

Inpatient Health Facilities as Reported From the 1976 MFI Survey

Statistics about nursing homes, hospitals, and other inpatient health facilities include number of institutions, beds, and employees as well as types of ownership, geographic distribution, and comparisons with results of previous MFI surveys. Based on data collected during May-August 1976.

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INPATIENT HEALTH FACILITIES

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this report reflect findings from the 1976 Master Facility Inventory (MFI) Survey. This is the sixth survey of inpatient health facilities since 1963 and the first to utilize data collected through the Cooperative Health Statistics System (CHSS).^b Through this system, MFI data were collected by 16 States and compiled with data collected by the National Center for Health Statistics and the American Hospital Association for 20,468 nursing homes, 7,271 hospitals, and 6,280 other inpatient health facilities (homes for the mentally retarded, for dependent children, for unwed mothers, etc.). Table A shows a break-

down of the number of these facilities, and their beds and residents.

Excellent response rates have been obtained for every MFI Survey that has been conducted (over 90 percent in each instance). The 1976 Survey response rate was 92 percent for hospitals and 95 percent for nursing homes and other inpatient health facilities. However, the numbers presented in this report do not show all of these facilities as being nonrespondents. If the nonresponding facility participated in an earlier MFI Survey, the prior data for that facility were used for the 1976 Survey data.

Data collected through the MFI Survey cover many phases of facility ownership and operation, such as capacity (bed size) and the number of residents or patients, admissions, discharges, inpatient days, and employees. These data have been used over the years for planning health care delivery systems, health services, urban development, etc.

Nursing homes, hospitals, and other inpatient facilities are discussed separately. Nursing homes are defined here as establishments with three beds or more that provide nursing or personal care to the aged, infirm, or chronically ill. Hospitals are defined as establishments that have six beds or more and are licensed as hospitals. Other inpatient health facilities must simply have one or more resident beds.

Table A. Number of inpatient health facilities, beds, and residents, by type of facility: United States, 1976

Type of facility	Facilities	Beds	Residents
All facilities.....	34,019	3,171,937	2,681,794
Nursing homes.....	20,468	1,414,865	1,300,054
All hospitals.....	7,271	1,381,267	1,053,318
General.....	6,361	1,069,828	797,667
Specialty.....	910	311,439	255,641
Other inpatient health facilities.....	6,280	375,805	328,422

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^bA Federal and State cooperative data-gathering system.

Background

The Master Facility Inventory Survey was first conducted by the National Center for Health Statistics in 1963.¹ The data collected included type of facility, number of beds, and

NURSING HOMES

type of ownership—data necessary to classify the various facilities. From these data came a Master Facility Inventory listing of nursing homes, hospitals, and other inpatient health facilities that could be used as a sampling frame for more detailed surveys of these institutions and their employees and residents.

The Agency Reporting System was developed from 1963 through 1967.² This ongoing system allows for constant updating of the MFI listing by obtaining the names and addresses of all new hospitals, nursing homes, and other inpatient health facilities in the country.

Master Facility Inventory surveys were conducted in 1967,³ 1969,⁴ 1971,⁵ 1973,⁶ and 1976. Each year the questionnaires were improved and expanded to include more detailed information about each facility. Nursing homes and other health facilities have been surveyed in the past by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. In 1968, in an effort to avoid duplication of effort, the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) began a contractual arrangement with the American Hospital Association (AHA) to use its Annual Survey of Hospitals to update information for the hospital portion of the MFI. Since about 5 percent of the hospitals in the United States are not members of AHA, NCHS, in conjunction with AHA, has conducted a separate survey of these hospitals.

It should be noted that AHA registers facilities classified as hospitals for the mentally retarded. For the MFI, however, all facilities for the mentally retarded are classified as "other health facilities." In 1976 AHA reported 53 hospitals for the mentally retarded; these were included by NCHS among the 1,919 facilities serving the mentally retarded or other neurologically handicapped.

In 1970 the National Center for Health Statistics began work on the establishment of a Cooperative Health Statistics System (CHSS),⁷ which would decentralize the responsibility for collecting data in such areas as vital statistics, health manpower, and health facilities from the Federal to the State level. By 1976 this system was in operation, and 16 States within CHSS collected some or all the MFI data. Appendix III shows the States in the system and the data collected by each State.

Background

Since 1963 the National Center for Health Statistics has conducted surveys of facilities that provide nursing and personal care. The MFI Survey was conducted in 1963, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1973, and 1976. A more detailed survey of nursing homes was conducted in 1968,⁸ and many questions from that survey are now part of the MFI Survey.

Several sample surveys of nursing homes have also been conducted by NCHS. The Resident Places Survey (RPS) was conducted in 1963, 1964, and 1969 to obtain detailed information not only about the establishments but also about their employees and residents. An even more extensive sample survey, the National Nursing Home Survey,⁹ was conducted in 1973 to obtain detailed information on nursing homes and their services, costs, residents, and staff.

Nursing homes provide different types of services and nursing care. To classify homes by level and type of service, NCHS developed a system by which homes are grouped according to type of care—nursing care, personal care with nursing, personal care, and domiciliary care. The criteria for classifying homes are given in appendix II.

Since the Master Facility Inventory Survey was begun prior to the passage of Medicare and Medicaid legislation, the MFI classification of nursing homes according to the type of service provided does not correspond exactly to the definitions of Medicare extended care facilities or Medicaid skilled nursing homes or intermediate care facilities given in appendix II. Because of the current availability of the certification status of homes according to Medicare and Medicaid standards, this report focuses on both the NCHS type of service and the certification of the home.

Characteristics

In 1976 the typical nursing home had less than 100 beds and a proprietary type of ownership. Of all homes, 76.1 percent had less than 100 beds, 65.6 percent were nursing care homes, and 75 percent were proprietary homes (table B).

Table B. Number and percent distribution of nursing homes by type of service, according to bed size, ownership, and geographic region: United States, 1976

Selected characteristic	All homes		All types of service	Nursing care	Personal care and other
	Number	Percent distribution	Percent distribution		
All homes.....	20,468	100.0	100.0	65.6	34.4
<u>Bed size</u>					
3-9 beds	2,707	13.2	100.0	4.8	95.2
10-24 beds	2,968	14.5	100.0	33.6	66.5
25-49 beds	3,935	19.2	100.0	70.9	29.1
50-74 beds	3,596	17.6	100.0	85.1	14.9
75-99 beds	2,374	11.6	100.0	89.5	10.5
100-199 beds	4,022	19.7	100.0	89.2	10.8
200-299 beds	607	3.0	100.0	86.8	13.2
300-499 beds	193	0.9	100.0	78.8	21.2
500 beds or more.....	66	0.3	100.0	81.8	18.2
<u>Type of ownership</u>					
Government.....	1,402	6.8	100.0	76.5	23.5
Proprietary.....	15,343	75.0	100.0	63.4	36.6
Nonprofit.....	3,723	18.2	100.0	70.4	29.6
<u>Geographic region</u>					
Northeast.....	4,200	20.5	100.0	59.7	40.3
North Central.....	6,106	29.8	100.0	77.9	22.1
South.....	5,123	25.0	100.0	73.5	26.5
West.....	5,039	24.6	100.0	47.4	52.6

The North Central Region had 27 percent of the U.S. population aged 65 years and over and almost 30 percent of all nursing homes in the United States. In contrast, the South Region had 32 percent of the population 65 years and over and 25 percent of the nursing homes.

Over half the homes with more than 75 beds were certified as skilled facilities under Medicare. Figure 1 shows that about 81.4 percent were certified either as skilled homes under Medicare or Medicaid (39.2 percent), intermediate care homes under Medicaid (25.2 percent), or both (17 percent). The remaining 18.6 percent of homes were not certified or had unknown certification.

Since 1967 the number of beds in nursing homes has increased steadily. However the number of homes increased to 22,004 in 1971 and then decreased to 20,468 in 1976 (table C). In spite of this decrease, the average number of beds per home has increased about 2.5-3.0 per

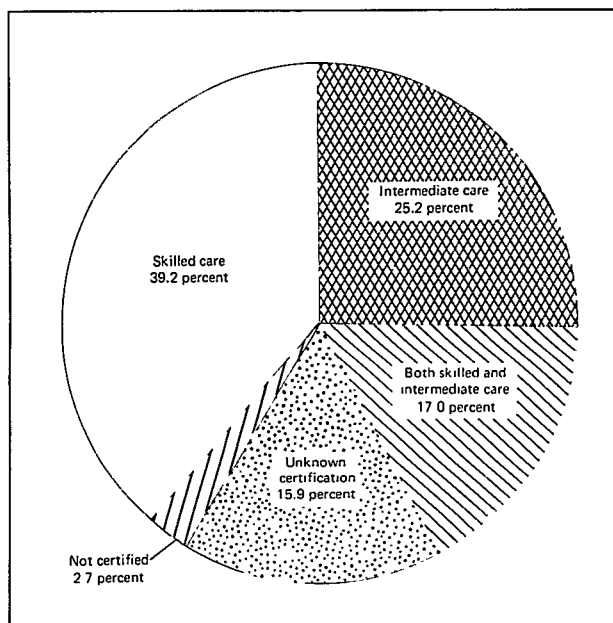


Figure 1. Number of nursing homes by type of certification: United States, 1976

Table C. Number of nursing homes, beds, and average bed size of homes, by type of service: United States, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1973, and 1976

Year	All types of service			Nursing care			Personal care and other		
	Homes	Beds	Average bed size	Homes	Beds	Average bed size	Homes	Beds	Average bed size
1976.....	20,468	1,414,865	69	13,417	1,174,092	88	7,051	240,773	34
1973.....	21,834	1,327,704	61	14,873	1,107,358	74	6,961	220,346	32
1971.....	22,004	1,201,598	55	12,871	917,707	71	9,133	283,891	31
1969.....	18,910	943,876	50	11,484	704,217	61	7,426	239,659	32
1967.....	19,141	836,554	44	10,636	584,052	55	8,505	252,502	30

year. Nursing care homes have increased by 14 beds per home since 1973 (an average of 4.7 beds per home per year), whereas personal care and other homes have had an increase of only 2 beds per home (an average of 0.7 beds per home per year). Thus there has been little change in the bed size of personal care and other homes but a considerable increase in that of nursing care homes. This indicates an increased demand for higher quality care leading to the enlargement of homes that provide such care.

Table D presents more data on the bed size of nursing homes in 1976. The average bed size of proprietary homes (62.6 beds per home) was much smaller than that of homes owned by non-profit groups (81.3 beds per home) or by the government (108.1 beds per home). The average bed size of homes in the West Region was only 47.6 beds per home, compared to over 70 beds per home in the other regions. The population in

Table D. Average bed size of nursing homes by ownership and geographic region: United States, 1976

Type of ownership and geographic region	Average bed size
All homes.....	69.1
<u>Type of ownership</u>	
Government.....	108.1
Proprietary.....	62.6
Nonprofit.....	81.3
<u>Geographic region</u>	
Northeast.....	72.3
North Central.....	79.0
South.....	75.8
West.....	47.6

the West Region is less concentrated and there are few large metropolitan areas; this might account for the smaller average size of the western homes.

Figure 2 shows the number of nursing home beds per 1,000 population aged 65 years and over for each State. In 1976 Nebraska had more beds (119) available for this population than the other States did. Florida, on the other hand, had the lowest ratio of beds per 1,000 residents 65 years and over.

Table E shows that in 1976 about 61 percent of all homes were located within a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA).^c Eighty percent or more of the homes with 200 beds or more, were in SMSA's. Most State or local government-owned homes were not located in SMSA's; over half the Federal homes were located in SMSA's.

Table F shows the number of nursing homes according to bed size group and confirms the decline in the number of smaller nursing homes. Since 1971, the number of homes with less than 25 beds and 25-49 beds has decreased, whereas the number of homes in all other bed size groups has increased.

^c A standard metropolitan statistical area is defined as an integrated economic and social unit with a large population nucleus. Each SMSA contains at least (1) one central city with 50,000 inhabitants or more or (2) two cities having contiguous boundaries and constituting, for general economic and social purposes, a single community with a combined population of at least 50,000, the smaller of which must have a population of at least 15,000.

1,300,000 admissions to 17,908 homes, or an average of about 74 admissions per home. About 85 percent of the homes reported discharges—about 1,200,000 or an average of 66 discharges per home. Not all homes were in operation for all of 1975—679 homes were in operation for part of the year. When data for these homes are inflated to represent the entire year, there were 1,347,317 admissions and 1,168,687 discharges.

One indicator of nursing home utilization is the turnover rate (average number of admissions per bed). Table G shows how this rate varied according to selected nursing home characteristics. Nursing homes admitted about 10 persons for every 10 beds in 1976. However, larger homes (those with more than 500 beds) admitted only about 3 persons for every 10 beds. Western homes admitted almost 14 persons for

every 10 beds—the highest turnover rate for any region.

The occupancy rate is given by the average number of residents per bed. As shown in table G, nursing homes operated at 92 percent occupancy in 1976. The table also shows how the occupancy rates varied according to selected facility characteristics.

Residents and Employees

Since the average life expectancy in 1975 was 76.5 years for women and 68.7 years for men, it would be expected that more women than men were residents of nursing homes. Table H shows that 69.6 percent of the residents in nursing homes in 1976 were female and only 30.4 percent were male. Fewer female than male residents were in the under-65 age group, but 74.5 percent of all residents 75 years and over were women.

Nursing homes employed more than 650,000 full-time employees in 1976 and more than 300,000 part-time employees, or over 800,000 full-time equivalent employees (number of full-time employees + 0.5 × number of part-time employees). Table J shows that there were 39.4 full-time equivalent employees (FTE's) per home and 62.4 FTE's per 100 residents in nursing homes in 1976. The State- and local-government-owned homes had more employees (81) per 100 residents than homes with other types of ownership did. Federally owned homes and proprietary homes had less than 60 employees per 100 residents.

Table G. Occupancy rate and number of admissions per bed (turnover rate) for nursing homes, by bed size, ownership, and geographic region: United States, 1976

Selected characteristic	Occupancy rate ¹ (percent)	Number of admissions per bed
All homes ²	92	1.0
Bed size		
3-9 beds.....	88	1.7
10-24 beds.....	91	1.0
25-49 beds.....	93	0.9
50-74 beds.....	94	0.9
75-99 beds.....	94	1.1
100-199 beds.....	92	1.2
200-299 beds.....	91	0.9
300-499 beds.....	87	0.7
500 beds or more.....	88	0.3
Type of ownership		
Government.....	92	0.8
Proprietary.....	92	1.1
Nonprofit.....	91	0.9
Geographic region		
Northeast.....	93	0.8
North Central.....	92	1.0
South.....	91	0.9
West.....	91	1.4

¹Number of residents

Number of beds

²Data reflect homes reporting admissions—87 percent of all homes.

Table H. Percent distribution of nursing home residents by sex, according to age: United States, 1976

Age	Both sexes ¹	Male	Female
Percent distribution			
All ages ²	100.0	30.4	69.6
Under 65 years.....	100.0	50.4	49.6
65-74 years.....	100.0	37.2	62.8
75 years and over.....	100.0	25.5	74.5

¹Sex was reported for 94.9 percent of all residents.

²Age was reported for 82.5 percent of all residents.

Table J. Number of full-time equivalent employees per nursing home and per 100 residents, by ownership and geographic region: United States, 1976

Type of ownership and geographic region	Number of full-time equivalent employees	
	Per nursing home	Per 100 residents
All homes.....	39.4	62.4
<u>Type of ownership</u>		
All government.....	78.1	79.2
Federal.....	44.9	52.5
State-local.....	80.3	80.8
Proprietary.....	32.9	57.4
Nonprofit.....	51.5	69.7
<u>Geographic region</u>		
Northeast.....	47.3	70.1
North Central.....	44.0	60.8
South.....	41.7	61.0
West.....	24.8	57.7

More employees attended nursing home residents in the Northeast Region than in any of the other three regions of the country. Northeastern homes had an average of 10 more employees per 100 residents.

Detailed tables 1-19 give additional data for nursing homes.

HOSPITALS

The number of hospitals in the United States decreased from 8,183 in 1963 to 7,271 in 1976. Figure 3 shows that the number of hospital beds per 1,000 population decreased from 8.3 in 1963 to 6.4 in 1976, due mainly to the decrease shown for specialty hospitals. The number of beds per 1,000 population for general hospitals increased between 1963 and 1967 and has remained rather constant at 4.9 or 5.0 since then.

However, the average bed size for all hospitals has remained about 190-200 beds per hospital. In 1976 it was approximately 191 beds per hospital.

In 1976, 87.5 percent of the hospitals in the United States were general, medical, and surgical hospitals. The remaining 910 hospitals were specialty hospitals, over half of which were psychiatric facilities (table 23).

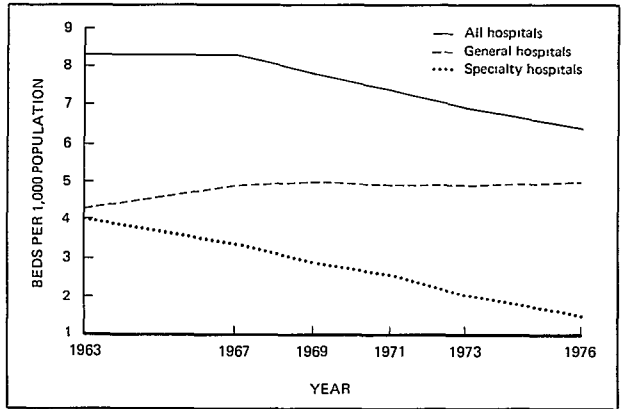


Figure 3. Number of hospital beds per 1,000 population by selected years: United States, 1976

Because general and specialty hospitals differ in the types of service offered and populations served, they are examined separately.

General Hospitals

In 1976 there were 6,361 general hospitals with a total of 1,069,828 beds (an average of 168 beds per hospital). Over half the hospitals were owned by nonprofit groups (52.5 percent) and over one-third of them were located in the South (table K).

Figure 4 shows the change in the number of beds per general hospital since 1963. The average number of beds has increased by almost 40 percent, whereas the number of general hospitals has decreased by about 5 percent. This suggests a trend toward fewer, but larger, general hospitals in the United States.

In 1976 only half (50.2 percent) of the general hospitals (but almost three-fourths of the beds) were located within standard metropolitan statistical areas (table K); thus, large general hospitals were located primarily within SMSA's.

An examination of the distribution of SMSA general hospitals according to the type of ownership shows that 63.4 percent of all hospitals owned by the Federal Government and only 27.8 percent of hospitals owned by State and local governments were located in SMSA's. The average bed size of federally owned general hospitals was 285 beds, whereas the average bed size of State- and local-government-owned general hospitals was 93 beds. This concentration of

Table K. Number of general hospitals and percent distribution by type of area, according to ownership and geographic region: United States, 1976

Type of ownership and geographic region	All general hospitals	All locations	SMSA	Outside SMSA
	Number	Percent distribution		
All general hospitals	6,361	100.0	50.2	49.8
<u>Ownership</u>				
All government.....	2,220	34.9	33.5	66.5
Federal.....	352	5.5	63.4	36.6
State-local	1,868	29.4	27.8	72.2
Proprietary	800	12.6	68.8	31.2
Nonprofit.....	3,341	52.5	56.8	43.2
<u>Geographic region</u>				
Northeast	972	15.3	70.4	29.5
North Central.....	1,813	28.5	41.2	58.9
South	2,338	36.8	44.8	55.2
West	1,238	19.5	57.5	42.5

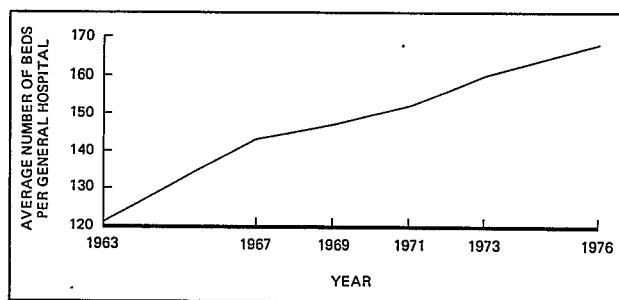


Figure 4. Average number of beds per general hospital by selected years: United States, 1976

the larger federally owned hospitals is one reason for the high number of general hospital beds in SMSA's.

