WISCONSIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Dat	Data verified by David L. Olive, MD							
	Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b							
	IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI Used PGD	78% 7%	Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	14% 44%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor			6% 6%		

Endometriosis	5% U	Jnknown fac	tor 16%				
2013 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycle	es ^d : 266 (includ	es 0 cycle	s] using f	rozen eg	qs)		
	,			Age of Woman			
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	27	9	6	3	0	0	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.7	1/9	0/6	2/3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.8	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.0	2/16	2/17				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.3	0/6	0/5	0/1			
Outcomes per Cycle	Δ.						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births		0/9	0/6	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.8	0/9	0/6	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.5	1/9	1/6	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	1/9	1/6	0/3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	1/9	1/6	1/3			
Outcomes per Transfer	00	_	_	4	•	_	
Number of transfers	26	7	6	1	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live bird Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	ths" (%) 11.5 15.4	0/7 0/7	0/6	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	1/7	1/6	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	34.6	1/7	1/6	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.3	1/7	1/6	1/1			
referriage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (70)	42.5	1 / /	1/0	1 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	77	19	8	5	0	0	
Number of transfers	73	18	8	5	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.4	1.3	5.0	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.2			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.1	18.9	0/14	3/11			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live bird	. ,	4 / 18	0/8	0/5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.5	5/18	0/8	0/5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.7	1 / 18	0/8	0/5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.3 32.9	6 / 18 7 / 18	0/8 0/8	0/5 1/5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.9	// 10	0/6	1/5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	34	10	5	1	2	1	
Donor Eggs	Fr	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles		24			35		
Number of transfers		23			34		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	^	52.3			23.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live bird	ths ^e (%)	8.7			14.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		17.4			20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		34.8			8.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.2			29.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.2			44.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.