

2013 Assisted Reproductive Technology

Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report

National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
Division of Reproductive Health



Updates to this report will be posted on the CDC website at the following address:

<http://www.cdc.gov/art/reports/>

For additional information, send an e-mail to artinfo@cdc.gov

Or write to CDC, ATTN: ART Surveillance and Research Team
4770 Buford Highway, N.E.; Mail Stop F-74; Atlanta, GA 30341-3717.

2013

Assisted Reproductive Technology

Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report

October 2015



Acknowledgments

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology, and the American Society for Reproductive Medicine thank RESOLVE: The National Infertility Association and Path2Parenthood (formerly The American Fertility Association) for their commitment to assisted reproductive technology (ART) surveillance. Their assistance in making this report informative and helpful to people considering an ART procedure is

greatly appreciated. Appendix D has current contact information for these national consumer organizations.

This publication was developed and produced by the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in consultation with the American Society for Reproductive Medicine and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention
and Health Promotion

Ursula E. Bauer, PhD, MPH, Director

Division of Reproductive Health

CAPT Wanda D. Barfield, MD, MPH, Director
Kelly Brumbaugh, MPH, CHES

Women's Health and Fertility Branch

Denise J. Jamieson, MD, MPH, Chief
Sheree L. Boulet, DrPH
Jeani Chang, MPH
Sara Crawford, PhD
Dmitry M. Kissin, MD, MPH
Aniket D. Kulkarni, MBBS, MPH
Allison S. Mneimneh, MPH, CPM
Mithi Sunderam, PhD
Yujia Zhang, PhD

American Society for Reproductive Medicine

Rebecca Sokol, MD, MPH, President

Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology

James Toner, MD, PhD, President
Kelley Jefferson

Suggested Citation: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, American Society for Reproductive Medicine, Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology. *2013 Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*. Atlanta (GA): US Dept of Health and Human Services; 2015.

The data included in this report and publication support were provided by Westat under Contract No. GS-23F-8144H for the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, US Department of Health and Human Services.

Table of Contents

Preface	1	Nebraska	293
Commonly Asked Questions About the US ART Clinic Reporting System	3	Nevada	295
2013 Fertility Clinic Tables	9	New Hampshire	299
Introduction to Fertility Clinic Tables	11	New Jersey	300
Important Factors to Consider When Using These Tables to Assess a Clinic	11	New Mexico	324
How to Read a Fertility Clinic Table	14	New York	325
2013 National Summary	21	North Carolina	365
Alabama	23	North Dakota	377
Alaska	29	Ohio	378
Arizona	30	Oklahoma	390
Arkansas	42	Oregon	394
California	43	Pennsylvania	398
Colorado	118	Puerto Rico	417
Connecticut	127	Rhode Island	420
Delaware	136	South Carolina	421
District of Columbia	138	South Dakota	426
Florida	141	Tennessee	427
Georgia	171	Texas	435
Hawaii	179	Utah	480
Idaho	185	Vermont	484
Illinois	186	Virginia	485
Indiana	213	Washington	499
Iowa	224	West Virginia	510
Kansas	226	Wisconsin	513
Kentucky	231	Appendix A: Technical Notes	521
Louisiana	237	Validation of 2013 ART Data	523
Maine	242	Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation	524
Maryland	243	How to Interpret Confidence Intervals for Discrepancy Rates	526
Massachusetts	253	Appendix B: Glossary of Terms	527
Michigan	262	Appendix C: ART Clinics	533
Minnesota	276	2013 Reporting Clinics, by State	535
Mississippi	281	2013 Nonreporting Clinics, by State	575
Missouri	284	Appendix D: National Consumer Organizations	577
Montana	292		

Preface

For many people who want to start a family, the dream of having a child is not easily realized; about 11% of women of childbearing age in the United States have used an infertility service. Assisted reproductive technology (ART) has been used in the United States since 1981 to help women become pregnant, most commonly through the transfer of fertilized human eggs into a woman's uterus. However, for many people, deciding whether to undergo this expensive and time-consuming treatment can be difficult.

The goal of this report is to help patients make informed decisions about ART by providing some of the information needed to answer the following questions:

- What are my chances of having a child by using ART?
- Where can I go to get this treatment?

The Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), an organization of ART providers affiliated with the American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM), has been collecting data and publishing annual reports of pregnancy success rates for fertility clinics in the United States and Canada since 1989. In 1992, the US Congress passed the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This law requires the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to publish pregnancy success rates for ART in fertility clinics in the United States. (For more details about the law, see <http://www.cdc.gov/art/nas/policy.html>.) Since 1995, CDC has worked in consultation with SART and ASRM to report ART success rates.

The 2013 report of pregnancy success rates is the nineteenth to be issued under the law. This report is based on the latest available data on the type, number, and outcome of ART cycles performed in US clinics.

The 2013 ART report has three major sections:

- **Commonly Asked Questions About the US ART Clinic Reporting System**

This section provides background information on infertility and ART and an explanation of the data collection, analysis, and publication processes.

- **Fertility Clinic Tables**

Many factors contribute to the success of ART, including the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals, the quality of services, and the characteristics of the patient population. The Fertility Clinic Tables section displays ART results and success rates for individual US fertility clinics in 2013. The section also includes the 2013 National Summary table, which combines data from all clinics.

- **Appendixes**

Appendix A provides information about 2013 data validation activities.

Appendix B provides definitions for technical and medical terms used throughout the report.

Appendix C includes the current names and addresses of all reporting clinics along with a list of clinics known to be in operation in 2013 that did not report their data to CDC as required by law.

Appendix D includes the names and addresses of national consumer organizations that offer support to people experiencing infertility.

Success rates can be reported in a variety of ways, and the statistical aspects of these rates can be difficult to interpret. This report is intended for the general public, and the emphasis is on presenting the information in an easily understandable form. CDC hopes that this report is informative and helpful to people considering an ART procedure. We welcome any suggestions for improving the report and making it easier to use. (Please contact us at artinfo@cdc.gov.)

In addition to the *2013 Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*, CDC also publishes the *2013 Assisted Reproductive Technology National Summary Report* (available in October 2015), which provides an overall national picture that uses 2013 data to answer specific questions related to ART success rates.

Commonly Asked Questions About the US ART Clinic Reporting System

Background Information, Data Collection Methods, Content and Design of the Report, and Additional Information About ART in the United States

1. How many people in the United States have infertility problems?

The latest data on infertility available to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) are from the 2011–2013 National Survey of Family Growth. (For more details about the data, see http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nsfg/key_statistics/i.htm#infertility.)

- Of the approximately 61 million women aged 15–44 years in 2011–2013, about 6.9 million, or 11%, had received infertility services at some time in their lives. (Infertility services include medical tests to diagnose infertility, medical advice and treatments to help a woman become pregnant, and services other than routine prenatal care to prevent miscarriage.)
- Additionally, about 6% of married women aged 15–44 years are infertile (unable to get pregnant after at least 12 consecutive months of trying to conceive).

2. What is assisted reproductive technology (ART)?

Although various definitions have been used for ART, the definition used in this report is based on the 1992 law that requires CDC to publish this report. According to this definition, ART includes all fertility treatments in which either eggs or embryos are handled. In general, ART procedures involve surgically removing eggs from a woman's ovaries, combining them with sperm in the laboratory, and returning them to the woman's body or donating them to another woman. They

do NOT include treatments in which only sperm are handled (i.e., intrauterine insemination) or procedures in which a woman takes drugs only to stimulate egg production without the intention of having eggs surgically retrieved.

The main type of ART is **in vitro fertilization (IVF)**. IVF involves extracting a woman's eggs, fertilizing the eggs in the laboratory, and then transferring the resulting embryos into the woman's uterus through the cervix. For some IVF procedures, fertilization involves a specialized technique known as intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI). In ICSI, a single sperm is injected directly into the woman's egg.

Other types of ART exist, but are rarely performed. **Gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT)** involves using a fiber optic instrument called a laparoscope to guide the transfer of unfertilized eggs and sperm (gametes) into the woman's fallopian tubes through small incisions in her abdomen. **Zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT)** involves fertilizing a woman's eggs in the laboratory and then using a laparoscope to guide the transfer of the fertilized eggs (zygotes) into her fallopian tubes.

In addition, ART often is categorized according to whether the procedure was started with the intent to freeze all eggs or embryos (banking), whether the procedure used a woman's own eggs (nondonor) or eggs from another woman (donor), whether the eggs were frozen and thawed before use, and whether the embryos used were newly fertilized (fresh) or previously fertilized, frozen, and then thawed (frozen).

3. What is an ART cycle?

Because ART consists of several steps over an interval of approximately 2 weeks, an ART procedure is typically referred to as a **cycle** of treatment rather than a procedure at a single point in time. The start of an ART cycle is when a woman begins taking drugs to stimulate egg production or starts ovarian monitoring with the intent of having embryos transferred. For the purposes of this report, data on all cycles that were started, even those that were discontinued before all steps were undertaken, are counted in the clinic's success rates.

4. How do US ART clinics report data to CDC about their success rates?

CDC contracts with a statistical survey research organization, Westat, to obtain the data published in the *Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*. Westat maintains a list of all ART clinics known to be in operation, identifies new clinics throughout the year, and tracks clinic reorganizations and closings. This list includes clinics and individual providers that are members of the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) as well as clinics and providers that are not SART members. Westat maintains the National ART Surveillance System (NASS), the web-based data collection system that all ART clinics use to submit data to CDC. Clinics either electronically enter or import data into NASS for each ART cycle started in a given reporting year. SART-member clinics can report directly to SART, and SART submits the data to NASS. The data collected include de-identified information on the patient's medical history (such as infertility diagnoses), clinical information pertaining to the ART procedure, and information on resulting pregnancies and births.

5. Why is the report of 2013 success rates being published in 2015?

Before success rates based on live births can be calculated, every ART pregnancy must be followed up to determine whether a birth occurred. Therefore, the earliest possible date that clinics can report complete annual data is about 9 months past the end of the reporting year, when all the births have occurred. Accordingly, the results of all the cycles initiated in 2013 were not known until October 2014. After ART outcomes are known, the following occurs before the report is published:

- Clinics enter their 2013 data into NASS and verify the data's accuracy before submitting the data at the end of 2014 to Westat.
- Preliminary data for individual fertility clinic tables are prepared and made available in the spring of 2015 on CDC's website at <http://www.cdc.gov/art/reports/>.
- After CDC conducts comprehensive data checks, the full report with all fertility clinic tables and the National Summary table is prepared and published on the CDC website at <http://www.cdc.gov/art/reports/>.

These steps are essential for ensuring that the report provides the public with correct information regarding each clinic's success rates.

6. Which clinics are represented in this report?

The data in this report come from 467 fertility clinics that provided and verified information about the outcomes of the ART cycles started in their clinics in 2013.

Although almost all clinics that provided ART services in the United States during 2013 are represented in this report, data from 30 clinics or practitioners are not included because they did not report as required. Clinics and

practitioners known to have been in operation as of January 1, 2013, that did not report and verify their data are listed in this report as nonreporters, as required by law (see Appendix C: 2013 Nonreporting Clinics, by State on pages 575–576). Given the estimated number of ART cycles performed in nonreporting clinics, we estimate that ART surveillance covered 98% of ART cycles performed in the United States in 2013. We will continue to make every effort to include in future reports all clinics and practitioners providing ART services.

7. Why aren't the clinics ranked by their success rates?

Many factors contribute to the success rate of an ART procedure, and a difference in success rates between two ART clinics may reflect differences in the groups of patients treated, the types of procedures performed, or other factors. More explanations on how to use the success rates and other statistics published in this report are in the Introduction to Fertility Clinic Tables section (see pages 11–20). The report should be used to help people considering an ART procedure find clinics where they can meet personally with ART providers to discuss their specific medical situation and their likelihood of success using ART. Contacting a clinic also may provide additional information that could be helpful in deciding whether or not to use ART. Because ART offers several treatment options for infertility, there are many other factors that may affect the decision. This report may be a helpful starting point for consumers to obtain information and consider their options.

8. Does this report include all ART cycles performed by the reporting clinics?

This report includes 190,773 ART cycles performed in 2013 by the 467 clinics that reported their data as required. Of those 190,773 cycles,

27,564 were cycles started with the intent of cryopreserving (freezing) and storing all resulting eggs or embryos for potential future use. Because these cycles cannot result in pregnancies or births, they are not included in the majority of clinic success rates. Instead, the number of banking cycles are included in the total number of cycles performed, and the number of banking cycles by age group are reported.

Of the 190,773 total cycles, 2,655 were cycles started with the intention of thawing a frozen egg for fertilization and transfer. These cycles are not included in any clinic success rates. Instead, the number of cycles using frozen eggs is shown for each clinic in their table as part of the total number of cycles performed. The 190,773 total cycles performed in 2013 excludes 67 cycles started in which a new treatment procedure was being evaluated. The number of new treatment procedures performed is shown for each clinic in footnote “d” of their table.

9. How are the success rates determined?

This report presents several measures of success for ART, including the percentage of ART cycles that result in a pregnancy. (Please note that not all pregnancies result in live birth; some pregnancies may result in miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth.) All live-birth deliveries were reported to the ART clinic by either the patient or the patient's obstetric provider. Because this report is geared toward patients, the focus is on the percentage of cycles resulting in live births. Singleton live births, births of a single, live infant, are emphasized as a separate measure of success because they have a much lower risk than multiple-infant births for adverse infant health outcomes, including prematurity, low birth weight, disability, and death. Success rates were calculated at various steps of the ART cycle to provide a complete picture of the chances for success as the cycle progresses.

10. What are my chances of getting pregnant using ART?

Many consumers ask this question because they assume that the pregnancy will lead to a live birth. Unfortunately, not all ART procedures that result in a pregnancy lead to the delivery of a live infant. For example, 93,787 fresh nondonor ART cycles were started in 2013. Of those, 33,425 (36%) led to a pregnancy, but only 27,406 (29%) resulted in a live birth. In other words, 6,019 (almost 1 in 5) of ART pregnancies did not result in a live birth. The percentage of cycles resulting in live births will give a more accurate answer to the question, “If I have an ART procedure, what is my chance that I will have a baby?”

It is important to note that ART success rates vary in the context of patient and treatment characteristics. These characteristics include age, infertility diagnosis, number of embryos transferred, type of ART procedure, use of techniques such as ICSI, and history of previous births, miscarriages, and ART cycles.

11. If a patient has had more than one ART treatment cycle, how is the success rate calculated? Alternatively, how many cycles does a patient usually go through before getting pregnant?

As required by law, this report presents ART success rates in terms of how many cycles were started each year. Because clinics report information based on outcomes for each cycle started, success rates on a “per patient” basis, or the number of cycles that an average patient may undergo before achieving success, are not presented in this report. While it is possible to achieve success with one ART cycle, success rates vary in the context of patient and treatment characteristics. Consumers should consult with their physician to understand their specific medical situation and their chances of pregnancy using ART.

12. What quality control steps are used to ensure data accuracy?

To have their success rates published in this annual report, clinics have to submit their data in time for analysis and the clinics’ medical directors have to verify by signature that the tabulated success rates are accurate. Then, Westat conducts an in-house review and contacts the clinics if corrections are necessary. After the data have been verified, a quality control process called validation begins.