In 1976, about 70 percent of the general hospitals in the Northeastern United States were located within SMSA's. The North Central and South Regions of the United States had less than 45 percent of the SMSA hospitals, although both the South and North Central Regions have more SMSA's than the Northeast.

Utilization

A major measure of a hospital's utilization is its occupancy rate. The occupancy rate

Number of inpatient days

$$\frac{\text{Number of inpatient days}}{\text{Number of beds} \times 365}$$

for general hospitals in 1976 was 74 percent—about the same as the 75 percent occupancy rate in 1973. Table L shows that the occupancy rate increases as the bed size of the hospital increases. General hospitals with less than 25 beds had an average occupancy rate of 47 percent, whereas hospitals with 500 beds or more had a rate of 81 percent.

General hospitals with proprietary or non-profit types of ownership had occupancy rates of over 75 percent. Government-owned hospitals, on the other hand, had an average rate of 69 percent.

General hospitals in the Northeast Region had an overall occupancy rate of 81 percent, compared with a rate of 56 percent for general hospitals in the North Central Region. One reason for this may be that northeastern hospitals were, on the average, much larger than those of the other regions (244 beds per hospital), and larger hospitals tend to have higher occupancy rates.

In 1976, 36,026,854 persons were admitted to general hospitals, and 36,004,670 were discharged (table 26). On the average, almost 34 persons were admitted for each bed during 1976—one more than the 33 admissions per bed in 1973 and three more than the 31 admissions per bed in 1967. Table L shows the distribution of admissions according to the hospital's bed size, ownership, and geographic region.

Outpatient visits are another important measure of hospital utilization. In 1976, 6,333 general hospitals (99.6 percent) reported outpatient visits; they increased 15.6 percent since 1973 in spite of a decrease in the number of hospitals reporting such visits. Of 261,281,396 outpatient visits in 1976, 29.4 percent were emergency visits, 38.9 percent were clinic visits, and 31.7 percent were other types of outpatient visits such as referred patient visits (figure 5).

Table L. Occupancy rate and number of admissions per bed (turnover rate) for general hospitals, by bed size, ownership, and geographic region: United States, 1976

Selected characteristic	Occupancy rate ¹ (percent)	Number of admissions per bed
All general hospitals.....	74	33.7
<u>Bed size</u>		
6-9 beds	32	24.1
10-24 beds	48	33.6
25-49 beds	55	34.5
50-74 beds	62	35.2
75-99 beds	64	33.8
100-199 beds	70	35.5
200-299 beds	76	36.3
300-499 beds	79	35.0
500 beds or more.....	81	28.8
<u>Type of ownership</u>		
Government	69	33.7
Proprietary.....	76	35.6
Nonprofit.....	78	36.1
<u>Geographic region</u>		
Northeast	81	31.7
North Central.....	56	33.6
South	72	34.1
West	67	36.0

¹Number of inpatient days
Number of beds X 365

EMPLOYEES

In 1976 there were almost 2.5 million full-time employees and over 600,000 part-time employees in general hospitals. The number of full-time equivalent employees (FTE's) increased 13.6 percent since 1973 and 53 percent since 1967. Since the number of patients per general hospital increased only 4.2 percent since 1973 and 27.6 percent since 1967, the large increase in employees indicates that more staff are being made available to patients in general hospitals every year. Figure 6 shows that the number of FTE's per general hospital increased from 276 in 1967 to 440 in 1976—an increase of almost 60 percent.

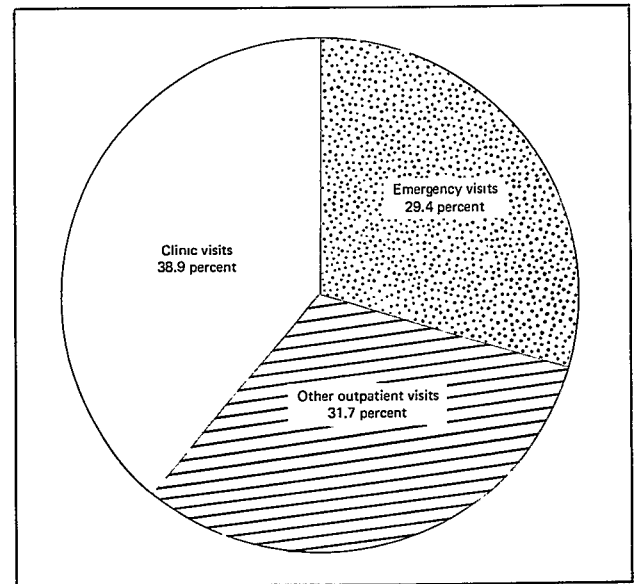


Figure 5. Distribution of outpatient visits for general hospitals by type of visit: United States, 1976

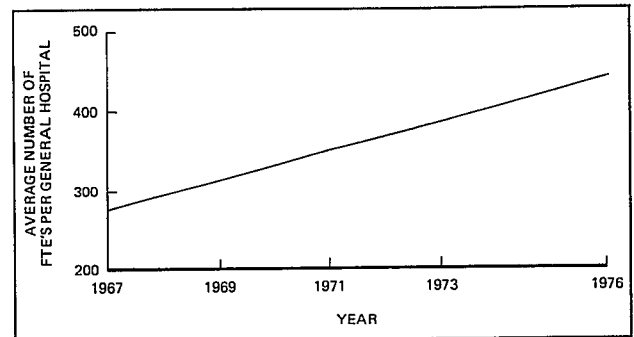


Figure 6. Average number of full-time equivalent employees per general hospital, by selected years: United States, 1976

Specialty Hospitals

There were 910 specialty hospitals in 1976:

Specialty	Number of hospitals
Total.....	910
Psychiatry.....	502
Chronic disease.....	63
Alcohol and drug abuse.....	48
Tuberculosis.....	21
Obstetrics and gynecology.....	26
Eyes, ears, nose, and throat.....	22
Rehabilitation.....	72
Orthopedics.....	34
Other.....	122

In 1976 almost half of the 910 specialty hospitals were government-owned facilities (47.6 percent); most were State or local government facilities. The West Region, with only 14.7 percent of the specialty hospitals, reported fewer of these facilities than the other regions did (table M).

In 1976, 81.3 percent of all specialty hospitals were located within standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) (table M). Fewer government-owned than proprietary or non-profit hospitals were in SMSA's. Still, about 70 percent of the government-owned hospitals were SMSA facilities.

Table M. Number of specialty hospitals and percent distribution by type of area, according to ownership and geographic region: United States, 1976

Type of ownership and geographic region	All specialty hospitals	All locations	SMSA	Outside SMSA
	Number	Percent distribution		
All specialty hospitals.....	910	100.0	81.3	18.7
<u>Type of ownership</u>				
All government.....	433	47.6	70.4	29.6
Federal.....	28	3.1	67.9	32.1
State-local.....	405	44.5	70.6	29.4
Proprietary.....	196	21.5	88.8	11.2
Nonprofit.....	281	30.9	92.9	7.1
<u>Geographic region</u>				
Northeast.....	282	31.0	87.2	12.8
North Central.....	203	22.3	75.4	24.6
South.....	291	32.0	77.7	22.3
West.....	134	14.7	85.8	14.2

The number of specialty hospitals has decreased 15 percent since 1971 (table N). Most dramatic is the change in tuberculosis (TB) facilities. Since 1971 there has been about an 80 percent decrease in both the number of TB hospitals and the number of TB beds. This substantial decrease is attributable to medical advances in the area of respiratory diseases and widespread TB detection programs.

Note the decrease in the size of psychiatric facilities. Since 1971 the number of beds has decreased by 41.6 percent, compared with a decrease of only 5.8 percent in the number of facilities.

Utilization

The utilization of specialty hospitals as measured by occupancy rate

$$\frac{\text{Number of inpatient days}}{\text{Number of beds} \times 365}$$

has remained constant (82 percent) since 1971. This rate is 8 percent higher than that for general hospitals.

Like general hospitals, the smaller specialty hospitals had lower occupancy rates (36 percent for hospitals with 6-9 beds) and the larger hospitals had higher rates (85 percent for hospitals with 500 beds or more). Table O shows how

Table N. Number of specialty hospitals and specialty hospital beds by type of hospital for selected years and percent change since 1971: United States, 1971, 1973, and 1976

Specialty hospital and specialty hospital beds	1976	1973	1971	Percent change since 1971
All specialty hospitals	910	980	1,071	-15.0
Psychiatric	502	508	533	-5.8
Chronic disease	63	70	90	-30.0
Alcoholic and other chemical dependencies	48	41	43	+11.6
Tuberculosis	21	65	99	-78.8
Rehabilitation	72	73	66	+9.1
Other	204	223	240	-15.0
All specialty hospital beds	311,439	418,630	503,189	-38.1
Psychiatric	244,358	338,574	418,487	-41.6
Chronic disease	19,933	22,350	24,614	-19.0
Alcoholics and drug abusers	2,429	2,408	2,647	-8.2
Tuberculosis	3,546	10,215	17,806	-80.1
Rehabilitation	8,678	8,721	7,544	+15.0
Other	32,495	36,362	32,091	+1.3

occupancy rate varies according to bed size, ownership, and geographic region.

Another measure of utilization is the number of admissions per bed (turnover rate). Specialty hospitals admitted 1,158,358 persons in 1976, an average of 3.7 persons per bed. The turnover rate was higher in 1976 than in either 1971 or 1973.

Generally, smaller hospitals had higher turnover rates than larger hospitals did, suggesting that the larger hospitals were mostly long-stay hospitals. Proprietary and nonprofit hospitals had higher turnover rates than government-owned hospitals did. Most government-owned specialty hospitals are long-stay facilities.

Specialty hospitals reported 11,035,653 outpatient visits in 1976, an average of 17,406 visits per reporting hospital. About 81 percent were clinic visits. Outpatient visits increased by 17 percent from 1972 to 1976. However, the number of specialty hospitals reporting these services decreased from 717 in 1972 to 634 in 1976, or about 12 percent. Figure 7 shows the distribution of outpatient visits for specialty hospitals.

Employees

In addition to the decrease in the number of specialty hospitals from 1971 to 1976, the

Table O. Occupancy rate and number of admissions per bed (turnover rate) for specialty hospitals, by bed size, ownership, and geographic region: United States, 1976

Selected characteristic	Occupancy rate ¹ (percent)	Number of admissions per bed
All specialty hospitals	82	3.7
<u>Bed size</u>		
6-9 beds	36	43.2
10-24 beds	62	24.4
25-49 beds	67	15.3
50-74 beds	68	11.6
75-99 beds	70	10.1
100-199 beds	73	11.8
200-299 beds	78	5.9
300-499 beds	82	4.4
500 beds or more	85	1.8
<u>Type of ownership</u>		
Government	83	2.2
Proprietary	79	12.5
Nonprofit	80	9.9
<u>Geographic region</u>		
Northeast	81	3.0
North Central	83	3.7
South	78	4.2
West	75	5.3

¹Number of inpatient days
Number of beds X 365

OTHER INPATIENT HEALTH FACILITIES

The 1976 Master Facility Inventory (MFI) Survey included 6,280 inpatient health facilities other than nursing homes and hospitals. These facilities included resident facilities or schools for the following:

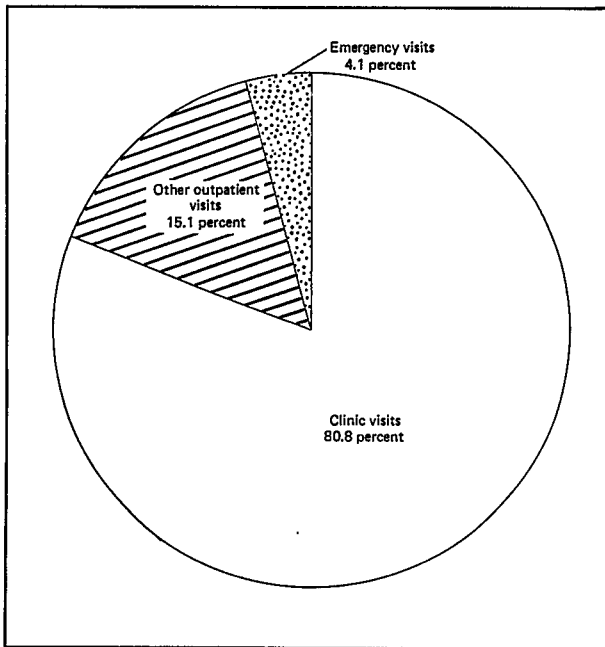


Figure 7. Distribution of outpatient visits for specialty hospitals, by type of visit: United States, 1976

number of full-time equivalent employees decreased. There was a 5.3 decrease in staff, compared to a 15 percent decrease in the number of hospitals; thus the number of employees per hospital actually increased. In addition, the number of employees per 100 patients also increased. In 1976 there 147 FTE's per 100 patients, compared with 111 in 1973 and 96 in 1971 (table P).

Detailed tables 20-42 give additional data for hospitals.

Type of inpatient	Number of facilities
Total	6,280
Blind.....	65
Deaf.....	60
Emotionally disturbed.....	1,543
Mentally retarded.....	1,875
Other neurologically handicapped.....	44
Physically handicapped.....	87
Dependent children.....	867
Unwed mothers.....	105
Alcoholics.....	798
Drug abusers.....	85
Multiple and other disorders.....	751

The multiple-purpose facility category incorporates homes such as those for dependent children *and* the emotionally disturbed and those for the physically handicapped *and* the mentally retarded.

Table Q shows the change in the number of homes in each category from 1971 to 1976. The number of other inpatient health facilities has increased by 31.7 percent since 1971. The most dramatic change occurred in the number of facilities that provide care for alcoholics and drug

Table P. Number and percent change of full-time, part-time, and full-time equivalent employees (FTE's) in specialty hospitals: United States, 1971, 1973, and 1976

Year and percent change since 1971	Number of employees			Number of FTE's	
	Full time	Part time	FTE	Per bed	Per 100 patients
1976.....	360,254	30,114	375,311	1.2	147
1973.....	368,749	30,049	383,774	0.92	111
1971.....	381,533	29,971	396,522	0.79	96
Percent change since 1971.....	-5.6	+0.5	-5.3	+51.9	+53.1

Table Q. Number of other inpatient health facilities by type of facility, and percent change since 1971: United States, 1971, 1973, and 1976

Type of facility	1976	1973	1971	Percent change since 1971
All other inpatient facilities	6,280	4,836	4,769	+31.7
Blind or deaf	125	167	143	-12.6
Emotionally disturbed	1,543	1,282	875	+76.3
Mentally retarded and other neurologically handicapped	1,919	1,348	1,236	+55.3
Physically handicapped	87	65	94	-7.4
Dependent children	867	917	1,015	-14.6
Unwed mothers	105	144	176	-40.3
Alcoholics and drug abusers	883	809	166	+431.9
Multiple and other disorders	751	104	1,064	-29.4

abusers—an increase of over 400 percent, indicating a dynamic response to the increased problems of alcoholism and drug abuse, particularly by nonprofit groups who own almost 82 percent of the facilities.

About 73 percent of the other inpatient health facilities were located within SMSA's (table R)—12 percent more than nursing home facilities in SMSA's. In 1976 the typical other health facility had fewer than 25 beds and non-

Table R. Number of other inpatient health facilities and percent distribution by type of area, according to bed size and ownership: United States, 1976

Bed size and type of ownership	All other inpatient facilities	All locations	SMSA	Outside SMSA
All other inpatient facilities	Number 6,280	Percent distribution 100.0 72.9 27.1		
<u>Bed size</u>				
3-9 beds	1,647	26.2	72.3	27.7
10-24 beds	1,832	29.2	70.9	29.1
25-49 beds	1,163	18.5	73.7	26.3
50-74 beds	542	8.6	76.9	23.1
75-99 beds	240	3.8	75.4	24.6
100-199 beds	315	5.0	76.2	23.8
200-299 beds	95	1.5	71.6	28.4
300-499 beds	71	1.1	64.8	35.2
500 beds or more	142	2.3	62.0	38.0
<u>Type of ownership</u>				
All government	816	13.0	64.2	31.9
Federal	38	0.6	71.1	28.9
State-local	778	12.4	63.9	36.1
Proprietary	2,018	32.1	71.9	28.1
Nonprofit	3,443	54.8	75.6	24.4

profit ownership. Over half the facilities had fewer than 25 beds (55.4 percent) and/or were owned by a nonprofit group (54.8 percent).

The average bed size of other inpatient health facilities decreased by about 41 percent from 1971 to 1976 (table S). None of the various types of facilities showed an increase in average bed size. Homes for unwed mothers and homes for the emotionally disturbed showed an increase in average bed size between 1971 and 1973, but in 1976 it had declined to the 1971 level or lower.

In 1976, other inpatient health facilities had 375,805 beds, of which 82.8 percent were licensed and 19.6 percent were certified for Medicaid as intermediate care.

Utilization

Almost 550,000 admissions were reported by 4,825 other inpatient health facilities for 1975—almost 114 per home. Discharges averaged about 176 per home for the 4,608 homes reporting discharges. Both average admissions and average discharges were higher for other health facilities than for nursing homes.

Table T shows that the turnover rate (admissions per bed) for other inpatient health facilities was higher than that for nursing homes. In 1975, 16 persons were admitted for every 10 beds in the average other inpatient health facility. Like nursing homes, other facilities with 500

beds or more had a lower turnover rate and homes in the West Region of the country had a higher rate than the other three regions did.

An approximation of the occupancy rate (number of residents per bed) for other inpatient health facilities in 1976 was 87 percent. Table T shows how this rate varied according to bed size, ownership, and geographic region.

Residents and Employees

Other inpatient health facilities reported 328,422 residents in 1976—a decrease of 20.9 percent since 1971 but only 3.6 percent since 1973. Unlike the residents of nursing homes, most of the residents in other inpatient health facilities were male (57.4 percent),^d and 80 percent of the residents whose ages were reported,^e were under the age of 45 (table U).

In 1976 there were 255,592 full-time employees, 44,453 part-time employees, and 277,819 full-time equivalent employees (FTE's) in other inpatient health facilities. Homes for the physically handicapped and homes for the emotionally disturbed had more than 100 FTE employees for every 100 residents (table W). Homes for dependent children and homes for alcoholics and drug abusers, on the other hand,

^dNinety percent response to question.

^eSeventy-six percent response to question.

Table S. Average bed size for other inpatient health facilities by type of facility, and percent change since 1971: United States, 1971, 1973, 1976

Type of facility	1976	1973	1971	Percent change since 1971
	Average bed size			
All other inpatient facilities	59.8	82.9	101.6	-41.1
Blind or deaf	152	146	171	-11.1
Emotionally disturbed	41	47	41	-
Mentally retarded and other neurologically handicapped	97	161	173	-43.9
Physically handicapped	53	74	89	-40.4
Dependent children	46	53	60	-23.3
Unwed mothers	29	42	37	-21.6
Alcoholics and drug abusers	32	41	80	-60.0

Table T. Occupancy rate and number of admissions per bed (turnover rate) for other inpatient health facilities, by bed size, ownership, and geographic region: United States, 1975¹

Selected characteristic	Occupancy rate ² (percent)	Number of admissions per bed
All facilities ³	87	1.6
<u>Bed size</u>		
Less than 9 beds.....	94	2.0
10-24 beds.....	86	5.5
25-49 beds.....	85	3.5
50-74 beds.....	86	2.8
75-99 beds.....	84	3.3
100-199 beds.....	87	1.7
200-299 beds.....	89	1.2
300-499 beds.....	89	0.6
500 beds or more	88	0.3
<u>Ownership</u>		
Government	87	1.1
Proprietary	90	1.7
Nonprofit.....	87	2.5
<u>Geographic region</u>		
Northeast	89	1.5
North Central	89	1.2
South	84	1.6
West	89	2.6

¹The admissions are for the calendar year 1975.

