Table P-9a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Colorada de avanta vistia	Did not receive medical	Delayed seeking medical
Selected characteristic	care due to cost ¹	care due to cost ¹
Total	5.2 (0.12)	7.0 (0.14)
Sex		
Male	4.7 (0.14)	6.4 (0.16)
Female	5.6 (0.14)	7.6 (0.16)
Age		
Under 12 years	1.3 (0.13)	2.2 (0.16)
12-17 years	1.9 (0.22)	3.1 (0.26)
18-44 years	6.9 (0.19)	9.2 (0.23)
45-64 years	8.0 (0.22)	10.3 (0.25)
65 years and over	2.6 (0.17)	3.7 (0.20)
Race		
One race ²	5.1 (0.12)	7.0 (0.14)
White	5.0 (0.13)	7.0 (0.16)
Black or African American	7.0 (0.28)	7.9 (0.32)
American Indian or Alaska Native	6.6 (0.99)	9.9 (1.22)
Asian	2.9 (0.29)	3.9 (0.34)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*6.7 (2.53)	*6.3 (2.33)
Two or more races ³	8.3 (0.80)	11.4 (1.00)
Black or African American, white	10.2 (2.16)	11.7 (2.27)
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	10.1 (1.43)	14.1 (1.73)
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race		
Hispanic or Latino	5.7 (0.25)	7.4 (0.28)
Mexican or Mexican American	5.6 (0.29)	7.4 (0.34)
Not Hispanic or Latino	5.1 (0.13)	7.0 (0.15)
White, single race	4.8 (0.15)	7.0 (0.18)
Black or African American, single race	7.0 (0.29)	7.9 (0.33)
Education ⁵		
Less than a high school diploma	10.7 (0.41)	12.0 (0.42)
High school diploma or GED ⁶	7.5 (0.27)	9.3 (0.29)
Some college	8.3 (0.26)	11.1 (0.29)
Bachelor's degree or higher	3.3 (0.16)	5.7 (0.21)

Table P-9a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

	Did not receive an adical	Deleved earlier are discu
Selected characteristic	Did not receive medical care due to cost ¹	Delayed seeking medical care due to cost ¹
Family income ⁷		
Less than \$35,000	11.2 (0.26)	13.1 (0.28)
\$35,000 or more	3.1 (0.12)	4.9 (0.15)
\$35,000–\$49,999	6.6 (0.34)	9.6 (0.42)
\$50,000-\$74,999	4.6 (0.28)	6.4 (0.34)
\$75,000-\$99,999	2.2 (0.25)	4.3 (0.32)
\$100,000 or more	1.0 (0.10)	2.2 (0.16)
Poverty status ⁸		
Poor	11.1 (0.38)	12.6 (0.42)
Near poor	9.8 (0.31)	11.5 (0.33)
Not poor	3.0 (0.11)	5.0 (0.15)
Health insurance coverage ⁹		
Under 65:		
Private	2.7 (0.10)	4.4 (0.14)
Medicaid	6.2 (0.29)	7.2 (0.32)
Other	5.0 (0.58)	7.3 (0.71)
Uninsured	19.7 (0.66)	23.9 (0.73)
65 and over:		
Private	1.4 (0.18)	2.3 (0.22)
Medicare and Medicaid	4.1 (0.69)	5.6 (0.78)
Medicare only	3.8 (0.33)	5.1 (0.37)
Other	*0.8 (0.26)	1.6 (0.39)
Uninsured	12.8 (3.54)	20.5 (4.79)
Place of residence ¹⁰		
Large MSA	4.8 (0.15)	6.7 (0.18)
Small MSA	5.4 (0.23)	7.3 (0.26)
Not in MSA	6.1 (0.29)	7.9 (0.33)
Region		
Northeast	3.8 (0.22)	5.2 (0.26)
Midwest	5.1 (0.23)	7.3 (0.28)
South	5.9 (0.21)	7.5 (0.24)
West	5.1 (0.23)	7.4 (0.28)
Current health status		
Excellent or very good	3.1 (0.10)	4.7 (0.13)
Good	7.1 (0.24)	9.2 (0.28)
Fair or poor	14.8 (0.56)	18.3 (0.65)