This year, 35 (about 7%) of the 467 reporting clinics were selected after taking into consideration some cycle and clinic characteristics and whether the clinic had been selected before. (See Appendix A: Validation of 2013 ART data on page 523 for a more detailed presentation of sampling strategy.) Members of the Westat Validation Team visit these clinics and review medical record data for a sample of the clinic’s ART cycles. For each cycle, the validation team abstracts information from the patient’s medical record. The abstracted information is then reviewed onsite and compared with the data submitted for the report.

The data validation process does not include any assessment of clinical practice or overall record keeping. Validation primarily helps ensure that clinics submit accurate data. It also serves to identify any systematic problems that could cause data collection to be inconsistent or incomplete. Findings and discrepancy rates from the 2013 validation visits are presented in Appendix A (see pages 523–526).

13. How does CDC use the data collected but not reported in the annual *Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report* and *National Summary Report*?

CDC uses the data collected and not reported in the annual ART reports for surveillance of emerging practice patterns, surveillance of success rates by patient and practice characteristics, evaluation of emerging ART research questions, and the monitoring of safety and efficacy issues related to ART treatment for improving maternal and child health outcomes. A list of ART publications is available at <http://www.cdc.gov/art/publications/>. Other data may not be released in order to protect the ART patient's confidentiality. However, CDC has established a way that researchers outside of CDC can securely access limited, de-identified NASS data to conduct analyses. CDC's Research Data Center, housed within the National Center for Health Statistics, allows researchers to analyze restricted data in a secure environment after their proposed research has been reviewed and approved by CDC.

14. How does CDC ensure the confidentiality of the ART data it collects?

CDC has an Assurance of Confidentiality for the ART database. An Assurance of Confidentiality is a formal confidentiality protection authorized under Section 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 242[m]). An assurance is used for projects conducted by CDC staff or contractors involving the collection or maintenance of sensitive, identifiable, or potentially identifiable information. The assurance allows CDC programs to assure that individuals and institutions involved in research or nonresearch projects protect the confidentiality of the data collected. Under Public Health Service Act Section 308(d), no identifiable information may be used for any purpose other

than that for which it was supplied unless such institution or individual has consented to that disclosure. CDC's current Assurance of Confidentiality for this project is ongoing.

15. Why doesn't the report contain specific medical information about ART?

This report describes a woman's average chances of success per ART cycle. Although the report provides some information about factors such as age and infertility diagnosis, consumers face many unique medical situations. This population-based registry of ART procedures cannot capture detailed information about specific medical conditions associated with infertility. Consumers should consult with their physician to understand their specific medical situation and their chances of success using ART.

16. Why are statistics in the *Fertility Clinic Tables* published by CDC different from statistics reported by *SART's IVF Success Rate Reports*?

During 1996–2013, the percentage of ART clinics with a SART membership reporting data to CDC ranged from approximately 82% to 95%. Annual summary statistics of ART treatments performed in each of these clinics are available online at <http://www.sart.org>. For the same table items that are presented in both the CDC's *Fertility Clinic Tables* and *SART's IVF Success Rate Reports*, discrepancies in tabulated statistics between the SART and CDC tables may be due to (1) the inclusion in the CDC *Fertility Clinic Reports* of ART treatments performed at non-SART member clinics; (2) differences in the data submission deadlines between SART and CDC, which may result in ART clinics being excluded from CDC's annual *Fertility Clinic Reports*; and (3) differences in data processing procedures and statistical methods used to generate statistics.

17. Does CDC have any information on the women who donate eggs?

CDC only collects information on the age of egg donors, but does not present it in the individual clinic tables for this report. In 2013, the average age of egg donors was approximately 26 years. Success rates for cycles using donor eggs or using embryos derived from donor eggs is related to the age of the woman who produced the eggs. Thus, the percentage of transfers that resulted in live births for cycles using fresh embryos from donor eggs remained consistently high—above 55% among most patients of different ages.

18. Are there any medical guidelines for ART performed in the United States?

ASRM and SART issue guidelines dealing with specific ART practice issues, such as the number of embryos to be transferred in an ART procedure. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (both at telephone 205-978-5000 or at websites <http://www.asrm.org> and <http://www.sart.org>).

19. Where can I get additional information on US fertility clinics?

For further information on specific clinics, contact the clinic directly (see Appendix C: ART Clinics on pages 535–576 for current contact information). In addition, SART can provide general information on its member clinics (telephone 205-978-5000, extension 109).

20. What's new in the 2013 report?

CDC is constantly striving to present the most accurate and relevant ART clinic success rates to help potential patients make decisions. Changes to the clinic table and National Summary table format have been made to provide a more comprehensive and user-friendly presentation of clinic and national success rates data. Highlights of modifications to this report designed to enhance clarity, readability, and improve the presentation of data include the following:

2013 ART Fertility Clinic Tables Section

- Modification of the total number of ART cycles performed to include the total number of cycles using frozen eggs for each clinic (indicated in parentheses).
- Removal of outcomes per pregnancy for fresh embryo cycles from nondonor eggs.
- Addition of a measure, percentage of cycles and transfers resulting in term, normal weight, and singleton live births.
- Replacement of the percentage of cycles per transfer resulting in triplet or more live births with the percentage of cycles per transfer resulting in twin live births, and the addition of this measure for donor egg cycles.
- Addition of the number of egg/embryo banking cycles by age of the woman.

Appendix A

- Addition of results from validation of 2013 ART data.

2013

Fertility Clinic Tables



INTRODUCTION TO FERTILITY CLINIC TABLES

Presentation of fertility table data begins on page 21 with the 2013 National Summary of combined data from all clinics. Individual clinic tables follow, beginning on page 23, with each clinic's data presented in a one-page table that includes the types of assisted reproductive technology (ART) used, patient diagnoses, success rates, and individual clinic characteristics. Clinics reporting their data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) are listed in alphabetical order by state, city, and clinic name. Each known nonreporting clinic is also included in alphabetical order, although no data are presented for these clinics. An explanation of how to read a fertility clinic table begins on page 14.

Many people considering ART will want to use this report to find the “best” clinic. However, comparisons between clinics must be made with caution. Many factors contribute to the success of an ART procedure. Some factors are related to the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals and the quality of services they provide. Other factors are related to the patients themselves, such as their age, quality of their eggs and sperm, cause of their infertility, genetic factors, and diagnosis. Some clinics may be more willing than others to accept patients with low chances of success or may specialize in ART treatments that attract particular types of patients.

We encourage consumers considering ART to contact clinics to discuss their specific medical situations and their potential for success using ART. Because clinics did not have the opportunity to provide narratives to explain their data in this report, such conversations could provide additional information to help consumers decide whether to use ART.

Although ART offers important options for the treatment of infertility, the decision to use ART

involves many factors in addition to success rates. Therefore, consumers should carefully examine all related financial, psychological, and medical issues before beginning treatment. They also will want to consider the location of the clinic, the counseling and support services available, and the rapport that staff members have with their patients.

Important Factors to Consider When Using These Tables to Assess a Clinic

- **ART statistics are from 2013**

Data for cycles started in 2013 could not be published until 2015 because the final outcomes of pregnancies conceived in December 2013 were not known until October 2014. Additional time was then required to collect and analyze the data and prepare the report. Many factors that contribute to a clinic's success rate may have changed in the 2 years since these cycles were performed. Personnel may be different. Equipment and training may or may not have been updated. As a result, success rates for 2013 may not necessarily represent current rates.

- **Success rates may vary**

A clinic's success rates may vary from year to year even if all determining factors remain the same. The more cycles that a clinic carries out, the less the rate is likely to vary. Conversely, clinics that perform fewer cycles are likely to have more variability in success rates from year to year. As an extreme example, if a clinic reports only one ART cycle in a given category, as is sometimes the case in the data presented here, the clinic's success rate in that category would be either 0% or 100%.

- **Some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems**

Some clinics are willing to offer ART to most potential patients, even those who have a low probability of success. Others discourage such patients or encourage them to use donor eggs, a practice that results in higher success rates among older women. Clinics that accept a higher percentage of women who previously have had multiple unsuccessful ART cycles will generally have lower success rates. In contrast, clinics that offer ART procedures to women who might have become pregnant with less technologically advanced treatment will generally have higher success rates. CDC does not collect information on clinic-specific practices with regard to patient selection.

- **The percentage of cycles that are canceled varies**

Percentages of canceled cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos vary among clinics from less than 1% to, in a few cases, more than 25%. A high percentage of cancellations tends to lower the percentage of cycles resulting in live births but may increase the percentage of embryo transfers resulting in live births.

- **Percentages of unstimulated (or “natural”) cycles are included with those for stimulated cycles**

In an unstimulated cycle, the woman ovulates naturally rather than as the result of the daily injections used in stimulated cycles. Unstimulated cycles are less expensive because they require no daily injections and fewer ultrasounds and blood tests. However, women who use natural or mild stimulation produce only one or two eggs, thus reducing

the potential number of embryos for transfer. As a result, clinics that perform a relatively high percentage of unstimulated cycles may have lower success rates. Nationally, about 1% of ART cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos in 2013 were unstimulated.

- **Success rates are calculated per cycle rather than per patient**

Success rates shown in this report are presented in terms of cycles, as required by law, rather than in terms of patients. As a result, patients who had more than one ART cycle in 2013 are represented in multiple cycles that are not linked. In addition, for patients who undergo both fresh and frozen cycles, success rates are calculated separately by cycle type. Clinics that have a very high percentage of cycles resulting in live births with frozen embryos would have higher ART success rates if these births were included as successes from the original fresh cycle. Consumers should look at both rates (for cycles using fresh embryos and for those using frozen embryos) when assessing a clinic’s success rates.

- **The number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic**

In 2013, the average number of embryos that nearly all clinics transferred to women younger than age 35 ranged from 1 to 3 for fresh nondonor cycles. The American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM) and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) discourage the transfer of a large number of embryos because of the increased likelihood of multiple-fetus pregnancies. Multiple-fetus pregnancies, in turn, increase the probability of premature births and related health problems.

SAMPLE CLINIC TABLE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

1 Data verified by Andrew B. Sample, MD

2 Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				3 Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	99%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	10%	

5 2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

4 Total number of cycles^d: 610 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

7 Type of Cycle	6 Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
7 Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	115	106	68	19	12	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.2	6.6	13.2	3 / 19	2 / 12	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.8	18.8	11.0	11.5	4.6	1 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.5	1.2	3.8	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3
7A Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	18.9	10.3	1 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.7	21.7	14.7	1 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	8.5	2.9	1 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.4	31.1	20.6	2 / 19	1 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	37.7	23.5	5 / 19	1 / 12	1 / 5
7B Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	90	85	52	15	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	23.5	13.5	1 / 15	0 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	27.1	19.2	1 / 15	0 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	10.6	3.8	1 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.7	38.8	26.9	2 / 15	1 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.8	47.0	30.8	5 / 15	1 / 8	1 / 3
8 Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	75	30	25	20	15	10
Number of transfers	62	25	20	14	8	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	1.9	1.4	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.7	2.0	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.5	25.3	32.1	10.7	9.3	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	24.0	10.0	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.0	24.0	10.0	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	8.0	5.0	1 / 14	0 / 8	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.4	36.0	20.0	2 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.3	48.0	45.0	3 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 5
9 Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	12	7	4	0	0	0
10 Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		60			19	
Number of transfers		49			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.0			26.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.7			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.0			6 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.1			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		51.0			7 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.4			9 / 14	

11 CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sample Clinic

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 3 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

How to Read a Fertility Clinic Table

This section is provided to help consumers understand the information presented in the fertility clinic tables. The number before each heading refers to the number of the corresponding section in the sample clinic table on page 13. Technical terms are defined in the Glossary of Terms (see Appendix B on pages 529–531).

1. Verification

To have success rates published in the annual report, a clinic’s medical director must verify the accuracy of the data reported to CDC. The name of the medical director who verified the clinic’s data is shown.

2. Type of ART and procedural factors

This section gives the percentage of in vitro fertilization (IVF) cycles using fresh nondonor embryos. It also lists the percentage of ART cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos that were unstimulated, that used a gestational carrier, that involved intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI), and that used preimplantation genetic diagnosis (PGD).

3. Patient diagnosis

This section gives the percentage of ART cycles for which patients had a particular diagnosis out of the total number of cycles performed at the clinic. See Appendix B: Glossary of Terms on pages 529–531 for more information about each diagnosis. Cycles started with the intent of using frozen eggs or with the intent of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use are not included in the calculations of percentages in this section.

Consumers may want to know what percentage of cycles are performed for a clinic’s patients with the same diagnosis as they have. In addition,

patients’ diagnoses may affect a clinic’s success rates. However, the use of these diagnostic categories may vary somewhat from clinic to clinic, and total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each cycle.

4. Total number of cycles

The first number represents total ART cycles started at the clinic in 2013. It includes cycles started with the intent of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use. It also includes cycles started with the intent of using frozen eggs, which is shown in parentheses. The total number of ART cycles excludes cycles started with the intent of evaluating a new procedure (a small number nationwide). The number of cycles at each clinic in which a new procedure was being evaluated is shown in footnote “d.” Cycles in which a new procedure was being evaluated and cycles with the intent to use frozen eggs are not used to calculate success rates presented in clinic tables or the national summary.

5. Success rates by type of cycle

Success rates are given for the three categories of ART cycles included in Sections 7, 8, and 10: cycles using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs, cycles using frozen embryos from nondonor eggs, and cycles using donor eggs. The number of egg/embryo banking cycles is given in Section 9. Success rates shown are calculated on the basis of data from all ART cycle procedures (IVF, gamete intrafallopian transfer or GIFT, and zygote intrafallopian transfer or ZIFT).

Success rates for term, normal weight, and singleton live births (births of a single live infant at 37 weeks or more and weighing at least 5 pounds and 8 ounces) are emphasized in the table because they are an important measure of success. Multiple-infant births are associated

with increased risk of adverse outcomes for mothers and infants, including higher rates of caesarean section, prematurity, low birth weight, and infant disability or death.

Clinic table success rates indicate the average chance of success for ART cycles started at the clinic in 2013. Depending on the type of cycle, success rates are calculated by the number of cycles started, the number of cycles that progressed to embryo transfer, or both, and by age group or for all ages combined. For example, if a clinic started 60 fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs in 2013, and these resulted in 15 live births, the average success rate for this type of cycle started at that clinic would be

$$15 \text{ (births)} \div 60 \text{ (cycles)} = 0.250 \text{ or } 25.0\%$$

Thus, the success rate per cycle was 25.0%, meaning that 25.0% of fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs started at the clinic in 2013 resulted in a live birth. Alternatively, if an embryo transfer was attempted in only 40 of the 60 cycles, the average success rate for transfers of this type of cycle at that clinic would be

$$15 \text{ (births)} \div 40 \text{ (transfers)} = 0.375 \text{ or } 37.5\%$$

Thus, the success rate per transfer was 37.5%, meaning that 37.5% of fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs in which an embryo transfer was attempted at the clinic in 2013 resulted in a live birth.