²Number of residents
Number of beds

³Only 76.8 percent of the facilities reported admissions.

had less than 60 FTE employees per 100 residents. Table W shows the number of FTE's

Table W. Number of full-time equivalent employees per 100 residents in other inpatient health facilities by type of facility, and percent change since 1971: United States, 1971 and 1976

Type of facility	1976	1971	Percent change since 1971
	Number of FTE's per 100 residents		
All facilities.....	76	62	+22.6
Blind or deaf	63	54	+16.7
Emotionally disturbed.....	101	69	+46.4
Mentally retarded and other neurologically handicapped	91	65	+40.0
Physically handicapped	152	84	+80.9
Dependent children	57	53	+7.5
Unwed mothers.....	67	66	+1.5
Alcoholics and drug abusers	52	54	-3.7
Multiple and other disorders.....	79	57	+38.6

per 100 residents for each type of facility. The ratio seems to vary according to the amount of assistance needed by the residents.

Table W also shows that the number of FTE's per 100 residents increased from 1971 to 1976 for all types of facilities except those which treat alcoholics and drug abusers. The most dramatic change occurred in homes for the physically handicapped—the number of FTE's per 100 residents increased 80.9 percent.

Tables 43-47 give additional data for other inpatient health facilities.

Table U. Percent distribution of residents of other inpatient health facilities by sex, according to age: United States, 1976

Age	All residents reported	Both sexes ¹	Male	Female
All ages ²	100.0	100.0	57.4	42.6
Under 45 years	79.6	100.0	60.3	39.7
45-64 years.....	14.9	100.0	59.6	40.4
65 years and over.....	5.6	100.0	49.5	50.5

¹Sex was reported for 89.6 percent of all residents.

²Age was reported for 75.6 percent of all residents.

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Table 1. Number of persons 65 years and over, number of nursing homes, beds, and beds per 1,000 population 65 years and over, by State: United States, 1976

State	Total U.S. population 65 years and over	All nursing homes	All beds	All beds per 1,000 population 65 years and over
United States.....	22,936,000	20,468	1,414,865	61.7
Alabama.....	388,000	217	19,489	50.2
Alaska.....	9,000	11	782	86.9
Arizona.....	235,000	71	5,914	25.2
Arkansas.....	277,000	217	19,803	71.5
California.....	2,121,000	3,500	138,219	65.2
Colorado.....	218,000	243	22,731	104.3
Connecticut.....	330,000	356	24,573	74.5
Delaware.....	51,000	29	2,228	43.7
District of Columbia.....	72,000	70	2,873	39.9
Florida.....	1,383,000	335	33,097	23.9
Georgia.....	443,000	325	29,455	66.5
Hawaii.....	60,000	144	3,188	53.1
Idaho.....	81,000	67	4,823	59.5
Illinois.....	1,171,000	936	88,311	75.4
Indiana.....	540,000	506	37,611	69.7
Iowa.....	367,000	552	33,874	92.3
Kansas.....	289,000	393	23,195	80.3
Kentucky.....	373,000	321	20,950	56.2
Louisiana.....	355,000	205	19,135	53.9
Maine.....	128,000	307	9,020	70.5
Maryland.....	350,000	191	19,154	54.7
Massachusetts.....	682,000	869	50,940	74.7
Michigan.....	834,000	704	66,750	80.0
Minnesota.....	445,000	517	43,036	96.7
Mississippi.....	259,000	147	9,023	34.8
Missouri.....	608,000	474	33,746	55.5
Montana.....	77,000	107	5,335	69.3
Nebraska.....	196,000	284	23,349	119.1
Nevada.....	47,000	37	1,638	34.9
New Hampshire.....	91,000	115	6,378	70.1
New Jersey.....	787,000	467	33,976	43.2
New Mexico.....	94,000	72	3,366	35.8
New York.....	2,068,000	1,027	104,523	50.5
North Carolina.....	513,000	722	24,614	48.0
North Dakota.....	75,000	103	6,878	91.7
Ohio.....	1,089,000	953	64,903	59.6
Oklahoma.....	339,000	362	26,650	78.6
Oregon.....	266,000	283	17,189	64.6
Pennsylvania.....	1,404,000	676	61,891	44.1
Rhode Island.....	116,000	120	7,330	63.2
South Carolina.....	240,000	119	8,701	36.3
South Dakota.....	86,000	154	8,386	97.5
Tennessee.....	453,000	290	20,092	44.4
Texas.....	1,193,000	1,105	102,139	85.6
Utah.....	94,000	104	4,613	49.1
Vermont.....	53,000	263	5,130	96.8
Virginia.....	441,000	341	25,435	57.7
Washington.....	374,000	370	30,344	81.1
West Virginia.....	214,000	127	5,585	26.1
Wisconsin.....	523,000	530	52,577	100.5
Wyoming.....	34,000	30	1,923	56.6

Table 2. Number of nursing homes by certification status, type of service, and State: United States, 1976

State	Certification status				Type of service	
	Skilled care ¹	Intermediate care ²	Both skilled and intermediate care ³	Unknown ⁴	Nursing care	Personal care and other homes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
United States.....	8,018	5,160	3,472	3,259	13,417	7,051
Alabama.....	178	23	125	11	195	22
Alaska.....	6	2	5	-	10	1
Arizona.....	18	-	1	1	67	4
Arkansas.....	96	82	44	28	203	14
California.....	1,535	83	279	1,046	1,279	2,221
Colorado.....	172	37	92	16	208	35
Connecticut.....	207	43	34	49	222	134
Delaware.....	9	10	5	3	22	7
District of Columbia.....	23	17	14	19	26	44
Florida.....	212	8	48	60	280	55
Georgia.....	199	64	113	17	312	13
Hawaii.....	76	14	18	31	36	108
Idaho.....	54	6	49	1	54	13
Illinois.....	314	301	132	150	705	231
Indiana.....	126	213	101	102	411	95
Iowa.....	54	302	22	92	392	160
Kansas.....	76	222	43	60	330	63
Kentucky.....	100	65	44	54	182	139
Louisiana.....	29	136	18	34	194	11
Maine.....	58	100	22	84	133	174
Maryland.....	96	48	58	25	157	34
Massachusetts.....	238	381	185	2	528	341
Michigan.....	391	148	193	148	478	226
Minnesota.....	249	205	137	-	399	118
Mississippi.....	94	18	5	19	129	18
Missouri.....	99	37	73	-	367	107
Montana.....	71	11	46	17	82	25
Nebraska.....	43	206	30	12	241	43
Nevada.....	16	4	6	4	21	16
New Hampshire.....	27	47	16	11	85	30
New Jersey.....	200	23	86	109	290	177
New Mexico.....	19	24	12	6	39	33
New York.....	528	87	134	176	547	480
North Carolina.....	270	32	94	214	172	550
North Dakota.....	50	17	9	18	68	35
Ohio.....	337	338	196	140	825	128
Oklahoma.....	40	191	20	76	333	29
Oregon.....	48	95	13	79	190	93
Pennsylvania.....	37	61	195	76	573	103
Rhode Island.....	48	62	37	1	80	40
South Carolina.....	73	18	27	14	105	14
South Dakota.....	45	51	18	31	105	49
Tennessee.....	55	205	44	26	253	37
Texas.....	288	715	156	22	957	148
Utah.....	30	34	15	36	86	18
Vermont.....	22	26	17	-	50	213
Virginia.....	74	112	44	59	169	172
Washington.....	212	40	58	54	293	77
West Virginia.....	43	26	21	23	76	51
Wisconsin.....	319	162	312	-	435	95
Wyoming.....	14	8	6	3	23	7

¹Includes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (column 3).
²Excludes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (column 3).
³Homes with both skilled and intermediate care beds.
⁴Question on certification was not answered.

Table 3. Number of nursing homes and beds by certification status and type of ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	Certification status					
	Skilled care ¹	Intermediate care ²	Both skilled and intermediate care ³	Unknown ⁴	Medicare and skilled Medicaid beds ⁵	Intermediate care beds ⁵
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Number of homes				Number of beds	
All types of ownership.....	8,018	5,160	3,472	3,259	824,999	532,752
Government.....	641	349	302	152	76,564	52,367
Federal.....	14	3	1	27	685	188
State-local.....	627	346	301	125	75,879	52,179
Proprietary.....	5,768	3,924	2,370	2,681	592,871	373,201
Nonprofit.....	1,609	887	800	424	155,564	107,184
Church.....	448	224	259	112	39,535	29,786
Other.....	1,161	663	541	312	116,029	77,398

¹Includes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (column 3).

²Excludes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (column 3).

³Homes with both skilled and intermediate care beds.

⁴Question on certification was not answered.

⁵Some of these beds are probably certified as both skilled and intermediate care. Double counting will exist between columns 5 and 6.

Table 4. Number of nursing homes and beds by certification status and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	Certification status					
	Skilled care ¹	Intermediate care ²	Both skilled and intermediate care ³	Unknown ⁴	Medicare and skilled Medicaid beds ⁵	Intermediate care beds ⁵
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Number of homes				Number of beds	
All bed sizes.....	8,018	5,160	3,472	3,259	824,999	532,752
3-9 beds.....	698	117	128	960	3,460	1,146
10-24 beds.....	497	538	124	754	9,600	11,310
25-49 beds.....	976	1,479	305	570	47,102	60,150
50-74 beds.....	1,357	1,412	527	378	98,141	98,920
75-99 beds.....	1,329	618	580	194	147,037	80,631
100-199 beds.....	2,539	893	1,418	333	356,361	198,331
200-299 beds.....	452	69	277	45	102,764	45,127
300-499 beds.....	126	25	81	17	38,806	20,829
500 beds or more.....	44	9	32	8	21,728	16,308

¹Includes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (column 3).

²Excludes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (column 3).

³Homes with both skilled and intermediate care beds.

⁴Question on certification was not answered.

⁵Some of these beds are probably certified as both skilled and intermediate care. Double counting will exist between columns 5 and 6.

Table 5. Number of nursing homes and beds by type of service and ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	All homes		Nursing care homes		Personal care and other homes	
	Homes	Beds	Homes	Beds	Homes	Beds
All types of ownership.....	20,468	1,414,865	13,417	1,174,092	7,051	240,773
Government.....	1,402	151,563	1,072	125,974	330	25,589
Federal.....	90	8,543	62	6,729	28	1,814
State-local.....	1,312	143,020	1,010	119,245	302	23,775
Proprietary.....	15,343	960,349	9,723	812,561	5,620	147,788
Nonprofit.....	3,723	302,953	2,622	235,557	1,101	67,396
Church.....	996	92,096	719	68,996	277	23,100
Other.....	2,727	210,857	1,903	166,561	824	44,296

Table 6. Number of nursing homes by selected characteristics and State: United States, 1976

State	Total			Homes reporting admissions			Homes reporting discharges			Homes reporting inpatient days		
	Nursing homes	Residents	Beds	Homes	Beds	Admissions	Homes	Beds	Discharges	Homes	Beds	Inpatient days
United States.....	20,468	1,293,285	1,414,865	17,908	1,307,803	1,319,111	17,471	1,291,838	1,153,631	14,343	1,096,464	372,336,769
Alabama.....	217	18,396	19,489	189	16,606	18,244	188	16,528	16,475	155	13,936	4,658,086
Alaska.....	11	705	782	11	782	1,588	10	774	1,475	10	686	202,702
Arizona.....	71	5,612	5,914	70	5,898	11,809	70	5,898	11,454	69	5,874	1,977,532
Arkansas.....	217	18,454	19,803	196	17,455	11,640	195	17,348	9,643	138	12,915	3,920,041
California.....	3,500	124,456	138,219	2,746	125,804	185,174	2,609	123,916	156,099	1,793	89,473	33,665,697
Colorado.....	243	19,071	22,731	229	21,775	20,454	212	19,898	17,657	228	21,517	6,671,015
Connecticut.....	356	23,233	24,573	315	22,188	18,545	311	22,086	16,471	222	16,376	6,233,382
Delaware.....	29	2,045	2,228	27	2,161	1,689	28	2,168	1,301	20	1,702	542,935
District of Columbia.....	70	2,493	2,873	41	2,711	1,499	39	2,570	1,312	45	2,445	724,038
Florida.....	335	29,594	33,097	312	31,589	45,157	306	30,866	40,009	229	23,251	7,277,619
Georgia.....	325	28,163	29,455	294	26,620	22,622	294	26,620	19,513	235	22,015	9,636,099
Hawaii.....	144	2,919	3,188	92	2,964	7,169	82	2,822	2,472	107	2,586	767,563
Idaho.....	67	4,581	4,823	66	4,735	4,866	65	4,705	4,653	65	4,712	1,688,070
Illinois.....	936	80,674	88,311	864	81,355	64,359	845	80,009	52,909	601	60,087	25,609,279
Indiana.....	506	33,688	37,611	470	34,804	27,276	472	34,756	23,631	355	28,723	10,158,857
Iowa.....	552	31,681	33,874	497	31,538	28,075	490	31,269	21,903	388	26,336	8,458,614
Kansas.....	393	21,875	23,195	356	21,041	15,599	347	20,818	12,898	266	16,296	5,797,233
Kentucky.....	321	19,175	20,950	296	19,594	19,845	293	19,478	17,812	218	15,157	5,048,535
Louisiana.....	205	18,211	19,135	187	17,473	17,420	186	17,420	7,493	121	11,961	4,133,308
Maine.....	307	8,601	9,020	247	8,183	7,918	244	8,084	6,910	185	6,616	2,160,994
Maryland.....	191	18,154	19,154	185	18,889	15,857	179	18,544	14,002	149	15,283	5,130,506
Massachusetts.....	869	48,107	50,940	846	50,579	35,281	849	50,638	33,379	867	50,878	17,003,350
Michigan.....	704	58,779	66,750	657	64,075	58,940	653	63,791	52,839	633	62,617	20,538,887
Minnesota.....	517	41,038	43,036	500	42,045	31,779	497	41,958	30,332	503	42,144	14,275,610
Mississippi.....	147	8,502	9,023	130	8,166	8,599	127	7,974	7,244	95	5,874	1,972,214
Missouri.....	474	30,620	33,746	431	31,660	24,844	432	31,542	22,200	462	32,904	10,697,706
Montana.....	107	5,097	5,335	90	4,917	4,605	91	4,957	4,248	76	4,444	1,358,845
Nebraska.....	284	21,230	23,349	268	22,540	19,869	268	22,519	19,502	263	21,970	7,262,221
Nevada.....	37	1,425	1,638	28	1,234	2,519	28	1,237	2,352	22	1,141	340,396
New Hampshire.....	115	5,929	6,378	106	6,149	6,144	103	6,086	5,307	79	4,803	1,518,002
New Jersey.....	467	32,291	33,976	413	30,052	33,083	398	29,147	27,514	273	21,806	7,001,146
New Mexico.....	72	3,006	3,366	57	3,243	7,361	63	3,203	7,080	51	2,427	776,948
New York.....	1,027	97,297	104,523	930	97,436	77,868	905	96,424	71,326	694	78,168	26,354,752
North Carolina.....	722	22,734	24,614	545	22,659	23,021	511	22,194	19,711	420	18,759	5,509,844
North Dakota.....	103	6,578	6,878	97	6,760	3,117	96	6,734	2,617	77	5,447	1,752,976
Ohio.....	953	60,341	64,903	842	58,465	57,116	813	57,372	50,300	629	46,938	14,452,668
Oklahoma.....	362	24,170	26,650	319	23,272	19,728	314	23,050	15,765	147	10,675	3,765,633
Oregon.....	283	15,913	17,189	255	15,870	18,405	252	15,677	16,050	158	10,515	3,491,590
Pennsylvania.....	676	56,996	61,891	627	58,576	47,313	614	58,137	42,170	480	49,657	16,905,394
Rhode Island.....	120	6,597	7,330	116	6,976	8,177	119	7,023	7,578	119	7,023	2,066,534
South Carolina.....	119	7,953	8,701	108	7,848	7,558	104	7,726	6,457	93	6,881	2,312,466
South Dakota.....	154	7,887	8,386	142	7,963	4,156	142	7,965	3,467	106	6,077	2,069,658
Tennessee.....	290	19,293	20,092	280	19,560	16,523	275	19,353	10,072	274	19,126	6,183,549
Texas.....	1,105	84,340	102,139	907	83,822	69,873	895	82,617	58,643	868	80,882	24,119,423
Utah.....	104	4,350	4,613	90	4,133	7,554	86	4,023	13,045	62	3,116	3,071,674
Vermont.....	263	4,540	5,130	145	3,745	3,243	127	3,363	2,585	194	3,873	1,136,268
Virginia.....	341	23,861	25,435	295	24,424	17,160	277	24,077	15,262	239	22,929	6,885,867
Washington.....	370	27,929	30,344	342	28,656	34,611	340	28,436	31,989	237	19,923	6,338,926
West Virginia.....	127	5,048	5,585	101	4,903	7,658	95	4,738	5,605	74	3,330	1,048,397
Wisconsin.....	530	47,901	52,577	524	52,037	121,652	515	51,427	111,489	527	52,075	17,237,874
Wyoming.....	30	1,752	1,923	27	1,873	1,575	27	1,873	1,411	22	1,515	525,651

Table 7. Number of nursing homes by selected characteristics and type of ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	Total			Homes reporting admissions		Homes reporting discharges		Homes reporting inpatient days	
	Nursing homes	Residents	Beds	Homes	Admissions	Homes	Discharges	Homes	Inpatient days
All types of ownership.....	20,468	1,293,285	1,414,865	17,908	1,319,111	17,471	1,153,631	14,343	372,336,769
Government.....	1,402	138,234	151,563	1,304	117,420	1,291	108,865	1,191	43,902,726
Federal	90	7,712	8,543	76	4,917	72	4,894	72	2,595,782
State-local.....	1,312	130,522	143,020	1,228	112,503	1,219	103,971	1,119	41,306,944
Proprietary	15,341	880,012	960,333	13,145	941,290	12,810	812,472	10,147	245,902,180
Nonprofit	3,723	275,030	302,953	3,459	260,401	3,369	232,292	3,005	82,531,863
Church.....	996	84,368	92,096	933	67,982	917	55,571	827	25,010,237
Other	2,727	190,662	210,857	2,526	192,419	2,452	176,721	2,178	57,521,626

Table 8. Number of nursing homes by selected characteristics and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	Total			Homes reporting admissions		Homes reporting discharges		Homes reporting inpatient days	
	Nursing homes	Residents	Beds	Homes	Admissions	Homes	Discharges	Homes	Inpatient days
All bed sizes.....	20,468	1,293,285	1,414,865	17,908	1,319,111	17,471	1,153,631	14,343	372,336,769
3-9 beds	2,707	12,871	14,752	1,626	15,031	1,466	10,822	1,254	1,377,268
10-24 beds.....	2,968	45,147	50,068	2,519	43,556	2,416	38,560	1,711	8,628,637
25-49 beds.....	3,935	133,895	144,615	3,622	120,038	3,554	107,533	2,844	35,228,880
50-74 beds.....	3,596	200,806	214,716	3,376	173,399	3,333	150,310	2,772	60,546,294
75-99 beds.....	2,374	193,587	208,486	2,242	208,579	2,223	181,775	1,882	62,090,400
100-199 beds.....	4,022	477,611	524,055	3,726	584,696	3,690	517,955	3,185	139,320,602
200-299 beds.....	607	127,583	140,896	561	114,537	554	94,122	488	36,508,680
300-499 beds.....	193	60,341	70,190	173	41,494	173	36,706	154	17,184,978
500 beds or more.....	66	41,444	47,087	63	17,781	62	15,848	53	11,451,030