Table P-9a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

	Did not receive medical	Delayed seeking medical	
Selected characteristic	care due to cost ¹	care due to cost1	
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and sex			
Hispanic or Latino, male	5.5 (0.31)	7.1 (0.35)	
Hispanic or Latina, female	5.8 (0.27)	7.7 (0.32)	
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race, male	4.3 (0.17)	6.2 (0.21)	
White, single race, female	5.4 (0.18)	7.6 (0.22)	
Black or African American, single race, male	6.2 (0.37)	7.1 (0.41)	
Black or African American, single race, female	7.7 (0.36)	8.5 (0.41)	
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and poverty status			
Hispanic or Latino:			
Poor	9.2 (0.64)	10.7 (0.69)	
Near Poor	7.5 (0.51)	8.8 (0.56)	
Not Poor	3.2 (0.26)	5.4 (0.36)	
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race:			
Poor	13.0 (0.68)	15.4 (0.76)	
Near poor	11.0 (0.50)	13.6 (0.54)	
Not poor	2.9 (0.13)	4.9 (0.18)	
Black or African American, single race:			
Poor	10.4 (0.66)	9.9 (0.67)	
Near poor	9.6 (0.66)	10.5 (0.70)	
Not poor	4.8 (0.45)	6.3 (0.50)	

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014.

¹"Did not receive medical care due to cost" is based on the question, "During the past 12 months, was there any time when [person] needed medical care, but did not get it because [person] couldn't afford it?" (Excludes dental care.) "Delayed seeking medical care due to cost" is based on the question, "During the past 12 months, has [person] delayed seeking medical care because of worry about the cost?" (Excludes dental care.)

²Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Shown only for persons aged 25 and over. Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: 25-44, 45-64, and 65 and over

⁶GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁷Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁸"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

⁹Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹⁰MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, health insurance characteristics, and current health status. Unless otherwise specified, estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 0-11, 12-17, 18-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. Estimates for age groups are not age-adjusted. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm). Suggested citation: Adams PF, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2014 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm.

Table P-9b. Frequencies (in thousands) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	All persons	Did not receive medical care due to cost ¹	Delayed seeking medical care due to cost ¹
Total	313,090	16,487	22,313
Sex			
Male	153,025	7,257	9,920
Female	160,065	9,230	12,392
Age			
Under 12 years	48,443	606	1,079
12-17 years	24,964	469	781
18-44 years	112,146	7,678	10,266
45-64 years	82,604	6,578	8,509
65 years and over	44,933	1,155	1,677
Race			
One race ²	306,030	16,073	21,719
White	244,763	12,463	17,466
Black or African American	40,340	2,845	3,217
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,992	204	298
Asian	17,461	535	713
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	473	*27	*25
Two or more races ³	7,060	413	594
Black or African American, white	2,311	86	135
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	2,144	203	285
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race			
Hispanic or Latino	54,477	2,983	3,897
Mexican or Mexican American	34,835	1,846	2,433
Not Hispanic or Latino	258,614	13,504	18,416
White, single race	195,897	9,809	14,007
Black or African American, single race	37,961	2,700	3,047
Education ⁵			
Less than a high school diploma	27,164	2,720	3,071
High school diploma or GED ⁶	54,688	3,957	4,883
Some college	57,708	4,843	6,440
Bachelor's degree or higher	65,986	2,174	3,742

Table P-9b. Frequencies (in thousands) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

		Did not receive medical	Delayed seeking medical
Selected characteristic	All persons	care due to cost1	care due to cost ¹
Family income ⁷			
Less than \$35,000	85,706	9,256	10,935
\$35,000 or more	181,936	5,806	9,184
\$35,000–\$49,999	33,880	2,232	3,242
\$50,000-\$74,999	44,174	2,083	2,877
\$75,000–\$99,999	33,775	777	1,468
\$100,000 or more	70,107	714	1,597
Poverty status ⁸			
Poor	44,763	4,485	5,136
Near poor	57,246	5,284	6,292
Not poor	183,513	5,792	9,468
Health insurance coverage ⁹			
Under 65:			
Private	168,747	4,866	8,015
Medicaid	50,510	2,138	2,619
Other	10,519	772	1,058
Uninsured	35,280	7,465	8,838
65 and over:			
Private	22,018	321	526
Medicare and Medicaid	2,943	125	173
Medicare only	15,867	619	839
Other	3,483	*32	59
Uninsured	359	55	79
Place of residence ¹⁰			
Large MSA	170,336	8,363	11,614
Small MSA	97,572	5,313	7,102
Not in MSA	45,182	2,810	3,597
Region			
Northeast	53,046	2,083	2,895
Midwest	70,709	3,663	5,163
South	117,720	7,072	8,928
West	71,615	3,669	5,327
Current health status			
Excellent or very good	207,896	6,371	9,779
Good	74,216	5,484	7,139
Fair or poor	30,557	4,609	5,382

