BROWN FERTILITY JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Dat	a verified by	Samu	iel E. Brown,	MD			
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a						F	Patient Diagn	osis ^b			
	IVF	100%	With ICSI		Tubal factor			Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors:	

Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis ⁵					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors:	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	24%	Female factors only	14%
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	19%	Female & male factors	11%
				Endometriosis	24%	Unknown factor	8%		

					gs)		
	Age of Woman						
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	128	53	36	23	6	1	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1.9	8.3	0.0	0/6	0/1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.3	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.0	25.7	14.3	14.0	1/9	0/4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	0/3	0/1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	14.1	3.8	5.6	0.0	1/6	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	15.1	11.1	8.7	1/6	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	11.3	0.0	4.3	0/6	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.6	26.4	13.9	13.0	1/6	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	37.7	30.6	26.1	1/6	0/1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	120	51	33	22	4	1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	15.0	3.9	6.1	0.0	1/4	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	15.7	12.1	9.1	1/4	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	11.8	0.0	4.5	0/4	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.8	27.5	15.2	13.6	1/4	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	39.2	33.3	27.3	1/4	0/1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	64	25	21	9	1	1	
Number of transfers	64	25	21	9	1	1	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.5	19.1	8.9	0.0	0/2	0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.1	8.0	0.0	0/9	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.4	28.0	9.5	0/9	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.7	0.0	4.8	0/9	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	14.1	28.0	14.3	0/9	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.2	36.0	19.0	1/9	0/1	0/1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles	32				7		
Number of transfers		30			7		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		61.5			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		13.3			1/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3			3/7		
		26.7			0/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.7			0//		
		63.3			3/7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Brown Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.