

Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Provisional Data from the National Health Interview Survey: United States, January–June 1985

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The National Center for Health Statistics included the topic of health promotion and disease prevention as part of the 1985 National Health Interview Survey. This report presents provisional findings from the first 6 months of data collection on that topic. Provisional findings from the first 3 months of data collection have been previously published.¹

The 1985 Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Survey was designed to monitor progress toward one of the major initiatives of the Department of Health and Human Services. This initiative is described in the 1979 Surgeon General's Report on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, *Healthy People*.² In that report, broad goals were established for the improvement of the health of Americans. The 1980 Public Health Service report, *Promoting Health/Preventing Disease: Objectives for the Nation*,³ details specific objectives necessary for attainment of those goals in each of 15 priority areas. The target date for achieving the objectives is 1990. This 1985 questionnaire will be used for data collection again in 1990 for the purpose of monitoring progress achieved in the intervening 5 years.

The 1985 Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Survey is devoted primarily to the collection of baseline data on the following topics: general health (including nutrition), injury control and child health, high blood pressure, stress, exercise, smoking, alcohol use, dental care, and occupational safety and health. Those topics were selected after consultation with the Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (Assistant Secretary for Health) as well as with the agencies designated by the Assistant Secretary for Health as having "lead" responsibility for implementing and monitoring progress toward achieving the 1990 objectives. Within each agency, subject matter experts also were consulted during the development of the questionnaire.

The report presents estimated percents or percent distributions for all persons 18 years of age and over and for four age groups and both sexes. Generally, except for the questions on knowledge of health practices where "don't know" is a legitimate response, "don't know" and other inappropriate responses were excluded from the denominator in the calculation of the estimates. In most cases, the actual question asked of the respondent is shown along with the response categories. In a few cases, there has been minor paraphrasing or combining of questions. Each question is referenced to the item number on the questionnaire.

In general, the items in the questionnaire are about either individual health behaviors or knowledge of health practices. Most of the questions on knowledge of health practices have answers that are currently presumed correct and are indicated in bold type (question U.4 has 2 correct answers). For some questions, references are provided for selected publications that present related data from previous data collection by the National Center for Health Statistics.

¹National Center for Health Statistics, Provisional Data from the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Supplement to the National Health Interview Survey: United States, January–March 1985, *Advance Data From Vital and Health Statistics*. No. 113. DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 86-1250. Public Health Service, Hyattsville, Md., Nov. 15, 1985.

²Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health and Surgeon General: *Healthy People—The Surgeon General's Report on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention—Background Papers, 1979*. DHEW Pub. No. (PHS) 79-55071A.

³U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service: *Promoting Health/Preventing Disease: Objectives for the Nation*. Washington. U.S. Government Printing Office, 1980.

Selected findings

- *General health habits:* Most adults eat breakfast almost every day (55 percent), get 7–8 hours of sleep each night (66 percent), and have a usual place to go for health care (77 percent).
- *Weight:* Males are more likely to consider their weight “just about right” than are females (55 percent versus 42 percent). However, about one-quarter of males and one-half of females are trying to lose weight, largely by eating fewer calories and/or increasing physical activity.
- *Preventive exams for females:* About one-half of females have had a Pap smear test (45 percent) and/or breast examination (50 percent) by a health professional within less than 1 year. The majority of women (88 percent) know how to examine their own breasts for lumps, but only one-third do so more than 6 times a year.
- *Seat belts:* Only about one-third of adults wear seat belts most of the time when in an automobile. Almost one-half of the adults with children under 5 years of age have been advised by health professionals about the importance of using child safety seats.
- *Home safety:* About two-fifths of homes do not have a working smoke detector. Most adults do not know the temperature of the hot water in the home (65 percent), and most adults do not know the temperature above which scald injuries will occur.
- *High blood pressure:* Three-quarters (74 percent) of adults have had their blood pressure taken by health professionals within the past year. Women are more likely than men to have their blood pressure taken and persons over 65 years more likely than persons in other age groups. The large majority of adults (80 percent or higher) are aware of three of the four principal risk factors associated with heart disease (smoking, cholesterol, and high blood pressure). Only about 60 percent are aware that diabetes is also a principal risk factor.
- *Stress:* One-half of adults reported experiencing at least a moderate amount of stress during the 2 weeks preceding the interview, with the lowest percent for the elderly (27 percent). In addition, almost one-half of the adults felt that stress had had some effect on their health in the past year.
- *Exercise:* Less than one-half (42 percent) of the adult population exercise on a regular basis and only one-quarter have done so for 5 or more years. A higher percent of adults in the younger than the older age groups engage in regular exercise. However, over four-fifths of adults consider themselves as active or more active than other persons of the same age. The majority are not knowledgeable regarding the specific requirements for exercise to strengthen the heart and lungs (frequency and duration of exercise and heart and breathing rate during exercise).
- *Cigarette smoking:* Although a continuation of the downward trend in cigarette smoking has been occurring since the 1964 Surgeon General’s Report on Smoking and Health, almost one-third of adults still smoke (33 percent for males and 28 percent for females). The majority of adults (80 percent or higher) are aware of the major conditions associated with smoking (emphysema, chronic bronchitis, and cancer of the lung, larynx, and esophagus). The exception is bladder cancer, which only about one-third associate with smoking.
- *Alcohol use:* With the exception of cirrhosis of the liver, the adult population appears less knowledgeable about the effects of alcohol on health than the effects of smoking. Whereas 95 percent felt that heavy alcohol consumption increased the chances of getting cirrhosis of the liver, only about one-third recognized the association between heavy alcohol use and cancers of the throat (39 percent) and mouth (31 percent). Eight percent of adults were classified as heavier drinkers (2 or more drinks per day), 21 percent as moderate drinkers, and 24 percent as lighter drinkers (3 drinks or less per week). Twelve percent of adults admitted to driving at least once in the last year when they perhaps had had too much to drink and almost a quarter of young adults admitted to doing so.
- *Dental care:* Almost all persons are knowledgeable about the major preventive factors relative to tooth decay and gum disease. However, only 57 percent recognize tooth decay as the main cause of tooth loss in children and only 54 percent view gum disease as the main cause of tooth loss in adults.