Table P-9b. Frequencies (in thousands) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

		Did not receive medical	Delayed seeking medical
Selected characteristic	All persons	care due to cost ¹	care due to cost ¹
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and sex			
Hispanic or Latino, male	27,446	1,471	1,905
Hispanic or Latina, female	27,030	1,513	1,992
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race, male	95,978	4,277	6,115
White, single race, female	99,919	5,531	7,893
Black or African American, single race, male	17,730	1,078	1,260
Black or African American, single race, female	20,230	1,621	1,787
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and poverty status			
Hispanic or Latino:			
Poor	13,485	1,031	1,225
Near Poor	15,870	1,105	1,270
Not Poor	20,779	713	1,188
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race:			
Poor	17,648	2,317	2,735
Near poor	28,298	3,013	3,711
Not poor	132,994	3,966	6,730
Black or African American, single race:			
Poor	10,045	897	881
Near poor	9,013	840	924
Not poor	15,089	777	1,008

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014.

^{1&}quot;Did not receive medical care due to cost" is based on the question, "During the past 12 months, was there any time when [person] needed medical care, but did not get it because [person] couldn't afford it?" (Excludes dental care.) "Delayed seeking medical care due to cost" is based on the question, "During the past 12 months, has [person] delayed seeking medical care because of worry about the cost?" (Excludes dental care.)

²Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations

⁴Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Shown only for persons aged 25 and over.

⁶GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁷Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁸"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

⁹Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹⁰MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the frequencies, but they were included in the "All Persons" column. Includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, health insurance characteristics, and current health status. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm). Suggested citation: Adams PF, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2014 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm.

Table P-9c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	Did not receive medical care due to cost ¹	Delayed seeking medical care due to cost ¹
Total	5.3 (0.12)	7.1 (0.14)
Total	3.3 (0.12)	7.1 (0.14)
Sex		
Male	4.7 (0.14)	6.5 (0.16)
Female	5.8 (0.14)	7.7 (0.16)
Age		
Under 12 years	1.3 (0.13)	2.2 (0.16)
12-17 years	1.9 (0.22)	3.1 (0.26)
18-44 years	6.9 (0.19)	9.2 (0.23)
45-64 years	8.0 (0.22)	10.3 (0.25)
65 years and over	2.6 (0.17)	3.7 (0.20)
Race		
One race ²	5.3 (0.12)	7.1 (0.14)
White	5.1 (0.13)	7.1 (0.16)
Black or African American	7.1 (0.28)	8.0 (0.32)
American Indian or Alaska Native	6.8 (1.06)	10.0 (1.27)
Asian	3.1 (0.31)	4.1 (0.35)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*5.8 (2.11)	*5.4 (1.91)
Two or more races ³	5.9 (0.57)	8.4 (0.73)
Black or African American, white	3.7 (0.74)	5.9 (1.03)
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	9.5 (1.40)	13.3 (1.74)
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race		
Hispanic or Latino	5.5 (0.25)	7.2 (0.28)
Mexican or Mexican American	5.3 (0.29)	7.0 (0.32)
Not Hispanic or Latino	5.2 (0.13)	7.1 (0.15)
White, single race	5.0 (0.15)	7.2 (0.18)
Black or African American, single race	7.1 (0.29)	8.0 (0.33)
Education ⁵		
Less than a high school diploma	10.0 (0.38)	11.3 (0.39)
High school diploma or GED ⁶	7.2 (0.26)	8.9 (0.28)
Some college	8.4 (0.26)	11.2 (0.29)
Bachelor's degree or higher	3.3 (0.16)	5.7 (0.22)

