

Healthy People 2010 Operational Definition

25-13. Increase the proportion of Tribal, State, and local sexually transmitted disease programs that routinely offer hepatitis B vaccines to all STD clients.

National Data Source	Survey of STD Programs, National Coalition of STD Directors (NCSD).
State Data Source	Survey of STD Programs, National Coalition of STD Directors (NCSD).
Healthy People 2000 Objective	Not applicable.
Changes since the 2000 Publication	None.
Measure	Percent.
Baseline (Year)	5 (1998)
Target	90
Target-Setting Method	85 percentage point improvement. For a discussion of target-setting methods, see Part A, section 4.
Numerator	Number of State and local STD clinics that reported all clients are eligible to receive the hepatitis B vaccine.
Denominator	Number of STD programs (free-standing facilities with the capacity to diagnose and treat STDs).
Questions Used to Obtain the National Baseline Data	From the 1998 Survey of STD Programs: ➤ <i>Who is eligible for the hepatitis B vaccine in STD clinics?</i>
Expected Periodicity	Periodic.
Comments	This measure tracks the proportion of programs that offer hepatitis B vaccines to clients in accordance with CDC guidelines. ¹ The numerator is the number of facilities that report

“hepatitis vaccines are offered to all clients” to the question listed above.

The Survey of STD Programs is a national convenience sample of free-standing facilities with the capacity to diagnose and treat STDs.

Data for Tribes are developmental. The proposed national data source is the Indian Health Service (IHS).

See Appendix A for focus area contact information.

References

1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Hepatitis B virus: A comprehensive strategy for eliminating transmission in the United States through universal childhood vaccination: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* 40(RR-13):1-20, 1991.