Success rate calculations may be misleading if they are based on a small number of cycles or transfers. Therefore, when fewer than 20 cycles or transfers are reported in a given category, the rates are shown as fractions rather than percentages. For example, suppose that the sample clinic started only 19 fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs among women aged 41–42 years. Of these 19 cycles, 2—or about 10%—resulted in a live birth. Because of the small number of cycles, 10% is not a statistically reliable success rate, so the success rate is presented as 2/19, meaning 2 out of the 19 cycles started resulted in a live birth.

6. Age of woman

Because a woman's fertility declines with age, clinics report lower success rates for older women attempting to become pregnant with their own eggs. For this reason, success rates for women using nondonor eggs or embryos are reported separately for women younger than age 35, for women aged 35–37, aged 38–40, aged 41–42, aged 43–44, and for woman older than age 44. The sample clinic table illustrates the decline in ART success rates among older women. For example, for cycles that used fresh embryos from nondonor eggs, the percentage of cycles resulting in live births among women younger than age 35 was 37.4%, whereas the percentage of cycles resulting in live births among women aged 38–40 was 20.6%.

7. Cycles using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs

This section includes success rates for all ART cycles started with the intent to use fresh embryos from a woman's own eggs. Cycles started with the intention of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use are not included in the calculations of success rates in this section.

- **Number of cycles**

This represents the number of ART cycles started by age of woman.

- **Percentage of cancellations**

This refers to cycles that were stopped before an egg retrieval was attempted. A cycle may be canceled if a woman's ovaries do not respond to fertility medications and thus do not produce a sufficient number of eggs. Cycles also may be canceled because of illness or other medical or personal reasons.

This is calculated as follows: number of cycles canceled divided by the total number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Average number of embryos transferred**

The average number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic. ASRM and SART have practice guidelines that address this issue. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (both at telephone 205-978-5000 or at websites <http://www.asrm.org> and <http://www.sart.org>).

This is calculated as follows: number of embryos transferred divided by number of cycles in which one or more embryos were transferred.

- **Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation**

This represents the number of fetuses with which the woman became pregnant out of the total number of embryos transferred for all cycles in which one or more embryos were transferred. Not all fetal hearts can be detected by ultrasound. For this reason, the number of fetuses with which a woman is pregnant is defined as the larger of either the maximum number of fetal hearts detected by ultrasound or maximum number of infants born, including live born and stillborn infants.

This is calculated as follows: the larger of either the maximum number of fetal hearts or maximum number of infants born (live born and stillborn) divided by number of embryos transferred, expressed as a percentage of embryos transferred.

- **Percentage of elective single embryo transfer (eSET)**

This represents the cycles in which one embryo is selected to be transferred from a larger number of available embryos, usually for the purpose of reducing the chance of having a multiple-infant birth. For these cycles, one or more of the extra embryos are cryopreserved (frozen) during the current cycle for future use.

This is calculated as follows: number of cycles in which one embryo was transferred and one or more embryos were cryopreserved, divided by number of transfer procedures in which either one embryo was transferred and one or more embryos were cryopreserved or more than one embryo was transferred, expressed as a percentage of these transfer procedures.

7A. Outcomes per cycle

In this section, success rates using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs are calculated as a percentage of fresh nondonor cycles started. The number of cycles started is not the same as the number of patients treated because some patients start more than one cycle in a year.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight, and singleton live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in the birth of a single live infant of normal weight and at term, out of all cycles started. For this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal weight if at least approximately 5 pounds and 8 ounces.

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births with a birth weight of at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces) and at least 37 full weeks gestation, divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in the birth of a single live infant out of all cycles started.

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth of two infants out of all cycles started. A twin live birth may include one or both infants born live.

This is calculated as follows: number of twin live births divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles started. A cycle resulting in live birth may include one or more infants born live; that is, a multiple-infant birth (for example, twins or triplets) with at least one live-born infant is counted as one live birth.

This is calculated as follows: number of live births divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies**

This represents the cycles that resulted in a pregnancy out of all cycles started. Because some pregnancies end in a miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth, the percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies is usually higher than the percentage of cycles resulting in live births.

This is calculated as follows: number of pregnancies divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

7B. Outcomes per transfer

In this section, success rates using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs are calculated as the percentage of these cycles in which an embryo transfer procedure was attempted, even if no embryos were successfully transferred. A clinic may begin cycles that do not proceed to

transfer because not every cycle started results in successful egg retrieval and fertilization. For this reason, percentages of transfers resulting in pregnancies and live births generally are higher than percentages for cycles started.

- **Number of transfers**

This represents the number of transfer procedures attempted out of all cycles started, by age of woman.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight, and singleton live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in the birth of a single live infant of normal weight and at term, out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. For this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal weight if at least approximately 5 pounds and 8 ounces.

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births with a birth weight of at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces) and at least 37 full weeks gestation, divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in the birth of a single live infant out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted.

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in a live birth of two infants out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. A twin live birth may include one or both infants born live.

This is calculated as follows: number of twin live births divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. A transfer resulting in live birth may include one or more infants born live; that is, a multiple-infant birth (for example, twins or triplets) with at least one live-born infant is counted as one live birth.

This is calculated as follows: number of live births divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in a pregnancy out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. Because some pregnancies end in a miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth, the percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies is usually higher than the percentage of transfers resulting in live births.

This is calculated as follows: number of pregnancies divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

8. Cycles using frozen embryos from nondonor eggs

This section includes success rates for all ART cycles started with the intent to use frozen embryos from a woman's own eggs. It does not include cycles started with the intent to use frozen eggs.

Cycles using frozen embryos are those in which previously frozen (cryopreserved) embryos are thawed and transferred. Because these cycles

use embryos formed during a previous cycle, no stimulation or retrieval is involved in the current cycle. As a result, cycles using frozen embryos usually are less expensive and less invasive than cycles using fresh embryos. In addition, freezing some of the embryos retrieved during a fresh cycle may increase a woman's overall chances of having a child from a single retrieval.

The embryos transferred in frozen nondonor cycles may come from prior cycles with the original intent to retrieve and transfer embryos (fresh nondonor cycles) and in which one or more embryos were cryopreserved. Embryos transferred in frozen nondonor cycles also may come from previous banking cycles with the original intent to cryopreserve all retrieved eggs or resulting embryos for future use. Banking cycles may be performed to avoid potentially negative effects of stimulation, or when it is necessary to wait for results of genetic testing. Since some patients may only develop a small number of eggs during a single cycle, women may undergo several short-term banking cycles to improve availability of good-quality embryos for later transfer. In other situations, patients may choose to freeze eggs or embryos because the patient or partner needs to undergo medical treatment that may harm their future reproduction capabilities or to delay childbearing for other reasons.

Success rates for frozen nondonor cycles are calculated as the percentage of these cycles in which an embryo transfer procedure was attempted, not the percentage of cycles started because not every cycle started results in successful thaw of frozen embryos or proceeds to a transfer procedure. The only success rate in the clinic table that includes banking cycles in the calculation is the estimated average number of frozen nondonor transfers per fresh nondonor retrievals. See the following interpretation of this measure, and Sections 7 and 7B on pages 15–18 for the interpretation of other success rates for frozen nondonor cycles.

- **Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval**

This represents an estimate of the average number of frozen nondonor cycle transfers for a patient per fresh nondonor cycle retrieval. All banking cycles started during the reporting year, and any fresh nondonor cycles performed during the reporting year among patients who received a transfer of frozen nondonor embryos are included. Frozen nondonor transfers performed early in the reporting year might have involved egg retrieval and egg or embryo cryopreservation during cycles performed in previous years. Additionally, cycles in which retrieval and cryopreservation occurred late in the reporting year may not contribute to frozen nondonor cycles in which thawed embryos are transferred until subsequent years.

This measure will be lower in clinics performing a larger number of short-term banking cycles to increase the number of good-quality embryos available for transfer, or in clinics performing a larger number of long-term banking cycles for fertility preservation. On the other hand, this measure will be higher in clinics practicing elective single embryo transfer (eSET) when one fresh nondonor cycle results in several subsequent frozen nondonor cycles.

This is calculated as follows: number of frozen nondonor cycles in which at least one embryo was transferred divided by the sum of: number of banking cycles among all patients in the age group and number of fresh nondonor cycles among those patients in the age group with one or more frozen nondonor cycles resulting in the transfer of at least one embryo.

9. Number of egg/embryo banking cycles

This section represents the number of cycles started with the intent of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use, by age of woman. See Section 8 on page 18 for additional information about banking cycles.

10. Cycles using donor eggs

Women who are older, have premature ovarian failure (early menopause), whose ovaries have been removed, and who have a genetic concern about using their own eggs may consider using eggs that are donated by a young, healthy woman. Embryos donated by patients who previously had ART also may be available. Many clinics provide services for donor egg and embryo cycles.

In this section, success rates are presented separately for ART cycles using fresh donor eggs or embryos and those using frozen donor embryos. For both cycle types, results among women in all age groups are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not affect success rates with donor eggs. Success rates using donor eggs or embryos are calculated as the percentage of these cycles in which an embryo transfer was attempted, even if no embryos were successfully transferred. See Sections 7 and 7B on pages 15–18 for the interpretation of success rates for cycles using donor eggs or embryos.

11. Current clinic services and profile

- **Current name**

This may reflect a clinic name change that occurred since 2013, whereas the clinic name at the top of the table was the name of the ART clinic as it existed in 2013. Some clinics not only have changed their names but have reorganized as well. Reorganization is defined as a change in ownership or affiliation or a change in at least two of the three key staff positions (practice director, medical director, or laboratory director). In such cases, and in cases in which a clinic has closed since 2013, no current name is listed, but a statement that the clinic has closed or undergone reorganization since 2013 is included, and no current clinic services or profile are listed.

- **Donor eggs**

Some clinics have programs for ART in which a donor egg is retrieved from one woman (the donor), fertilized with either partner or donor sperm, and then the resulting embryo is transferred to the uterus of another woman (the recipient). Policies regarding sharing of donor eggs vary from clinic to clinic.

- **Donor embryos**

This refers to whether the clinic has a program for ART using embryos that were donated by other patients who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available.

- **Gestational carriers**

A gestational carrier is a woman who carries a child for others; sometimes such women are referred to as gestational surrogates. Policies regarding ART services using gestational carriers vary from clinic to clinic. Some states do not permit clinics to offer this service.

- **Embryo cryopreservation**

This refers to whether the clinic has a program for freezing extra embryos that may be available from a patient's ART cycle.

- **Single women**

Clinics have varying policies regarding ART services for single (unmarried) women.

- **SART member**

In 2013, 385 of the 467 reporting clinics were SART members.

- **Verified lab accreditation**

If "Yes" appears next to this item, the ART clinic uses an embryo laboratory accredited by one or more of three specific accrediting organizations. If "Pending" appears here,

it means that the clinic has submitted an application for accreditation to one or more of the three organizations and has provided proof of such application to CDC. "No" indicates that the embryo laboratory has not been accredited by any of these three organizations or has not provided proof of accreditation to CDC.

CDC provides this information as a public service. Please note that CDC does not oversee any of these accreditation programs. They are all nonfederal programs. To become certified, laboratories must have in place systems and processes that comply with the accrediting organization's standards. Depending on the organization, standards may include those for personnel, quality control and quality assurance, specimen tracking, results reporting, and the performance of technical procedures. Compliance with these standards is confirmed by documentation provided by the laboratory and by on-site inspections. For further information, consumers may contact the three accrediting organizations directly:

College of American Pathologists (CAP):

For a list of accredited laboratories, call 800-323-4040 and follow the prompts for Laboratory Accreditation.

The Joint Commission: Call 630-792-5800 to inquire about the status of individual laboratories.

New York State Tissue Bank Program

(NYSTB): Call 518-485-5378 to find out which laboratories are certified under the tissue bank regulations.

Further information on laboratory accreditation for specific clinics is provided in Appendix C: 2013 Reporting Clinics, by State (pages 535–574).

2013 NATIONAL SUMMARY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	5%	
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	13%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				12%
				Female & male factors				17%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 190,773 (includes 2,655 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40,083	19,853	18,061	9,588	4,823	1,379
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.6	8.9	12.3	15.6	18.3	23.9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.9	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.9	30.8	20.0	10.7	5.0	2.3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.4	12.6	5.1	1.8	0.6	0.8
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8	19.6	13.7	7.8	3.9	1.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.2	23.2	16.7	9.6	4.8	1.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	8.0	4.2	1.5	0.4	0.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.9	31.6	21.1	11.1	5.2	1.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.9	38.0	28.6	18.8	10.2	3.8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33,750	15,941	13,456	6,588	3,086	750
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.2	24.4	18.4	11.4	6.0	2.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.5	28.9	22.5	14.0	7.6	2.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.4	10.0	5.6	2.2	0.6	0.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.4	39.3	28.4	16.2	8.2	2.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	47.3	38.3	27.3	15.9	6.9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21,627	11,140	8,354	3,344	1,503	811
Number of transfers	20,423	10,374	7,713	3,005	1,329	732
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.6	35.6	31.5	25.4	18.6	13.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	27.2	24.4	21.2	15.8	8.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	32.7	29.6	26.0	20.9	11.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.8	7.1	5.9	4.1	2.5	2.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	40.1	35.7	30.3	23.5	14.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.2	50.0	46.9	42.1	34.2	23.4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7,350	5,437	6,493	3,918	2,578	1,788
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9,718			10,270		
Number of transfers	8,597			9,499		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.9			34.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.8			24.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5			32.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.0			7.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.9			40.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.0			50.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Number of reporting clinics: 467

Percentage of clinics that allow cycles involving:		Clinic profile:	
Donor eggs	92%	Gestational carriers	86%
Donor embryos	69%	Embryo cryopreservation	>99%
Single women	96%	SART member	82%
		Verified lab accreditation	
		Yes	93%
		No	7%
		Pending	<1%

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 67 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALABAMA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Michael P. Steinkampf, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 43%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Male factor	49%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 75 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		26	11	4	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		7.7	3 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.3	2.5	4.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.7	3 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3.8	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		3.8	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		30.8	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		34.6	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.3	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		24	6	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4.2	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4.2	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		33.3	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.5	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.8	2 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		20	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		18	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.3	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.5				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.1	0 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 18	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 18	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 18	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 18	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 18	0 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			1			5	
Number of transfers			1			5	
Average number of embryos transferred			3.0			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 3			1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 1			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 1			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 1			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 1			1 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Alabama Fertility Specialists					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ART FERTILITY PROGRAM OF ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Virginia L. Houserman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	29%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 44%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	52%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	67%	
				Endometriosis	29%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 411 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	158	58	29	4	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.9	12.1	20.7	0 / 4	3 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.7	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.6	23.3	21.4	0 / 5	0 / 11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	16.5	0.0	4.8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	12.1	17.2	0 / 4	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.3	15.5	20.7	0 / 4	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	6.9	3.4	0 / 4	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.6	22.4	24.1	0 / 4	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.1	34.5	34.5	1 / 4	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	135	50	23	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	14.0	21.7	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.6	18.0	26.1	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.6	8.0	4.3	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.2	26.0	30.4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.1	40.0	43.5	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	12	8	2	0	1
Number of transfers	57	9	7	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.2	4 / 14	3 / 13	1 / 4		1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	3 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.8	4 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	4 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.6	5 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	2	2	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	25			30		
Number of transfers	21			28		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.8			23.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8			7.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8			21.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5			10.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.1			32.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9			32.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: ART Fertility Program of Alabama

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Gordon W. Bates, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a				Patient Diagnosis^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 133 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		46	20	11	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		4.3	0.0	3 / 11	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.1	2.8	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.6	33.3	18.2	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		20.9	1 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.9	10.0	0 / 11	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.4	25.0	0 / 11	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		10.9	15.0	0 / 11	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		41.3	40.0	0 / 11	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.7	45.0	3 / 11	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		44	17	8	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.0	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.8	5 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.4	3 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.2	8 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.7	9 / 17	3 / 8	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	4	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers		15	4	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	1.3	1.0	0.0		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.5	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		20.8	1 / 6	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		7	0	1	2	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			10		
Number of transfers		9			9		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 16			0 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 9			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 9			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 9			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 9			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 9			1 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: University of Alabama at Birmingham, Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HUNTSVILLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Andrew J. Harper, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	29%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 32% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 157 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	19	16	10	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.9	32.4	36.1	6 / 19	1 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.9	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.1	7 / 19	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	7 / 19	3 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	1 / 19	4 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.3	8 / 19	7 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.6	9 / 19	8 / 16	6 / 10	1 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	54	17	14	8	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	7 / 17	2 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.2	7 / 17	3 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.5	1 / 17	4 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	8 / 17	7 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	9 / 17	8 / 14	6 / 8	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	9	5	3	0	1
Number of transfers	22	8	5	3	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.1	4.0	5.0	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.0	3.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.5	2 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 9		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.4	1 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.1	1 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			9		
Number of transfers	6			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 11			3 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6			3 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MOBILE, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by George T. Koulianos, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	<1%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	22%	Unknown factor	<1%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				15%
				Female & male factors				15%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 229 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		87	32	25	10	3	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		11.5	12.5	16.0	2 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.0	2.7	3.5	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.4	40.0	23.5	2 / 14	0 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		18.1	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.6	9.4	4.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.5	15.6	8.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		17.2	18.8	12.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		52.9	34.4	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.6	40.6	32.0	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		74	24	20	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.4	12.5	5.0	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.5	20.8	10.0	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.3	25.0	15.0	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		62.2	45.8	25.0	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		68.9	54.2	40.0	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		18	15	3	2	0	2
Number of transfers		18	14	2	2	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	2.3	2.0	0.7		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	3.0	2.0		2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.3	16.0	4 / 6	2 / 4		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 18	4 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 18	4 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 2	1 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 18	4 / 14	1 / 2	1 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 18	5 / 14	2 / 2	1 / 2		1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		4	1	1	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			10		
Number of transfers		9			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 15			5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 9			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 9			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 9			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 9			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 9			7 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA IVF AND ART PROGRAM MOBILE, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Botros M. Rizk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	32%	Uterine factor	43%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 50% Female & male factors 32%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	50%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 32 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	9	1	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.3	1.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.0	4.8	0 / 1	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 8	0 / 7		0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	9	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 12		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4		0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PENINSULA MEDICAL CENTER
JOHN NELS ANDERSON, MD
SOLDOTNA, ALASKA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John N. Anderson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 72 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	9	10	2	0	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0/9	1/10	0/2		0/1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.0	2.3	3.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6.2	1/16	1/16	0/6		0/1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0/7	0/7	0/2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.8	1/9	0/10	0/2		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.2	1/9	0/10	0/2		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0/9	0/10	0/2		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.2	1/9	0/10	0/2		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.7	3/9	1/10	0/2		0/1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	29	9	7	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.8	1/9	0/7	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.2	1/9	0/7	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0/9	0/7	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	17.2	1/9	0/7	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.7	3/9	1/7	0/2		0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	2	2	3	0	0
Number of transfers	10	2	2	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	1.5	2.5	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4.0	0/3	0/5	0/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/10	0/2	0/2	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/10	0/2	0/2	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/10	0/2	0/2	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/10	0/2	0/2	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/10	0/2	0/2	0/3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			0		
Number of transfers	3			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/6					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/3					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Peninsula Medical Center, John Nels Anderson, MD

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TROCHÉ FERTILITY CENTERS GLENDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vladimir Troché, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 41%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	72%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 242 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	61	25	24	21	4	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.3	0.0	4.2	14.3	0 / 4	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.6	3.4	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.0	17.8	14.3	6.8	1 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.3	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.2	16.0	4.2	14.3	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.5	16.0	12.5	14.3	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	8.0	4.2	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.0	24.0	16.7	14.3	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.3	32.0	25.0	14.3	1 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	55	22	19	13	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	18.2	1 / 19	3 / 13	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.7	18.2	3 / 19	3 / 13	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.7	9.1	1 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	27.3	4 / 19	3 / 13	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.1	36.4	6 / 19	3 / 13	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	27	9	3	0	2
Number of transfers	36	24	8	3	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.8	3.4	2.7	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.7		1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.1	15.2	0 / 16	0 / 5		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	25.0	0 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.7	25.0	0 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	25.0	0 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	25.0	0 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14			9	
Number of transfers		13			8	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		56.5			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 13			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 13			3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 13			0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 13			3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 13			4 / 8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Troché Fertility Centers

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Drew V. Moffitt, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 327 (includes 13 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	38	23	10	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.8	10.5	21.7	2 / 10	2 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.9	17.2	16.3	1 / 19		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.0	10.7	0 / 16	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.3	18.4	21.7	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	21.1	21.7	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.8	2.6	4.3	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.5	23.7	26.1	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.2	23.7	26.1	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	31	18	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	22.6	5 / 18	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.4	25.8	5 / 18	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	3.2	1 / 18	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.9	29.0	6 / 18	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	29.0	6 / 18	1 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	33	21	7	6	2
Number of transfers	53	32	19	7	6	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.3	40.0	39.3	3 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	21.9	5 / 19	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	25.0	6 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	9.4	2 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.0	34.4	8 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.4	46.9	9 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	8	11	6	6	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			13		
Number of transfers	12			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4			8 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 12			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12			4 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12			1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12			5 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 12			8 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sujatha Gunnala, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	26%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 75 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	8	12	4	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 8	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.4	3.0	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.9	25.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	3 / 8	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	3 / 8	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	1 / 8	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.0	4 / 8	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.0	4 / 8	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	8	10	3	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.0	3 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.0	3 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	1 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.0	4 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.0	4 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	3	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	4	3	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8		0.3	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 7	3 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			1		
Number of transfers	5			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 11			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CARE SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Frederick W. Larsen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	54%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 292 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	100	43	24	9	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.0	7.0	16.7	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	2.1	2.5	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	35.3	20.0	1 / 15	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.4	36.7	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	25.6	12.5	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.0	30.2	12.5	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	4.7	4.2	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.0	34.9	16.7	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.0	37.2	29.2	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	82	31	18	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.1	35.5	3 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.2	41.9	3 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	6.5	1 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	48.4	4 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.8	51.6	7 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	21	9	1	0	0
Number of transfers	38	21	9	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.6	2.3	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.5	48.6	9 / 14	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	33.3	3 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	38.1	3 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	9.5	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.5	47.6	4 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.6	61.9	6 / 9	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	4	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	14			25		
Number of transfers	13			23		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	70.0			31.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 13			34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 13			43.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 13			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13			43.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 13			52.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA ASSOCIATES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ketan S. Patel, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 297 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	41	25	13	4	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.6	19.5	12.0	1 / 13	2 / 4	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.8	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.6	28.3	26.7	39.3	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.5	7.4	1 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	9.8	28.0	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.4	14.6	32.0	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	9.8	4.0	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.7	24.4	36.0	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	29.3	48.0	7 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	57	31	21	10	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.1	12.9	33.3	3 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	19.4	38.1	3 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.5	12.9	4.8	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.1	32.3	42.9	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.2	38.7	57.1	7 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	20	15	5	1	0
Number of transfers	41	20	14	5	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.8	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.6	1.9	3.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.3	50.0	48.1	2 / 15	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.5	30.0	3 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.2	40.0	5 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.6	10.0	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.9	50.0	8 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.2	70.0	9 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	18	8	14	5	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			2		
Number of transfers	11			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 16			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 11			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 11			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 11			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 11			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Associates for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA CENTER FOR FERTILITY STUDIES SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jay S. Nemiro, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	25%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 226 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 6	0 / 3				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	14	6	5	4	3
Number of transfers	30	14	6	5	4	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.5	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.9	52.2	4 / 10	3 / 10	4 / 6	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	4 / 14	2 / 6	1 / 5	4 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	5 / 14	2 / 6	1 / 5	4 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.7	2 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.3	7 / 14	3 / 6	1 / 5	4 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.7	9 / 14	3 / 6	3 / 5	4 / 4	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	35	28	30	20	18	16
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			11		
Number of transfers	2			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 3			54.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			7 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2			8 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Center for Fertility Studies

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTERS OF ARIZONA SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel F. Rychlik, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	31%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 53 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	6	5	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.0	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.1	1 / 7	1 / 5	2 / 2	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 19	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	10 / 19	1 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 19	1 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	3	2	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	4	6	0	0	0
Number of transfers	7	4	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.5	4.0	1.2			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 13	4 / 7	4 / 12			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7	1 / 4	4 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7	2 / 4	4 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7	2 / 4	4 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			2		
Number of transfers	0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF PHOENIX SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John L. Couvaras, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	48%	Female factors only	1%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	9%	Female & male factors	19%
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	1%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 104 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	5	11	5	5	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.5	0/5	1/11	2/5	4/5	1/3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.0	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7/19	4/10	3/16	0/4	0/3	0/2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6/13	0/5	1/8	0/2	0/1	0/1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8	0/5	2/11	0/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	0/5	3/11	0/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	1/5	0/11	0/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.6	1/5	3/11	0/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	2/5	3/11	0/5	0/5	0/3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	5	9	2	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5/13	0/5	2/9	0/2	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5/13	0/5	3/9	0/2	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/13	1/5	0/9	0/2	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6/13	1/5	3/9	0/2	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7/13	2/5	3/9	0/2	0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	5	7	1	1	0
Number of transfers	15	5	6	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.7	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.8	2.3	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	0/6	2/14	0/1	1/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/15	0/5	1/6	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/15	0/5	2/6	0/1	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/15	0/5	0/6	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/15	0/5	2/6	0/1	1/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4/15	2/5	2/6	0/1	1/1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	0	4	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			8		
Number of transfers	4			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/6			2/12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/4			0/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/4			1/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4			0/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/4			1/8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4/4			2/8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Phoenix

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY TREATMENT CENTER TEMPE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randall Craig, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 46% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	79%	Male factor	2%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 763 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	3	7	1	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	1.9		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.2	2 / 7	0 / 13		0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 6		1 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	3	7	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 7		0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	140	61	61	25	20	1
Number of transfers	131	58	59	23	19	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	30.1	19.7	24.1	18.9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.2	17.2	15.3	17.4	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	27.6	23.7	17.4	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.5	6.9	5.1	8.7	1 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.6	34.5	30.5	26.1	3 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	55.2	42.4	52.2	8 / 19	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	122	76	70	56	30	13
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		15		43		
Number of transfers		13		41		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2		2.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		71.4		38.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 13		22.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 13		36.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 13		14.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 13		56.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 13		68.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Treatment Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY TUCSON, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Timothy J. Gelety, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	17%		Female factors only	16%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	2%		Female & male factors	8%
				Endometriosis	51%	Unknown factor	3%			

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 304 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	82	28	41	26	9	9
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1 / 9	2 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.7	3.0	3.7	3.7	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.2	30.6	18.2	11.3	9.1	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.5	25.0	14.6	11.5	1 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.8	32.1	22.0	19.2	1 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.1	7.1	9.8	3.8	0 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	56.1	39.3	31.7	23.1	1 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.9	57.1	41.5	38.5	2 / 9	0 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	75	24	40	26	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	29.2	15.0	11.5	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.3	37.5	22.5	19.2	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.7	8.3	10.0	3.8	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.3	45.8	32.5	23.1	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.0	66.7	42.5	38.5	2 / 6	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	23	5	6	3	0
Number of transfers	45	22	5	6	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.0	3.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.7	2.6	3.3	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.0	13.6	4 / 13	10.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.6	27.3	3 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.8	36.4	4 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.7	36.4	4 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.8	36.4	4 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			10		16	
Number of transfers			8		16	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.6		3.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			28.6		10.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 8		2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 8		3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			2 / 8		0 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			2 / 8		3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			3 / 8		5 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ARIZONA REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE
TUCSON, ARIZONA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CENTER TUCSON, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Scot M. Hutchison, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 295 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	6	6	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.5	2 / 6	3 / 6		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	2.0	1.7		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 16	0 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8	0 / 6	1 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	0 / 6	1 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	0 / 6	0 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.6	0 / 6	1 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	0 / 6	2 / 6		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	4	3	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 12	0 / 4	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	65	37	25	7	3	0
Number of transfers	64	37	25	7	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.3	1.5	3.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.3	25.0	18.8	0 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	21.6	24.0	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.4	27.0	24.0	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.8	27.0	24.0	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.5	40.5	36.0	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	42	13	14	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		20			33	
Number of transfers		18			33	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.7			25.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 18			24.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 18			30.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 18			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 18			30.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 18			39.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARKANSAS FERTILITY CENTER LITTLE ROCK FERTILITY CENTER LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dean M. Moutos, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	48%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	30%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 288 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	115	35	23	4	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.5	2.9	0.0	0 / 4	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.3	2.1	1.7	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.1	31.7	22.2	0 / 5	1 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.7	3.7	0 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	20.0	13.0	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	25.7	26.1	0 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	14.3	4.3	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.6	40.0	30.4	0 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.8	42.9	34.8	0 / 4	1 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	104	27	21	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.7	25.9	14.3	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	33.3	28.6	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	18.5	4.8	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	51.9	33.3	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.9	55.6	38.1	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	22	10	7	0	0
Number of transfers	41	22	8	7	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	5.5	8.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.3	2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.1	11.4	2 / 7	1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	4.5	1 / 8	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.4	9.1	2 / 8	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.4	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.8	13.6	2 / 8	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.3	13.6	4 / 8	1 / 7		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			11		
Number of transfers	10			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	13 / 19			5 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 10			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 10			4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 10			4 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arkansas Fertility Center, Little Rock Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LIFESTART FERTILITY CENTER AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Anita P. Singh, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	35%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	18%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 24 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		8	4	2	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	2.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 10	3 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		6 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		8	2	2	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8	2 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 8	2 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		3	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		3	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			1			1	
Number of transfers			1			1	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 1			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 1			0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: LifeStart Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALTA BATES IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Ryszard J. Chetkowski, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 146 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		15	11	11	15	3	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 15	1 / 11	3 / 11	3 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	2.6	3.4	2.5	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4.3	3 / 17	9.5	17.6	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		4 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 15	0 / 11	2 / 11	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 15	1 / 11	2 / 11	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 11	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 15	2 / 11	2 / 11	4 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 15	2 / 11	2 / 11	4 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		13	9	8	10	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 13	0 / 9	2 / 8	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 13	1 / 9	2 / 8	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 8	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 13	2 / 9	2 / 8	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 13	2 / 9	2 / 8	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		17	13	3	3	1	0
Number of transfers		16	13	3	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.3			0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.7	2.3	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.0	27.3	2 / 7	2 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 16	2 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 16	2 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 16	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 16	4 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 16	4 / 13	2 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	6	0	0	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		16			20		
Number of transfers		14			17		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.3			31.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 14			4 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 14			5 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 14			1 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 14			6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 14			7 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BEVERLY HILLS REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Peyman Saadat, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 378 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		69	44	51	27	18	15
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred		2.6	2.8	2.8	2.4	3.1	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.7	31.0	23.3	18.8	4.4	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0.0	2.2	0 / 18	0 / 11	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.0	29.5	23.5	14.8	1 / 18	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.2	36.4	31.4	18.5	1 / 18	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		13.0	15.9	9.8	3.7	0 / 18	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		53.6	52.3	41.2	22.2	1 / 18	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.9	59.1	51.0	48.1	3 / 18	0 / 15
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		69	43	48	25	15	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.0	30.2	25.0	16.0	1 / 15	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.2	37.2	33.3	20.0	1 / 15	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.0	16.3	10.4	4.0	0 / 15	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.6	53.5	43.8	24.0	1 / 15	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.9	60.5	54.2	52.0	3 / 15	0 / 13
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		22	13	15	4	4	3
Number of transfers		22	13	15	4	4	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred		2.6	2.3	3.1	2.0	3.0	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		37.3	25.0	22.7	0 / 8	1 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.7	1 / 13	3 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		22.7	2 / 13	4 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		27.3	0 / 13	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0	3 / 13	6 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		68.2	6 / 13	8 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		12	11	13	9	9	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		19			9		
Number of transfers		19			9		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.0			7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 19			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 19			4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7 / 19			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		13 / 19			5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		15 / 19			5 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Beverly Hills Reproductive Fertility Center, Center for Reproduction					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & GYNECOLOGY
(CRH&G)
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sam Najmabadi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	53%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	30%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	32%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 142 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	12	24	11	7	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 14	0 / 12	12.5	2 / 11	2 / 7	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.3	1.4	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	50.0	32.6	4 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 14	5 / 12	33.3	1 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 14	5 / 12	33.3	1 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 14	2 / 12	8.3	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9 / 14	7 / 12	41.7	2 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 14	8 / 12	54.2	3 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	14	11	20	9	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 14	5 / 11	40.0	1 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 14	5 / 11	40.0	1 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 14	2 / 11	10.0	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 14	7 / 11	50.0	2 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 14	8 / 11	65.0	3 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	2	3	5	0	0
Number of transfers	5	2	3	4	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.7	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 10	1 / 3	2 / 6	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 5	1 / 2	2 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 5	1 / 2	2 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 5	1 / 2	2 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5	1 / 2	2 / 3	1 / 4		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	13	5	5	6	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			6		
Number of transfers	11			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 11			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 11			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 11			3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health & Gynecology, (CRH&G)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA REPRODUCTIVE CENTER BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark W. Surrey, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	39%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 529 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	28	73	33	14	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	3.6	12.3	3.0	1 / 14	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.5	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	81.1	36.0	41.2	5 / 16	4 / 15	1 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	40.9	4 / 13	9.5	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.3	25.0	13.7	3.0	2 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.5	25.0	17.8	3.0	2 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.9	3.6	2.7	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.4	28.6	21.9	3.0	3 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.8	28.6	23.3	12.1	3 / 14	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	14	28	7	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.7	7 / 14	35.7	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	7 / 14	46.4	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	29.2	1 / 14	7.1	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	79.2	8 / 14	57.1	1 / 7	3 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	91.7	8 / 14	60.7	4 / 7	3 / 6	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	35	47	26	4	0
Number of transfers	37	35	44	25	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	74.0	46.8	73.7	43.2	4 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	56.8	34.3	43.2	40.0	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	64.9	42.9	54.5	48.0	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.8	5.7	11.4	4.0	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	78.4	48.6	65.9	52.0	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	81.1	57.1	77.3	56.0	3 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	56	33	7	9	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		40			20	
Number of transfers		36			20	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.7			53.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		61.1			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		72.2			55.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.3			5.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		80.6			60.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		80.6			65.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southern California Reproductive Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CARE OF ORANGE COUNTY BREA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by C. Terence Lee, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 179 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	8	16	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 10	0 / 8	5 / 16	5 / 7	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.5	3.5	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 13	5 / 19	16.0	0 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 7	0 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10	4 / 8	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 8	2 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10	4 / 8	2 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10	5 / 8	2 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	8	10	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7	2 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7	4 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 8	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7	4 / 8	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7	5 / 8	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	18	17	5	0	2
Number of transfers	24	17	17	5	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.4	0.7	1.0	0.0	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.9	2.0	1.4		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	51.9	41.2	1 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	4 / 17	6 / 17	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	5 / 17	6 / 17	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	2 / 17	3 / 17	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.2	8 / 17	9 / 17	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	12 / 17	10 / 17	4 / 5		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	11	6	19	5	2	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		5		17		
Number of transfers		3		15		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7		1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 3		9 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3		4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 3		5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3		2 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 3		7 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 3		10 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Care of Orange County

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTRAL CALIFORNIA IVF PROGRAM WOMEN'S SPECIALTY AND FERTILITY CENTER CLOVIS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by H. Michael Synn, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 231 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	78	37	26	7	3	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.1	16.2	15.4	1 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.7	21.7	31.8	3 / 17	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.4	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.4	0.0	23.1	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	13.5	23.1	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	21.8	10.8	7.7	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.7	24.3	34.6	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.1	27.0	42.3	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	28	19	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	0.0	6 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	17.9	6 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.3	14.3	2 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.3	32.1	9 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.4	35.7	11 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	11	7	3	0	0
Number of transfers	27	11	7	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.8	1.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.6	31.8	1 / 13	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.8	4 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.8	4 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	22.2	5 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.6	6 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	17			11		
Number of transfers	15			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.7			5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 15			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 15			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 15			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 15			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 15			5 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Central California IVF Program, Women's Specialty and Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA IVF FERTILITY CENTER, INC. DAVIS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ernest J. Zeringue, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	53%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 583 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	91	34	42	11	8	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.1	0.0	0.0	1 / 11	2 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.7	45.2	13.7	2 / 19	1 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.0	6.9	2.9	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.6	26.5	9.5	1 / 11	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	32.4	14.3	1 / 11	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	23.5	2.4	0 / 11	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.7	55.9	16.7	1 / 11	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	58.8	33.3	2 / 11	2 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	82	31	37	9	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	29.0	10.8	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.4	35.5	16.2	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	25.8	2.7	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.9	61.3	18.9	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.7	64.5	37.8	2 / 9	2 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	65	19	20	8	0	0
Number of transfers	64	19	20	8	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.9	1.4	2.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.7	2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.7	29.0	23.3	3 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.3	6 / 19	10.0	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	9 / 19	15.0	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	0 / 19	0.0	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.5	9 / 19	15.0	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.2	10 / 19	40.0	3 / 8		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	5	4	2	1	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		138			122	
Number of transfers		137			122	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		54.6			27.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.8			17.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.8			24.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		21.9			5.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		65.7			30.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.3			41.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: California IVF Fertility Center, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Lori L. Arnold, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	19%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	16%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 83 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		6	4	5	3	0	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	2.8	2.4	2.3		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 11	2 / 4	2 / 8	4 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6	2 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6	2 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6	2 / 4	2 / 5	3 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 6	4 / 4	3 / 5	3 / 3		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		5	4	5	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 5	2 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 5	2 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 5	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 5	2 / 4	2 / 5	3 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5	4 / 4	3 / 5	3 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		5	4	3	2	0	1
Number of transfers		5	4	3	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	0.7	1.0		0.0	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0	2.5	1.7	2.0		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 15	2 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		2	6	3	0	2	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		19			11		
Number of transfers		19			11		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.8			9 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 19			5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		11 / 19			5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 19			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		13 / 19			6 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 19			9 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: California Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTES-LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK, GUADALAJARA ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey Steinberg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Male factor	2%	
Used gestational carrier	7%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	73%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 121 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	15	9	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	15.4	3 / 16	1 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 16	1 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	2 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	2 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	1 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.0	3 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	3 / 15	3 / 9	1 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	15	8	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	2 / 15	2 / 8	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.1	2 / 15	2 / 8	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.1	3 / 15	2 / 8	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.8	3 / 15	3 / 8	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	3	3	0	0	1
Number of transfers	5	3	3	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.0		0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3			2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 10	2 / 6	3 / 7			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 3			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 3			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 3			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 3			0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	5	6	9	0	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	22			2		
Number of transfers	21			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.0			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.9			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Institutes-Los Angeles, New York, Guadalajara

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-ENCINO ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael A. Feinman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	<1%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	97%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 402 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	50	45	22	22	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.6	4.0	4.4	4.5	18.2	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.8	3.3	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.9	49.4	34.8	14.6	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.3	9.1	4.8	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	28.0	22.2	18.2	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.7	30.0	31.1	18.2	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	21.0	16.0	6.7	4.5	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	61.3	50.0	40.0	22.7	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.7	58.0	44.4	27.3	0.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	38	30	16	11	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.1	36.8	33.3	4 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.9	39.5	46.7	4 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.2	21.1	10.0	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.9	65.8	60.0	5 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.0	76.3	66.7	6 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	15	23	20	7	10
Number of transfers	35	15	21	14	7	10
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.7	0.8	1.8	2.0	1.8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	9.7	22.7	40.0	2 / 19	3 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.9	3 / 15	33.3	0 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.7	3 / 15	38.1	2 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.9	0 / 15	4.8	3 / 14	1 / 7	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.6	3 / 15	42.9	5 / 14	1 / 7	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.9	6 / 15	61.9	10 / 14	1 / 7	4 / 10
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	1	1	3	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	42			33		
Number of transfers	36			25		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.1			31.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3			36.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.2			44.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.2			8.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	69.4			52.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.0			52.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: HRC Fertility-Encino

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ZOUVES FERTILITY CENTER FOSTER CITY, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Christo Zouves, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	25%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	25%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 746 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	0	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 1			1 / 2	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1					
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	0	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	50	67	16	12	0
Number of transfers	57	49	66	15	11	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	47.8	33.3	9 / 19	5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.5	34.7	24.2	4 / 15	4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.3	42.9	30.3	5 / 15	4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	6.1	9.1	1 / 15	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.1	49.0	39.4	6 / 15	4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.1	59.2	50.0	9 / 15	6 / 11	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	59	91	124	68	59	17
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			101	
Number of transfers		15			99	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.1			24.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 15			20.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 15			24.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 15			6.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 15			30.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 15			38.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Zouves Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST COAST FERTILITY CENTERS FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David G. Diaz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	3%	Used PGD	23%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 196 (includes 15 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	13	11	12	4	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.3	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 12	1 / 4	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.2	3.3	6.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.3	30.0	1 / 9	1 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 15	4 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	3 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.7	4 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.3	4 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.7	7 / 13	2 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	13	6	5	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	3 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	4 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.0	4 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	7 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	17	15	3	0	1
Number of transfers	21	16	14	3	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	2.3	1.1	0.4		1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.4	25.9	4 / 19	0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	4 / 16	3 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	5 / 16	3 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	1 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.1	6 / 16	3 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.6	6 / 16	6 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	6	9	4	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6			14	
Number of transfers		6			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 10			36.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6			2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 6			4 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6			7 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: West Coast Fertility Centers

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**XPRT FERTILITY CARE OF CALIFORNIA
MINH N. HO, MD, FACOG
FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Minh N. Ho, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 40%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 25 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	2	2	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	2.0		4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 4		0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	2	2	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	7	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.5		1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 15		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 7		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7		1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			3		
Number of transfers	4			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3			3.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 9			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Xprt Fertility Care of California, Minh N. Ho, MD, FACOG

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FREMONT, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lisa Farah-Eways, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 942 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	223	150	155	79	26	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.9	8.0	16.1	16.5	23.1	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.9	3.8	4.6	4.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.3	35.7	28.3	17.1	6.7	0 / 14
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.7	12.7	3.5	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	24.7	18.1	15.2	15.4	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	30.0	22.6	17.7	19.2	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.2	12.7	9.7	7.6	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.7	43.3	32.9	25.3	19.2	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.7	50.7	42.6	36.7	23.1	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	191	129	118	60	17	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.1	28.7	23.7	20.0	4 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.3	34.9	29.7	23.3	5 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.1	14.7	12.7	10.0	0 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.4	50.4	43.2	33.3	5 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.9	58.9	55.9	48.3	6 / 17	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	64	55	21	3	5
Number of transfers	84	61	51	20	3	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.3	2.4	5.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.8	3.7	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.3	37.5	31.5	25.0	1 / 11	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.7	26.2	31.4	25.0	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.4	27.9	33.3	25.0	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	8.2	9.8	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.1	37.7	43.1	25.0	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.6	47.5	52.9	45.0	1 / 3	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	1	3	0	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		43			14	
Number of transfers		40			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		69.6			64.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		47.5			8 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.5			10 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.5			2 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		70.0			12 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		80.0			12 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CARE FERTILITY GLENDALE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Rudy Quintero, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	5%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 393 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		35	25	18	10	8	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)		5.7	4.0	2 / 18	0 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.3	2.4	2.3	1.2	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		27.8	20.6	20.7	1 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		3 / 18	0 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5.7	12.0	2 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		11.4	12.0	2 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5.7	8.0	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		17.1	20.0	3 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		28.6	24.0	4 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		23	16	12	6	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8.7	3 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		17.4	3 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.7	2 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		26.1	5 / 16	3 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.5	6 / 16	4 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		72	54	20	10	0	1
Number of transfers		70	50	18	10	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.8	34.8	24.2	15.0		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.6	24.0	4 / 18	1 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.9	28.0	4 / 18	1 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.3	8.0	0 / 18	1 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.1	36.0	4 / 18	2 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.3	52.0	8 / 18	3 / 10		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		44	39	18	9	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		9			14		
Number of transfers		2			13		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 3			7 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2			2 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2			3 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 2			2 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			5 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			7 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: CARE Fertility					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MARIN FERTILITY CENTER GREENBRAE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Peter S. Uzelac, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	5%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	54%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 139 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	8	16	6	10	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 10	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.5	3.1	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	3 / 18	28.0	1 / 11	3.6	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	1 / 8	3 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 13	2 / 8	5 / 16	1 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	0 / 8	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	2 / 8	6 / 16	1 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 13	2 / 8	8 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	8	12	4	9	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 12	1 / 8	3 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	2 / 8	5 / 12	1 / 4	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	0 / 8	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	2 / 8	6 / 12	1 / 4	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 12	2 / 8	8 / 12	2 / 4	1 / 9	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	11	1	4	2	1
Number of transfers	12	11	1	4	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.0	0.3	1.0	2.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 17	1 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	1 / 11	1 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	1 / 11	1 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 12	1 / 11	1 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12	1 / 11	1 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	8	4	3	1	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			11		
Number of transfers	9			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 12			1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9			1 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Marin Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COASTAL FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER, INC. IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Lawrence B. Werlin, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 228 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		32	28	29	11	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		3.1	10.7	6.9	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.2	2.6	2.9	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.3	12.0	8.8	0.0	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		15.6	10.7	10.3	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		18.8	10.7	10.3	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		15.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		34.4	10.7	10.3	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.8	17.9	13.8	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		28	23	22	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.9	13.0	13.6	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.4	13.0	13.6	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		39.3	13.0	13.6	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0	21.7	18.2	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		19	15	14	7	2	0
Number of transfers		17	14	13	6	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.1	0.9	1.4	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		29.7	21.2	33.3	3 / 14	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 17	1 / 14	4 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 17	2 / 14	4 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 17	1 / 14	1 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 17	3 / 14	5 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 17	4 / 14	6 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		10	11	6	6	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		16			19		
Number of transfers		16			18		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		37.5			25.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 16			4 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 16			4 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 16			2 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 16			6 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 16			8 / 18		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ilene E. Hatch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	17%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 200 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	11	17	5	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.8	2.2	4.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.8	28.0	25.6	2 / 11	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16	5 / 11	5 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	6 / 11	6 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 16	0 / 11	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9 / 16	6 / 11	8 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 16	6 / 11	10 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	14	11	17	5	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 14	5 / 11	5 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 14	6 / 11	6 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 14	0 / 11	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 14	6 / 11	8 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 14	6 / 11	10 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	19	18	7	7	0
Number of transfers	12	18	15	7	7	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.4	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.9	1.6	2.1	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 16	26.5	37.5	7 / 13	4.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 12	3 / 18	6 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	3 / 18	7 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 12	3 / 18	1 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	6 / 18	8 / 15	4 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12	7 / 18	8 / 15	5 / 7	1 / 7	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	11	21	7	10	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			9		
Number of transfers	9			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12 / 14			4 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 9			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 9			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 9			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 9			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 9			4 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Southern California