Table P-9c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

	Did not receive medical	Delayed seeking medical
Selected characteristic	care due to cost ¹	care due to cost ¹
Family income ⁷		_
Less than \$35,000	10.8 (0.26)	12.8 (0.28)
\$35,000 or more	3.2 (0.12)	5.0 (0.15)
\$35,000–\$49,999	6.6 (0.34)	9.6 (0.42)
\$50,000–\$74,999	4.7 (0.28)	6.5 (0.34)
\$75,000–\$99,999	2.3 (0.25)	4.3 (0.32)
\$100,000 or more	1.0 (0.10)	2.3 (0.15)
Poverty status ⁸		
Poor	10.0 (0.37)	11.5 (0.41)
Near poor	9.2 (0.30)	11.0 (0.32)
Not poor	3.2 (0.11)	5.2 (0.15)
Health insurance coverage ⁹	, ,	, ,
Under 65:		
Private	2.9 (0.10)	4.8 (0.14)
Medicaid	4.2 (0.21)	5.2 (0.24)
Other	7.4 (0.67)	10.1 (0.81)
Uninsured	21.2 (0.60)	25.1 (0.64)
65 and over:		
Private	1.5 (0.18)	2.4 (0.23)
Medicare and Medicaid	4.3 (0.72)	5.9 (0.84)
Medicare only	3.9 (0.34)	5.3 (0.38)
Other	*0.9 (0.31)	1.7 (0.40)
Uninsured	15.3 (3.78)	22.0 (4.44)
Place of residence ¹⁰		
Large MSA	4.9 (0.15)	6.8 (0.19)
Small MSA	5.4 (0.23)	7.3 (0.26)
Not in MSA	6.2 (0.30)	8.0 (0.34)
Region		
Northeast	3.9 (0.23)	5.5 (0.27)
Midwest	5.2 (0.23)	7.3 (0.28)
South	6.0 (0.21)	7.6 (0.24)
West	5.1 (0.23)	7.4 (0.29)
Current health status		
Excellent or very good	3.1 (0.10)	4.7 (0.13)
Good	7.4 (0.23)	9.6 (0.27)
Fair or poor	15.1 (0.45)	17.6 (0.48)
- 1	- (- 12)	- (- 1-)

Table P-9c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of persons who did not receive medical care or who delayed seeking medical care in the past year due to cost, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

	Did not receive medical	Delayed seeking medical	
Selected characteristic	care due to cost ¹	care due to cost1	
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and sex			
Hispanic or Latino, male	5.4 (0.32)	6.9 (0.35)	
Hispanic or Latina, female	5.6 (0.27)	7.4 (0.31)	
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race, male	4.5 (0.17)	6.4 (0.21)	
White, single race, female	5.5 (0.18)	7.9 (0.21)	
Black or African American, single race, male	6.1 (0.36)	7.1 (0.41)	
Black or African American, single race, female	8.0 (0.37)	8.8 (0.42)	
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and poverty status			
Hispanic or Latino:			
Poor	7.6 (0.61)	9.1 (0.65)	
Near Poor	7.0 (0.49)	8.0 (0.51)	
Not Poor	3.4 (0.27)	5.7 (0.38)	
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race:			
Poor	13.1 (0.72)	15.5 (0.81)	
Near poor	10.7 (0.47)	13.1 (0.51)	
Not poor	3.0 (0.13)	5.1 (0.17)	
Black or African American, single race:			
Poor	8.9 (0.58)	8.8 (0.62)	
Near poor	9.3 (0.66)	10.3 (0.70)	
Not poor	5.1 (0.45)	6.7 (0.50)	

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014.

¹"Did not receive medical care due to cost" is based on the question, "During the past 12 months, was there any time when [person] needed medical care, but did not get it because [person] couldn't afford it?" (Excludes dental care.) "Delayed seeking medical care due to cost" is based on the question, "During the past 12 months, has [person] delayed seeking medical care because of worry about the cost?" (Excludes dental care.)

²Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Shown only for persons aged 25 and over.

⁶GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁷Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁶"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

⁹Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹⁰MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, health insurance characteristics, and current health status. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm). Suggested citation: Adams PF, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2014 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm.