NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY INSTITUTE STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2014 ART CYCLE PROFILE	Data	a verified by Gad Lavy, M	D				
Type of ART and Procedura	Patient Diagnosis b						
VF 100% With Unstimulated 12% PG Used gestational carrier 4%		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	5% 5%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	3%	Female & male factors	<1% 1%

	Age of	Woman				
Type of Cycle <35 35-	37 38-40	41-42	43-44	>44		
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles 62 32	2 42	23	14	11		
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%) 9.7 25.	.0 4.8	8.7	4/14	4/11		
Average number of embryos transferred 2.1 2.2	2 2.4	2.4	1.7	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) 38.5 18.	.2 9.4	7.4	0/12	0 / 15		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%) 2.8 1 / 1	14 4.8	1 / 12	0/3	0/4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%) 14.5 6.3		8.7	0/14	0/11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%) 19.4 6.3		8.7	0/14	0/11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%) 14.5 3.1		0.0	0/14	0/11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%) 33.9 9.4		8.7	0/14	0/11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%) 35.5 18.	8 11.9	8.7	0 / 14	0/11		
Outcomes per Transfer				_		
Number of transfers 39 16		12	7	5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%) 23.1 2 / 1		2/12	0/7	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) 30.8 2 / 1		2/12	0/7	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) 23.1 1/1		0/12	0/7	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) 53.8 3 / 1		2/12	0/7	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%) 56.4 6 / 1	16 19.2	2/12	0/7	0/5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles 26 18	3 12	0	2	5		
Number of transfers 22 15	5 12	0	2	5		
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval 1.0 1.5	5 1.5			2.5		
Average number of embryos transferred 2.0 2.0	1.8		2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) 28.6 27.	3 50.0		1/2	2/10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%) 9.1 0 / 1	15 4/12		0/2	2/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) 13.6 2 / 1			0/2	2/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) 9.1 1 / 1			0/2	0/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) 27.3 3 / 1			0/2	2/5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%) 45.5 7 / 1	15 9/12		2/2	2/5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles 10 2	6	0	0	1		
Donor Eggs Fresh En	nbryos ^f	Froz	Frozen Embryos ^f			
	63			90		
Number of transfers 45			79			
Average number of embryos transferred 1.9			1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) 43.			36.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%) 28.	9		19.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) 31.	1		26.6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			15.2			
reidentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) 46.			41.8			

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: New England Fertility Institute

Donor eggs? Yes Gestational carriers? Yes Single women? Yes Verified lab accreditation? Yes Donor embryos? Yes Embryo cryopreservation? Yes SART member? No (See Appendix C for details.)

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.