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**HOPE IVF AND FERTILITY CENTER
IRVINE, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LIFE IVF CENTER IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Frank D. Yelian, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	>99%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	87%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,539 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	40	49	26	23	30
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.5	36.5	20.4	25.0	7.7	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 13	4 / 18	4 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 10
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.7	37.5	14.3	15.4	8.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.5	45.0	14.3	23.1	8.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.5	45.0	16.3	23.1	8.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	52.5	28.6	30.8	17.4	3.3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	53	40	49	26	23	30
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.7	37.5	14.3	15.4	8.7	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.5	45.0	14.3	23.1	8.7	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.5	45.0	16.3	23.1	8.7	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	52.5	28.6	30.8	17.4	3.3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	94	81	102	59	76	52
Number of transfers	93	77	100	58	69	46
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.0	49.4	35.8	21.1	16.9	8.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.4	33.8	22.0	13.8	8.7	6.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.3	40.3	30.0	19.0	10.1	8.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.8	2.6	1.0	0.0	1.4	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.1	42.9	31.0	19.0	11.6	8.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.5	57.1	45.0	31.0	24.6	13.0
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	230	257	412	353	339	238
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			22		
Number of transfers	1			20		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1			73.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			35.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			55.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			75.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			75.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Life IVF Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER-OC IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by James Lin, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 526 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		159	80	55	45	24	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.6	1.3	0.0	6.7	8.3	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.9	27.6	24.2	11.4	5.1	0 / 13
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		8.5	1.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.3	28.8	18.2	6.7	4.2	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.9	33.8	23.6	6.7	4.2	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		11.9	6.3	10.9	2.2	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		40.9	41.3	36.4	8.9	4.2	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.8	48.8	38.2	15.6	8.3	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		143	72	48	26	14	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.9	31.9	20.8	11.5	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.2	37.5	27.1	11.5	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.3	6.9	12.5	3.8	0 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.5	45.8	41.7	15.4	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		53.1	54.2	43.8	26.9	2 / 14	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		24	13	6	4	1	0
Number of transfers		24	12	6	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	3.0	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.3	2.0	2.8	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		17.6	14.8	3 / 12	0 / 11	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8.3	1 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		12.5	2 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		16.7	3 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		29.2	3 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		3	2	12	12	2	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		57			16		
Number of transfers		51			15		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		46.7			23.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.5			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.3			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		21.6			2 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.9			6 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.7			6 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Fertility Center-OC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**LA JOLLA IVF
LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS-UCSD REGIONAL FERTILITY CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by V. Gabriel Garzo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 935 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	28	18	13	8	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.0	21.4	7 / 18	10 / 13	6 / 8	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.2	1.8	2.5	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.7	60.9	8 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	65.6	85.0	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.3	28.6	5 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.5	39.3	5 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	3.6	1 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.5	42.9	6 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.7	42.9	6 / 18	0 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	20	10	2	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	57.6	40.0	5 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	60.6	55.0	5 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	5.0	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.6	60.0	6 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	60.0	6 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	164	105	102	55	31	5
Number of transfers	134	91	84	35	20	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.6	1.5	0.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.3	47.3	43.7	28.1	5.7	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.5	34.1	36.9	34.3	10.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.5	39.6	40.5	34.3	10.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	3.3	3.6	2.9	0.0	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.7	42.9	44.0	37.1	10.0	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.9	60.4	59.5	42.9	25.0	2 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	93	58	82	56	12	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		19			33	
Number of transfers		11			25	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11 / 10			58.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 11			52.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 11			56.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11			8.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 11			64.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 11			64.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Partners-UCSD Regional Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel H. Wood, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	8%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 91 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	9	6	3	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.3	2.5	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 8	8 / 17	6 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	2 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	4 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	5 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 4	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4	6 / 9	4 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4	6 / 9	5 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	9	6	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	4 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	5 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 4	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4	6 / 9	4 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4	6 / 9	5 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	8	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	4	8	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.8	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 9	2 / 7	3 / 18			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 4	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5	1 / 4	2 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5	1 / 4	2 / 8			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	3	2	5	1	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	15			18		
Number of transfers	13			17		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0			66.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 13			9 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13			9 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 13			5 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 13			14 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 13			16 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Sciences Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ACACIO FERTILITY CENTER
LAGUNA NIGUEL, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LOMA LINDA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF LOMA LINDA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John D. Jacobson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 179 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	50	33	17	6	1	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.0	9.1	2 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.9	3.7		5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.9	26.2	22.5	0 / 11		0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.3	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	27.3	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.0	33.3	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	6.1	2 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.0	39.4	5 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.0	42.4	6 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	46	28	14	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	32.1	3 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	39.3	3 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	7.1	2 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	46.4	5 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.0	50.0	6 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	13	4	1	0	0
Number of transfers	19	13	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.6	0.7		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.5	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.0	20.0	2 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	4 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 19	4 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 19	4 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 19	6 / 13	2 / 4	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	5	4	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			10		
Number of transfers	5			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 10			21.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5			5 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA FERTILITY PARTNERS LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Richard P. Marrs, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	26%	Female factors only	24%
Used gestational carrier	16%			Diminished ovarian reserve	58%	Other factor	19%	Female & male factors	19%
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	5%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,004 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		54	60	107	80	69	26
Percentage of cancellations (%)		5.6	10.0	19.6	15.0	33.3	30.8
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.3	2.9	3.7	3.8	4.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.8	27.4	23.2	10.0	4.9	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		15.2	4.0	1.5	0.0	3.0	0 / 11
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.8	21.7	14.0	11.3	1.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		18.5	23.3	18.7	13.8	2.9	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		13.0	10.0	3.7	1.3	1.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		33.3	33.3	23.4	15.0	4.3	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		38.9	40.0	35.5	26.3	10.1	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		47	52	71	61	39	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.0	25.0	21.1	14.8	2.6	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.3	26.9	28.2	18.0	5.1	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.9	11.5	5.6	1.6	2.6	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.3	38.5	35.2	19.7	7.7	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.7	46.2	53.5	34.4	17.9	0 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		25	13	37	9	6	8
Number of transfers		23	13	28	6	5	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.6	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.4	2.4	3.0	2.6	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.9	40.7	16.9	1 / 15	0 / 13	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.4	1 / 13	25.0	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.8	2 / 13	28.6	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.3	3 / 13	3.6	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		39.1	5 / 13	32.1	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.2	9 / 13	35.7	2 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		30	31	55	34	24	29
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		163			141		
Number of transfers		149			124		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		56.1			39.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.5			27.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.3			37.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.8			12.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		59.1			49.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.1			58.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: California Fertility Partners					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CEDARS SINAI MEDICAL CENTER
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Margareta D. Pisarska, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	14%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	54%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 94 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	14	18	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.2	3.2	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 19	6 / 16	16.7	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 10	3 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	4 / 14	5 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 12	4 / 14	6 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 12	5 / 14	6 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 12	6 / 14	7 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	10	17	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 10	4 / 10	5 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 10	4 / 10	6 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 10	5 / 10	6 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 10	6 / 10	7 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	5	3	1	1	1
Number of transfers	6	5	3	1	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	1.3	0.3	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8	1 / 6	1 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	5	1	9	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3		5		
Number of transfers		2		5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 3		2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2		1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2		2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2		2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2		3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cedars Sinai Medical Center, Center for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHA FERTILITY CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vicken P. Sepilian, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	16%	Female factors only	2%
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	62%	Other factor	8%	Female & male factors	2%
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	9%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 353 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	17	23	17	5	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 17	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.8	2.0	2.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.5	35.3	22.4	16.7	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 18	0 / 15	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	6 / 17	21.7	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	7 / 17	26.1	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.2	2 / 17	8.7	0 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.5	9 / 17	34.8	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	10 / 17	47.8	4 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	16	21	15	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19	6 / 16	23.8	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 19	7 / 16	28.6	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	2 / 16	9.5	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 19	9 / 16	38.1	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 19	10 / 16	52.4	4 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	11	5	4	1	3
Number of transfers	39	11	5	4	1	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.4	2.5	0.6	0.1	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.5	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.7	45.8	6 / 12	3 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.0	4 / 11	0 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.6	6 / 11	0 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	1 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.8	7 / 11	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.1	8 / 11	3 / 5	3 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	24	8	2	5	10	15
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	59			77		
Number of transfers	54			76		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.8			38.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3			34.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.3			36.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.2			13.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.5			50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.8			60.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CHA Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER-LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Vicken Sahakian, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	19%	Female factors only	5%
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	Other factor	53%	Female & male factors	4%
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	20%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 437 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	84	62	48	32	11	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.1	3.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.5	37.7	26.1	8.5	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.5	12.5	2.7	0 / 17	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.1	21.0	12.5	0.0	0 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	29.0	22.9	3.1	0 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	11.3	6.3	0.0	0 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.1	40.3	29.2	3.1	0 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.5	48.4	33.3	15.6	0 / 11	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	75	55	39	24	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.7	23.6	15.4	0.0	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	32.7	28.2	4.2	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	12.7	7.7	0.0	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.0	45.5	35.9	4.2	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	54.5	41.0	20.8	0 / 9	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	15	17	4	2	1
Number of transfers	32	15	15	3	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	0.8	0.9	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.3	1.9	1.7	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.2	6 / 19	23.1	1 / 5	0 / 4	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.4	1 / 15	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	2 / 15	3 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	2 / 15	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.4	4 / 15	4 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.6	5 / 15	6 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	8	6	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	84			25		
Number of transfers	76			25		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	62.3			45.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.5			8.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9			24.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.1			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.3			44.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.3			64.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UCLA FERTILITY CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by T.C. Jackson Wu, MD, PhD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	48%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 195 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		22	25	20	18	9	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	4.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 19	34.5	25.8	30.0	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		12 / 16	7 / 17	1 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.7	20.0	20.0	4 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		22.7	24.0	25.0	4 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	8.0	5.0	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		22.7	32.0	30.0	4 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		27.3	32.0	40.0	7 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		16	18	17	13	9	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 16	5 / 18	4 / 17	4 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 16	6 / 18	5 / 17	4 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 16	2 / 18	1 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 16	8 / 18	6 / 17	4 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 16	8 / 18	8 / 17	7 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		20	15	12	8	4	2
Number of transfers		20	15	12	8	4	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	1.0	0.7	0.9	2.0	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0	29.2	6 / 16	3 / 14	0 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.0	3 / 15	4 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0	4 / 15	5 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.0	1 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		55.0	5 / 15	5 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0	6 / 15	6 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		9	7	9	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		4			6		
Number of transfers		2			6		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 4			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: UCLA Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

USC REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard J. Paulson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 44%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	54%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	61%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 630 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	61	54	65	50	24	14
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.3	9.3	3.1	6.0	8.3	5 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	3.1	3.7	4.5	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.2	21.2	15.5	9.3	4.9	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.5	20.4	16.9	14.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.1	24.1	16.9	14.0	8.3	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	7.4	7.7	4.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.6	31.5	24.6	18.0	8.3	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	37.0	36.9	22.0	25.0	0 / 14
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	48	63	44	20	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.5	22.9	17.5	15.9	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.2	27.1	17.5	15.9	10.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	8.3	7.9	4.5	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	35.4	25.4	20.5	10.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.1	41.7	38.1	25.0	30.0	0 / 9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	31	35	17	8	1
Number of transfers	59	31	35	17	8	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.5	0.6	1.2	0.9	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	3.0	3.0	3.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.9	19.7	7.1	7.8	3.3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	22.6	17.1	1 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	25.8	17.1	1 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.1	3.2	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.2	29.0	17.1	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.0	35.5	25.7	3 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	28	50	37	9	6	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		29			37	
Number of transfers		29			37	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		37.7			11.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		10.3			10.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		24.1			13.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.2			2.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		41.4			16.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		51.7			21.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: USC Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**THE FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY CENTER
MONTEREY BAY IVF PROGRAM
MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Edward J. Ramirez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 38%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%	Male factor	55%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	55%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 82 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	17	14	5	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 19	4 / 17	3 / 14	4 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	2.6	4.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.7	18.2	12.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 19	3 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 19	4 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 19	1 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	10 / 19	5 / 17	2 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 19	5 / 17	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	12	10	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 17	3 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 17	4 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 17	5 / 12	2 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 17	5 / 12	3 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	5	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	8	5	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	0.4			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.6	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 16	3 / 8	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			5		
Number of transfers	2			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			3.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 6			0 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2			0 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility and Gynecology Center, Monterey Bay IVF Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NOVA IN VITRO FERTILIZATION MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Richard J. Schmidt, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	35%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 524 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		87	44	59	24	18	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	2.3	0.0	4.2	2 / 18	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.4	2.9	3.0	4.9	3.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.6	37.6	23.1	14.3	6.6	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		13.6	7.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.9	27.3	33.9	25.0	2 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.5	36.4	33.9	25.0	2 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		12.6	18.2	1.7	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		48.3	54.5	35.6	29.2	2 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.3	61.4	54.2	33.3	4 / 18	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		86	43	59	23	14	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.2	27.9	33.9	26.1	2 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.9	37.2	33.9	26.1	2 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.8	18.6	1.7	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.8	55.8	35.6	30.4	2 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.0	62.8	54.2	34.8	4 / 14	0 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		61	41	37	5	7	9
Number of transfers		61	41	36	5	7	9
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	1.3	0.9	0.3	0.5	1.1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.5	2.7	4.0	4.1	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		26.9	19.4	21.5	1 / 17	6.9	7.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.0	17.1	25.0	0 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.9	22.0	27.8	0 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.6	7.3	5.6	0 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.4	29.3	36.1	0 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.9	39.0	44.4	2 / 5	2 / 7	3 / 9
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		18	20	18	12	13	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		20			15		
Number of transfers		20			15		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.8			31.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.0			8 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.0			8 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		35.0			0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0			8 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.0			10 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Nova In Vitro Fertilization					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-ORANGE COUNTY NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel A. Potter, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	58%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	0%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	>99%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 396 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	92	64	46	28	11	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1.6	2.2	10.7	1 / 11	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.8	54.3	42.1	23.3	9.1	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	45.5	33.3	34.5	2 / 10	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.1	45.3	30.4	14.3	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.2	54.7	39.1	25.0	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	10.9	6.5	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	68.5	65.6	45.7	25.0	1 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.6	71.9	54.3	32.1	1 / 11	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	89	61	41	18	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.4	47.5	34.1	4 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.9	57.4	43.9	7 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.7	11.5	7.3	0 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	70.8	68.9	51.2	7 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.9	75.4	61.0	9 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	19	15	6	2	1
Number of transfers	37	18	15	6	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.6	2.1	0.5	2.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.9	45.2	55.0	6 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.6	9 / 18	6 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	56.8	10 / 18	7 / 15	4 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.3	2 / 18	2 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	81.1	12 / 18	9 / 15	5 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	81.1	12 / 18	10 / 15	5 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	8	5	11	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		22			11	
Number of transfers		22			10	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		79.3			6 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.9			5 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		54.5			6 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.7			0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		77.3			6 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		90.9			6 / 10	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: HRC Fertility-Orange County