Symbols

- ... Category not applicable
 - 0 Quantity more than zero but 0.5 or less
-

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| | Total..... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | GENERAL HEALTH HABITS | | | | | | | |
| N.1. | How often do you eat breakfast? ¹ | | | | | | | |
| | Almost every day..... | 55 | 41 | 46 | 62 | 87 | 54 | 56 |
| | Sometimes..... | 20 | 27 | 23 | 17 | 6 | 20 | 19 |
| | Rarely or never..... | 25 | 32 | 31 | 21 | 8 | 26 | 24 |
| N.2. | Including evening snacks, how often do you eat between meals? ¹ | | | | | | | |
| | Almost every day..... | 39 | 42 | 41 | 37 | 30 | 40 | 37 |
| | Sometimes..... | 32 | 37 | 33 | 29 | 26 | 29 | 34 |
| | Rarely or never..... | 29 | 21 | 26 | 34 | 44 | 30 | 29 |
| N.3. | When you visit a doctor or other health professional for routine care, is eating proper foods discussed? | | | | | | | |
| | Often..... | 10 | 8 | 8 | 13 | 11 | 8 | 11 |
| | Sometimes..... | 16 | 17 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 14 | 18 |
| | Rarely or never..... | 64 | 65 | 67 | 61 | 63 | 64 | 65 |
| | Don't visit for routine care..... | 10 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 6 |
| N.5. | In your opinion which of these are the two best ways to lose weight? | | | | | | | |
| | Don't eat at bedtime..... | 29 | 29 | 26 | 30 | 31 | 31 | 27 |
| | Eat fewer calories..... | 74 | 70 | 76 | 77 | 72 | 69 | 79 |
| | Take diet pills..... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| | Increase physical activity..... | 73 | 83 | 81 | 67 | 53 | 74 | 73 |
| | Eat no fat..... | 11 | 7 | 7 | 12 | 20 | 12 | 10 |
| | Eat grapefruit with each meal..... | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| | Don't know..... | 7 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 17 | 9 | 5 |
| N.6. | Are you now trying to lose weight? ² (Yes)..... | 37 | 35 | 42 | 41 | 26 | 27 | 46 |
| N.7. | Are you eating fewer calories to lose weight? ² (Persons trying to lose weight (yes) in N.6) (Yes)..... | 82 | 77 | 83 | 86 | 81 | 77 | 85 |
| N.8. | Have you increased your physical activity to lose weight? ² (Persons trying to lose weight (yes) in N.6) (Yes)..... | 60 | 74 | 63 | 51 | 40 | 62 | 59 |
| N.9. | Do you consider yourself overweight, underweight, or just about right? (If overweight) Would you say you are very overweight, somewhat overweight, or only a little overweight? ^{2,3} | | | | | | | |
| | Very overweight..... | 8 | 5 | 9 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 12 |
| | Somewhat overweight..... | 17 | 13 | 19 | 21 | 14 | 13 | 21 |
| | Only a little overweight..... | 21 | 18 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 20 | 22 |
| | About right..... | 48 | 56 | 45 | 41 | 52 | 55 | 42 |
| | Underweight..... | 6 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 4 |
| N.10. | On the average, how many hours of sleep do you get in a 24-hour period? ¹ | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 7 hours..... | 22 | 21 | 25 | 22 | 21 | 23 | 22 |
| | 7-8 hours..... | 66 | 65 | 68 | 68 | 58 | 66 | 65 |
| | 9 or more hours..... | 12 | 14 | 7 | 10 | 21 | 11 | 13 |
| N.11. | Is there a particular clinic, health center, doctor's office, or other place that you usually go to if you are sick or need advice about your health? ⁴ (Yes)..... | 77 | 69 | 75 | 82 | 87 | 70 | 83 |
| N.15. | About how long has it been since you had a Pap smear test? ⁵ (Females only) | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 1 year..... | 45 | 61 | 50 | 36 | 24 | ... | 45 |
| | 1 year..... | 17 | 16 | 22 | 17 | 13 | ... | 17 |
| | 2 years..... | 10 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 12 | ... | 10 |
| | 3-4 years..... | 8 | 4 | 9 | 10 | 10 | ... | 8 |
| | 5 or more years..... | 12 | 2 | 8 | 19 | 25 | ... | 12 |
| | Never..... | 7 | 11 | 2 | 4 | 15 | ... | 7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|--|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| GENERAL HEALTH HABITS--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| N.16a. | About how long has it been since you had a breast examination by a doctor or other health professional? ⁵ (Females only) | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 1 year..... | 50 | 61 | 51 | 44 | 38 | ... | 50 |
| | 1 year..... | 18 | 16 | 21 | 17 | 14 | ... | 18 |
| | 2 years..... | 10 | 7 | 10 | 12 | 11 | ... | 10 |
| | 3-4 years..... | 7 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 8 | ... | 7 |
| | 5 or more years..... | 8 | 2 | 7 | 13 | 14 | ... | 8 |
| | Never..... | 7 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 15 | ... | 7 |
| N.16b. | Do you know how to examine your own breasts for lumps? (Females only) (Yes)..... | 88 | 87 | 92 | 90 | 79 | ... | 88 |
| N.16c. | About how many times a year do you examine your own breasts for lumps? (Females only) | | | | | | | |
| | 12 or more times..... | 32 | 27 | 34 | 37 | 30 | ... | 32 |
| | 7-11 times..... | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | ... | 2 |
| | 2-6 times..... | 35 | 37 | 39 | 33 | 25 | ... | 35 |
| | Once a year..... | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | ... | 4 |
| | Never..... | 14 | 16 | 10 | 13 | 16 | ... | 14 |
| | Don't know how to examine own breast..... | 12 | 13 | 8 | 10 | 21 | ... | 12 |
| INJURY CONTROL AND CHILD SAFETY AND HEALTH | | | | | | | | |
| 0.1a. | Have you ever heard about Poison Control Centers? (Persons in families with children under 10 years of age) (Yes)..... | 89 | 88 | 92 | 80 | 64 | 87 | 91 |
| 0.1b. | Do you have the telephone number for a Poison Control Center in your area? (Persons in families with children under 10 years of age) (Yes)..... | 60 | 56 | 67 | 45 | 21 | 58 | 62 |
| 0.3. | Have you heard about child safety seats, sometimes called car safety carriers, which are designed to carry children while they are riding in a car? (Persons in families with children under 5 years of age) (Yes)..... | 99 | 99 | 99 | 96 | 95 | 98 | 99 |
| 0.4. | Did a doctor or other health professional ever tell you about the importance of using car safety seats for your children? (Persons in families with children under 5 years of age) (Yes).... | 47 | 51 | 44 | 36 | 29 | 40 | 52 |
| 0.10. | When driving or riding in a car, do you wear a seat belt ³ -- | | | | | | | |
| | All or most of the time..... | 32 | 31 | 36 | 30 | 29 | 31 | 33 |
| | Some of the time..... | 17 | 18 | 18 | 17 | 15 | 16 | 18 |
| | Once in awhile..... | 15 | 16 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 |
| | Never..... | 35 | 34 | 32 | 37 | 41 | 37 | 34 |
| | Don't ride in car..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | Does this home have any working smoke detectors? (Based on Items 0.11a.-c.) (Yes)..... | 59 | 57 | 64 | 59 | 54 | 59 | 59 |
| 0.12a. | Do you know about what the hot water temperature is in this home? (Yes)..... | 35 | 24 | 39 | 43 | 33 | 46 | 25 |
| 0.13. | In the past 12 months, have you (or has anyone in your household) used a thermometer to test the temperature of the hot water here? (Yes)..... | 4 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| 0.14. | Above what temperature will hot water cause scald injuries? | | | | | | | |
| | 127 degrees or less..... | 14 | 20 | 17 | 10 | 5 | 17 | 12 |
| | 128-139 degrees (can produce burns in less than a minute)..... | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| | 140 degrees or above (can produce burns in 5 seconds or less)... | 20 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 19 | 30 | 11 |
| | Don't know..... | 63 | 62 | 60 | 62 | 74 | 50 | 75 |