Table 9. Number of nursing homes by bed size and State: United States, 1976

State	All homes	3-9 beds	10-24 beds	25-49 beds	50-74 beds	75-99 beds	100-199 beds	200-299 beds	300-499 beds	500 beds or more
United States	20,468	2,707	2,968	3,935	3,596	2,374	4,022	607	193	66
Alabama	217	1	4	36	55	40	76	4	-	1
Alaska.....	11	1	2	1	1	3	3	-	-	-
Arizona.....	71	-	4	10	21	16	19	1	-	-
Arkansas.....	217	1	5	31	65	47	59	6	1	2
California.....	3,500	1,441	653	377	299	407	279	32	10	2
Colorado.....	243	11	15	35	55	22	91	10	3	1
Connecticut.....	356	22	85	72	51	31	83	9	2	1
Delaware.....	29	1	6	5	6	5	5	-	-	1
District of Columbia.....	70	46	7	4	4	1	4	1	2	1
Florida.....	335	1	22	53	74	41	119	18	6	1
Georgia.....	325	2	13	42	84	53	120	8	3	-
Hawaii.....	144	104	8	9	8	3	11	1	-	-
Idaho.....	67	-	6	19	11	15	15	1	-	-
Illinois.....	936	10	96	204	158	150	226	66	25	1
Indiana.....	506	3	77	165	72	55	113	15	5	1
Iowa.....	552	23	80	129	167	69	75	8	1	-
Kansas.....	393	15	44	87	144	38	63	2	-	-
Kentucky.....	321	10	35	99	76	44	49	6	2	-
Louisiana.....	205	-	4	21	49	57	68	5	-	1
Maine.....	307	121	61	63	34	15	12	-	1	-
Maryland.....	191	3	20	41	31	23	57	12	3	1
Massachusetts.....	869	18	206	261	116	90	170	7	1	-
Michigan.....	704	27	74	123	132	64	221	46	14	3
Minnesota.....	517	9	61	84	133	74	133	16	6	1
Mississippi.....	147	4	16	40	46	10	31	-	-	-
Missouri.....	474	2	64	140	104	50	100	10	4	-
Montana.....	107	12	23	27	25	9	9	2	-	-
Nebraska.....	284	4	22	44	110	37	55	10	1	1
Nevada.....	37	4	16	6	3	4	4	-	-	-
New Hampshire.....	115	9	36	28	17	6	14	2	3	-
New Jersey.....	467	15	134	94	51	32	118	12	9	2
New Mexico.....	72	21	14	11	11	5	7	3	-	-
New York.....	1,027	55	226	177	92	112	213	92	36	24
North Carolina.....	722	354	81	95	83	29	70	8	2	-
North Dakota.....	103	4	13	20	32	16	16	-	2	-
Ohio.....	953	25	167	290	161	91	176	35	6	2
Oklahoma.....	362	7	10	63	132	57	86	6	1	-
Oregon.....	283	13	64	71	50	45	38	-	1	1
Pennsylvania.....	676	14	97	171	106	73	156	38	11	10
Rhode Island.....	120	-	35	26	26	11	17	4	1	-
South Carolina.....	119	4	10	33	19	27	22	2	2	-
South Dakota.....	154	30	6	37	56	13	9	2	-	1
Tennessee.....	290	1	30	99	65	41	50	2	1	1
Texas.....	1,105	3	26	166	292	163	414	32	8	1
Utah.....	104	2	36	33	17	7	9	-	-	-
Vermont.....	263	153	57	26	10	9	8	-	-	-
Virginia.....	341	63	68	50	60	17	58	15	7	3
Washington.....	370	11	38	70	76	60	99	15	1	-
West Virginia.....	127	19	33	35	17	8	12	3	-	-
Wisconsin.....	530	5	56	104	85	72	154	40	12	2
Wyoming.....	30	3	2	8	4	7	6	-	-	-

Table 10. Number of nursing homes by type of patient, geographic region, and division: United States, 1976

Geographic region and division	All homes	Type of patient				
		Emotionally disturbed	Mentally retarded	Alcoholics	Drug addicts	Senile
United States.....	20,468	4,667	5,236	2,614	769	9,216
Northeast.....	4,200	761	932	403	87	1,756
New England.....	2,030	275	293	158	34	445
Middle Atlantic.....	2,170	486	639	245	53	1,311
North Central.....	6,106	1,294	1,649	767	238	2,486
East North Central.....	3,629	809	1,022	502	152	1,630
West North Central.....	2,477	485	627	265	86	856
South.....	5,123	1,165	1,394	566	191	2,292
South Atlantic.....	2,259	651	750	281	77	1,263
East South Central.....	975	257	348	113	45	515
West South Central.....	1,889	257	296	172	69	514
West.....	5,039	1,447	1,261	878	253	2,682
Mountain.....	731	182	177	138	56	279
Pacific.....	4,308	1,265	1,084	740	197	2,403

¹NOTE: Figures may not add to totals due to some homes accepting more than one type of patient, and other homes not accepting any of these types.

Table 11. Number of nursing homes by type of patient and ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	All homes	Type of patient				
		Emotionally disturbed	Mentally retarded	Alcoholics	Drug addicts	Senile
All types of ownership.....	20,468	4,667	5,236	2,614	769	9,216
Government.....	1,402	367	463	286	99	653
Federal.....	90	45	32	42	19	55
State-local.....	1,312	322	431	244	80	598
Proprietary.....	15,341	3,758	4,095	2,037	556	6,988
Nonprofit.....	3,723	541	678	290	114	1,574
Church.....	996	120	144	57	22	416
Other.....	2,727	421	534	233	92	1,158

NOTE: Figures may not add to totals due to some homes accepting more than one type of patient, and other homes not accepting any of these types.

Table 12. Number of nursing homes by type of patient and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	All homes	Type of patient				
		Emotionally disturbed	Mentally retarded	Alcoholics	Drug addicts	Senile
All bed sizes	20,468	4,667	5,236	2,614	769	9,216
3-9 beds.....	2,707	810	636	265	52	1,087
10-24 beds.....	2,968	716	722	357	102	1,201
25-49 beds.....	3,935	877	1,052	475	146	1,777
50-74 beds.....	3,596	785	966	484	162	1,674
75-99 beds.....	2,374	554	647	365	111	1,246
100-199 beds.....	4,022	780	1,005	555	161	1,830
200-299 beds.....	607	100	158	74	26	286
300-499 beds.....	193	36	35	26	6	84
500 beds or more	66	9	15	13	3	31

NOTE: Figures may not add to totals due to some homes accepting more than one type of patient, and other homes not accepting any of these types.

Table 13. Number of employees in nursing homes by employment status, geographic region, and division: United States, 1976

Geographic region and division	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
United States.....	652,697	307,445	806,420
Northeast.....	154,368	88,561	198,641
New England.....	42,930	40,174	63,017
Middle Atlantic.....	111,438	48,387	135,632
North Central	207,034	123,744	268,906
East North Central	136,301	73,511	173,057
West North Central.....	70,733	50,233	95,850
South.....	188,500	50,387	213,694
South Atlantic.....	79,435	22,735	90,803
East South Central	35,505	9,534	40,272
West North Central.....	73,560	18,118	82,619
West.....	102,795	44,753	125,172
Mountain.....	24,205	11,097	29,754
Pacific	78,590	33,656	95,418

Table 14. Number of employees in nursing homes by employment status and type of ownership of home: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
All types of ownerships.....	652,697	307,445	806,420
Government	96,279	26,343	109,451
Federal	3,352	1,385	4,045
State-local	92,927	24,958	105,406
Proprietary	407,381	195,940	505,351
Nonprofit.....	149,037	85,162	191,618
Church	42,548	27,255	56,176
Other.....	106,489	57,907	135,443

Table 15. Number of employees in nursing homes by employment status and certification status of home: United States, 1976

Certification status	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
Skilled nursing facility ¹	392,871	187,203	486,473
Intermediate care ²	147,287	73,979	184,277
Both skilled nursing facility and intermediate care facility ³	202,182	97,571	250,968
Unknown certification ⁴	52,646	19,762	62,527
Not certified.....	112,539	46,263	135,671

- ¹Includes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (row 3).
²Excludes homes certified as both skilled and intermediate care (row 3).
³Homes with both skilled and intermediate care beds.
⁴Question on certification was not answered.

Table 16. Number of registered and licensed practical nurses in nursing homes by employment status and State: United States, 1976

State	Registered nurse		Licensed practical nurse	
	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time
United States.....	45,817	34,378	61,564	27,711
Alabama.....	400	205	1,358	412
Alaska.....	75	28	44	5
Arizona.....	435	167	218	100
Arkansas.....	367	97	989	264
California.....	4,145	2,548	5,206	2,235
Colorado.....	834	715	810	484
Connecticut.....	1,283	1,735	822	869
Delaware.....	92	113	60	37
District of Columbia.....	109	36	117	35
Florida.....	1,395	606	1,819	562
Georgia.....	765	354	1,825	435
Hawaii.....	260	85	193	41
Idaho.....	193	129	219	142
Illinois.....	2,850	1,973	2,971	1,224
Indiana.....	1,063	705	1,127	465
Iowa.....	836	647	1,077	587
Kansas.....	462	369	583	279
Kentucky.....	387	245	738	262
Louisiana.....	356	141	1,114	349
Maine.....	337	221	275	193
Maryland.....	705	517	952	418
Massachusetts.....	1,879	2,509	2,022	2,137
Michigan.....	1,819	1,638	2,190	1,430
Minnesota.....	1,138	1,477	1,222	1,275
Mississippi.....	307	114	793	175
Missouri.....	631	378	1,271	483
Montana.....	230	202	272	117
Nebraska.....	433	472	630	315
Nevada.....	116	43	127	24
New Hampshire.....	431	322	236	147
New Jersey.....	1,963	1,585	1,244	641
New Mexico.....	98	30	187	52
New York.....	5,543	3,246	5,590	2,350
North Carolina.....	729	374	941	402
North Dakota.....	170	210	173	167
Ohio.....	2,281	1,863	3,726	1,722
Oklahoma.....	360	206	1,102	266
Oregon.....	573	359	456	171
Pennsylvania.....	3,295	2,465	3,853	1,266
Rhode Island.....	318	298	252	202
South Carolina.....	333	159	445	146
South Dakota.....	217	242	167	134
Tennessee.....	391	175	1,281	395
Texas.....	1,201	749	6,467	1,646
Utah.....	139	94	250	101
Vermont.....	200	140	207	107
Virginia.....	741	453	1,230	394
Washington.....	1,231	788	946	500
West Virginia.....	191	127	262	92
Wisconsin.....	1,439	1,991	1,436	1,413
Wyoming.....	71	33	69	43

Table 17. Number of registered nurses in nursing and personal care homes by geographic region employment status, type of ownership of home and bed size: United States, 1976

Type of ownership and bed size	All geographic regions		Northeast		South		North Central		West	
	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time
All types of ownership.....	45,817	34,378	15,249	12,521	8,829	4,671	13,339	11,965	8,400	5,221
Less than 25 beds.....	1,378	1,398	465	503	169	152	347	481	397	262
25-49 beds.....	4,180	4,150	1,281	1,486	806	590	1,129	1,242	964	832
50-99 beds.....	12,836	10,783	3,295	3,385	2,728	1,639	3,704	3,656	3,109	2,103
100 beds or more.....	27,423	18,047	10,208	7,147	5,126	2,290	8,159	6,586	3,930	2,024
Government.....	6,584	2,748	2,422	846	1,249	281	2,125	1,345	788	276
Less than 25 beds.....	186	127	2	-	26	19	31	42	127	66
25-49 beds.....	508	309	44	28	203	77	133	127	128	77
50-99 beds.....	1,023	620	232	100	237	106	404	339	150	75
100 beds or more.....	4,867	1,692	2,144	718	783	79	1,557	837	383	58
Nonprofit.....	11,110	9,408	4,346	3,452	1,685	1,026	3,428	3,905	1,651	1,025
Less than 25 beds.....	442	461	118	146	59	48	139	193	126	74
25-49 beds.....	1,389	1,390	422	496	229	165	376	445	362	284
50-99 beds.....	3,019	2,852	930	912	524	344	1,021	1,253	544	343
100 beds or more.....	6,260	4,705	2,876	1,898	873	469	1,892	2,014	619	324
Proprietary.....	28,123	22,222	8,481	8,223	5,895	3,364	7,786	6,715	5,961	3,920
Less than 25 beds.....	750	810	345	357	84	85	177	246	144	122
25-49 beds.....	2,283	2,451	815	962	374	348	620	670	474	471
50-99 beds.....	8,794	7,311	2,133	2,373	1,967	1,189	2,279	2,064	2,415	1,685
100 beds or more.....	16,296	11,650	5,188	4,531	3,470	1,742	4,710	3,735	2,928	1,642

Table 18. Number of licensed practical nurses in nursing and personal care homes by geographic region, employment status, type of ownership of home, and bed size: United States, 1976

Type of ownership and bed size	All geographic regions		Northeast		South		North Central		West	
	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time	Full time	Part time
All types of ownership.....	61,564	27,711	14,501	7,912	21,493	6,290	16,573	9,494	8,997	4,015
Less than 25 beds.....	2,171	1,350	640	489	385	175	638	420	508	266
25-49 beds.....	6,526	3,810	1,447	1,144	1,905	737	2,096	1,293	1,078	636
50-99 beds.....	18,364	9,226	2,698	1,937	7,116	2,345	4,703	3,147	3,847	1,797
100 beds or more.....	34,503	13,325	9,716	4,342	12,087	3,033	9,136	4,634	3,564	1,316
Government.....	8,309	1,988	2,861	401	2,258	371	2,552	1,046	638	170
Less than 25 beds.....	193	95	3	1	65	21	26	29	99	44
25-49 beds.....	760	319	47	12	409	122	188	134	116	51
50-99 beds.....	1,459	584	264	61	533	139	509	323	153	61
100 beds or more.....	5,897	990	2,547	327	1,251	89	1,829	560	270	14
Nonprofit.....	12,637	6,162	4,084	1,884	3,192	975	3,950	2,691	1,411	612
Less than 25 beds.....	550	396	188	146	91	40	135	141	136	69
25-49 beds.....	1,490	936	441	297	337	131	458	352	254	156
50-99 beds.....	3,616	2,058	884	499	1,050	362	1,201	1,016	481	181
100 beds or more.....	6,981	2,772	2,571	942	1,714	442	2,156	1,182	540	206
Proprietary.....	40,618	19,561	7,556	5,627	16,043	4,944	10,071	5,757	6,948	3,233
Less than 25 beds.....	1,428	859	449	342	229	114	477	250	273	153
25-49 beds.....	4,276	2,555	959	835	1,159	484	1,450	807	708	429
50-99 beds.....	13,289	6,584	1,550	1,377	5,533	1,844	2,993	1,808	3,213	1,555
100 beds or more.....	21,625	9,563	4,598	3,073	9,122	2,502	5,151	2,892	2,754	1,096

Table 19. Number of nursing homes by type of service provided, shift worked, and level of skill of person in charge: United States, 1976

Work shift and level of skill	All homes	Nursing care homes	Personal care with nursing and other homes
Total	20,468	13,417	7,051
<u>Day shift</u>			
On call.....	879	16	863
Registered nurse	6,794	6,218	576
Licensed practical nurse	1,225	851	374
Nurse's aide	794	24	770
Other.....	978	46	932
Unknown	9,798	6,262	3,536
<u>Evening shift¹</u>			
On call.....	987	92	895
Registered nurse	3,826	3,559	267
Licensed practical nurse	3,263	2,928	335
Nurse's aide	1,430	491	939
Other.....	716	70	646
Unknown	9,681	6,268	3,413
<u>Night shift²</u>			
On call.....	1,187	173	1,014
Registered nurse	3,212	3,021	191
Licensed practical nurse	3,005	2,771	234
Nurse's aide	2,031	1,081	950
Other.....	650	86	564
Unknown	9,679	6,269	3,410

¹19 homes providing nursing care and 556 providing personal care with nursing and other types of care had no evening shift.
²16 homes providing nursing care and 688 providing personal care with nursing and other types of care had no night shift.

