UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE CARE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis ^b							
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors:			
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	53%	Female factors only	11%		
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	13%	Female & male factors	36%		
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%				

2014 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number	of cycles ^d : 78 (include	s 0 cycle[s] using fr	ozen egg:	s)		
Type of Cycle			Age of	Woman			
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	18	12	10	6	2	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 18	3 / 12	3/10	2/6	0/2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.6	1.8	2.5	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.0	5/11	3/10	1/10	0/3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/11	1/5	1/4	0/4	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle	0						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton		2 / 12	0/10	1/6	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/18	2 / 12	2/10	1/6	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2/18	1 / 12	0/10	0/6	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6/18	3 / 12	2/10	1/6	0/2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/18	4 / 12	4/10	1/6	0/2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	12	7	6	4	1	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton		2/7	0/6	1/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	2/7	2/6	1/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2/12	1/7	0/6	0/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6/12	3/7	2/6	1/4	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/12	4/7	4/6	1/4	0/1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	14	7	1	0	1	0	
Number of transfers	13	6	1	0	1	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.0	1.0	0.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.2	1.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6/16	4/7	0/1		0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton	on live births ^e (%) 3 / 13	4/6	0/1		0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	4/6	0/1		0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0/6	0/1		0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	4/6	0/1		0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 13	4/6	0/1		0/1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	2	3	0	1	0	0	
Donor Eggs	Fr	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles		0					
Number of transfers		0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton	on live births ^e (%)				1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0/1		
					1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Reproductive Care, University of Washington

Donor eggs? Yes Gestational carriers? No Single women? Yes Verified lab accreditation? Yes Donor embryos? Yes Embryo cryopreservation? Yes SART member? Yes (See Appendix C for details.)

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.