Table A-9. Frequencies (in thousands) of work-loss days in the past 12 months among employed adults aged 18 and over, and mean numbers of work-loss days in the past 12 months per employed person (with standard errors); and frequencies (in thousands) of bed days in the past 12 months among all adults aged 18 and over, and mean numbers of bed days in the past 12 months per person (with standard errors), by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

| Selected characteristic | All employed adults aged 18 years and over | Work-loss days in the past 12 months among employed adults ${ }^{1}$ | Mean workloss days per employed adult ${ }^{1}$ | All adults aged 18 years and over | Bed days in the past 12 months among all adults ${ }^{1}$ | Mean bed days per adult ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 161,549 | 593,642 | 3.7 (0.15) | 239,688 | 989,666 | 4.2 (0.17) |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 84,868 | 297,380 | 3.5 (0.20) | 115,541 | 352,876 | 3.1 (0.17) |
| Female | 76,681 | 296,262 | 3.9 (0.22) | 124,148 | 636,791 | 5.2 (0.28) |
| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18-44 | 90,800 | 315,819 | 3.5 (0.20) | 112,149 | 340,305 | 3.0 (0.19) |
| 45-64 | 60,943 | 246,244 | 4.1 (0.25) | 82,605 | 424,476 | 5.2 (0.33) |
| 65-74 | 8,095 | 25,668 | 3.2 (0.46) | 26,362 | 116,151 | 4.4 (0.47) |
| 75 and over | 1,711 | *5,911 | *3.5 (1.17) | 18,573 | 108,734 | 6.0 (0.93) |
| Race |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| One race ${ }^{2}$ | 158,969 | 584,903 | 3.7 (0.15) | 235,831 | 970,106 | 4.1 (0.17) |
| White | 129,209 | 486,575 | 3.8 (0.18) | 190,462 | 792,648 | 4.2 (0.20) |
| Black or African American | 19,154 | 69,612 | 3.7 (0.29) | 29,355 | 135,445 | 4.6 (0.44) |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 1,203 | *6,369 | *5.3 (1.84) | 1,948 | *18,378 | *9.6 (3.11) |
| Asian | 9,209 | 22,081 | 2.4 (0.34) | 13,733 | 22,656 | 1.7 (0.18) |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 195 | *267 | *1.4 (0.57) | 333 | * | *2.9 (1.43) |
| Two or more races ${ }^{3}$ | 2,579 | 8,738 | 3.4 (0.54) | 3,858 | 19,561 | 5.2 (1.10) |
| Black or African American, white | 546 | 1,146 | 2.2 (0.51) | 760 | * | * |
| American Indian or Alaska Native, white | 905 | 3,096 | 3.5 (0.83) | 1,590 | 8,979 | 5.8 (1.31) |
| Hispanic or Latino origin ${ }^{4}$ and race |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic or Latino | 25,664 | 86,815 | 3.4 (0.30) | 36,571 | 132,226 | 3.6 (0.32) |
| Mexican or Mexican American | 15,840 | 53,014 | 3.4 (0.37) | 22,326 | 80,515 | 3.6 (0.44) |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 135,885 | 506,827 | 3.7 (0.17) | 203,117 | 857,441 | 4.3 (0.19) |
| White, single race | 105,896 | 407,452 | 3.9 (0.21) | 157,364 | 682,475 | 4.4 (0.23) |
| Black or African American, single race | 18,107 | 67,788 | 3.8 (0.31) | 27,875 | 131,956 | 4.8 (0.46) |
| Education ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than a high school diploma | 12,999 | 52,746 | 4.1 (0.48) | 27,612 | 185,693 | 6.8 (0.66) |
| High school diploma or GED ${ }^{6}$ | 31,307 | 135,643 | 4.4 (0.36) | 52,697 | 244,575 | 4.7 (0.34) |
| Some college | 41,683 | 178,661 | 4.3 (0.32) | 59,919 | 284,997 | 4.8 (0.32) |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 52,561 | 161,434 | 3.1 (0.22) | 67,940 | 187,176 | 2.8 (0.30) |

Table A-9. Frequencies (in thousands) of work-loss days in the past 12 months among employed adults aged 18 and over, and mean numbers of work-loss days in the past 12 months per employed person (with standard errors); and frequencies (in thousands) of bed days in the past 12 months among all adults aged 18 and over, and mean numbers of bed days in the past 12 months per person (with standard errors), by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

