NYU FERTILITY CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James A. Grifo, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors[a]

IVF	100%	With ICSI	31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%
Used gestational carrier	<1%		

Patient Diagnosis[b]

Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	11%	*Multiple Factors:*	
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	17%	Female factors only	26%
Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	56%	Female & male factors	10%
Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	13%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES[c]

Total number of cycles[d]: 2,140 (includes 70 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman <35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	165	103	129	119	60	17
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.1	14.6	14.7	21.0	18.3	7 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.7	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.3	40.2	23.6	16.7	5.9	0 / 17
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	43.3	37.7	18.8	0.0	2.8	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births[e] (%)	29.1	25.2	10.9	8.4	1.7	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.7	30.1	14.7	12.6	5.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	5.8	3.1	3.4	0.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.4	35.9	17.8	16.0	5.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	40.8	28.7	21.0	11.7	2 / 17
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	136	80	103	90	39	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births[e] (%)	35.3	32.5	13.6	11.1	2.6	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.7	38.8	18.4	16.7	7.7	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.4	7.5	3.9	4.4	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	46.3	22.3	21.1	7.7	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.1	52.5	35.9	27.8	17.9	2 / 10
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	129	96	101	59	18	4
Number of transfers	124	91	93	52	18	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.0	60.6	41.6	45.7	42.9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births[e] (%)	37.9	47.3	32.3	40.4	6 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.0	53.8	37.6	53.8	7 / 18	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	1.1	3.2	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.6	54.9	40.9	53.8	7 / 18	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.3	71.4	52.7	63.5	9 / 18	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	156	256	253	145	88	29

Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos[f]	Frozen Embryos[f]
Number of cycles	59	84
Number of transfers	52	74
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.8	47.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births[e] (%)	36.5	27.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	39.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.3	5.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.3	44.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.1	58.1

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: NYU Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

[a] Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
[b] Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
[c] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
[d] Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
[e] In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
[f] All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.