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEWPORT FERTILITY CENTER NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark T. Kan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	15%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	12%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	66%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 110 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	5	10	4	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.3	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.6	2 / 8	25.0	2 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15	2 / 5	3 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 15	2 / 5	3 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	2 / 5	4 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 15	2 / 5	5 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	5	10	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15	2 / 5	3 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 15	2 / 5	3 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	2 / 5	4 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 15	2 / 5	5 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	2	8	3	0	1
Number of transfers	20	2	8	3	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	2.0	0.7		0.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.0	1.8	2.0		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.5	1 / 2	6 / 14	1 / 4		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	0 / 2	2 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.0	0 / 2	2 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	0 / 2	2 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	70.0	0 / 2	4 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.0	1 / 2	4 / 8	2 / 3		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	1	9	0	5	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 10			5 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			4 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Newport Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**OC FERTILITY
DR. SHARON MOAYERI
NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sharon E. Moayeri, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	5%	Used PGD	26%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	25%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 168 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	5	6	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 6			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	5	3	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	14	14	7	1	1
Number of transfers	26	12	11	7	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	70.0	13 / 16	9 / 11	5 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	61.5	6 / 12	7 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	3 / 12	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	69.2	9 / 12	8 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.1	10 / 12	9 / 11	6 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	14	19	23	10	10	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1		6		
Number of transfers		1		6		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 2		4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1		0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1		2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 1		1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1		3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1		3 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: OC Fertility, Dr. Sharon Moayeri

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	No	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY MEDICAL CENTER NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Beth A. Ary, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 41%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	25%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	58%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 68 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	4	10	4	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.7	5 / 7	18.2	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11	2 / 4	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11	3 / 4	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 11	3 / 4	2 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	3	10	2	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 10	3 / 3	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10	3 / 3	2 / 10	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	0	5	1	0	0
Number of transfers	9	0	5	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0		1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.2	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10.0		1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9		1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9		1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9		0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 9		1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9		1 / 5	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			11		
Number of transfers	8			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 19			19.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 8			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 8			4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 8			4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 8			4 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialty Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert E. Anderson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	32%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 514 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	3	10	1	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 8	1 / 3	3 / 10	0 / 1	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.5	2.3	4.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 11	1 / 5	1 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 8	1 / 3	3 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	2	6	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7	1 / 2	3 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	68	50	20	2	1
Number of transfers	62	61	44	16	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	4.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	69.4	64.6	64.3	63.6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	61.3	39.3	59.1	3 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	62.9	45.9	63.6	3 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	14.8	6.8	5 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	75.8	60.7	70.5	8 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.4	73.8	75.0	10 / 16	0 / 1	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	64	42	55	38	11	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		19		40		
Number of transfers		19		35		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6		1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		67.7		46.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 19		28.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 19		40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 19		11.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		15 / 19		51.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		15 / 19		60.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southern California Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LANE FERTILITY INSTITUTE NOVATO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Danielle E. Lane, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	28%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 96 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman						
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	8	7	12	7	3	0	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.6	3.4	4.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 17	4 / 15	19.4	4.2	0 / 13		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 8	0 / 7	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	0 / 7	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 8	1 / 7	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 8	2 / 7	5 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	8	7	12	7	3	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	0 / 7	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 8	1 / 7	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 8	2 / 7	5 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	7	4	4	7	0	2	
Number of transfers	6	4	4	7	0	2	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.9		1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 11	1 / 8	2 / 6	15.0		2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 4	1 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 4	2 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 6	1 / 4	3 / 4	2 / 7		1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
	6	6	6	5	2	0	
Donor Eggs							
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f			
Number of cycles	9			1			
Number of transfers	9			1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 15			0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			0 / 1			

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Lane Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF-ORANGE SURGERY CENTER ORANGE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Darush L. Mohyi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	8%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	67%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 12 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	3.7	3.0	5.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 5			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	5.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			3		
Number of transfers	2			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5			4.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 5			0 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF-Orange Surgery Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AMERICAN REPRODUCTIVE CENTERS PALM SPRINGS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Maher A. Abdallah, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	23%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 39% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	52%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 211 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		78	41	31	5	12	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	2.4	0.0	1 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.0	38.5	21.7	0 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		6.9	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.1	19.5	19.4	0 / 5	2 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.2	22.0	22.6	0 / 5	2 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		15.4	12.2	3.2	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		52.6	36.6	25.8	0 / 5	2 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.0	43.9	29.0	0 / 5	2 / 12	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		66	32	21	3	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.9	25.0	28.6	0 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.9	28.1	33.3	0 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		18.2	15.6	4.8	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		62.1	46.9	38.1	0 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.7	56.3	42.9	0 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		1	2	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers		1	1	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	2.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		5	3	5	3	5	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		10			1		
Number of transfers		9			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 17			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 9			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 9			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 9			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 9			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 9			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: American Reproductive Centers					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BAY IN VITRO FERTILIZATION CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Francis Polansky, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 32%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	57%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 144 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		26	23	31	12	8	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)		7.7	0.0	6.5	0 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.7	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.0	22.2	11.3	1 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		5 / 19	3 / 18	28.0	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.9	8.7	16.1	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.5	26.1	16.1	1 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		3.8	8.7	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		42.3	34.8	16.1	1 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.3	34.8	22.6	1 / 12	3 / 8	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		24	23	27	8	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.2	8.7	18.5	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.7	26.1	18.5	1 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.2	8.7	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.8	34.8	18.5	1 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.8	34.8	25.9	1 / 8	3 / 6	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		6	2	7	2	1	1
Number of transfers		6	2	7	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	1.0	0.8	0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.8	3.5	1.4	2.0	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 17	1 / 7	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6	1 / 2	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6	1 / 2	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6	1 / 2	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6	1 / 2	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		3	1	4	5	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		6			4		
Number of transfers		6			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 12			5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6			4 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6			4 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6			4 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 6			4 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Bay In Vitro Fertilization Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PALO ALTO MEDICAL FOUNDATION
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY & FERTILITY
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Salli I. Tazuke, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 119 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	20	26	12	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 18	10.0	19.2	2 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.8	3.8	1.5	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 17	15.4	24.0	3.3	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 10	4 / 12	0 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 18	5.0	7.7	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	5.0	7.7	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 18	5.0	7.7	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 18	10.0	15.4	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 18	15.0	26.9	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	11	13	18	8	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 11	1 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 11	1 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	1 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 11	2 / 13	4 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 11	3 / 13	7 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	10	4	1	2	0
Number of transfers	9	10	4	1	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.0	0.6	0.3	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 16	6 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 9	2 / 10	2 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 9	2 / 10	2 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9	3 / 10	2 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9	5 / 10	2 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	3	3	3	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**STANFORD FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER
STANFORD UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF GYNECOLOGY AND OBSTETRICS
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Valerie Baker, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a				Patient Diagnosis^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	51%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 49%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	22%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 949 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		94	95	99	67	59	19
Percentage of cancellations (%)		4.3	5.3	7.1	17.9	11.9	1 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.9	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.0	21.8	19.1	17.0	5.3	2.8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		56.2	30.0	12.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 11
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.3	13.7	13.1	4.5	10.2	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.5	15.8	14.1	7.5	10.2	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		6.4	5.3	5.1	6.0	0.0	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		31.9	21.1	19.2	13.4	10.2	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		37.2	28.4	25.3	17.9	11.9	1 / 19
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		78	82	74	40	40	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.9	15.9	17.6	7.5	15.0	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.8	18.3	18.9	12.5	15.0	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.7	6.1	6.8	10.0	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.5	24.4	25.7	22.5	15.0	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.9	32.9	33.8	30.0	17.5	1 / 13
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		70	84	68	14	19	8
Number of transfers		65	70	59	12	14	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.8	0.9	0.8	0.4	1.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.2	1.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		42.7	33.3	32.9	4 / 14	17.2	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.0	28.6	23.7	2 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.6	30.0	30.5	4 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	5.7	5.1	0 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.6	35.7	35.6	4 / 12	3 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.3	44.3	45.8	7 / 12	5 / 14	0 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		52	45	52	24	11	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		24			35		
Number of transfers		23			27		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.4			34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.1			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.5			37.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0			3.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.5			44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.5			48.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE
Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-PASADENA PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bradford A. Kolb, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Male factor	<1%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	74%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 632 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	153	104	83	46	34	11
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.9	7.7	8.4	4.3	5.9	4 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.1	30.6	20.0	9.6	11.4	2 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.9	10.2	9.5	1 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.8	17.3	12.0	8.7	2.9	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	26.0	15.7	8.7	5.9	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.4	4.8	3.6	0.0	2.9	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.4	30.8	19.3	8.7	8.8	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.4	34.6	26.5	15.2	17.6	2 / 11
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	108	66	50	24	18	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.2	27.3	20.0	16.7	1 / 18	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.4	40.9	26.0	16.7	2 / 18	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.6	7.6	6.0	0.0	1 / 18	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.0	48.5	32.0	16.7	3 / 18	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	54.5	44.0	29.2	6 / 18	2 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	20	17	15	3	12
Number of transfers	27	19	16	11	2	10
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.5	3.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.3	38.7	25.8	2 / 18	0 / 1	8 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	7 / 19	4 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 2	3 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	10 / 19	4 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 2	4 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.1	1 / 19	2 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.9	11 / 19	6 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 2	6 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	12 / 19	7 / 16	2 / 11	1 / 2	8 / 10
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	17	11	7	4	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		40			6	
Number of transfers		30			5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.6			5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.0			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0			3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		30.0			1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		70.0			4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		76.7			4 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: HRC Fertility-Pasadena