Table 20. Number of hospitals by type and State: United States, 1976

State	All hospitals	General hospitals	Specialty hospitals				
			Total	Psychiatric	Chronic disease	Tuberculosis	Other
United States	7,271	6,361	910	502	63	21	324
Alabama.....	148	138	10	6	2	-	2
Alaska.....	25	24	1	1	-	-	-
Arizona.....	83	78	5	4	-	-	1
Arkansas.....	101	98	3	2	-	-	1
California.....	641	571	70	42	-	2	26
Colorado.....	103	91	12	7	-	-	5
Connecticut.....	68	46	22	13	5	-	4
Delaware.....	15	10	5	2	1	-	2
District of Columbia.....	20	15	5	2	-	-	3
Florida.....	260	232	28	18	-	1	9
Georgia.....	204	182	22	15	-	-	7
Hawaii.....	27	20	7	1	2	1	3
Idaho.....	51	48	3	2	-	-	1
Illinois.....	284	251	33	20	1	-	12
Indiana.....	140	121	19	12	1	1	5
Iowa.....	143	137	6	6	-	-	-
Kansas.....	164	155	9	7	-	-	2
Kentucky.....	127	113	14	6	-	4	4
Louisiana.....	160	144	16	7	-	-	9
Maine.....	55	53	2	2	-	-	-
Maryland.....	85	57	28	13	4	1	10
Massachusetts.....	196	127	69	26	21	1	21
Michigan.....	254	221	33	22	2	-	9
Minnesota.....	187	176	11	8	-	-	3
Mississippi.....	126	119	7	3	1	-	3
Missouri.....	178	160	18	9	-	1	8
Montana.....	68	66	2	1	-	-	1
Nebraska.....	112	107	5	4	-	-	1
Nevada.....	26	23	3	1	-	-	2
New Hampshire.....	34	31	3	2	-	-	1
New Jersey.....	142	114	28	14	2	-	12
New Mexico.....	57	49	8	3	1	-	4
New York.....	396	317	79	48	6	-	25
North Carolina.....	163	142	21	8	-	3	10
North Dakota.....	58	57	1	1	-	-	-
Ohio.....	249	214	35	25	1	-	9
Oklahoma.....	147	139	8	6	1	-	1
Oregon.....	88	81	7	4	-	-	3
Pennsylvania.....	322	251	71	34	3	-	34
Rhode Island.....	21	15	6	3	1	-	2
South Carolina.....	90	82	8	5	-	1	2
South Dakota.....	72	68	4	2	-	-	2
Tennessee.....	179	154	25	13	3	-	8
Texas.....	578	527	51	22	-	2	27
Utah.....	43	39	4	1	1	-	2
Vermont.....	20	18	2	2	-	-	-
Virginia.....	137	108	29	17	-	1	11
Washington.....	130	120	10	5	-	1	4
West Virginia.....	89	78	11	6	3	-	2
Wisconsin.....	175	146	29	17	1	-	11
Wyoming.....	30	28	2	2	-	-	-

Table 21. Number of hospital beds by type of hospital and State: United States, 1976

State	All beds	General beds	Specialty hospital beds				
			Total	Psychiatric	Chronic disease	Tuberculosis	Other
United States.....	1,381,267	1,069,828	3,111,439	244,358	19,933	3,546	43,602
Alabama.....	23,482	19,880	3,602	3,301	167	-	134
Alaska.....	1,629	1,429	200	200	-	-	-
Arizona.....	11,198	10,103	1,095	1,017	-	-	78
Arkansas.....	13,625	11,956	1,669	1,607	-	-	62
California.....	111,176	93,387	17,789	13,114	-	178	4,497
Colorado.....	15,123	12,317	2,806	2,125	-	-	681
Connecticut.....	17,941	12,433	5,508	4,355	584	-	569
Delaware.....	4,073	2,483	1,590	680	653	-	257
District of Columbia.....	10,541	6,882	3,659	2,823	-	-	836
Florida.....	54,798	45,955	8,843	8,006	-	150	687
Georgia.....	32,391	25,271	7,120	6,777	-	-	343
Hawaii.....	3,877	2,916	961	245	183	237	296
Idaho.....	3,610	3,325	285	247	-	-	38
Illinois.....	71,776	61,560	10,216	6,914	1,676	-	1,626
Indiana.....	32,610	24,623	7,987	6,876	124	66	921
Iowa.....	19,892	17,533	2,359	2,359	-	-	-
Kansas.....	17,003	15,144	1,859	1,730	-	-	129
Kentucky.....	19,473	16,669	2,804	2,250	-	270	284
Louisiana.....	25,128	19,298	5,830	3,894	-	-	1,936
Maine.....	6,699	5,693	1,006	1,006	-	-	-
Maryland.....	25,322	15,121	10,201	7,148	1,109	361	1,583
Massachusetts.....	44,827	27,420	17,407	9,274	4,749	124	3,260
Michigan.....	50,581	41,842	8,739	6,552	588	-	1,599
Minnesota.....	29,468	24,675	4,793	4,076	-	-	717
Mississippi.....	17,660	13,459	4,201	4,038	25	-	138
Missouri.....	35,869	29,156	6,713	4,641	-	427	1,645
Montana.....	5,426	4,286	1,140	980	-	-	160
Nebraska.....	11,539	10,494	1,045	1,035	-	-	10
Nevada.....	3,358	2,844	514	451	-	-	63
New Hampshire.....	5,082	3,655	1,427	1,384	-	-	43
New Jersey.....	45,041	31,603	13,438	11,620	349	-	1,469
New Mexico.....	6,239	4,805	1,434	1,001	296	-	137
New York.....	137,488	90,425	47,063	39,063	3,217	-	4,783
North Carolina.....	32,438	24,499	7,939	6,573	-	686	680
North Dakota.....	5,470	4,659	811	811	-	-	-
Ohio.....	65,432	53,381	12,051	10,711	513	-	827
Oklahoma.....	17,005	13,868	3,137	2,832	231	-	74
Oregon.....	12,076	10,049	2,027	1,937	-	-	90
Pennsylvania.....	89,645	59,657	29,988	20,211	2,513	-	7,264
Rhode Island.....	7,017	3,746	3,271	1,741	451	-	1,079
South Carolina.....	17,405	12,676	4,729	4,339	-	280	110
South Dakota.....	5,884	4,593	1,291	1,170	-	-	121
Tennessee.....	32,402	25,047	7,355	5,380	1,329	148	498
Texas.....	76,861	65,352	11,509	9,028	-	325	2,156
Utah.....	5,105	4,459	646	368	198	-	80
Vermont.....	3,134	2,488	646	646	-	-	-
Virginia.....	32,409	23,438	8,971	7,668	-	262	1,041
Washington.....	16,290	13,943	2,347	2,189	-	32	126
West Virginia.....	16,029	11,870	4,159	3,204	913	-	42
Wisconsin.....	30,081	25,558	4,523	4,025	65	-	433
Wyoming.....	2,639	1,903	736	736	-	-	-

Table 22. Number of hospital beds and beds per 1,000 population by type of hospital and State: United States, 1976

State	All hospitals		General hospitals		Psychiatric hospitals	
	Beds	Beds per 1,000 population	Beds	Beds per 1,000 population	Beds	Beds per 1,000 population
United States	1,381,267	6.4	1,069,828	5.0	244,358	1.1
Alabama.....	23,482	6.4	19,880	5.4	3,301	0.9
Alaska.....	1,629	4.3	1,429	3.7	200	0.5
Arizona.....	11,198	4.9	10,103	4.5	1,017	0.4
Arkansas.....	13,625	6.5	11,956	5.7	1,607	0.8
California.....	111,176	5.2	93,387	4.3	13,114	0.6
Colorado.....	15,123	5.9	12,317	4.8	2,125	0.8
Connecticut.....	17,941	5.8	12,433	4.0	4,355	1.4
Delaware.....	4,073	7.0	2,483	4.3	680	1.2
District of Columbia.....	10,541	15.0	6,882	9.8	2,823	4.0
Florida.....	54,798	6.5	45,955	5.5	8,006	1.0
Georgia.....	32,391	6.5	25,271	5.1	6,777	1.4
Hawaii.....	3,877	4.4	2,916	3.3	245	0.3
Idaho.....	3,610	4.3	3,325	4.0	247	0.3
Illinois.....	71,776	6.4	61,560	5.5	6,914	0.6
Indiana.....	32,610	6.2	24,623	4.6	6,876	1.3
Iowa.....	19,892	6.9	17,533	6.1	2,359	0.8
Kansas.....	17,003	7.4	15,144	6.6	1,730	0.7
Kentucky.....	19,473	5.7	16,669	4.9	2,250	0.7
Louisiana.....	25,128	6.5	19,298	5.0	3,894	1.0
Maine.....	6,699	6.3	5,693	5.3	1,006	0.9
Maryland.....	25,322	6.1	15,121	3.6	7,148	1.7
Massachusetts.....	44,827	7.7	27,420	4.7	9,274	1.6
Michigan.....	50,581	5.6	41,842	4.6	6,552	0.7
Minnesota.....	29,468	7.4	24,675	6.2	4,076	1.0
Mississippi.....	17,660	7.5	13,459	5.7	4,038	1.7
Missouri.....	35,869	7.5	29,156	6.1	4,641	1.0
Montana.....	5,426	7.2	4,286	5.7	980	1.3
Nebraska.....	11,539	7.4	10,494	6.8	1,035	0.7
Nevada.....	3,358	5.5	2,844	4.7	451	0.7
New Hampshire.....	5,082	6.2	3,655	4.4	1,384	1.7
New Jersey.....	45,041	6.1	31,603	4.3	11,620	1.6
New Mexico.....	6,239	5.3	4,805	4.1	1,001	0.9
New York.....	137,488	7.6	90,425	5.0	39,063	2.2
North Carolina.....	32,438	5.9	24,499	4.5	6,573	1.2
North Dakota.....	5,470	8.5	4,659	7.2	811	1.3
Ohio.....	65,432	6.1	53,381	5.0	10,711	1.0
Oklahoma.....	17,005	6.1	13,868	5.0	2,832	1.0
Oregon.....	12,076	5.2	10,049	4.3	1,937	0.8
Pennsylvania.....	89,645	7.6	59,657	5.0	20,211	1.7
Rhode Island.....	7,017	7.6	3,746	4.0	1,741	1.9
South Carolina.....	17,405	6.1	12,676	4.5	4,339	1.5
South Dakota.....	5,884	8.6	4,593	6.7	1,170	1.7
Tennessee.....	32,402	7.7	25,047	5.9	5,380	1.3
Texas.....	76,861	6.2	65,352	5.2	9,028	0.7
Utah.....	5,105	4.2	4,459	3.6	368	0.3
Vermont.....	3,134	6.6	2,488	5.2	646	1.4
Virginia.....	32,409	6.4	23,438	4.7	7,668	1.5
Washington.....	16,290	4.5	13,943	3.9	2,189	0.6
West Virginia.....	16,029	8.8	11,870	6.5	3,204	1.8
Wisconsin.....	30,081	6.5	25,558	5.5	4,025	0.9
Wyoming.....	2,639	6.8	1,903	4.9	736	1.9

Table 23. Number of hospitals by type and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	All hospitals	General hospitals	Specialty hospitals				
			Total	Psychiatric	Chronic disease	Tuberculosis	Other
All bed sizes.....	7,271	6,361	910	502	63	21	324
Less than 25 beds.....	436	376	60	16	-	-	44
25-49 beds.....	1,375	1,248	127	53	2	2	70
50-74 beds.....	962	838	124	61	10	2	51
75-99 beds.....	769	679	90	45	4	4	37
100-199 beds.....	1,588	1,421	167	80	17	5	65
200-299 beds.....	826	759	67	33	9	5	20
300-499 beds.....	743	666	77	46	11	3	17
500-999 beds.....	436	329	107	83	6	-	18
1,000 beds or more.....	136	45	91	85	4	-	2

Table 24. Number of hospitals by type and ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	All hospitals	General hospitals	Specialty hospital				
			Total	Psychiatric	Chronic disease	Tuberculosis	Other
All types of ownership.....	7,271	6,361	910	502	63	21	324
Government.....	2,653	2,220	433	296	40	19	78
Federal.....	380	352	28	25	-	-	3
State-local.....	2,273	1,868	405	271	40	19	75
Proprietary.....	996	800	196	117	4	-	75
Nonprofit.....	3,622	3,341	281	89	19	2	171
Church.....	776	734	42	13	4	-	25
Other.....	2,846	2,607	239	76	15	2	146

Table 25. Number of hospital beds by type of hospital and ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	All beds	General beds	Specialty hospital beds				
			Total	Psychiatric	Chronic disease	Tuberculosis	Other
All types of ownership.....	1,381,267	1,069,828	311,439	244,358	19,933	3,546	43,602
Government.....	584,218	316,471	267,747	226,434	16,460	3,368	21,485
Federal.....	126,916	100,478	26,438	24,768	-	-	1,670
State-local.....	457,302	215,993	241,309	201,666	16,460	3,368	19,815
Proprietary.....	95,993	82,519	13,474	9,507	338	-	3,629
Nonprofit.....	701,056	670,838	30,218	8,417	3,135	178	18,488
Church.....	192,182	188,611	3,571	1,319	261	-	1,991
Other.....	508,874	482,227	26,647	7,098	2,874	178	16,497

Table 26. Number of general hospitals by selected characteristics and State: United States, 1976

State	Average daily census	Admissions	Discharges	Inpatient days	Average census per 100,000 population	Admissions per 100,000 population	Discharges per 100,000 population
United States.....	797,677	36,026,854	36,004,670	291,152,042	372	16,783	16,773
Alabama.....	14,685	696,131	697,382	5,359,991	401	18,994	19,028
Alaska.....	866	53,972	53,720	315,985	227	14,129	14,063
Arizona.....	7,355	357,730	357,989	2,684,581	324	15,759	15,770
Arkansas.....	8,570	423,162	423,393	3,128,030	406	20,065	20,076
California.....	62,011	3,236,528	3,235,272	22,633,925	288	15,040	15,034
Colorado.....	8,800	459,195	459,534	3,211,903	341	17,778	17,791
Connecticut.....	9,742	436,694	436,433	3,555,795	313	14,010	14,002
Delaware.....	2,009	78,444	78,036	733,308	345	13,478	13,408
District of Columbia.....	5,430	194,988	194,887	1,981,943	774	27,776	27,762
Florida.....	32,505	1,526,395	1,524,309	11,864,356	386	18,126	18,101
Georgia.....	17,368	913,559	910,655	6,339,279	349	18,381	18,323
Hawaii.....	2,089	99,384	99,088	762,571	236	11,205	11,171
Idaho.....	2,212	131,278	131,002	807,336	266	15,798	15,764
Illinois.....	47,034	1,981,000	1,978,785	17,167,275	419	17,642	17,622
Indiana.....	18,931	857,067	857,070	6,909,959	357	16,165	16,165
Iowa.....	11,995	567,065	567,048	4,378,094	418	19,758	19,758
Kansas.....	10,639	456,381	456,408	3,883,258	461	19,757	19,758
Kentucky.....	13,064	627,787	627,866	4,768,487	381	18,314	18,316
Louisiana.....	13,691	709,810	709,306	4,997,216	356	18,480	18,467
Maine.....	4,251	180,663	180,628	1,551,665	397	16,884	16,881
Maryland.....	12,420	512,274	511,988	4,533,409	300	12,362	12,355
Massachusetts.....	21,580	897,107	897,556	7,876,704	371	15,443	15,451
Michigan.....	32,386	1,438,566	1,437,999	11,820,867	356	15,801	15,795
Minnesota.....	17,606	728,232	727,601	6,426,058	444	18,367	18,351
Mississippi.....	9,627	466,640	465,373	3,513,841	409	19,823	19,769
Missouri.....	21,728	940,755	940,216	7,930,576	455	19,689	19,678
Montana.....	2,614	143,697	143,450	954,059	347	19,083	19,050
Nebraska.....	7,047	309,146	309,071	2,572,074	454	19,906	19,902
Nevada.....	1,908	99,864	98,920	696,287	313	16,371	16,216
New Hampshire.....	2,650	131,580	132,013	967,391	322	16,007	16,060
New Jersey.....	25,763	1,055,556	1,055,534	9,403,406	351	14,389	14,388
New Mexico.....	3,243	186,886	186,728	1,183,710	278	16,001	15,987
New York.....	77,033	2,687,179	2,686,406	28,117,127	426	14,859	14,855
North Carolina.....	19,171	872,126	872,257	6,997,445	351	15,947	15,949
North Dakota.....	3,226	143,785	143,852	1,177,438	502	22,362	22,372
Ohio.....	42,522	1,825,423	1,825,694	15,520,538	398	17,076	17,079
Oklahoma.....	9,342	512,643	512,639	3,409,984	338	18,534	18,534
Oregon.....	6,830	368,980	368,803	2,492,873	293	15,843	15,835
Pennsylvania.....	46,642	1,922,400	1,921,061	17,024,180	393	16,206	16,195
Rhode Island.....	3,075	126,846	126,404	1,122,407	332	13,683	13,636
South Carolina.....	9,466	463,717	463,389	3,455,254	332	16,282	16,271
South Dakota.....	2,978	142,980	143,118	1,086,904	434	20,843	20,863
Tennessee.....	18,794	884,033	882,737	6,859,703	446	20,978	20,948
Texas.....	45,724	2,328,723	2,324,503	16,689,308	366	18,649	18,615
Utah.....	3,125	194,221	194,209	1,140,592	254	15,816	15,815
Vermont.....	1,887	78,004	77,822	688,884	396	16,387	16,349
Virginia.....	18,249	769,071	768,510	6,660,934	363	15,284	15,272
Washington.....	9,395	570,103	570,126	3,429,135	260	15,784	15,784
West Virginia.....	8,994	404,724	404,305	3,282,809	494	22,225	22,202
Wisconsin.....	18,241	768,774	768,339	6,657,939	396	16,680	16,670
Wyoming.....	1,165	65,586	65,236	425,249	299	16,817	16,727

Table 27. Number of specialty hospitals by selected characteristics and State: United States, 1976

State	Average daily census	Admissions	Discharges	Inpatient days	Average census per 100,000 population	Admissions per 100,000 population	Discharges per 100,000 population
United States.....	255,641	1,158,358	1,174,561	93,308,849	12	54	55
Alabama.....	3,085	15,131	15,183	1,126,104	8	41	41
Alaska.....	157	700	680	57,200	4	18	18
Arizona.....	818	5,429	5,461	298,470	4	24	24
Arkansas.....	1,204	5,412	5,496	439,549	6	26	26
California.....	13,119	102,100	102,429	4,788,542	6	47	48
Colorado.....	2,185	20,909	21,755	797,365	8	81	84
Connecticut.....	4,565	20,733	21,028	1,666,171	15	67	67
Delaware.....	1,485	3,275	3,298	541,923	26	56	57
District of Columbia.....	2,867	19,409	19,587	1,046,283	41	276	279
Florida.....	7,034	30,983	31,336	2,567,463	8	37	37
Georgia.....	6,546	38,724	40,818	2,389,386	13	78	82
Hawaii.....	756	16,550	16,359	275,924	9	187	184
Idaho.....	234	1,378	1,381	85,336	3	17	17
Illinois.....	8,651	41,580	42,481	3,157,651	8	37	38
Indiana.....	6,261	14,049	14,513	2,285,352	12	26	27
Iowa.....	1,943	6,532	6,560	709,349	7	23	23
Kansas.....	1,483	5,702	5,953	541,328	6	25	26
Kentucky.....	1,989	14,173	14,245	725,856	6	41	42
Louisiana.....	4,168	35,580	35,671	1,521,198	11	93	93
Maine.....	682	1,589	1,728	248,916	6	15	16
Maryland.....	8,572	29,715	29,736	3,128,841	21	72	72
Massachusetts.....	14,308	64,331	64,256	5,222,354	25	111	111
Michigan.....	7,343	38,309	38,836	2,680,234	8	42	43
Minnesota.....	3,784	11,138	11,402	1,381,067	10	28	29
Mississippi.....	3,344	8,950	9,944	1,220,384	14	38	42
Missouri.....	4,948	34,462	34,161	1,806,134	10	72	71
Montana.....	858	3,182	3,407	313,219	11	42	45
Nebraska.....	652	3,787	3,989	237,813	4	24	26
Nevada.....	257	2,924	2,956	93,805	4	48	48
New Hampshire.....	1,173	3,773	3,954	428,220	14	46	48
New Jersey.....	11,077	29,344	29,739	4,043,261	15	40	41
New Mexico.....	1,040	5,207	5,287	379,708	9	45	45
New York.....	41,817	140,497	143,324	15,263,226	23	78	79
North Carolina.....	5,956	41,740	41,979	2,173,848	11	76	77
North Dakota.....	589	2,470	2,460	215,070	9	38	38
Ohio.....	10,377	33,791	35,353	3,787,740	10	32	33
Oklahoma.....	2,506	15,062	15,234	914,768	9	54	55
Oregon.....	1,582	6,080	6,154	577,378	7	26	26
Pennsylvania.....	25,176	80,919	82,635	9,189,368	21	68	70
Rhode Island.....	2,969	19,099	19,498	1,083,510	32	206	210
South Carolina.....	3,994	9,082	9,486	1,457,853	14	32	33
South Dakota.....	1,120	4,409	4,438	408,907	16	64	65
Tennessee.....	6,438	24,147	24,581	2,349,867	15	57	58
Texas.....	9,003	58,191	57,557	3,285,992	7	47	46
Utah.....	512	2,436	2,430	186,945	4	20	20
Vermont.....	485	1,130	1,148	176,982	10	24	24
Virginia.....	7,172	35,475	35,868	2,617,718	14	70	71
Washington.....	1,903	12,827	12,915	694,496	5	36	36
West Virginia.....	3,347	9,122	9,290	1,221,711	18	50	51
Wisconsin.....	3,562	24,552	24,328	1,300,143	8	53	53
Wyoming.....	545	2,269	2,254	198,921	14	58	58

Table 28. Average daily census and number of inpatient days for selected specialty hospitals, by State: United States, 1976

State	All specialty hospitals		Psychiatric hospitals		Chronic disease hospitals		Tuberculosis hospitals		Other specialty hospitals	
	Average daily census	Inpatient days	Average daily census	Inpatient days	Average daily census	Inpatient days	Average daily census	Inpatient days	Average daily census	Inpatient days
United States.....	255,641	93,308,849	202,632	73,960,505	17,597	6,422,786	2,081	759,551	33,332	12,166,007
Alabama.....	3,085	1,126,104	2,954	1,078,205	57	20,799	-	-	74	27,100
Alaska.....	157	57,200	157	57,200	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona.....	818	298,470	775	282,812	-	-	-	-	43	15,658
Arkansas.....	1,204	439,549	1,160	423,390	-	-	-	-	44	16,159
California.....	13,119	4,788,542	9,795	3,575,215	-	-	83	30,174	3,242	1,183,153
Colorado.....	2,185	797,365	1,727	630,394	-	-	-	-	457	166,971
Connecticut.....	4,565	1,666,171	3,533	1,289,723	508	185,311	-	-	524	191,137
Delaware.....	1,485	541,923	627	229,014	642	234,231	-	-	216	78,678
District of Columbia.....	2,867	1,046,283	2,173	793,037	-	-	-	-	694	253,246
Florida.....	7,034	2,567,463	6,382	2,329,519	-	-	137	49,855	515	188,089
Georgia.....	6,546	2,389,386	6,343	2,315,347	-	-	-	-	203	74,039
Hawaii.....	756	275,924	210	76,770	166	60,660	186	67,869	193	70,625
Idaho.....	234	85,336	203	74,093	-	-	-	-	31	11,243
Illinois.....	8,651	3,157,651	6,048	2,207,669	1,502	548,298	-	-	1,101	401,684
Indiana.....	6,261	2,285,352	5,353	1,953,941	97	35,387	35	12,870	776	283,154
Iowa.....	1,943	709,349	1,943	709,349	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas.....	1,483	541,328	1,438	524,719	-	-	-	-	46	16,609
Kentucky.....	1,989	725,856	1,748	637,929	-	-	79	28,874	162	59,053
Louisiana.....	4,168	1,521,198	2,833	1,033,996	-	-	-	-	1,335	487,202
Maine.....	682	248,916	682	248,916	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland.....	8,572	3,128,841	6,214	2,268,112	1,044	381,211	209	76,346	1,105	403,172
Massachusetts.....	14,308	5,222,354	7,931	2,894,700	3,891	1,420,124	47	17,049	2,440	890,481
Michigan.....	7,343	2,680,234	5,580	2,036,590	527	192,353	-	-	1,236	451,291
Minnesota.....	3,784	1,381,067	3,215	1,173,310	-	-	-	-	569	207,757
Mississippi.....	3,344	1,220,384	3,229	1,178,698	19	6,825	-	-	96	34,861
Missouri.....	4,948	1,806,134	3,440	1,255,516	-	-	291	106,199	1,218	444,419
Montana.....	858	313,219	774	282,578	-	-	-	-	84	30,641
Nebraska.....	652	237,813	650	237,392	-	-	-	-	1	421
Nevada.....	257	93,805	224	81,588	-	-	-	-	33	12,217
New Hampshire.....	1,173	428,220	1,136	414,752	-	-	-	-	37	13,468
New Jersey.....	11,077	4,043,261	9,655	3,524,058	272	99,125	-	-	1,151	420,078
New Mexico.....	1,040	379,708	774	282,532	190	69,207	-	-	77	27,969
New York.....	41,817	15,263,226	34,800	12,701,961	2,943	1,074,331	-	-	4,074	1,486,934
North Carolina.....	5,956	2,173,848	5,048	1,842,547	-	-	440	160,674	467	170,627
North Dakota.....	589	215,070	589	215,070	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio.....	10,377	3,787,740	9,268	3,382,811	445	162,376	-	-	665	242,553
Oklahoma.....	2,506	914,768	2,271	828,820	182	66,503	-	-	53	19,445
Oregon.....	1,582	577,378	1,538	561,277	-	-	-	-	44	16,101
Pennsylvania.....	25,176	9,189,368	16,708	6,098,277	2,484	906,605	-	-	5,985	2,184,486
Rhode Island.....	2,969	1,083,510	1,478	539,630	405	147,818	-	-	1,085	396,062
South Carolina.....	3,994	1,457,853	3,810	1,390,672	-	-	104	37,867	80	29,314
South Dakota.....	1,120	408,907	1,031	376,178	-	-	-	-	90	32,729
Tennessee.....	6,438	2,349,867	4,760	1,737,342	1,252	456,852	108	39,361	319	116,312
Texas.....	9,003	3,285,992	7,301	2,664,747	-	-	206	75,249	1,496	545,996
Utah.....	512	186,945	303	110,768	148	54,054	-	-	61	22,123
Vermont.....	485	176,982	485	176,982	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia.....	7,172	2,617,718	6,235	2,275,826	-	-	138	50,339	799	291,553
Washington.....	1,903	694,496	1,809	660,202	-	-	19	6,825	75	27,469
West Virginia.....	3,347	1,221,711	2,558	933,496	766	279,665	-	-	23	8,550
Wisconsin.....	3,562	1,300,143	3,189	1,163,914	58	21,051	-	-	316	115,178
Wyoming.....	545	198,921	545	198,921	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 29. Number of employees in general hospitals by employment status and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
All bed sizes.....	2,485,035	629,603	2,799,837
3-9 beds.....	239	53	266
10-24 beds.....	12,942	5,190	15,537
25-49 beds.....	71,923	28,568	86,207
50-74 beds.....	89,380	28,428	103,594
75-99 beds.....	103,460	36,325	121,623
100-199 beds.....	394,622	122,034	455,639
200-299 beds.....	415,949	120,871	476,385
300-499 beds.....	645,104	158,569	724,389
500 beds or more.....	751,416	129,565	816,199

Table 30. Number of employees in general hospitals by employment status and type of ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
All types of ownership.....	2,485,035	629,603	2,799,837
Government.....	753,926	123,443	815,648
Federal.....	240,551	15,745	248,424
State-local.....	513,375	107,698	567,224
Proprietary.....	139,980	38,656	159,308
Nonprofit.....	1,591,129	467,504	1,824,881
Church.....	438,438	135,266	506,071
Other.....	1,152,691	332,238	1,318,810

Table 31. Number of employees in general hospitals by employment status, geographic region, and division: United States, 1976

Geographic region and division	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full time equivalent
United States.....	2,485,035	629,603	2,799,837
Northeast.....	602,753	161,362	683,434
New England.....	148,874	56,252	177,000
Middle Atlantic.....	453,879	105,110	506,434
North Central.....	677,097	226,950	790,572
East North Central.....	478,673	146,297	551,822
West North Central.....	198,424	80,653	238,750
South.....	805,614	137,259	874,244
South Atlantic.....	401,054	68,025	435,067
East South Central.....	159,325	26,270	172,460
West South Central.....	245,235	42,964	266,717
West.....	399,571	104,032	451,587
Mountain.....	103,898	26,737	117,267
Pacific.....	295,673	77,295	334,321

Table 32. Number of full-time and part-time employees in general hospitals, by occupation: United States, 1976

Occupation	Employment status	
	Full time	Part time
All employees.....	2,485,035	629,603
Physicians and dentists.....	35,915	16,722
Medical residents.....	61,410	2,766
Dental residents.....	1,357	88
Other trainees.....	16,814	5,873
Registered nurses.....	429,264	155,860
Licensed practical nurses.....	196,835	53,588
All other personnel.....	1,743,440	394,706

Table 33. Number of general hospitals reporting outpatient visits and number of visits, by type of visit and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	General hospitals reporting visits	Type of visit			
		Outpatient	Emergency	Clinic	Other
All bed sizes.....	6,333	261,281,396	76,844,327	101,690,096	82,786,973
3-9 beds.....	12	192,400	19,455	165,003	7,942
10-24 beds.....	360	3,808,901	540,184	2,789,565	479,152
25-49 beds.....	1,237	13,330,509	3,003,214	6,517,208	3,810,087
50-74 beds.....	831	11,948,852	3,773,703	4,334,987	3,840,162
75-99 beds.....	679	13,172,201	4,158,277	4,317,274	4,696,650
100-199 beds.....	1,417	41,282,309	15,421,766	9,981,357	15,879,186
200-299 beds.....	758	43,307,017	15,034,898	13,641,603	14,630,516
300-499 beds.....	665	64,752,275	19,138,804	21,495,372	24,118,099
500 beds or more.....	374	69,486,932	15,754,026	38,407,727	15,325,179

Table 34. Number of general hospitals reporting outpatient visits and number of visits, by type of visit and type of ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	General hospitals reporting visits	Type of visit			
		Outpatient	Emergency	Clinic	Other
All types of ownership.....	6,333	261,281,396	76,844,327	101,650,096	82,786,973
Government.....	2,215	112,543,621	23,568,145	69,951,383	19,024,093
Federal.....	352	54,772,463	4,361,905	42,913,382	7,497,176
State-local.....	1,863	57,771,158	19,206,240	27,038,001	11,526,917
Proprietary.....	781	8,390,675	4,234,229	1,674,540	2,481,906
Nonprofit.....	3,337	140,347,100	49,041,953	30,024,173	61,280,974
Church.....	734	33,918,134	12,153,073	5,065,143	16,699,918
Other.....	2,603	106,428,966	36,888,880	24,959,030	44,581,056

Table 35. Number of general hospitals reporting outpatient visits and number of visits, by type of visit, geographic region, and division: United States, 1976

Geographic region and division	General hospitals reporting visits	Type of visit			
		Outpatient	Emergency	Clinic	Other
United States.....	6,333	261,281,396	76,844,327	101,650,096	82,786,973
Northeast.....	972	68,339,554	19,497,195	23,936,532	24,905,827
New England.....	290	16,922,880	5,463,334	5,029,489	6,430,057
Middle Atlantic.....	682	51,416,674	14,033,861	18,907,043	18,475,770
North Central.....	1,805	63,234,055	19,192,643	19,649,909	24,391,903
East North Central.....	950	46,116,002	14,204,682	12,370,226	19,541,094
West North Central.....	855	17,118,053	4,987,961	7,279,683	4,850,409
South.....	2,324	79,333,225	25,050,56	35,694,166	18,588,498
South Atlantic.....	900	43,295,896	13,200,737	19,189,783	10,905,376
East South Central.....	519	12,934,977	4,994,259	4,575,824	3,364,894
West South Central.....	905	23,102,352	6,855,565	11,928,559	4,318,228
West.....	1,232	50,374,562	13,103,928	22,369,489	14,901,145
Mountain.....	420	13,632,002	3,226,793	6,368,689	4,036,520
Pacific.....	812	36,742,560	9,877,135	16,000,800	10,864,625

Table 36. Number of employees in specialty hospitals by employment status and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
All bed sizes.....	360,254	30,114	375,311
3-9 beds.....	83	64	115
10-24 beds.....	1,873	712	2,229
25-49 beds.....	8,841	2,424	10,053
50-74 beds.....	12,222	2,952	13,698
75-99 beds.....	12,353	2,836	13,771
100-199 beds.....	42,260	6,635	45,578
200-299 beds.....	26,404	3,038	27,923
300-499 beds.....	49,784	2,910	42,239
500 beds or more.....	215,434	8,543	219,706

Table 37. Number of employees in specialty hospitals by employment status and type of ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
All types of ownership.....	360,254	30,114	375,311
Government.....	285,984	12,768	292,368
Federal.....	31,661	2,324	32,823
State-local.....	254,323	10,444	259,545
Proprietary.....	16,487	4,729	18,852
Nonprofit.....	57,783	12,617	64,092
Church.....	5,552	1,891	6,498
Other.....	52,231	10,726	57,594

Table 38. Number of employees in specialty hospitals by employment status, geographic region, and division: United States, 1976

Geographic region and division	Employment status		
	Full time	Part time	Full-time equivalent
United States.....	360,254	30,114	375,311
Northeast.....	140,828	12,454	147,055
New England.....	38,751	5,038	41,270
Middle Atlantic.....	102,077	7,416	105,785
North Central.....	73,646	6,400	76,846
East North Central.....	51,710	4,972	54,196
West North Central.....	21,936	1,428	22,650
South.....	107,577	6,767	110,960
South Atlantic.....	61,715	3,603	63,516
East South Central.....	18,238	1,086	18,781
West South Central.....	27,624	2,078	28,663
West.....	38,203	4,493	40,450
Mountain.....	11,754	1,263	12,386
Pacific.....	26,449	3,230	28,064

Table 39. Number of employees in specialty hospitals by employment status and occupation: United States, 1976

Occupation	Employment status	
	Full time	Part time
All employees.....	360,254	30,114
Physicians and dentists	8,145	3,221
Medical residents	2,781	294
Dental residents	101	14
Other trainees.....	2,234	527
Registered nurses.....	31,690	5,473
Licensed practical nurses	19,040	1,410
All other employees.....	296,263	19,175

Table 40. Number of specialty hospitals reporting outpatient visits and number of visits, by type of visit and bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	Specialty hospitals reporting visits	Type of visit			
		Outpatient	Emergency	Clinic	Other
All bed sizes	634	11,035,653	455,872	8,912,145	1,667,618
3-9 beds.....	7	42,593	1,484	8,223	32,886
10-24 beds.....	40	325,500	14,183	281,598	29,701
25-49 beds.....	96	892,246	44,826	670,020	177,400
50-74 beds.....	88	679,440	12,356	528,408	138,676
75-99 beds.....	69	619,085	12,252	446,042	160,791
100-199 beds.....	130	2,257,641	168,101	1,748,923	340,617
200-299 beds.....	48	1,272,334	62,580	1,138,953	70,801
300-499 beds.....	40	1,038,849	81,614	623,476	333,759
500 beds or more	116	3,907,965	58,476	3,466,502	382,987

Table 41. Number of specialty hospitals reporting outpatient visits and number of visits, by type of visit and type of ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	Specialty hospitals reporting visits	Type of visit			
		Outpatient	Emergency	Clinic	Other
All types of ownership	634	11,035,653	455,872	8,912,145	1,667,618
Government	276	6,824,216	175,760	5,955,758	692,698
Federal.....	28	1,395,912	19,066	1,273,593	103,253
State-local	248	5,428,304	156,694	4,682,165	589,445
Proprietary	113	638,077	25,073	400,851	212,153
Nonprofit.....	245	3,573,360	255,039	2,555,536	762,767
Church	35	269,878	3,152	231,059	35,667
Other.....	210	3,303,482	251,887	2,324,477	727,100

Table 42. Number of specialty hospitals reporting outpatient visits and number of visits, by type of visit, geographic region, and division: United States, 1976

Geographic region and division	Specialty hospitals reporting visits	Type of visit			
		Outpatient	Emergency	Clinic	Other
United States	634	11,035,653	455,872	8,912,145	1,667,618
Northeast	209	5,356,455	205,449	4,235,324	915,664
New England.....	77	1,271,722	53,727	940,542	277,453
Middle Atlantic.....	132	4,084,733	151,722	3,294,782	638,211
North Central	148	2,153,156	89,632	1,767,379	296,125
East North Central	105	1,311,473	54,845	1,083,292	173,336
West North Central	43	841,663	34,787	684,087	122,789
South	188	2,137,827	57,729	1,793,722	286,376
South Central.....	93	1,045,571	36,245	844,117	165,209
East South Central	37	266,315	8,270	235,258	22,787
West South Central	58	825,941	13,214	714,347	98,380
West	89	1,388,235	103,062	1,115,720	169,453
Mountain	30	459,673	33,753	359,048	66,872
Pacific.....	59	928,562	69,309	756,672	102,581

Table 43. Selected characteristics of other inpatient health facilities, by type of facility: United States, 1976

Type of facility	Homes	Beds	Residents	Employment status	
				Full time	Part time
All facilities.....	6,280	375,805	326,021	255,592	44,453
Blind.....	65	5,827	4,846	3,610	841
Deaf.....	60	13,214	12,292	6,560	632
Emotionally disturbed	1,543	62,687	53,417	48,384	12,653
Mentally retarded.....	1,875	182,454	163,497	141,664	15,269
Other neurologically handicapped	44	3,159	2,694	2,011	416
Physically handicapped	87	4,599	3,670	5,323	996
Dependent children.....	867	40,133	32,794	16,942	4,133
Unwed mothers.....	105	3,055	2,131	1,069	767
Alcoholics.....	798	23,836	19,102	7,052	4,055
Drug abuses.....	85	4,320	3,325	2,284	524
Multiple disorders	508	23,860	20,594	14,730	2,373
Others.....	243	8,661	7,659	5,963	1,794

Table 44. Selected characteristics of other inpatient health facilities, by type of ownership: United States, 1976

Type of ownership	Total			Facilities reporting admissions		Facilities reporting discharges		Licensed beds	Intermediate Medicaid beds
	Facilities	Residents	Beds	Facilities	Admissions	Facilities	Discharges		
All types of ownership	6,280	326,021	375,805	4,825	549,926	4,608	813,010	321,280	73,514
Government	816	174,965	201,835	706	203,551	678	348,410	171,968	59,771
Federal	38	2,036	2,199	22	4,212	19	4,166	2,155	400
State-local	778	172,929	199,636	684	199,339	659	344,244	169,813	59,371
Proprietary	2,021	39,072	43,677	1,229	57,104	1,145	52,212	34,361	6,237
Nonprofit	3,443	111,964	130,293	2,890	289,271	2,785	412,388	114,951	7,506
Church	493	21,463	25,226	432	31,083	431	41,348	20,956	1,374
Other	2,950	90,501	105,067	2,458	258,188	2,354	371,040	93,995	6,132

Table 45. Selected characteristics of other inpatient health facilities, by bed size: United States, 1976

Bed size	Total			Facilities reporting admissions		Facilities reporting discharges		Licensed beds	Intermediate Medicaid beds
	Facilities	Residents	Beds	Facilities	Admissions	Facilities	Discharges		
All bed sizes	6,280	326,021	375,805	4,825	549,926	4,608	813,010	321,280	73,514
3-9 beds	1,880	9,262	10,122	1,039	12,514	926	10,181	9,278	1,019
10-24 beds	1,832	24,366	28,777	1,514	131,857	1,448	218,431	22,884	1,453
25-49 beds	1,163	34,135	40,781	1,019	124,639	1,004	125,253	43,207	2,528
50-74 beds	542	27,715	32,250	482	78,971	470	93,633	25,987	2,121
75-99 beds	240	17,032	20,460	212	59,741	211	77,051	15,973	2,554
100-199 beds	315	36,395	42,359	270	60,213	264	56,027	36,970	7,102
200-299 beds	95	20,084	22,579	85	23,437	83	168,519	19,531	3,913
300-499 beds	71	24,486	27,570	66	15,352	65	14,352	22,850	7,101
500 beds or more	142	132,546	150,907	138	43,202	137	49,563	124,600	45,723

Table 46. Selected characteristics of other inpatient health facilities, by geographic region and division: United States, 1976

Geographic region and division	Total			Facilities reporting admissions		Facilities reporting discharges		Licensed beds	Intermediate Medicaid beds
	Facilities	Residents	Beds	Facilities	Admissions	Facilities	Discharges		
United States.....	6,280	326,021	375,805	4,825	549,926	4,608	813,010	321,280	73,514
Northeast.....	1,219	94,005	106,433	1,041	143,779	1,015	134,965	91,337	22,828
New England.....	652	27,503	29,984	552	82,305	524	76,260	29,418	1,058
Middle Atlantic.....	567	66,502	76,449	489	61,474	491	58,705	61,919	21,770
North Central.....	1,718	87,131	99,053	1,410	112,881	1,333	107,217	82,814	14,451
East North Central.....	970	60,560	69,050	794	72,408	750	70,141	57,084	9,819
West North Central.....	748	26,571	30,003	616	40,473	583	37,076	25,730	4,632
South.....	1,310	91,064	109,497	1,088	156,177	1,050	342,820	93,238	28,053
South Atlantic.....	726	42,724	52,788	600	106,006	574	279,093	46,043	10,220
East South Central.....	214	14,564	17,690	181	15,987	181	34,980	11,920	3,702
West South Central.....	370	33,776	39,019	307	34,184	295	28,747	35,275	14,131
West.....	2,033	53,821	60,822	1,286	137,089	1,210	228,008	53,891	8,182
Mountain.....	379	13,945	16,223	295	30,945	280	29,061	13,806	2,322
Pacific.....	1,654	39,876	44,599	991	106,144	930	198,947	40,085	5,860