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| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| | HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| P.1. | I am going to read a list of things which may or may not affect a person's chances of getting heart disease. After I read each one, tell me if you think it definitely increases, probably increases, probably does not, or definitely does not increase a person's chances of getting heart disease. | | | | | | | |
| | Cigarette smoking | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 91 | 94 | 93 | 89 | 83 | 90 | 91 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 67 | 70 | 71 | 65 | 59 | 67 | 67 |
| | Probably increases..... | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| | Does not increase..... | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 6 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 12 | 6 | 6 |
| | Worry or anxiety | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 85 | 82 | 88 | 86 | 80 | 83 | 86 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 38 | 31 | 42 | 43 | 37 | 37 | 39 |
| | Probably increases..... | 46 | 51 | 45 | 43 | 43 | 46 | 46 |
| | Does not increase..... | 8 | 12 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 8 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 6 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 6 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 7 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 14 | 8 | 7 |
| | High blood pressure | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 92 | 93 | 94 | 92 | 84 | 92 | 92 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 69 | 70 | 73 | 69 | 58 | 68 | 69 |
| | Probably increases..... | 23 | 24 | 21 | 23 | 26 | 23 | 23 |
| | Does not increase..... | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 6 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 13 | 5 | 6 |
| | Diabetes | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 60 | 66 | 64 | 58 | 48 | 60 | 60 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 31 | 32 | 34 | 31 | 24 | 31 | 30 |
| | Probably increases..... | 30 | 34 | 31 | 27 | 24 | 29 | 30 |
| | Does not increase..... | 10 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 10 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 7 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 7 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 29 | 24 | 25 | 32 | 43 | 29 | 29 |
| | Being very overweight | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 94 | 95 | 96 | 94 | 87 | 93 | 94 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 70 | 73 | 74 | 71 | 60 | 69 | 71 |
| | Probably increases..... | 23 | 22 | 22 | 24 | 27 | 24 | 23 |
| | Does not increase..... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 4 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 4 |
| | Overwork | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 71 | 77 | 78 | 66 | 57 | 68 | 74 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 31 | 32 | 34 | 30 | 25 | 28 | 33 |
| | Probably increases..... | 40 | 46 | 44 | 36 | 32 | 40 | 41 |
| | Does not increase..... | 19 | 16 | 15 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 16 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 13 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 11 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 6 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 5 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 9 | 6 | 7 | 10 | 19 | 9 | 9 |
| | Drinking coffee with caffeine | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 50 | 53 | 53 | 50 | 41 | 47 | 53 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 12 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 13 |
| | Probably increases..... | 38 | 42 | 41 | 36 | 30 | 37 | 40 |
| | Does not increase..... | 30 | 31 | 29 | 30 | 28 | 33 | 27 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 23 | 25 | 24 | 21 | 18 | 25 | 21 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 7 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 6 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 20 | 16 | 18 | 21 | 31 | 20 | 20 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| | HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE--Con. | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| P.1. | I am going to read a list of things which may or may not affect a person's chances of getting heart disease. After I read each one, tell me if you think it definitely increases, probably increases, probably does not, or definitely does not increase a person's chances of getting heart disease.--Con. | | | | | | | |
| | Eating a diet high in animal fat | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 80 | 77 | 82 | 83 | 76 | 77 | 82 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 41 | 36 | 42 | 44 | 40 | 37 | 44 |
| | Probably increases..... | 39 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 36 | 40 | 39 |
| | Does not increase..... | 8 | 10 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 6 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 6 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 5 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 12 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 18 | 13 | 12 |
| | Family history of heart disease | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 83 | 86 | 86 | 83 | 70 | 80 | 86 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 49 | 48 | 54 | 51 | 39 | 45 | 53 |
| | Probably increases..... | 34 | 39 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 35 | 33 |
| | Does not increase..... | 8 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 6 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 3 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 2 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 9 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 19 | 10 | 9 |
| | High cholesterol | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 87 | 89 | 89 | 87 | 76 | 85 | 88 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 54 | 52 | 56 | 57 | 47 | 51 | 56 |
| | Probably increases..... | 33 | 37 | 33 | 30 | 29 | 34 | 32 |
| | Does not increase..... | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 3 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 9 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 18 | 9 | 9 |
| P.2. | The following conditions are related to having a stroke. In your opinion, which of these conditions most increases a person's chances of having a stroke? | | | | | | | |
| | Diabetes..... | 4 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| | High blood pressure..... | 77 | 74 | 80 | 80 | 75 | 75 | 79 |
| | High cholesterol..... | 12 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 11 |
| | Don't know..... | 6 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 7 | 6 |
| P.3. | Which one of the following substances in food is most often associated with high blood pressure? | | | | | | | |
| | Sodium (or salt)..... | 59 | 57 | 64 | 60 | 49 | 56 | 61 |
| | Cholesterol..... | 25 | 27 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 25 |
| | Sugar..... | 9 | 11 | 7 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 7 |
| | Don't know..... | 8 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 15 | 8 | 8 |
| P.12a. | About how long has it been since you last had your blood pressure taken by a doctor or other health professional? ^{2,3} | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 6 months..... | 56 | 50 | 49 | 59 | 72 | 50 | 61 |
| | 6-11 months..... | 18 | 21 | 20 | 15 | 13 | 17 | 18 |
| | 12 months to 23 months..... | 14 | 15 | 16 | 13 | 7 | 16 | 12 |
| | 24 months and over..... | 13 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 8 | 16 | 10 |
| P.12b. | Blood pressure is usually given as one number over another. Were you told what your blood pressure was, in numbers? (Persons with blood pressure checked within 24 months in 12a) (Yes)..... | 70 | 67 | 71 | 71 | 68 | 72 | 68 |
| P.14. | Have you ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that you had high cholesterol? (Yes)..... | 5 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 11 | 5 | 5 |

See footnotes at end of table.

