REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS ELKHORN, NEBRASKA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b						
	IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors:	
	Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	43%	Female factors only	16%
	Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	25%	Female & male factors 2	25%
					Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	5%		

|--|

lotal number of cycles : 487 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)									
Type of Cycle				of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44			
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs									
Number of cycles	164	50	24	5	0	0			
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.7	16.0	16.7	1/5					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.6	4.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9	40.3	6.1	0 / 12					
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.3	12.5	0/18	0/3					
Outcomes per Cycle									
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	17.7	22.0	4.2	0/5					
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.3	24.0	4.2	0/5					
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	10.0	4.2	0/5					
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.8	34.0	8.3	0/5					
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.8	42.0	8.3	0/5					
Outcomes per Transfer									
Number of transfers	120	37	19	3	0	0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	24.2	29.7	1/19	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	32.4	1/19	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.5	13.5	1/19	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.5	45.9	2/19	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.7	56.8	2/19	0/3					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs									
Number of cycles	145	36	11	4	0	0			
Number of transfers	120	27	11	3	0	0			
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.7	2.2	3.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.3					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.0	48.6	35.0	0/7					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	38.3	18.5	3/11	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.2	29.6	3/11	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	14.8	2/11	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.8	44.4	5/11	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.0	66.7	6/11	0/3					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	6	3	1	0	0	0			
Donor Eggs	Fre	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f				
Number of cycles		19			18				
Number of transfers		14			16				
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		60.9			25.0				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 14			5 / 16				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4/14			6 / 16				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5/14			0/16				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9/14			6/16				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 14			7 / 16				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.