UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-GENERATIONS FERTILITY CARE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

| 2014 | л в т | CVCI | - 66 | A E I I E | - |
|------|-------|------|------|-----------|---|
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Data verified by Dan I. Lebovic, MD

| Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a | | | | Patient Diagnosis b | | | | |
|---|------|-----------|-----|----------------------------|-----|----------------|-----|---------------------------|
| IVF | 100% | With ICSI | 73% | Tubal factor | 11% | Uterine factor | 4% | Multiple Factors: |
| Unstimulated | 0% | PGD/PGS | 0% | Ovulatory dysfunction | 26% | Male factor | 46% | Female factors only 9% |
| Used gestational carrier | 0% | | | Diminished ovarian reserve | 25% | Other factor | 4% | Female & male factors 24% |
| | | | | Endometriosis | 10% | Unknown factor | 14% | |

| 2014 | ADT CI | ICCECC | DATECC |
|------|--------|--------|--------|

Total number of cycles^d: 193 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

| 2014 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles": | 193 (include | es 20 cycle | | | ggs) | | |
|--|--------------|----------------------------|--------|-------|-----------------------------|-----|--|
| Type of Cycle | | Age of Woman | | | | | |
| Type of Cycle | <35 | 35-37 | 38-40 | 41-42 | 43-44 | >44 | |
| Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs | | | | | | | |
| Number of cycles | 63 | 21 | 14 | 1 | 2 | 0 | |
| Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%) | 6.3 | 0.0 | 2/14 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Average number of embryos transferred | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 2.0 | | |
| Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) | 50.0 | 42.9 | 7 / 19 | 0/1 | 0/4 | | |
| Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%) | 49.0 | 8 / 18 | 3/10 | | 0/2 | | |
| Outcomes per Cycle | | | | | | | |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%) |) 39.7 | 14.3 | 3 / 14 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%) | 42.9 | 23.8 | 4/14 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%) | 6.3 | 14.3 | 1/14 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%) | 49.2 | 38.1 | 5/14 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%) | 54.0 | 47.6 | 5/14 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Outcomes per Transfer | | | | | | | |
| Number of transfers | 51 | 19 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 0 | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births e | . , | 3 / 19 | 3/12 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) | 52.9 | 5 / 19 | 4/12 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) | 7.8 | 3 / 19 | 1/12 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) | 60.8 | 8 / 19 | 5/12 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%) | 66.7 | 10 / 19 | 5/12 | 0/1 | 0/2 | | |
| Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs | | | | | | | |
| Number of cycles | 32 | 9 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| Number of transfers | 31 | 9 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval | 1.8 | 1.8 | 4.0 | | Ü | Ü | |
| Average number of embryos transferred | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.0 | | | |
| Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) | 47.6 | 3/11 | 5 / 18 | 0/1 | | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births e | | 3/9 | 4/12 | 0/1 | | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) | 54.8 | 3/9 | 4/12 | 0/1 | | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) | 3.2 | 0/9 | 0/12 | 0/1 | | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) | 58.1 | 3/9 | 4/12 | 0/1 | | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%) | 64.5 | 5/9 | 5/12 | 0/1 | | | |
| Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles | 7 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Donor Eggs | Fre | Fresh Embryos ^f | | | Frozen Embryos ^f | | |
| Number of cycles | | 3 | | | 3 | | |
| Number of transfers | | 3 | | | 3 | | |
| Average number of embryos transferred | | 1.3 | | | 2.0 | | |
| Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) | | 3/4 | | | 1/4 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births e | (%) | 3/3 | | | 0/3 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) | () | 3/3 | | | 1/3 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) | | 0/3 | | | 0/3 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) | | 3/3 | | | 1/3 | | |
| Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%) | | 3/3 | | | 2/3 | | |

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care

| Donor eggs? | Yes | Gestational carriers? | No | Single women? | Yes | Verified lab accreditation? | Yes |
|----------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|---------------|-----|-------------------------------|-----|
| Donor embryos? | No | Embryo cryopreservation? | Yes | SART member? | Yes | (See Appendix C for details.) | |

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.