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(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| STRESS | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| Q.1. | During the past 2 weeks, would you say that you experienced a lot of stress, a moderate amount of stress, relatively little stress, or almost no stress at all? | | | | | | | |
| | A lot of stress..... | 20 | 23 | 24 | 18 | 11 | 18 | 22 |
| | A moderate amount of stress..... | 31 | 34 | 38 | 30 | 16 | 33 | 30 |
| | Relatively little stress..... | 22 | 24 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 22 | 22 |
| | Almost none..... | 25 | 18 | 17 | 28 | 46 | 26 | 24 |
| | Don't know what stress is..... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Q.2. | In the past year, how much effect has stress had on your health? | | | | | | | |
| | A lot..... | 13 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 9 | 10 | 17 |
| | Some..... | 31 | 34 | 34 | 28 | 21 | 29 | 32 |
| | Hardly any or none..... | 54 | 53 | 49 | 55 | 65 | 60 | 49 |
| | Don't know what stress is..... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Q.3a. | In the past year, did you think about seeking help for any personal or emotional problems from family or friends? (Yes)..... | 16 | 23 | 21 | 10 | 4 | 12 | 20 |
| Q.3b. | In the past year, did you think about seeking help for any personal or emotional problems from a helping professional or a self-help group? (Yes)..... | 12 | 14 | 17 | 9 | 4 | 9 | 14 |
| Q.4. | Did you actually seek any help? (Yes) From whom did you seek help? | | | | | | | |
| | Family or friends..... | 8 | 12 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 10 |
| | Professional or self help group..... | 7 | 7 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 9 |
| EXERCISE | | | | | | | | |
| R.2a. | In the past 2 weeks, have you done any of the following exercises, sports, or physically active hobbies ⁶ -- | | | | | | | |
| | Walking for exercise..... | 43 | 46 | 42 | 43 | 42 | 39 | 47 |
| | Jogging or running..... | 12 | 24 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 15 | 9 |
| | Calisthenics or general exercise..... | 25 | 38 | 28 | 17 | 11 | 25 | 25 |
| | Biking..... | 11 | 16 | 13 | 8 | 5 | 11 | 11 |
| | Swimming or water exercises..... | 9 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 10 | 8 |
| R.3. | Do you exercise or play sports regularly? (Yes)..... | 42 | 55 | 45 | 32 | 28 | 44 | 39 |
| R.4. | For how long have you exercised or played sports regularly? | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 1 year..... | 6 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| | 1-2 years..... | 6 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 7 |
| | 3-4 years..... | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| | 5 or more years..... | 26 | 35 | 26 | 19 | 18 | 32 | 20 |
| | Do not exercise regularly..... | 58 | 45 | 55 | 68 | 72 | 56 | 61 |
| R.5a. | Would you say that you are physically more active, less active, or about as active as other persons your age ^{1,3} Is that (a lot more or a little more/a lot less or a little less) active? | | | | | | | |
| | A lot more..... | 18 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 22 | 21 | 15 |
| | A little more..... | 15 | 14 | 16 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 14 |
| | About as active..... | 49 | 50 | 47 | 49 | 47 | 47 | 50 |
| | A lot less..... | 6 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 7 |
| | A little less..... | 12 | 15 | 14 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 14 |
| R.7a. | How many days a week do you think a person should exercise to strengthen the heart and lungs? | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 3 days..... | 6 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 5 |
| | 3-4 days..... | 40 | 52 | 50 | 31 | 16 | 41 | 39 |
| | 5 days or more..... | 38 | 34 | 34 | 44 | 46 | 37 | 39 |
| | Don't know..... | 16 | 6 | 10 | 21 | 35 | 15 | 16 |
| R.7b. | For how many minutes do you think a person should exercise on each occasion so that the heart and lungs are strengthened? | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 15 minutes..... | 6 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 7 |
| | 15 to 25 minutes..... | 23 | 22 | 26 | 24 | 20 | 21 | 25 |
| | More than 25 minutes..... | 52 | 67 | 58 | 43 | 27 | 55 | 49 |
| | Don't know..... | 19 | 8 | 12 | 26 | 44 | 19 | 20 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| EXERCISE--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| R.7c. | During those (number in 7b) minutes, how fast do you think a person's heart rate and breathing should be to strengthen the heart and lungs? Do you think that the heart and breathing rate should be-- | | | | | | | |
| | No faster than usual..... | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 4 |
| | A little faster than usual..... | 45 | 46 | 42 | 45 | 45 | 44 | 46 |
| | A lot faster but talking is possible..... | 35 | 44 | 45 | 29 | 11 | 37 | 33 |
| | So fast that talking is not possible..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know..... | 16 | 6 | 10 | 22 | 36 | 15 | 16 |
| SMOKING | | | | | | | | |
| | Cigarette smoking status (Based on Items S.1-3) | | | | | | | |
| | Never..... | 45 | 55 | 41 | 37 | 49 | 35 | 54 |
| | Former..... | 24 | 13 | 24 | 30 | 35 | 31 | 18 |
| | Current (includes unknown amount smoked)..... | 31 | 32 | 35 | 33 | 16 | 33 | 28 |
| | Less than 15..... | 10 | 12 | 9 | 9 | 6 | 9 | 10 |
| | 15-24..... | 13 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 7 | 13 | 12 |
| | 25 and over..... | 8 | 5 | 12 | 10 | 3 | 10 | 6 |
| S.3. | On the average, about how many cigarettes a day do you now smoke? (Current smokers) | | | | | | | |
| | Less than 15..... | 32 | 40 | 27 | 28 | 38 | 28 | 37 |
| | 15-24..... | 41 | 44 | 39 | 41 | 45 | 41 | 42 |
| | 25 and over..... | 27 | 17 | 34 | 30 | 17 | 31 | 21 |
| S.4. | Tell me if you think cigarette smoking definitely increases, probably increases, probably does not, or definitely does not increase a person's chances of getting the following problems? | | | | | | | |
| | Emphysema | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 91 | 90 | 94 | 92 | 87 | 91 | 92 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 74 | 71 | 78 | 75 | 71 | 71 | 77 |
| | Probably increases..... | 17 | 19 | 16 | 17 | 16 | 19 | 15 |
| | Does not increase..... | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 7 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 7 |
| | Bladder cancer | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 35 | 42 | 33 | 34 | 31 | 36 | 34 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 12 | 13 | 11 | 13 | 11 | 13 | 11 |
| | Probably increases..... | 23 | 29 | 22 | 21 | 19 | 23 | 24 |
| | Does not increase..... | 25 | 29 | 30 | 21 | 14 | 25 | 25 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 17 | 22 | 21 | 13 | 8 | 17 | 18 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 8 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 8 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 40 | 29 | 37 | 45 | 56 | 39 | 40 |
| | Cancer of the larynx or voice box | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 88 | 91 | 92 | 86 | 76 | 87 | 89 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 56 | 61 | 60 | 54 | 47 | 54 | 58 |
| | Probably increases..... | 31 | 30 | 32 | 33 | 30 | 32 | 30 |
| | Does not increase..... | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 9 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 20 | 9 | 9 |
| | Cataracts | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 15 | 20 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 16 | 14 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 4 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| | Probably increases..... | 11 | 15 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 12 | 11 |
| | Does not increase..... | 42 | 46 | 48 | 38 | 29 | 42 | 41 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 21 | 27 | 23 | 17 | 13 | 21 | 21 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 21 | 19 | 25 | 21 | 16 | 21 | 21 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 43 | 34 | 38 | 50 | 60 | 42 | 44 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| SMOKING--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| S.4. | Tell me if you think cigarette smoking definitely increases, probably increases, probably does not, or definitely does not increase a person's chances of getting the following problems?--Con. | | | | | | | |
| | Cancer of the esophagus | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 80 | 84 | 83 | 77 | 69 | 78 | 81 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 43 | 46 | 46 | 40 | 36 | 42 | 44 |
| | Probably increases..... | 37 | 38 | 37 | 37 | 33 | 37 | 37 |
| | Does not increase..... | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 14 | 10 | 11 | 16 | 25 | 15 | 14 |
| | Chronic bronchitis | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 86 | 89 | 89 | 85 | 76 | 85 | 87 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 54 | 57 | 58 | 53 | 44 | 52 | 56 |
| | Probably increases..... | 32 | 33 | 31 | 33 | 32 | 33 | 31 |
| | Does not increase..... | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 9 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 19 | 10 | 9 |
| | Gallstones | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 11 | 15 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 11 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | Probably increases..... | 8 | 12 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 8 |