| Selected characteristic | All employed adults aged 18 years and over | Work-loss days in the past 12 months among employed adults ${ }^{1}$ | Mean workloss days per employed adult ${ }^{1}$ | All adults aged 18 years and over | Bed days in the past 12 months among all adults ${ }^{1}$ | Mean bed days per adult ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Family income ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$35,000 | 35,388 | 127,109 | 3.6 (0.23) | 69,793 | 453,258 | 6.6 (0.32) |
| \$35,000 or more | 110,892 | 414,669 | 3.7 (0.19) | 144,503 | 435,320 | 3.0 (0.21) |
| \$35,000-\$49,999 | 19,009 | 80,148 | 4.2 (0.51) | 28,044 | 121,919 | 4.4 (0.58) |
| \$50,000-\$74,999 | 25,795 | 98,878 | 3.8 (0.31) | 35,733 | 114,070 | 3.2 (0.36) |
| \$75,000-\$99,999 | 21,546 | 85,206 | 4.0 (0.43) | 27,053 | 70,604 | 2.6 (0.26) |
| \$100,000 or more | 44,543 | 150,437 | 3.4 (0.30) | 53,673 | 128,727 | 2.4 (0.36) |
| Poverty status ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poor | 15,198 | 53,343 | 3.5 (0.38) | 31,383 | 234,262 | 7.6 (0.57) |
| Near poor | 24,555 | 96,282 | 3.9 (0.42) | 42,675 | 253,303 | 6.0 (0.51) |
| Not poor | 114,033 | 419,329 | 3.7 (0.18) | 152,199 | 443,576 | 2.9 (0.18) |
| Health insurance coverage ${ }^{9}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 65: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private | 111,849 | 421,635 | 3.8 (0.19) | 129,666 | 343,591 | 2.7 (0.20) |
| Medicaid | 11,242 | 52,615 | 4.7 (0.59) | 23,239 | 206,508 | 9.0 (0.65) |
| Other | 3,926 | *15,828 | *4.0 (1.65) | 9,095 | 100,956 | 11.3 (1.22) |
| Uninsured | 23,826 | 68,958 | 2.9 (0.28) | 31,587 | 110,273 | 3.5 (0.44) |
| 65 and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private | 5,955 | 22,068 | 3.7 (0.60) | 22,525 | 85,342 | 3.8 (0.55) |
| Medicare and Medicaid | 189 | * | * | 2,951 | 34,776 | 12.1 (2.42) |
| Medicare only | 2,923 | 6,725 | 2.3 (0.55) | 15,536 | 79,283 | 5.2 (0.94) |
| Other | 606 | * | * | 3,513 | 24,273 | 7.1 (1.49) |
| Uninsured | 100 | * | *2.4 (1.07) | 313 | *1,027 | *3.3 (1.00) |
| Marital status |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married | 87,991 | 320,534 | 3.7 (0.23) | 126,926 | 443,752 | 3.5 (0.25) |
| Widowed | 3,123 | 10,413 | 3.4 (0.53) | 14,312 | 85,455 | 6.1 (0.81) |
| Divorced or separated | 17,279 | 85,902 | 5.0 (0.34) | 26,802 | 196,137 | 7.4 (0.48) |
| Never married | 38,793 | 121,916 | 3.2 (0.24) | 53,788 | 197,522 | 3.7 (0.31) |
| Living with a partner | 14,106 | 54,530 | 3.9 (0.46) | 17,497 | 66,059 | 3.8 (0.45) |
| Place of residence ${ }^{10}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Large MSA | 90,492 | 321,577 | 3.6 (0.19) | 130,402 | 476,003 | 3.7 (0.20) |
| Small MSA | 49,621 | 191,810 | 3.9 (0.30) | 73,885 | 352,140 | 4.8 (0.41) |
| Not in MSA | 21,436 | 80,254 | 3.8 (0.39) | 35,402 | 161,524 | 4.6 (0.34) |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 27,829 | 108,994 | 3.9 (0.38) | 41,490 | 172,165 | 4.2 (0.52) |
| Midwest | 38,917 | 159,104 | 4.1 (0.42) | 55,095 | 249,252 | 4.6 (0.40) |
| South | 58,001 | 203,887 | 3.5 (0.22) | 89,270 | 354,415 | 4.0 (0.27) |
| West | 36,802 | 121,657 | 3.3 (0.19) | 53,834 | 213,834 | 4.0 (0.27) |

Table A-9. Frequencies (in thousands) of work-loss days in the past 12 months among employed adults aged 18 and over, and mean numbers of work-loss days in the past 12 months per employed person (with standard errors); and frequencies (in thousands) of bed days in the past 12 months among all adults aged 18 and over, and mean numbers of bed days in the past 12 months per person (with standard errors), by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

| Selected characteristic | All employed adults aged 18 years and over | Work-loss days in the past 12 months among employed adults ${ }^{1}$ | Mean workloss days per employed adult $^{1}$ | All adults aged 18 years and over | Bed days in the past 12 months among all adults ${ }^{1}$ | Mean bed days per adult ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hispanic or Latino origin ${ }^{4}$, race, and sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic or Latino, male | 14,786 | 45,308 | 3.1 (0.37) | 18,309 | 51,553 | 2.8 (0.41) |
| Hispanic or Latina, female | 10,878 | 41,507 | 3.8 (0.46) | 18,262 | 80,673 | 4.4 (0.47) |
| Not Hispanic or Latino: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, single race, male | 55,404 | 204,850 | 3.7 (0.27) | 76,277 | 244,406 | 3.2 (0.23) |
| White, single race, female | 50,492 | 202,602 | 4.0 (0.31) | 81,087 | 438,069 | 5.4 (0.38) |
| Black or African American, single race, male | 8,574 | 29,525 | 3.5 (0.51) | 12,626 | 42,517 | 3.4 (0.51) |
| Black or African American, single race, female | 9,533 | 38,264 | 4.0 (0.37) | 15,249 | 89,439 | 5.9 (0.72) |

* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than $30 \%$ and less than or equal to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than $50 \%$.
- Quantity zero.
${ }^{1}$ Respondents who had worked during the past year were asked, "During the past 12 months, about how many days did you miss work at a job or business because of illness or injury (do not include maternity leave)?" In addition, all respondents were asked, "During the past 12 months, about how many days did illness or injury keep you in the bed more than half of the day (include days while an overnight patient in a hospital)?"
${ }^{2}$ Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.
${ }^{3}$ Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.
${ }^{4}$ Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.
${ }^{5}$ Shown only for adults aged 25 and over.
${ }^{6}$ GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.
${ }^{7}$ Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.
${ }^{8}$ "Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of $100 \%$ to less than $200 \%$ of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are $200 \%$ of the poverty threshold or greater.
${ }^{9}$ Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Adults with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes adults who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.
${ }^{10}$ MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population size of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population size of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.
NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on data from the Sample Adult file and was weighted using the Sample Adult weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating means, but they are included in the "All employed adults aged 18 and over" and "All adults aged 18 and over" columns. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm). Suggested citation: Blackwell DL, Lucas JW. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: 2014 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm.
SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014