Table 47. Number of other inpatient health facilities by type of facility and State: United States, 1976

States	All facilities	Type of facility											
		Blind	Deaf	Emotionally disturbed	Mentally retarded	Other neurologically handicapped	Physically handicapped	Dependent children	Unwed mothers	Alcoholics	Drug abusers	Multiple disorders	Others
United States.....	6,280	65	60	1,543	1,875	44	87	867	105	798	85	508	243
Alabama.....	49	-	1	7	5	-	2	16	2	11	-	5	-
Alaska.....	14	-	-	-	1	-	-	7	1	4	-	1	-
Arizona.....	58	-	-	14	11	-	1	9	2	17	1	3	-
Arkansas.....	48	3	2	10	7	-	2	13	1	5	-	4	1
California.....	1,409	10	3	364	596	12	19	31	6	188	7	166	7
Colorado.....	144	1	-	26	43	-	-	6	-	7	-	7	54
Connecticut.....	90	1	2	27	28	-	-	3	2	13	3	11	-
Delaware.....	27	-	1	8	6	-	1	2	-	4	1	4	-
District of Columbia.....	40	2	-	15	1	-	1	7	1	6	2	5	-
Florida.....	163	-	2	39	26	3	2	37	4	35	3	12	-
Georgia.....	79	-	1	18	8	2	1	31	2	9	-	5	2
Hawaii.....	45	1	-	5	24	-	-	-	1	2	1	11	-
Idaho.....	54	-	-	10	14	1	2	1	1	5	-	1	19
Illinois.....	176	4	1	63	39	2	5	23	3	17	1	15	3
Indiana.....	107	1	1	28	22	-	4	29	3	11	1	7	-
Iowa.....	89	-	1	28	21	-	2	7	1	15	-	14	-
Kansas.....	61	1	1	11	14	-	2	19	1	4	1	7	-
Kentucky.....	68	1	1	3	5	-	2	37	2	11	1	5	-
Louisiana.....	66	2	2	13	20	1	2	17	4	2	-	3	-
Maine.....	72	2	1	20	31	-	-	4	-	4	-	10	-
Maryland.....	80	1	-	23	13	-	-	8	2	28	-	5	-
Massachusetts.....	373	2	3	115	97	5	-	24	3	71	12	-	41
Michigan.....	146	2	2	48	49	1	-	14	3	15	1	9	2
Minnesota.....	296	-	-	65	114	-	2	42	2	23	3	2	43
Mississippi.....	20	1	2	2	2	-	-	7	2	2	-	2	-
Missouri.....	217	2	3	36	138	1	2	19	1	4	-	1	10
Montana.....	19	-	-	1	3	-	-	4	1	6	-	4	-
Nebraska.....	44	-	1	5	11	-	-	9	-	9	4	5	-
Nevada.....	13	-	-	1	3	1	-	2	-	4	-	2	-
New Hampshire.....	24	-	-	9	1	-	1	8	-	1	1	3	-
New Jersey.....	90	2	1	26	20	1	5	11	1	7	7	7	2
New Mexico.....	45	1	1	6	6	-	1	14	1	8	2	5	-
New York.....	275	7	7	87	51	1	-	42	7	31	11	25	6
North Carolina.....	140	2	4	19	42	-	1	30	3	22	-	16	1
North Dakota.....	16	-	1	2	4	-	2	3	1	2	-	1	-
Ohio.....	358	4	1	55	181	-	3	55	3	15	6	33	2
Oklahoma.....	61	1	2	10	9	2	1	16	2	9	-	9	-
Oregon.....	56	1	1	21	6	1	2	1	3	12	-	6	2
Pennsylvania.....	202	3	3	43	48	3	6	52	7	14	2	19	2
Rhode Island.....	40	-	-	9	12	-	-	9	-	3	2	-	5
South Carolina.....	53	-	1	7	6	1	1	15	1	14	1	6	-
South Dakota.....	25	1	1	8	3	-	1	4	-	5	-	2	-
Tennessee.....	77	1	1	8	8	-	1	39	4	9	-	6	-
Texas.....	195	1	1	35	29	3	4	69	11	29	-	13	-
Utah.....	36	-	-	9	13	-	-	2	-	8	-	4	-
Vermont.....	53	-	1	18	1	2	-	7	1	7	2	-	14
Virginia.....	110	1	-	19	24	-	3	33	2	18	1	8	1
Washington.....	130	1	1	41	42	1	1	14	2	14	2	10	1
West Virginia.....	34	-	-	4	6	-	1	10	1	3	-	9	-
Wisconsin.....	183	2	2	100	10	-	-	3	4	32	6	-	24
Wyoming.....	10	-	-	2	1	-	1	2	-	3	-	-	1

APPENDIXES

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APPENDIX I

METHODOLOGY

Nursing Homes and Other Facilities

Survey procedures.—The nursing home and other facilities mailing list for the 1976 Master Facilities Inventory (MFI) was created by merging two lists—the final list of facilities for the 1973 MFI Survey and the list of new facilities (births) gathered by the Agency Reporting System (ARS).²

The 1973 MFI list consisted of 26,670 facilities, and the ARS list contained approximately 7,500 births. These approximately 34,500 facilities made up the 1976 nonhospital mailing list. After the completed questionnaires were returned, those homes that were out of business and those that did not meet the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) definition of health facilities were eliminated. The final tally of nursing homes and other facilities for 1976 was 28,379 (table I).

Of these 28,379 homes, 26,748 returned completed questionnaires, resulting in a response rate of 94 percent. Data for items that were not completed by the homes were obtained through various types of imputation procedures, whenever possible, 1973 MFI data were used. When a responding home failed to answer a major question (bed size, ownership, type of facility, patients), a fail-edit questionnaire containing the omitted question was sent.

The mailing dates for the nursing home and

other facilities portion of the MFI were as follows:

- Initial mailing—May 5, 1976
- First followup—June 2, 1976
- Second followup—June 23, 1976
- Telephone followup—August 4, 1976

Hospitals

Unlike nursing homes and other health facilities, which are surveyed every 2 yeears, hospitals are surveyed annually. The 1976 mailing list for hospitals was created by merging the list of hospitals from the 1975 survey with the list of new (or potentially new) hospitals found between the 1975 and 1976 surveys. This 1976 mailing list was composed of three parts: (1) hospitals registered and surveyed by the American Hospital Association (AHA), (2) hospitals belonging to and surveyed by the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), and (3) remaining non-AHA, non-AOA hospitals, which are usually surveyed by NCHS but were surveyed by AHA in 1976.

The 1975 list contained 7,336 hospitals. To this list were added new hospitals (potential "births"). After eliminating duplicate, out-of-business, and out-of-scope hospitals, the final tally of hospitals for 1976 was 7,271.

The response rate for these 7,271 hospitals was approximately 92 percent. The imputation procedures used in obtaining missing hospital data were similar to those used in obtaining missing nursing home data.

NOTE: A list of references follows the text.

Table I. Number of responses and nonresponses by State: United States, 1976

State	All responses	All nonresponses	Responding facilities	
			Nursing homes	Other facilities
United States.....	28,379	1,631	20,468	6,280
Alabama.....	275	9	217	49
Alaska.....	32	7	11	14
Arizona.....	146	17	71	58
Arkansas.....	273	8	217	48
California.....	5,541	632	3,500	1,409
Colorado.....	400	13	243	144
Connecticut.....	465	19	356	90
Delaware.....	60	4	29	27
District of Columbia.....	125	15	70	40
Florida.....	516	18	335	163
Georgia.....	415	11	325	79
Hawaii.....	197	8	144	45
Idaho.....	130	9	67	54
Illinois.....	1,170	58	936	176
Indiana.....	682	69	506	107
Iowa.....	713	72	552	89
Kansas.....	481	27	393	61
Kentucky.....	415	26	321	68
Louisiana.....	283	12	205	66
Maine.....	404	25	307	72
Maryland.....	279	8	191	80
Massachusetts.....	1,242	0	869	373
Michigan.....	874	24	704	146
Minnesota.....	823	10	517	296
Mississippi.....	175	8	147	20
Missouri.....	691	0	474	217
Montana.....	136	10	107	19
Nebraska.....	351	23	284	44
Nevada.....	52	2	37	13
New Hampshire.....	144	5	115	24
New Jersey.....	580	23	467	90
New Mexico.....	132	15	72	45
New York.....	1,372	70	1,027	275
North Carolina.....	964	102	722	140
North Dakota.....	121	2	103	16
Ohio.....	1,369	58	953	358
Oklahoma.....	447	24	362	61
Oregon.....	360	21	283	56
Pennsylvania.....	904	26	676	202
Rhode Island.....	160	0	120	40
South Carolina.....	174	2	119	53
South Dakota.....	185	6	154	25
Tennessee.....	371	4	290	77
Texas.....	1,343	43	1,105	195
Utah.....	147	7	104	36
Vermont.....	326	10	263	53
Virginia.....	476	25	341	110
Washington.....	538	38	370	130
West Virginia.....	165	4	127	34
Wisconsin.....	714	1	530	183
Wyoming.....	41	1	30	10

APPENDIX II

CLASSIFICATION PROCEDURES FOR NURSING HOMES AND HOSPITALS

Nursing Homes

The criteria for classifying institutions are based on several factors: the number of persons receiving nursing care during the week prior to the day of the survey, administration of medications and treatments in accordance with physician's orders; supervision over medications that may be self-administered, the routine provision of certain personal services (rub and massage, help with the tub bath or shower, dressing, correspondence, shopping, walking, getting about, and eating); and the employment of registered professional or licensed practical nurses. On the basis of these factors, four types of establishments and their definitions were distinguished. They are.

Nursing care home.—An establishment is a nursing care home if nursing care is the primary and predominant function of the facility. Facilities which meet the following criteria are classified as nursing care homes in this report: One or more registered nurses or licensed practical nurses were employed, and 50 percent or more of the residents received nursing care during the week prior to the survey. (Nursing care is defined as the provision of one or more of the following services: nasal feeding, catheterization, irrigation, oxygen therapy, full bed bath, enema, hypodermic injection, intravenous injection, temperature-pulse-respiration, blood pressure, application of dressing or bandages, and bowel and bladder retraining.)

Personal Care and Other Homes

Personal care home with nursing.—An establishment is a personal care home with nursing if personal care is the primary and predominant

function of the facility but some nursing care is also provided. If an establishment met either of the following criteria it was classified as a personal care home with nursing:

1. Some, but less than 50 percent, of the residents received nursing care during the week prior to the survey, and there was one or more registered professional or licensed practical nurses on the staff.
2. Some residents received nursing care during the week prior to the survey, no registered nurses or licensed practical nurses were on the staff, but one or more of the following conditions were met:
 - a. Medications and treatments were administered in accordance with physician's orders.
 - b. Supervision over self-administered medications was provided.
 - c. Three or more personal services were routinely provided.

Personal care home.—An establishment is a personal care home if the primary and predominant function of the facility is personal care, and no residents received nursing care during the week prior to the survey. Establishments with one or both of the following criteria are classified as personal care homes in this report whether or not they employed registered nurses or licensed practical nurses:

1. Medications and treatments were administered in accordance with physician's

orders, or supervision over medication that may be self-administered was provided.

2. Three or more personal services were routinely provided.

Domiciliary care home.—A facility is a domiciliary care home if the primary and predominant function of the facility is domiciliary care but the facility has a responsibility for providing some personal care. If the criteria for a nursing care home or personal care home are not met but one or two of the personal services are routinely provided, the establishment is classified as a domiciliary care home in this report.

In the classification process, a criterion was considered not to have been met if the information for that criterion was unknown. For instance, if the type of nursing staff was unknown for a facility, it was considered as not having met the criteria or as having one or more registered nurses or licensed practical nurses on the staff. Establishments that indicated that some nursing care was provided but that did not give the number of persons to whom this care was provided were considered as providing nursing

care to some, but less than 50 percent, of patients or residents. Table II shows in detail the classification of the establishments.

The following definitions pertain to the certification of nursing homes under the Medicare and Medicaid programs:

Skilled nursing facility (SNF).—Skilled nursing facility refers to certification as a skilled nursing facility under Medicare, under Medicaid, or under both programs.

Intermediate care facility (ICF).—Intermediate care facility refers to certification as an intermediate care facility under Medicaid.

Not certified.—Not certified refers to facilities that are not certified as providers of care either by Medicare or Medicaid.

Hospitals

General medical and surgical hospitals.—These are establishments licensed as hospitals that provide diagnostic and treatment services for patients who have a variety of medical conditions, both surgical and nonsurgical. For this report, a hospital unit of an institution (prison hospital, college infirmary, etc.) is considered a general hospital.

Table II. Classification criteria of institutions by type of service

Classification variables	Classification criteria													
	50 percent or more					Some but less than 50 percent					None			
Percent of total residents who received nursing care during the week before day of survey														
Number of registered or licensed practical nurses	1+	None				1+	None				0+			
Does the institution provide: Administration of medicine or treatments according to doctor's orders or Supervision over self-administered medicine?	...	Yes	No			...	Yes	No			Yes	No		
Does the institution offer assistance with three or more activities for daily living?	Yes	No		Yes	No		...	Yes	No	
Does the institution offer assistance with one or two activities for daily living?	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Does the institution offer room and/or board as its only service?	Yes	Yes	Yes
Institution ¹	Nc	Pcn	Pcn	Pc	D	Pcn	Pcn	Pcn	Pc	D	Pc	Pc	D	B

¹Nc = Nursing care home.
Pcn = Personal care with nursing home.
Pc = Personal care home.
D = Domiciliary care home (out-of-scope).
B = Boarding or rooming house (out-of-scope).

Specialty hospitals.—These are establishments licensed as hospitals that usually limit their admissions to patients with specified illnesses or conditions. The specialty hospitals discussed in this report are psychiatric, tuberculosis, chronic disease, rehabilitation, maternity, and alcoholic or drug abuse. The remaining types of specialty hospitals are grouped together and called other. This category includes Armed Forces dispensaries, eye, ear, nose, and throat hospitals, orthopedic hospitals; and any

other type of hospital not already specified. As section B(2) on the hospital questionnaire indicates, there are two categories for facilities dealing with the mentally retarded: a hospital unit within a school for the mentally retarded (code 12) and an institution for the mentally retarded (code 62) (see appendix IV). Any facility that was one of these two types was removed from the hospital list and placed on the mentally retarded portion of the “other health facilities” list.



APPENDIX III

THE COOPERATIVE HEALTH STATISTICS SYSTEM

To meet problems such as lack of uniformity, continuity, compatibility, and geographic detail, as well as duplication of data gathering within the Federal Government, Public Law 93.353 authorized the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) to develop a Cooperative Health Statistics System (CHSS) "to assist State and local health agencies and Federal agencies involved in matters relating to health." The goal of this legislation is to establish and maintain a coordinated data system within the United States. The system has many uses. They include guiding decisionmaking regarding health care, identifying health needs, and monitoring and evaluating health programs and services.

The 1976 MFI Survey was the first endeavor to utilize the CHSS. Since all States did not have operative systems in 1976, data were gathered as follows:

The CHSS States that gathered data for both nursing homes and other health facilities were:

Massachusetts
Missouri
Rhode Island
Vermont
Wisconsin

The States that conducted a specified part of the MFI Survey (all other MFI data for the State were collected by NCHS and AHA) were:

<i>State</i>	<i>Data collected by State</i>
Arizona	All nursing homes
Michigan	Licensed nursing homes
Minnesota	Licensed nursing homes and licensed other health facilities
Tennessee	All nursing homes
Idaho	Licensed nursing homes and licensed other health facilities
Virginia	Licensed nursing homes
Nebraska	Licensed nursing homes and licensed other health facilities
Colorado	Licensed nursing homes and licensed other health facilities
Pennsylvania	Licensed nursing homes and licensed other health facilities
North Carolina	Licensed nursing homes
Texas	All nursing homes

Because some nonresponse data were imputed by NCHS, the numbers that appear in tables in which data are broken down by State may not agree with the figures reported by the individual States. The imputation was done for consistency with procedures used for non-CHSS States and for comparing 1976 data with data from previous MFI surveys.



APPENDIX IV
QUESTIONNAIRES

1976 Master Facility Inventory Survey (Nursing Homes)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
Public Health Service
Health Resources Administration
National Center for Health Statistics

1976
MASTER FACILITY
INVENTORY SURVEY

[(NURSING HOMES)]

RETURN COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE TO:

Data Preparation Branch
National Center for Health Statistics
USPHS, Room 200
Box 12214
Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27709

Dear Administrator:

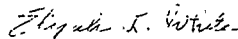
As part of its responsibility to provide information on the Nation's health resources, the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) collects information on all nursing and related care facilities in the United States, in addition to those which provide some kind of personal or domiciliary care. The purpose of this annual survey is TO OBTAIN CURRENT INFORMATION FROM EACH FACILITY on its ownership, staff size, number of beds and other related facility characteristics. The information will be used to provide statistics on the number and kinds of such facilities in the United States and the CHANGES THAT OCCURRED since the last Master Facility Inventory Survey.

The information from sections A and B of this questionnaire, as related to individual facilities or listings, will be made available upon request to the NCHS. The data from sections C and D, however, are treated as confidential and will not be released to anyone or used in any way other than for statistical summaries. These summaries will be presented in a manner to ensure that no individual facility can be identified.

Please fill out the questionnaire and return it within five (5) days in the enclosed pre-addressed envelope.

Thank you for your cooperation in this voluntary survey.

Sincerely yours,



Elijah L. White
Associate Director for Data Systems
National Center for Health Statistics

Enclosure

SECTION A—IDENTIFICATION OF FACILITY

Please refer to the mailing label above, then mark all additions and corrections according to the questions below. Detailed identification information is needed to prevent duplicate listings and to assure that your facility is properly represented in the survey.

1. Is the NAME shown on the mailing label correct for your facility?

CARD 1 1 Yes

CL 12

2 No Enter correct name _____

2. Is the ADDRESS shown on the mailing label the correct mailing address for your facility?

cc 13
1 Yes

2 No - Enter correct mailing address

NUMBER OR BOX		STREET OR ROUTE
CITY OR TOWN		
STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTY

3. What is the telephone number of your facility?

cc 14-23

AREA CODE	NUMBER
-----------	--------

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM

1. Include in this report information only for the facility named in the mailing label or for its SUCCESSOR if the name or owner has changed.
2. Due to name and address changes, duplicate listings, or other reasons, you may receive more than one questionnaire under different names or addresses. If you receive more than one form for the same facility, complete one only and return all others with the notation "Completed and returned under . . . (give name of facility on completed form and the IDENTIFICATION NUMBER found in the upper left corner of the mailing label)."
3. If this facility is a nursing unit of a retirement center, report only for the nursing unit.
4. If this facility is an SNF unit of a hospital, report only for the SNF unit.
5. Please answer all applicable questions. Definitions and special instructions are given with the questions when needed. If your answer to a question is "None," put a zero in the appropriate space. DO NOT LEAVE THE SPACE BLANK.
6. For questions 4, 12, and 18, data should be reported for a 12-month period, preferably the calendar year from

January 1, 1975 through December 31, 1975. If data is for a different 12-month period than this, indicate the time period used:

Beginning date:

month	day	year
cc 24,25	26,27	28,29

Ending date:

month	day	year
cc 30,31	32,33	34,35

(The months, days, and years are to be 2-digit numbers.)