| | Does not increase..... | 45 | 50 | 52 | 42 | 32 | 47 | 44 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 22 | 27 | 24 | 18 | 13 | 22 | 21 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 24 | 22 | 27 | 24 | 20 | 25 | 23 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 44 | 35 | 39 | 49 | 59 | 42 | 45 |
| | Lung cancer | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 95 | 98 | 97 | 93 | 88 | 94 | 95 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 80 | 87 | 82 | 75 | 72 | 78 | 82 |
| | Probably increases..... | 15 | 11 | 15 | 17 | 16 | 16 | 13 |
| | Does not increase..... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 4 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 4 |
| S.4. | Does cigarette smoking during pregnancy definitely increase, probably increase, probably not or definitely not increase the chances of--(Persons under 45 years of age) | | | | | | | |
| | Miscarriage | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 73 | 77 | 70 | ... | ... | 73 | 74 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 34 | 36 | 31 | ... | ... | 33 | 35 |
| | Probably increases..... | 40 | 41 | 38 | ... | ... | 40 | 39 |
| | Does not increase..... | 13 | 12 | 13 | ... | ... | 10 | 15 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 10 | 9 | 10 | ... | ... | 9 | 10 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 3 | 3 | 3 | ... | ... | 2 | 4 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 14 | 11 | 17 | ... | ... | 17 | 11 |
| | Stillbirth | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 65 | 69 | 60 | ... | ... | 63 | 66 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 27 | 29 | 25 | ... | ... | 26 | 29 |
| | Probably increases..... | 37 | 40 | 35 | ... | ... | 37 | 37 |
| | Does not increase..... | 15 | 14 | 17 | ... | ... | 13 | 17 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 11 | 11 | 12 | ... | ... | 11 | 12 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 4 | 3 | 5 | ... | ... | 3 | 5 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 20 | 17 | 23 | ... | ... | 23 | 17 |
| | Premature birth | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 70 | 74 | 66 | ... | ... | 65 | 75 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 32 | 34 | 29 | ... | ... | 26 | 37 |
| | Probably increases..... | 38 | 40 | 37 | ... | ... | 39 | 38 |
| | Does not increase..... | 13 | 12 | 14 | ... | ... | 13 | 12 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 9 | 9 | 10 | ... | ... | 10 | 9 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 3 | 3 | 4 | ... | ... | 3 | 4 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 17 | 15 | 20 | ... | ... | 22 | 13 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| SMOKING--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| S.4. | Does cigarette smoking during pregnancy definitely increase, probably increase, probably not or definitely not increase the chances of--(Persons under 45 years of age)--Con. | | | | | | | |
| | Low birth weight of the newborn | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 80 | 83 | 78 | ... | ... | 75 | 85 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 45 | 47 | 43 | ... | ... | 36 | 52 |
| | Probably increases..... | 35 | 36 | 35 | ... | ... | 39 | 33 |
| | Does not increase..... | 7 | 7 | 8 | ... | ... | 8 | 7 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 5 | 5 | 5 | ... | ... | 6 | 4 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 2 | 2 | 2 | ... | ... | 2 | 2 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 13 | 11 | 15 | ... | ... | 17 | 8 |
| S.5a. | If a woman takes birth control pills, is she more likely to have a stroke if she smokes than if she does not smoke? (Persons under 45 years of age) | | | | | | | |
| | More likely..... | 64 | 65 | 62 | ... | ... | 54 | 73 |
| | Not likely..... | 6 | 7 | 6 | ... | ... | 7 | 6 |
| | Don't know..... | 30 | 28 | 32 | ... | ... | 39 | 21 |
| ALCOHOL USE | | | | | | | | |
| T.1c. | Have you had at least one drink of beer, wine or liquor during the past year? ¹ (Yes)..... | 67 | 76 | 75 | 63 | 43 | 77 | 58 |
| T.2. | In the past 2 weeks, on how many days did you drink any alcoholic beverages, such as beer, wine, or liquor? ^{1,3} | | | | | | | |
| | Did not drink in past year..... | 33 | 24 | 25 | 37 | 57 | 23 | 42 |
| | None..... | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 13 | 15 |
| | 1-4 days..... | 33 | 43 | 38 | 27 | 15 | 35 | 31 |
| | 5-9 days..... | 9 | 12 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 13 | 6 |
| | 10-14 days..... | 11 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 11 | 15 | 6 |
| T.3. | In the past 2 weeks, on the days that you drank alcoholic beverages, ^{1,3} how many drinks did you have per day, on the average? ^{1,3} | | | | | | | |
| | Did not drink in past year..... | 33 | 24 | 25 | 37 | 57 | 23 | 42 |
| | None..... | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 13 | 15 |
| | 1 drink..... | 16 | 12 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| | 2 drinks..... | 16 | 18 | 19 | 16 | 9 | 19 | 14 |
| | 3-4 drinks..... | 13 | 19 | 14 | 9 | 4 | 17 | 9 |
| | 5 or more drinks..... | 7 | 12 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 12 | 3 |
| | Drinking Index (2-week daily drinking, based on items T.1-3) ⁷ | | | | | | | |
| | Did not drink in past year..... | 33 | 24 | 25 | 37 | 57 | 23 | 42 |
| | None..... | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 13 | 15 |
| | Light (.01 to .21 ounce absolute alcohol)..... | 24 | 27 | 29 | 23 | 14 | 24 | 25 |
| | Moderate (.22 to .99 ounce absolute alcohol)..... | 21 | 27 | 23 | 17 | 11 | 27 | 15 |
| | Heavier (1.00 ounces or more absolute alcohol)..... | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 13 | 3 |
| T.6. | During the past 12 months, on how many days did you have 9 or more drinks of any alcoholic beverage? | | | | | | | |
| | 1 or more days..... | 13 | 25 | 14 | 7 | 2 | 22 | 5 |
| | 5 or more days..... | 7 | 13 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 13 | 2 |
| T.7. | During the past 12 months, on how many days did you have 5 or more drinks of any alcoholic beverage? ¹ | | | | | | | |
| | 1 or more days..... | 26 | 43 | 30 | 16 | 5 | 39 | 15 |
| | 10 or more days..... | 14 | 24 | 15 | 8 | 3 | 23 | 5 |
| T.8. | During the past year, how many times did you drive when you had perhaps too much to drink? | | | | | | | |
| | 1 time..... | 4 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| | 2 or more times..... | 8 | 15 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 13 | 4 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| ALCOHOL USE--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| T.9. | Tell me if you think heavy alcohol drinking definitely increases, probably increases, probably does not, or definitely does not increase a person's chances of getting the following problems? | | | | | | | |
| | Throat cancer | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 39 | 38 | 36 | 40 | 45 | 37 | 41 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 14 | 11 | 12 | 16 | 21 | 13 | 15 |
| | Probably increases..... | 25 | 27 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 24 | 25 |
| | Does not increase..... | 34 | 42 | 40 | 30 | 18 | 39 | 31 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 23 | 29 | 27 | 19 | 11 | 26 | 21 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 11 | 12 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 13 | 10 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 27 | 20 | 24 | 30 | 37 | 24 | 29 |
| | Cirrhosis of the liver | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 95 | 96 | 97 | 95 | 89 | 94 | 95 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 80 | 80 | 83 | 80 | 72 | 78 | 82 |
| | Probably increases..... | 15 | 16 | 13 | 14 | 17 | 17 | 13 |
| | Does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 4 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 4 |
| | Bladder cancer | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 66 | 73 | 67 | 63 | 57 | 67 | 66 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 28 | 30 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 28 | 27 |
| | Probably increases..... | 39 | 43 | 40 | 36 | 31 | 39 | 38 |
| | Does not increase..... | 11 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 7 | 12 | 11 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 8 | 9 | 10 | 8 | 4 | 9 | 8 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 23 | 15 | 19 | 25 | 36 | 21 | 24 |
| | Cancer of the mouth | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 31 | 30 | 28 | 32 | 38 | 28 | 34 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 10 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 16 | 9 | 12 |
| | Probably increases..... | 21 | 23 | 19 | 20 | 22 | 19 | 22 |
| | Does not increase..... | 37 | 45 | 43 | 31 | 19 | 42 | 32 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 24 | 31 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 27 | 21 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 13 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 8 | 15 | 11 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 32 | 25 | 29 | 36 | 43 | 30 | 34 |
| | Arthritis | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 14 | 15 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| | Probably increases..... | 10 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 10 |
