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	45.4	25.4	5.4	0.0	0.0	0/2
Outcomes per Cycle	40.4	20.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.5	30.0	17.2	18.3	7.4	0/8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.8	32.5	21.6	18.3	7.4	0/8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.2	11.9	8.6	5.0	3.7	0/8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.0	45.0	30.2	23.3	11.1	0/8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.8	51.3	40.5	40.0	18.5	0/8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	200	140	98	50	21	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	38.5	34.3	20.4	22.0	9.5	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.5	37.1	25.5	22.0	9.5	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	13.6	10.2	6.0	4.8	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.0	51.4	35.7	28.0	14.3	0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.5	58.6	48.0	48.0	23.8	0/3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	127	73	51	13	10	0
Number of transfers	125	70	48	12	8	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	2.1	2.7	1.5	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	0.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.4	49.5	42.7	3 / 19	6 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	25.6	34.3	41.7	2/12	2/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.2	37.1	50.0	3 / 12	3/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.8	14.3	4.2	0 / 12	1/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.0	51.4	54.2	3 / 12	4/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.2	64.3	66.7	4/12	4/8	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	9	5	5	3	8	1
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles	50			34		
Number of transfers		44			33	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		64.9			65.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		54.5			42.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		61.4			42.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.1			3.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		70.5			48.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		77.3			75.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.