THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE			Data verified by Edwin Robins, MD					
Type of ART and Pro	Patient Diagnosis b							
Unstimulated	0% With ICSI 0% Used PGD 1%		Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	11% 24%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor	71%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 33%	

Endometriosis	5% L	Inknown fac	tor 12%	6			
2013 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles 33	2 (include	es 28 cycle			ggs)		
Time of Civele			Age of	Age of Woman			
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	83	15	3	0	0	0	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0/3				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.7				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.5	38.5	3/5				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.5	0/11	0/2				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	33.7	5 / 15	3/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	6 / 15	3/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.5	1 / 15	0/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.0	7 / 15	3/3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.4	8 / 15	3/3				
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	83	15	3	0	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.7	5 / 15	3/3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	6 / 15	3/3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.5	1 / 15	0/3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.0	7 / 15	3/3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.4	8 / 15	3/3				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	56	28	16	2	0	0	
Number of transfers	54	28	16	2	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	8.0	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.6	44.2	52.0	1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	25.9	32.1	3/16	1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.9	39.3	5/16	1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	14.3	2/16	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	53.6	7 / 16	1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	53.6	10 / 16	1/2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	51	16	19	3	1	0	
Oonor Eggs		Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles		3			8		
Number of transfers		3			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3/6			2/14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		3/3			2/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3/3			2/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/3			0/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3/3			2/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3/3			3/8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.