7. Is this nursing home part of a larger group of homes?
Yes No
If the answer to the above is YES and information for this home is available only at your home office, please forward this questionnaire to your home office with the instruction to fill it out for your specific facility.
8. If you are the home office and receive a forwarded questionnaire from one or more of your homes, please fill out each questionnaire you receive. (We need separate information for each home).
9. If you are the home office and receive a questionnaire addressed specifically to you, do not fill it out. However, please provide us with the name and address of all homes for which you are the home office.

SECTION B—FACILITY INFORMATION

4. Were you in operation during all 12 months of 1975?

cc 36 1 Yes 2 No

5. Read all the categories, then mark (X) the ONE box that BEST describes the TYPE OF OWNERSHIP which operates this facility.

- | | | |
|----------|---|--------------|
| 23 | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual | } For profit |
| 24 | <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership | |
| 25 | <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation | |
| 20 | <input type="checkbox"/> Church-related | |
| 21 | <input type="checkbox"/> Nonprofit corporation | |
| 22 | <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonprofit ownership | |
| 11 | <input type="checkbox"/> State government | |
| cc 37,38 | 12 <input type="checkbox"/> County government | |
| 13 | <input type="checkbox"/> City government | |
| 14 | <input type="checkbox"/> City-county government | |
| 15 | <input type="checkbox"/> Hospital District | |
| 16 | <input type="checkbox"/> U.S. Public Health Service | |
| 17 | <input type="checkbox"/> Armed Forces | |
| 18 | <input type="checkbox"/> Veterans Administration | |
| 19 | <input type="checkbox"/> Other Federal Agency—Specify | |

6. Read all the categories, then mark (X) the ONE box that BEST describes the TYPE OF SERVICE this facility offers the MAJORITY of its residents or patients. Enter in the comments section on the last page any remarks you may have regarding the correct classification of this facility.

- 31 Skilled Nursing Facility (certified under either Medicare or Medicaid)
 32 Skilled Nursing Facility unit of a hospital
 33 Nursing care unit of a retirement center
 34 Sheltered or custodial care home (include homes for the aged)
 35 Other type of nursing home

 Resident facility or school for the--
 01 Blind
 02 Deaf
 03 Emotionally disturbed
 cc 39,40 04 Mentally retarded
 05 Other neurologically handicapped
 06 Physically handicapped

 07 Orphanage or home for dependent children
 08 Home for unwed mothers

 Resident treatment center for--
 09 Alcoholics
 10 Drug abusers

 11 Other facility--(Specify)

7a. What is the licensed bed capacity of this facility? _____ cc 41-44

- (1) How many of these beds are certified for Medicare? _____ cc 45-48
 (2) How many of these beds are certified for Medicaid as:
 (a) skilled beds? _____ cc 49-52
 (b) intermediate care beds? _____ cc 53-56

b. How many beds are currently set up and staffed for use (include only accommodations with support- ing services, such as food, laundry, and housekeeping, for patients or residents who stay in excess of 24 hours)? _____ cc 57-60

8. Does this facility ACCEPT persons of all ages, including infants and children?

- 1 Yes (Skip to question 9)
 cc 61 2 No → a. What is the minimum age accepted? _____ cc 62,63
 b. What is the maximum age accepted? _____ cc 64,65

9. Does this facility accept ---

- cc 66 1 Males only? 2 Females only? 3 Both males and females?

10. Does your facility accept persons who are: (Mark (X) all that apply)

- cc 67 a. Mentally ill or emotionally disturbed?
 cc 68 b. Mentally retarded? cc 70 d. Drug addicts?
 cc 69 c. Alcoholics? cc 71 e. Senile?

11. Please enter below the number of residents or patients who stayed in this facility last night, by their age and sex.

Age	Male	Female
Under 21	cc 72-75	cc 96-99
21-44	cc 76-79	cc 100-103
45-64	cc 80-83	cc 104-107
65-74	cc 84-87	cc 108-111
75 and over	cc 88-91	cc 112-115
Total patients	cc 92-95	cc 116-119

- 12a. How many inpatient days of care were rendered in 1975? (This is the sum of daily inpatient census count, preferably from 1/1/75 through 12/31/75.) _____ **CARD 2** cc 11-17
- b. How many admissions were there during 1975? _____ cc 18-21
- c. How many discharges (including deaths) were there during 1975? _____ cc 22-25
- d. How many deaths were there during 1975? _____ cc 26-28

SECTION C— CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION (Confidential)

13. Please enter below the number of full-time and part-time employees who work in this facility. For each type of part-time employee, enter the total number of hours worked in this facility over the last seven days. (Full-time means 35 or more hours a week.) Include owners, managers, teaching staff, research workers, staff of outpatient facilities or extended care units, temporarily absent employees, trainees (if on the payroll), and members of religious orders whether paid or unpaid.

	Number of full-time staff (35+ hours a week)	Number of part-time staff (under 35 hours a week)	Number of hours worked (over the last 7 days by all part-time employees)
Administrators and Assistant Administrators	cc 29-31	CARD 3 cc 11-13	CARD 4 cc 11-15
Physicians	cc 32-34	cc 14-16	cc 16-20
Dentists	cc 35-37	cc 17-19	cc 21-25
Registered Nurses	cc 38-40	cc 20-22	cc 26-30
LPN or Vocational Nurses	cc 41-43	cc 23-25	cc 31-35
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	cc 44-46	cc 26-28	cc 36-40
Licensed Pharmacists	cc 47-49	cc 29-31	cc 41-45
Dietitians and Dietetic Technicians	cc 50-52	cc 32-34	cc 46-50
Occupational Therapists	cc 53-55	cc 35-37	cc 51-55
Occupational Therapy Assistants and Aides	cc 56-58	cc 38-40	cc 56-60
Speech Pathologists and Audiologists	cc 59-61	cc 41-43	cc 61-65
Physical Therapists	cc 62-64	cc 44-46	cc 66-70
Physical Therapy Assistants and Aides	cc 65-67	cc 47-49	cc 71-75
Recreational Therapists	cc 68-70	cc 50-52	cc 76-80
Medical Social Workers	cc 71-73	cc 53-55	cc 81-85
All other health professional and technical personnel	cc 74-76	cc 56-58	cc 86-90
All non-health professional and technical personnel	cc 77-79	cc 59-61	cc 91-95
Total (all employees)	cc 80-83	cc 62-64	cc 96-100

14. Mark (X) the box that indicates the level of skill of the person IN CHARGE OF NURSING CARE who was ON DUTY yesterday (that is—on the premises, awake, dressed, and routinely serving the patients) for each shift.

If the person IN CHARGE is merely "ON CALL," mark the box, "Person in charge is ON CALL."

If you do not have all of the shifts indicated, mark the "No such shift" box as appropriate.

CARD 5

DAY SHIFT cc 11

- 1 Person in charge is "ON CALL"
- 2 RN on duty
- 3 LPN on duty
- 4 Nurse's Aide on duty
- 5 Other on duty—Specify occupation

EVENING SHIFT cc 12

- 1 Person in charge is "ON CALL"
- 2 RN on duty (i.e., awake and dressed)
- 3 LPN on duty (i.e., awake and dressed)
- 4 Nurse's Aide on duty (i.e., awake and dressed)
- 5 Other on duty—Specify occupation

- 6 No such shift

NIGHT SHIFT cc 13

- 1 Person in charge is "ON CALL"
- 2 RN on duty (i.e., awake and dressed)
- 3 LPN on duty (i.e., awake and dressed)
- 4 Nurse's Aide on duty (i.e., awake and dressed)
- 5 Other on duty—Specify occupation

- 6 No such shift

15. During the past 7 days, how many of the RESIDENTS or PATIENTS in this facility received "Nursing Care?"

Consider that a resident or patient received "Nursing Care" if he received one or more of the following services: taking of temperature, pulse, respiration, or blood pressure, full-bed bath, nasal feeding, catheterization, irrigation, oxygen therapy, enema, hypodermic injection, intravenous injection, application of a dressing or bandage, bowel or bladder retraining.

Count each resident or patient only ONCE no matter how many services he received.

_____ Number of residents who received nursing care
cc 14-17

16. Which of the following services are ROUTINELY provided to residents in addition to room and board?

- | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---|--------------------------|-----|---|--------------------------|----|
| a. Supervision over medications which may be self-administered | cc 18 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| b. Medications and treatments administered in accordance with physician's orders | cc 19 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| c. Rub and massage | cc 20 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| d. Help with tub or shower | cc 21 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| e. Help with dressing | cc 22 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| f. Help with correspondence or shopping | cc 23 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| g. Help with walking or getting about | cc 24 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| h. Help with eating | cc 25 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |
| i. Room and board ONLY | cc 26 | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | No |

SECTION D—FINANCES (Confidential)

17. Last month, what was your basic MONTHLY charge for a resident's lodging, meals, and routine nursing care? (Exclude charges for physician services, private duty nursing, therapy, drugs, special medical supplies, special diet, laboratory tests, and medical equipment.)

Medicare patients - \$ _____ cc 27-30 or No Medicare patients
 Medicaid patients - \$ _____ cc 31-34 or No Medicaid patients
 All other patients - \$ _____ cc 35-38

18a. What were your facility's TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES for the 1975 calendar year?

\$ _____ cc 37-45

b. How much of these total 1975 expenses were:

(1) Payroll costs \$ _____ cc 46-52

(2) Nonpayroll costs? (Include equipment rent, insurance, taxes and licenses, interest, depreciation, building and land rent, food, drugs, laundry, utilities, supplies and equipment, and all other miscellaneous expenses.)
 \$ _____ cc 53-59

COMMENTS:

SECTION E—RESPONDENT INFORMATION	Name and title of person completing this form	Date completed
---	---	----------------

1976 Master Facility Inventory (Other Health Facilities)

OMB Clearance No. 68R1500
Expiration date January 1977

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
Public Health Service
Health Resources Administration
National Center for Health Statistics

1976 MASTER FACILITY INVENTORY

(OTHER HEALTH FACILITIES)

RETURN COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE TO:

Data Preparation Branch
National Center for Health Statistics
USPHS, Room 200
Box 12214
Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27709

Dear Administrator:

As part of its responsibility to provide information on the Nation's health resources, the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) collects information on all custodial and remedial care facilities in the United States.

The purpose of this annual survey is TO OBTAIN CURRENT INFORMATION FROM EACH FACILITY on its ownership, staff size, number of beds and other related facility characteristics. The information will be used to provide statistics on the number and kinds of such facilities in the United States and the CHANGES THAT OCCURRED since the last Master Facility Inventory Survey.

The information from sections A and B of this questionnaire, as related to individual facilities or listings, will be made available upon request to the NCHS. The data from sections C and D, however, are treated as confidential and will not be released to anyone or used in any way other than for statistical summaries. These summaries will be presented in a manner to ensure that no individual facility can be identified.

Please fill out the questionnaire and return it within 5 days in the enclosed preaddressed envelope.

Thank you for your cooperation in this voluntary survey.

Sincerely yours,

Elijah L. White
Elijah L. White
Associate Director for Data Systems
National Center for Health Statistics

Enclosure

SECTION A - IDENTIFICATION OF FACILITY

Please refer to the mailing label above, then mark all additions and corrections according to the questions below. Detailed identification information is needed to prevent duplicate listings and to assure that your facility is properly represented in the survey.

1. Is the NAME shown on the mailing label correct for your facility?

CARD 1 1 Yes

cc 12

2 No - Enter correct name _____

HRA-135 (2-76)

2. Is the ADDRESS shown on the mailing label the correct mailing address for your facility?

cc 13 1 Yes

2 No -Enter correct mailing address

NUMBER OR BOX	STREET OR ROUTE	
CITY OR TOWN		
STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTY

3. What is the telephone number of your facility?

cc 14-23 AREA CODE _____ NUMBER _____

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM

1. Include in this report information only for the facility named in the mailing label or for its SUCCESSOR if the name or owner has changed.
2. Due to name and address changes, duplicate listings, or other reasons, you may receive more than one questionnaire under different names or addresses. If you receive more than one form for the same facility, complete one only and return all others with the notation "Completed and returned under . . . (give name of facility on completed form and the IDENTIFICATION NUMBER found in the upper left corner of the mailing label)."
3. Please answer all applicable questions. Definitions and special instructions are given with the questions when needed. If your answer to a question is "None," put a

zero in the appropriate space. DO NOT LEAVE THE SPACE BLANK.

4. For questions 4, 11, and 14, data should be reported for a 12-month period, preferably the calendar year from January 1, 1975 through December 31, 1975. If data is for a different 12-month period than this, indicate the time period used:

Beginning date:

month	day	year
cc 24,25	cc 26,27	cc 28,29

Ending date:

month	day	year
cc 30,31	cc 32,33	cc 34,35

(The months, days, and years are to be 2-digit numbers.)

SECTION B - FACILITY INFORMATION

4. Were you in operation during all 12 months of 1975?

cc 36 1 Yes 2 No

5. Read all the categories, then mark (X) the ONE box that BEST describes the TYPE OF OWNERSHIP which operates this facility.

- 23 Individual
- 24 Partnership } For profit
- 25 Corporation }
- 20 Church related
- 21 Nonprofit corporation
- 22 Other nonprofit ownership
- 11 State government
- 12 County government
- 13 City government
- 14 City-county government
- 15 Hospital District
- 16 U.S. Public Health Service
- 17 Armed Forces
- 18 Veterans Administration
- 19 Other Federal Agency—Specify **7**

cc 37, 38

6. Read all the categories, then mark (X) the ONE box that BEST describes the TYPE OF SERVICE this facility offers the MAJORITY of its residents or patients. Enter in the comments section on the last page any remarks you may have regarding the correct classification of this facility.

Resident facility or school for the---

- 01 Blind
- 02 Deaf
- 03 Emotionally disturbed
- 04 Mentally retarded
- 05 Other neurologically handicapped
- 06 Physically handicapped

cc 39, 40

- 07 Orphanage or home for dependent children
- 08 Home for unwed mothers

Resident treatment center for---

- 09 Alcoholics
- 10 Drug abusers

11 Other facility (specify)

- 31 Skilled Nursing Facility (certified under either Medicare or Medicaid)
- 32 Skilled Nursing Facility unit of a hospital
- 33 Nursing care unit of a retirement center
- 34 Sheltered or custodial care home (include homes for the aged)
- 35 Other type of nursing home

7a. What is the licensed bed capacity of this facility? _____ cc 41-44

(1) How many of these beds are certified for Medicaid as intermediate care beds? _____ cc 45-48

b. How many beds are currently set up and staffed for use (include only accommodations with supporting services, such as food, laundry, and housekeeping, for patients or residents who stay in excess of 24 hours)? _____ cc 49-52

8. Does this facility ACCEPT persons of all ages, including infants and children?

cc 53

1 Yes (Skip to question 9)

2 No

- a. What is the minimum age accepted? _____ cc 54, 55
- b. What is the maximum age accepted? _____ cc 56, 57

9. Does this facility accept---

cc 58

1 Males only?

2 Females only?

3 Both males and females?

10. Please enter below the number of residents or patients who stayed in this facility last night, by their age and sex.

Age	Male	Female
Under 21	cc 59-62	cc 83-86
21-44	cc 63-66	cc 87-90
45-64	cc 67-70	cc 91-94
65-74	cc 71-74	cc 95-98
75 and over	cc 75-78	cc 99-102
Total patients	cc 79-82	cc 103-106

- 11a. How many inpatient days of care (the sum of the daily patient census count from 1/1/75 through 12/31/75) were rendered in 1975? _____ ^{CARD 2} cc 11-17
- b. How many admissions were there during 1975? _____ cc 18-23
- c. How many discharges (including deaths) were there during 1975? _____ cc 24-29
- d. How many deaths were there during 1975? _____ cc 30-32

SECTION C – CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION (Confidential)

12. Please enter below the number of full-time and part-time employees who work in this facility. For each type of part-time employee, enter the total number of hours worked in this facility over the last seven days. (Full-time means 35 or more hours a week.) Include owners, managers, teaching staff, research workers, staff of outpatient facilities or extended care units, temporarily absent employees, trainees (if on the payroll), and members of religious orders whether paid or unpaid.

	Number of full-time staff (35+ hours a week)	Number of part-time staff (Under 35 hours a week)	Number of hours worked (over the last 7 days by all part-time employees)
Administrators and Assistant Administrators	cc 33-35	^{CARD 3} cc 11-13	^{CARD 4} cc 11-15
Physicians	cc 36-38	cc 14-16	cc 16-20
Dentists	cc 39-41	cc 17-19	cc 21-25
Registered Nurses	cc 42-44	cc 20-22	cc 26-30
LPN or Vocational Nurses	cc 45-47	cc 23-25	cc 31-35
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	cc 48-50	cc 26-28	cc 36-40
Licensed Pharmacists	cc 51-53	cc 29-31	cc 41-45
Dietitians and Dietetic Technicians	cc 54-56	cc 32-34	cc 46-50
Occupational Therapists	cc 57-59	cc 35-37	cc 51-55
Occupational Therapy Assistants and Aides	cc 60-62	cc 38-40	cc 56-60
Speech Pathologists and Audiologists	cc 63-65	cc 41-43	cc 61-65
Physical Therapists	cc 66-68	cc 44-46	cc 66-70
Physical Therapy Assistants and Aides	cc 69-71	cc 47-49	cc 71-75
Recreational Therapists	cc 72-74	cc 50-52	cc 76-80
Medical Social Workers	cc 75-77	cc 53-55	cc 81-85
All other health professional and technical personnel	cc 78-80	cc 56-58	cc 86-90
All non-health professional and technical personnel	cc 81-83	cc 59-61	cc 91-95
Total (all employees)	cc 84-87	cc 62-64	cc 96-100

SECTION D - FINANCES (Confidential)

13. Last month, what was your basic MONTHLY charge for a resident's lodging, meals, and routine care?
(Exclude charges for physician services, private duty nursing, therapy, drugs, special medical supplies, special diet, laboratory tests, and medical equipment.)

CARDS 5
Medicare patients - \$ _____ cc 11-14 or No Medicare patients
Medicaid patients - \$ _____ cc 15-18 or No Medicaid patients
All other patients - \$ _____ cc 19-22

14a. What were your facility's TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES for the 1975 calendar year?

\$ _____ cc 23-29

b. How much of these total 1975 expenses were:

(1) Payroll costs? \$ _____ cc 30-36

(2) Nonpayroll costs? (Include equipment rent, insurance, taxes and licenses, interest, depreciation, building and land rent, food, drugs, laundry, utilities, supplies and equipment, and all other miscellaneous expenses.)

\$ _____ cc 37-43

COMMENTS:

SECTION E- RESPONDENT
INFORMATION

Name and title of person completing form

Date completed

VITAL AND HEALTH STATISTICS Series

- Series 1. Programs and Collection Procedures.*—Reports which describe the general programs of the National Center for Health Statistics and its offices and divisions and data collection methods used and include definitions and other material necessary for understanding the data.
- Series 2. Data Evaluation and Methods Research.*—Studies of new statistical methodology including experimental tests of new survey methods, studies of vital statistics collection methods, new analytical techniques, objective evaluations of reliability of collected data, and contributions to statistical theory.
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For a list of titles of reports published in these series, write to:

Scientific and Technical Information Branch
National Center for Health Statistics
Public Health Service
Hyattsville, Md. 20782

DHEW Publication No. (PHS) 80-1818
Series 14-No. 23

NCHS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
Public Health Service
Office of Health Research, Statistics, and Technology
National Center for Health Statistics
3700 East West Highway
Hyattsville, Maryland 20782

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