REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA SAN RAMON, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

20.	ГОЛ	RT	\sim v	\sim 1	- 6		1-11	_
20	ιο А	15 1	UΤ	ᆫ		4.1.	4 - 1	-

Data verified by Louis N. Weckstein, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors:	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	33%	Female factors only 19%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	20%	Female & male factors 20%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%		

			_
2012	ADT CI	ICCECC	DATECC

Total number of cycles^d: 1,301 (includes 24 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

2013 ANT SUCCESS NATES	otal number of cycles : 1,30	i (inciu	des 24 cyc			eggs)	
Type of Cycle					Woman		
		<35	35–37	38-40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	184	143	128	64	17	1	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.3	14.0	7.8	12.5	2/17	0/1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in imp	59.8	49.4	26.0	17.7	11.1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eS	SET) (%)	67.4	40.4	8.0	5.1	0/10	
Outcomes per Cycle	- 1-1 0 - 1 - 1-1 12 - 1-1 - 10 (0/)	00.4	05.0	05.0	40.0	0 / 47	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal wei		36.4	35.0	25.0	10.9	3/17	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live birt		43.5	36.4	30.5	15.6	3/17	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%	6)	7.6	7.7	5.5	1.6	0/17	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		51.6	44.8	35.9	17.2	3 / 17	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.5	51.0	41.4	29.7	4 / 17	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer		450	440	405	40	40	0
Number of transfers		150	112	105	43	12	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal w		44.7	44.6	30.5	16.3	3/12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live by		53.3	46.4	37.1	23.3	3/12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births	(%)	9.3	9.8	6.7	2.3	0/12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	//	63.3	57.1	43.8	25.6	3/12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (9	(0)	69.3	65.2	50.5	44.2	4/12	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		154	98	94	43	16	2
Number of transfers		140	81	81	36	14	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieva	al	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in imp	plantation (%)	41.8	42.5	45.8	38.9	5 / 18	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal w	veight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	30.9	35.8	27.8	4/14	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live by	pirths (%)	38.6	37.0	37.0	27.8	4/14	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births	(%)	5.7	6.2	9.9	11.1	0/14	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.3	43.2	46.9	38.9	4/14	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (9	%)	54.3	51.9	58.0	52.8	7 / 14	0/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		34	40	47	23	10	7
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles		70			102		
Number of transfers		62			80		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in imp		75.7			39.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal w		45.2			30.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live by		56.5			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births			8.1			8.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			64.5			48.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (9	6)		79.0			52.5	
, , ,							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco Bay Area

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.