| | Does not increase..... | 46 | 54 | 51 | 41 | 32 | 48 | 44 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 24 | 31 | 26 | 20 | 13 | 25 | 23 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 22 | 23 | 24 | 21 | 18 | 23 | 21 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 40 | 31 | 37 | 46 | 55 | 38 | 42 |
| | Blood clots | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 34 | 45 | 33 | 28 | 27 | 33 | 35 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 9 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| | Probably increases..... | 25 | 34 | 24 | 20 | 18 | 24 | 25 |
| | Does not increase..... | 31 | 30 | 36 | 31 | 21 | 35 | 27 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 18 | 20 | 22 | 16 | 10 | 20 | 17 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 13 | 10 | 15 | 14 | 11 | 15 | 11 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 35 | 25 | 31 | 41 | 52 | 32 | 38 |
| T.9. | Does heavy drinking during pregnancy definitely increase, probably increase, probably not or definitely not increase the chances of--(Persons under 45 years of age) | | | | | | | |
| | Miscarriage | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 86 | 89 | 82 | ... | ... | 84 | 87 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 47 | 53 | 41 | ... | ... | 44 | 51 |
| | Probably increases..... | 38 | 36 | 41 | ... | ... | 40 | 36 |
| | Does not increase..... | 4 | 4 | 5 | ... | ... | 4 | 5 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 4 | 3 | 4 | ... | ... | 3 | 4 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | ... | ... | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 10 | 7 | 13 | ... | ... | 12 | 8 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| ALCOHOL USE--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| T.9. | Does heavy drinking during pregnancy definitely increase, probably increase, probably not or definitely not increase the chances of--(Persons under 45 years of age)--Con. | | | | | | | |
| | Mental retardation of the newborn | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 84 | 88 | 80 | ... | ... | 81 | 87 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 46 | 53 | 40 | ... | ... | 40 | 51 |
| | Probably increases..... | 38 | 35 | 41 | ... | ... | 40 | 36 |
| | Does not increase..... | 5 | 4 | 6 | ... | ... | 6 | 4 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 4 | 3 | 5 | ... | ... | 5 | 3 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 2 | ... | ... | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 11 | 8 | 13 | ... | ... | 13 | 9 |
| | Low birth weight of the newborn | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 85 | 87 | 83 | ... | ... | 81 | 89 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 46 | 50 | 42 | ... | ... | 39 | 52 |
| | Probably increases..... | 39 | 37 | 41 | ... | ... | 41 | 37 |
| | Does not increase..... | 4 | 4 | 4 | ... | ... | 5 | 3 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 3 | 3 | 3 | ... | ... | 4 | 2 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | ... | ... | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 11 | 9 | 13 | ... | ... | 14 | 8 |
| | Birth defects | | | | | | | |
| | Increases..... | 85 | 89 | 81 | ... | ... | 82 | 88 |
| | Definitely increases..... | 48 | 54 | 41 | ... | ... | 41 | 54 |
| | Probably increases..... | 37 | 35 | 40 | ... | ... | 40 | 34 |
| | Does not increase..... | 5 | 4 | 6 | ... | ... | 6 | 4 |
| | Probably does not increase..... | 4 | 3 | 5 | ... | ... | 5 | 3 |
| | Definitely does not increase..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | ... | ... | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 10 | 7 | 13 | ... | ... | 13 | 8 |
| T.10. | Have you ever heard of Fetal Alcohol Syndrome? (Persons under 45 years of age) (Yes)..... | 57 | 54 | 60 | ... | ... | 51 | 63 |
| DENTAL CARE | | | | | | | | |
| U.1. | This next question is about preventing tooth decay. After I read each of the following, tell me if you think it is definitely important, probably important, probably not, or definitely not important in preventing tooth decay. | | | | | | | |
| | Seeing a dentist regularly | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 96 | 97 | 97 | 95 | 93 | 95 | 97 |
| | Definitely important..... | 83 | 84 | 85 | 84 | 79 | 79 | 87 |
| | Probably important..... | 12 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 10 |
| | Not important..... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| | Probably not important..... | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| | Drinking water with fluoride from early childhood | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 79 | 85 | 86 | 76 | 62 | 78 | 80 |
| | Definitely important..... | 45 | 47 | 52 | 43 | 30 | 42 | 47 |
| | Probably important..... | 35 | 38 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 36 | 33 |
| | Not important..... | 8 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 7 |
| | Probably not important..... | 6 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 13 | 6 | 7 | 16 | 30 | 12 | 13 |
| | Regular brushing and flossing of the teeth | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 98 | 99 | 99 | 97 | 95 | 97 | 98 |
| | Definitely important..... | 90 | 93 | 93 | 88 | 81 | 88 | 91 |
| | Probably important..... | 8 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 14 | 10 | 7 |
| | Not important..... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | Probably not important..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| DENTAL CARE--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| U.1. | This next question is about preventing tooth decay. After I read each of the following, tell me if you think it is definitely important, probably important, probably not, or definitely not important in preventing tooth decay.--Con. | | | | | | | |
| | Using fluoride toothpaste or fluoride mouth rinse | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 90 | 96 | 94 | 86 | 76 | 89 | 90 |
| | Definitely important..... | 61 | 74 | 66 | 53 | 43 | 58 | 63 |
| | Probably important..... | 29 | 22 | 28 | 34 | 33 | 31 | 27 |
| | Not important | 4 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| | Probably not important..... | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 7 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 19 | 7 | 6 |
| | Avoiding between-meal sweets | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 89 | 90 | 92 | 90 | 83 | 88 | 91 |
| | Definitely important..... | 59 | 57 | 63 | 61 | 54 | 56 | 62 |
| | Probably important..... | 30 | 33 | 29 | 28 | 29 | 32 | 28 |
| | Not important | 6 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 5 |
| | Probably not important..... | 5 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 4 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 11 | 4 | 4 |
| U.2. | Now I'm going to ask about preventing gum disease. In your opinion, how important or not important is each of the following in preventing gum disease? | | | | | | | |
| | Seeing a dentist regularly | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 95 | 97 | 97 | 94 | 91 | 94 | 96 |
| | Definitely important..... | 83 | 85 | 85 | 83 | 76 | 79 | 87 |
| | Probably important..... | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 15 | 15 | 10 |
| | Not important | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| | Probably not important..... | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 2 |
| | Drinking water with fluoride from early childhood | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 65 | 74 | 67 | 62 | 53 | 63 | 67 |
| | Definitely important..... | 33 | 37 | 34 | 31 | 25 | 30 | 35 |
| | Probably important..... | 32 | 37 | 33 | 30 | 28 | 33 | 32 |
| | Not important | 17 | 17 | 20 | 16 | 11 | 19 | 15 |
| | Probably not important..... | 12 | 13 | 15 | 11 | 7 | 14 | 11 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 18 | 9 | 13 | 23 | 36 | 18 | 18 |
| | Regular brushing and flossing of the teeth | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 96 | 98 | 98 | 95 | 91 | 96 | 96 |
| | Definitely important..... | 83 | 87 | 87 | 82 | 73 | 81 | 86 |
| | Probably important..... | 13 | 11 | 10 | 14 | 18 | 15 | 10 |
| | Not important | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | Probably not important..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
| | Using fluoride toothpaste or fluoride mouth rinse | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 78 | 86 | 77 | 73 | 70 | 75 | 80 |
| | Definitely important..... | 47 | 57 | 46 | 42 | 38 | 44 | 50 |
| | Probably important..... | 31 | 29 | 31 | 31 | 32 | 31 | 30 |
| | Not important | 12 | 9 | 15 | 12 | 8 | 14 | 10 |
| | Probably not important..... | 9 | 7 | 12 | 9 | 5 | 10 | 7 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 11 | 5 | 7 | 15 | 22 | 11 | 10 |
| | Avoiding between-meal sweets | | | | | | | |
| | Important | 81 | 84 | 82 | 80 | 77 | 79 | 83 |
| | Definitely important..... | 50 | 48 | 50 | 52 | 48 | 46 | 53 |
| | Probably important..... | 31 | 35 | 32 | 28 | 29 | 33 | 30 |
| | Not important | 11 | 13 | 13 | 11 | 8 | 13 | 10 |
| | Probably not important..... | 9 | 10 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 10 | 7 |
| | Definitely not important..... | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Don't know/No opinion..... | 7 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 15 | 8 | 7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the percent of population with selected behaviors and knowledge from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention, by age and sex: United States, January-June 1985--Con.

(Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in technical notes.)

| Section and item number | Health behaviors and knowledge | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | | All ages | 18-29 years | 30-44 years | 45-64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| DENTAL CARE--Con. | | Percent of population | | | | | | |
| U.3. | In your opinion, which of the following is the main cause of tooth loss in children? | | | | | | | |
| | Tooth decay..... | 57 | 55 | 56 | 60 | 61 | 55 | 60 |
| | Gum disease..... | 9 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 7 |
| | Injury to the teeth..... | 30 | 34 | 35 | 26 | 17 | 30 | 29 |
| | Don't know..... | 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 13 | 4 | 4 |
| U.4. | In your opinion, which of the following is the main cause of tooth loss in adults? | | | | | | | |
| | Tooth decay..... | 40 | 42 | 35 | 40 | 44 | 42 | 38 |
| | Gum disease..... | 54 | 53 | 62 | 54 | 43 | 52 | 56 |
| | Injury to the teeth..... | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | Don't know..... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 3 | 3 |
| U.5a. | Have you ever heard of dental sealants? (Yes)..... | 23 | 19 | 31 | 22 | 14 | 22 | 23 |
| OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH | | | | | | | | |
| V.1a. | In your present job, are you exposed to any substances that could endanger your health, such as chemicals, dusts, fumes or gases? ³ (Currently employed persons) (Yes)..... | 35 | 36 | 36 | 33 | 18 | 44 | 23 |
| V.2a. | In your present job, are you exposed to any work conditions that could endanger your health, such as loud noise, extreme heat or cold, physical or mental stress, or radiation? ³ (Currently employed persons) (Yes)..... | 36 | 37 | 41 | 33 | 13 | 42 | 29 |
| V.3a. | In your present job are you exposed to any risks of accidents or injuries? ³ (Currently employed persons) (Yes)..... | 41 | 45 | 40 | 38 | 27 | 52 | 27 |

¹National Center for Health Statistics, C. A. Schoenborn, and K. M. Danchik: Health Practices Among Adults: United States, 1977. Advance Data From Vital and Health Statistics. No. 64. DHEW Pub. No. (PHS) 78-1250. Public Health Service. Hyattsville, Md., Nov. 4, 1980.

²National Center for Health Statistics, A. J. Moss and G. Scott: Characteristics of persons with hypertension, United States, 1974. Vital and Health Statistics. Series 10, No. 121. DHEW Pub. No. (PHS) 79-1549. Public Health Service. Washington. U.S. Government Printing Office, Dec. 1978.

³National Center for Health Statistics, C. A. Schoenborn, K. M. Danchik, and J. Elinson: Basic data from Wave I of the National Survey of Personal Health Practices and Consequence, United States, 1979. Vital and Health Statistics. Series 15, No. 2. DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 81-1163. Public Health Service. Washington. U.S. Government Printing Office, Aug. 1981.

⁴National Center for Health Statistics, B. Bloom and S. S. Jack: Persons with and without a regular source of medical care, United States. Vital and Health Statistics. Series 10, No. 151. DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 85-1579.

⁵National Center for Health Statistics, A. J. Moss and M. H. Wilder: Use of selected medical procedures associated with preventive care, United States, 1973. Vital and Health Statistics. Series 10, No. 110. DHEW Pub. No. (HRA) 77-1538. Health Resources Administration. Washington. U.S. Government Printing Office, Mar. 1977.

⁶National Center for Health Statistics, J. W. Choi: Exercise and Participation in Sports Among Persons 20 Years of Age and Over: United States, 1975. Advance Data From Vital and Health Statistics. No. 19. DHEW Pub. No. (PHS) 78-1250. Public Health Service. Hyattsville, Md., March 15, 1978.

⁷National Center for Health Statistics: Health, United States, 1985. DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 85-1232. Public Health Service. Washington. U.S. Government Printing Office, Dec. 1984.

Technical notes

The National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) is a continuous, cross-sectional, nationwide survey conducted by household interview. Each week a probability sample of households is interviewed by personnel of the U.S. Bureau of the Census to obtain information on the health and other characteristics of each member of the household in the civilian non-institutionalized population.

During the first 2 quarters of 1985, the sample consisted of approximately 18,300 households. The total noninterview rate was about 4 percent—about 3 percent of which was due to respondent refusal and the remainder primarily due to an inability to locate eligible respondents at home after repeated calls. Information was obtained for all household members for the core section of the questionnaire; although, for the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention questionnaire, one adult per family was randomly selected as the respondent. This procedure resulted in an additional nonresponse rate of about 8 percent. About 16,780 questionnaires were completed. A description of the survey design, methods used in estimation, and general qualifications of the NHIS data is provided in *The National Health Interview Survey Design, 1973–84, and Procedures, 1975–83* (see pp. 8–9).⁴

The estimated population for each of the demographic categories is shown in table I to allow readers to derive a provisional estimate of the number of people in the United States with a given characteristic. However, the estimates are based on a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population rather than on the entire population and are therefore subject to sam-

pling error. Some estimates in table I are small for given characteristics. When an estimate or the numerator or denominator of a rate is small, the sampling error may be relatively high. Approximate standard errors for estimates in this report are shown in table II.

To expedite the early release of data from the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention questionnaire, it was processed separately from the NHIS core questionnaire. Thus, it has not been linked as yet with the core data. In addition, because of major changes in the sample design in 1985, both the estimates of behaviors and knowledge and the standard errors of the estimates shown in table II are provisional and will be modified when the final estimates based on the linked core are released. A final weighted data file covering the entire calendar year of data collection will be available in 1986.

The following Federal agencies provided partial funding for the 1985 Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Survey:

- Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health
- Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
- Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration
- National Institute of Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism
- National Institutes of Health
- National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute
- National Cancer Institute
- National Institute of Dental Research
- National Institute of Child Health and Human Development
- Health Resources and Services Administration
- Centers for Disease Control
- Center for Prevention Services
- Center for Infectious Diseases
- Center for Environmental Health
- Center for Health Promotion and Education
- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

⁴National Center for Health Statistics, M. G. Kovar and G. S. Poe: *The National Health Interview Survey Design, 1973–84, and Procedures, 1975–83. Vital and Health Statistics. Series 1, No. 18. DHHS Pub. No. (PHS) 85–1320. Public Health Service. Washington. U.S. Government Printing Office, Aug. 1985.*

Table 1. Provisional estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized population by age and sex: United States, January–June 1985

| Selected populations | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|--------|
| | All ages | 18–29 years | 30–44 years | 45–64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| | Population in thousands | | | | | | |
| Total adult population | 170,520 | 48,461 | 50,677 | 44,486 | 26,896 | 80,564 | 89,955 |
| Females | 89,955 | 24,825 | 25,990 | 23,288 | 15,853 | ... | 89,955 |
| Population in families with children under 10 years of age | 42,031 | 16,408 | 22,123 | 3,055 | 445 | 17,787 | 24,243 |
| Population in families with children under 5 years of age | 26,213 | 13,171 | 11,722 | 1,195 | 125 | 11,230 | 14,983 |
| Currently employed population | 107,104 | 34,639 | 40,645 | 28,557 | 3,263 | 59,103 | 48,001 |

Table II. Standard errors, expressed in percentage points, of estimated percents for selected age and sex groups from the 1985 National Health Interview Survey Supplement on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention: United States, January–June 1985

| Estimated percent | Age | | | | | Sex | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------|--------|
| | All ages | 18–29 years | 30–44 years | 45–64 years | 65 years and over | Male | Female |
| Standard error in percentage points | | | | | | | |
| 5 or 95..... | 0.18 | 0.36 | 0.34 | 0.37 | 0.42 | 0.28 | 0.24 |
| 10 or 90..... | 0.25 | 0.49 | 0.46 | 0.51 | 0.58 | 0.39 | 0.33 |
| 15 or 85..... | 0.30 | 0.59 | 0.55 | 0.61 | 0.69 | 0.46 | 0.40 |
| 20 or 80..... | 0.34 | 0.66 | 0.62 | 0.68 | 0.78 | 0.52 | 0.45 |
| 25 or 75..... | 0.37 | 0.71 | 0.67 | 0.74 | 0.84 | 0.56 | 0.48 |
| 30 or 70..... | 0.39 | 0.76 | 0.71 | 0.78 | 0.89 | 0.60 | 0.51 |
| 35 or 65..... | 0.40 | 0.79 | 0.74 | 0.81 | 0.92 | 0.62 | 0.53 |
| 40 or 60..... | 0.41 | 0.81 | 0.76 | 0.83 | 0.95 | 0.64 | 0.55 |
| 45 or 55..... | 0.42 | 0.82 | 0.77 | 0.85 | 0.96 | 0.65 | 0.55 |
| 50 or 50..... | 0.42 | 0.82 | 0.77 | 0.85 | 0.97 | 0.65 | 0.56 |

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