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS-REDONDO BEACH REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Bill Yee, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	38%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,577 (includes 32 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		124	104	124	92	44	17
Percentage of cancellations (%)		8.1	7.7	16.9	14.1	25.0	15 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	2.0	2.4	3.2	3.1	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.8	38.7	19.4	13.6	8.7	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		39.0	15.4	3.8	1.5	0 / 19	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.7	30.8	12.9	12.0	2.3	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.7	31.7	16.1	12.0	4.5	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		14.5	12.5	3.2	1.1	0.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		49.2	44.2	19.4	13.0	4.5	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.0	48.1	29.8	31.5	11.4	0 / 17
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		102	84	91	69	22	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		42.2	38.1	17.6	15.9	4.5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.2	39.3	22.0	15.9	9.1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.6	15.5	4.4	1.4	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		59.8	54.8	26.4	17.4	9.1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.7	59.5	40.7	42.0	22.7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		126	95	86	58	36	16
Number of transfers		112	80	71	49	30	12
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.7	1.9	2.4	3.2	3.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		38.9	27.6	29.0	18.3	8.7	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.5	16.3	25.4	20.4	6.7	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.3	21.3	31.0	22.4	10.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.4	5.0	5.6	2.0	0.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.5	26.3	36.6	24.5	10.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.4	42.5	47.9	38.8	30.0	0 / 12
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		78	89	131	95	111	66
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		18			35		
Number of transfers		12			29		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 15			48.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 12			20.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 12			31.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 12			10.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 12			41.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 12			58.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Partners-Beverly Hills, Redondo Beach & Westminster					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carlos E. Soto-Albors, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 590 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	115	82	58	35	15	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.0	8.5	13.8	11.4	4 / 15	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.9	25.8	16.5	16.4	2 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.1	3.8	2.9	5.0	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.3	18.3	13.8	11.4	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.3	22.0	13.8	14.3	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	3.7	5.2	2.9	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.7	26.8	19.0	17.1	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.2	31.7	22.4	25.7	1 / 15	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	76	61	40	26	8	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.1	24.6	20.0	15.4	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	29.5	20.0	19.2	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.5	4.9	7.5	3.8	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.4	36.1	27.5	23.1	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.7	42.6	32.5	34.6	1 / 8	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	100	40	35	8	12	5
Number of transfers	76	34	27	5	10	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.8	2.3	1.3	2.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.2	1.2	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.8	36.7	33.3	1 / 6	6 / 12	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	35.3	18.5	0 / 5	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	47.1	18.5	1 / 5	2 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	5.9	14.8	0 / 5	1 / 10	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.8	52.9	33.3	1 / 5	3 / 10	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	55.9	51.9	1 / 5	4 / 10	1 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	3	3	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		37			34	
Number of transfers		36			29	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		74.2			42.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.2			27.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.0			34.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		38.9			10.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			44.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		80.6			51.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Northern California Fertility Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH-SACRAMENTO SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sae Sohn, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 335 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	101	48	49	8	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.0	12.5	4.1	1 / 8	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.8	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.6	34.1	20.4	2 / 17	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	38.5	7.5	2.2	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7	16.7	24.5	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.7	16.7	30.6	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.8	14.6	2.0	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.5	33.3	32.7	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.4	45.8	40.8	2 / 8	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	93	41	45	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.0	19.5	26.7	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	19.5	33.3	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.5	17.1	2.2	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.0	39.0	35.6	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.4	53.7	44.4	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	21	15	5	1	0
Number of transfers	46	20	15	5	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.9	2.0	2.5	2.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.6	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	56.3	16.7	4 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.3	35.0	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.7	35.0	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	5.0	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.5	45.0	2 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2	75.0	5 / 15	3 / 5	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	17			16		
Number of transfers	17			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.2			43.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17			5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 17			6 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 17			0 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17			6 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 17			8 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS MEDICAL GROUP SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Arlene J. Morales, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 422 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	31	17	11	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.2	3.2	2 / 17	1 / 11	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.1	23.4	38.7	8.0		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	60.0	9.1	0 / 13	0 / 9		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.9	19.4	2 / 17	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.9	22.6	3 / 17	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.0	6.5	1 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.9	29.0	5 / 17	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	32.3	8 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	25	14	9	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	24.0	2 / 14	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	28.0	3 / 14	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.4	8.0	1 / 14	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	36.0	5 / 14	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	40.0	8 / 14	2 / 9		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	34	23	5	0	5
Number of transfers	68	34	22	4	0	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5		1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9	36.4	21.6	2 / 6		0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.4	29.4	18.2	1 / 4		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	29.4	18.2	2 / 4		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	8.8	4.5	0 / 4		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.7	38.2	22.7	2 / 4		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.4	50.0	31.8	2 / 4		0 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	46	34	34	21	5	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			20	
Number of transfers		8			20	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 12			48.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 8			45.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 8			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 8			5.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 8			55.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 8			60.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists Medical Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER SAN DIEGO INFERTILITY CLINIC SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Larry Laufer, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 206 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		69	23	25	4	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		10.1	0.0	20.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.0	44.2	20.0	3 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		18.2	4.8	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.5	34.8	8.0	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		18.8	39.1	8.0	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		20.3	8.7	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		39.1	52.2	8.0	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.9	60.9	24.0	3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		44	21	14	4	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.7	38.1	2 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.5	42.9	2 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		31.8	9.5	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.4	57.1	2 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.5	66.7	6 / 14	3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		46	12	11	1	1	0
Number of transfers		46	12	11	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.4	6.0	2.2	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.6	2.3	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.9	7 / 17	40.0	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.4	2 / 12	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.0	2 / 12	5 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.9	2 / 12	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.8	4 / 12	6 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.7	5 / 12	8 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		6			6		
Number of transfers		4			6		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 8			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 4			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 4			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4			3 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Naval Medical Center San Diego Infertility Clinic					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SAN DIEGO FERTILITY CENTER (SDFC) SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William P. Hummel, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	60%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,034 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	63	84	38	30	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.4	12.7	13.1	26.3	33.3	0 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.1	3.0	3.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.8	23.8	18.6	21.2	11.1	0 / 14
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.4	4.3	7.9	0 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	11.1	11.9	13.2	3.3	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.6	14.3	15.5	13.2	6.7	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.8	6.3	4.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.4	22.2	20.2	13.2	6.7	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.9	30.2	27.4	21.1	13.3	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	97	52	65	19	12	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.6	13.5	15.4	5 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.7	17.3	20.0	5 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.6	7.7	6.2	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.2	26.9	26.2	5 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.5	36.5	35.4	8 / 19	4 / 12	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	54	45	41	13	6	0
Number of transfers	50	42	39	12	6	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.0	28.9	15.2	23.8	5 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	23.8	20.5	2 / 12	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.0	28.6	23.1	3 / 12	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	9.5	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.0	38.1	23.1	4 / 12	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.0	45.2	33.3	5 / 12	5 / 6	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	21	29	24	19	10	12
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	214			213		
Number of transfers	202			198		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.8			29.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2			24.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.1			31.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	25.2			7.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.4			38.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.8			46.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: San Diego Fertility Center (SDFC)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WILLIAMS OB/GYN & ASSOCIATES SAN DIMAS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Richard A. Williams, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	67%	Male factor	7%	
Used gestational carrier	7%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	20%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 20 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	4	3	2	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0/2	0/4	0/3	0/2	0/4	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.8	2.7	4.0	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2/4	1/11	0/8	1/4	0/7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0/2	0/4	0/3	0/1	0/3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/2	0/4	0/3	0/2	0/4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/2	1/4	0/3	0/2	0/4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1/2	0/4	0/3	0/2	0/4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1/2	1/4	0/3	0/2	0/4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/2	1/4	0/3	1/2	0/4	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		2	4	3	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/2	0/4	0/3	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/2	1/4	0/3	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1/2	0/4	0/3	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1/2	1/4	0/3	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/2	1/4	0/3	1/1	0/3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval							
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Williams OB/GYN & Associates					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LAUREL FERTILITY CARE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Collin B. Smikle, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 193 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	13	14	5	5	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	1.6	2.4	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.9	48.1	5 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 19	0 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.8	5 / 13	5 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	6 / 13	5 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.9	8 / 13	5 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	8 / 13	5 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	12	12	5	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.0	5 / 12	5 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.0	6 / 12	5 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 12	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.0	8 / 12	5 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	8 / 12	5 / 12	2 / 5	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	14	10	6	0	0
Number of transfers	21	14	10	6	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.9	1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.8	33.3	4 / 19	4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	5 / 14	3 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	6 / 14	4 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.8	0 / 14	0 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.9	6 / 14	4 / 10	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.4	7 / 14	4 / 10	3 / 6		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	14	17	9	16	6	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		7		13		
Number of transfers		7		13		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 14		52.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 7		9 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 7		9 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7		0 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 7		9 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 7		11 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Laurel Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Philip E. Chenette, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	36%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	42%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	39%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,650 (includes 40 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		121	109	129	85	43	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)		8.3	10.1	14.7	14.1	14.0	3 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	2.0	2.4	3.5	3.6	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		24.2	20.5	15.0	5.8	5.8	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		54.5	30.6	7.1	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		12.4	7.3	7.0	3.5	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		13.2	8.3	7.8	3.5	2.3	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2.5	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		15.7	10.1	8.5	3.5	2.3	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		15.7	12.8	10.1	8.2	9.3	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		58	41	47	24	16	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.9	19.5	19.1	12.5	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.6	22.0	21.3	12.5	1 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.2	4.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		32.8	26.8	23.4	12.5	1 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		32.8	34.1	27.7	29.2	4 / 16	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		144	144	127	44	19	8
Number of transfers		120	120	107	33	17	6
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		49.6	51.2	51.5	41.9	27.3	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.2	32.5	35.5	39.4	4 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.7	42.5	48.6	51.5	6 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.3	1.7	5.6	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.0	44.2	54.2	51.5	6 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.2	54.2	58.9	54.5	6 / 17	1 / 6
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		41	81	106	35	13	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		122			229		
Number of transfers		71			198		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.3			47.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		42.3			29.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		47.9			36.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.0			7.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.3			43.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.2			55.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Pacific Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UCSF CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Marcelle I. Cedars, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,503 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	128	147	152	118	75	15
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.3	15.6	16.4	25.4	21.3	2 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.8	3.6	4.4	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.3	34.1	16.3	5.8	4.5	2.3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	42.0	20.0	5.9	1.6	0.0	0 / 7
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	19.7	15.8	5.9	8.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	25.9	18.4	6.8	9.3	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.5	4.8	3.3	0.8	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.2	30.6	21.7	7.6	9.3	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.6	38.8	28.3	14.4	17.3	2 / 15
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	93	103	105	72	50	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.3	28.2	22.9	9.7	12.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	36.9	26.7	11.1	14.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	6.8	4.8	1.4	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.4	43.7	31.4	12.5	14.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.9	55.3	41.0	23.6	26.0	2 / 10
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	100	95	114	50	27	14
Number of transfers	94	88	106	44	26	12
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.7	3.3	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.8	27.3	20.6	15.7	15.9	7.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.9	21.6	22.6	25.0	7.7	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.2	26.1	29.2	27.3	15.4	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.1	5.7	1.9	4.5	7.7	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	31.8	31.1	31.8	23.1	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.3	40.9	40.6	36.4	42.3	3 / 12
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	52	59	100	49	28	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		76			89	
Number of transfers		63			81	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.0			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		42.9			23.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.4			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.5			2.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.9			35.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.0			49.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: UCSF Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY PHYSICIANS OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by G. David Adamson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 562 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	111	91	69	36	25	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.9	3.3	11.6	19.4	16.0	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.5	3.1	3.9	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.5	22.2	17.9	3.6	4.0	0 / 12
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.2	17.3	6.0	3.8	0 / 17	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	17.6	14.5	8.3	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.3	19.8	14.5	8.3	8.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.8	5.5	7.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.0	25.3	21.7	8.3	8.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.1	31.9	27.5	11.1	12.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	103	83	55	28	19	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.2	19.3	18.2	10.7	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	21.7	18.2	10.7	2 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	6.0	9.1	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.8	27.7	27.3	10.7	2 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.6	34.9	34.5	14.3	3 / 19	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	46	33	15	0	4
Number of transfers	62	46	32	15	0	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	2.3	1.6	5.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.2		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.0	28.0	17.2	3.3		1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.4	23.9	12.5	1 / 15		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	23.9	12.5	1 / 15		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	10.9	3.1	0 / 15		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.1	34.8	15.6	1 / 15		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	37.0	21.9	3 / 15		2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	1	0	2	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		28			28	
Number of transfers		25			28	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.8			19.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.0			17.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.0			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.0			3.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.0			28.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		68.0			32.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Palo Alto Medical Foundation
Fertility Physicians of Northern California

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALEX STEINLEITNER, MD SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Alex J. Steinleitner, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 151 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	8	13	7	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	33.3	2 / 8	3 / 13	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.9	3.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.2	7 / 12	22.2	0 / 13	1 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.2	3 / 8	4 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.2	3 / 8	4 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	2 / 8	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	5 / 8	5 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.4	5 / 8	6 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	6	10	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	3 / 6	4 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	3 / 6	4 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 19	5 / 6	5 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 19	5 / 6	6 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	5	5	2	1	1
Number of transfers	17	5	4	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	1.7	0.8	2.0		1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.5	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.5	4 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 17	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 17	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 17	3 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	3	4	1	0	1
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		10			19	
Number of transfers		10			17	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 19			65.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 10			5 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 10			7 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 10			4 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 10			12 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 10			13 / 17	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Alex Steinleitner, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA SAN RAMON, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Louis N. Weckstein, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	20%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,301 (includes 24 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	184	143	128	64	17	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.3	14.0	7.8	12.5	2 / 17	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.8	49.4	26.0	17.7	11.1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	67.4	40.4	8.0	5.1	0 / 10	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	35.0	25.0	10.9	3 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.5	36.4	30.5	15.6	3 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	7.7	5.5	1.6	0 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.6	44.8	35.9	17.2	3 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.5	51.0	41.4	29.7	4 / 17	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	150	112	105	43	12	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	44.7	44.6	30.5	16.3	3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.3	46.4	37.1	23.3	3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	9.8	6.7	2.3	0 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.3	57.1	43.8	25.6	3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.3	65.2	50.5	44.2	4 / 12	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	154	98	94	43	16	2
Number of transfers	140	81	81	36	14	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.8	42.5	45.8	38.9	5 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	30.9	35.8	27.8	4 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	37.0	37.0	27.8	4 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	6.2	9.9	11.1	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.3	43.2	46.9	38.9	4 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.3	51.9	58.0	52.8	7 / 14	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	34	40	47	23	10	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		70			102	
Number of transfers		62			80	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		75.7			39.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		45.2			30.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		56.5			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.1			8.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		64.5			48.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		79.0			52.5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco Bay Area

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANTA BARBARA FERTILITY CENTER SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by René B. Allen, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	20%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 111 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		13	15	14	6	10	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 13	1 / 15	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.0	3.1	4.0	3.7	5.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		20.0	19.2	10.0	4.2	9.1	4.8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 11	4 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 13	1 / 15	1 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 13	2 / 15	2 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 13	1 / 15	1 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		2 / 13	3 / 15	3 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 13	3 / 15	3 / 14	1 / 6	2 / 10	1 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		12	13	13	6	6	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 12	1 / 13	1 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 12	2 / 13	2 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 12	1 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 12	3 / 13	3 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 12	3 / 13	3 / 13	1 / 6	2 / 6	1 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	10	7	3	2	0
Number of transfers		7	10	7	3	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	1.1	1.4	3.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 10	3 / 16	2 / 14	3 / 7	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 7	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 7	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 7	3 / 10	2 / 7	2 / 3	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		3	1	2	0	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		6			6		
Number of transfers		6			6		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 12			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 6			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 6			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Santa Barbara Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PARKER-ROSENMAN-RODI GYNECOLOGY AND INFERTILITY MEDICAL GROUP SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ingrid A. Rodi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	94%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	67%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 55 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	2	5	2	3	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1/5	0/2	1/5	0/2	1/3	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/5	2/5	0/6	0/2	0/2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1/3	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/5	0/2	0/5	0/2	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/5	0/2	0/5	0/2	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/5	0/2	0/5	0/2	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2/5	0/2	0/5	0/2	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/5	1/2	0/5	0/2	0/3	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	2	3	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/3	0/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/3	0/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/3	0/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/3	0/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/3	1/2	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	4	8	4	0	1
Number of transfers	0	3	8	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.0	0.6	1.6	2.0		1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	1.6	1.5		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1/3	6/13	0/3		1/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/3	1/8	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/3	2/8	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/3	1/8	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0/3	3/8	0/2		0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/3	3/8	0/2		1/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	5	3	1	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0/1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Santa Monica UCLA GYN Subspecialties Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANTA MONICA FERTILITY SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by John Jain, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	17%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	74%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 156 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		1	1	1	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	2.0	1.0	4.0	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		1	1	1	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	3	2	1	4	4
Number of transfers		7	3	2	1	4	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.7	0.3	0.1	0.1	1.3	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.3	1.5	2.0	4.5	4.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 13	3 / 4	3 / 3	2 / 2	1 / 18	1 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 7	2 / 3	2 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		10	11	19	9	3	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		35			38		
Number of transfers		35			38		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		64.4			56.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.0			21.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		57.1			57.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.7			2.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		62.9			60.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		74.3			71.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Santa Monica Fertility					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY ASSOCIATES MEDICAL GROUP, INC. SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jennifer V. Ratcliffe, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	23%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 190 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	18	18	10	6	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	3 / 18	0 / 18	1 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	3.5	4.0	4.0	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.6	16.7	11.7	7.1	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.5	0 / 11	0 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	2 / 18	3 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	2 / 18	3 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	26.9	1 / 18	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.8	3 / 18	4 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.2	4 / 18	5 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	12	18	7	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2	2 / 12	3 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	2 / 12	3 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	29.2	1 / 12	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.3	3 / 12	4 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.0	4 / 12	5 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	9	11	0	3	1
Number of transfers	12	9	10	0	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.3	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.5		2.3	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.0	7 / 15	20.0		1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	5 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	5 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	1 / 9	2 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	6 / 9	3 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12	6 / 9	3 / 10		1 / 3	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	9	8	6	9	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			23		
Number of transfers	9			21		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 16			43.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9			4.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9			38.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 9			61.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Associates Medical Group, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**VALLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
TINA KOOPERSMITH, MD
SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Tina B. Koopersmith, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a				Patient Diagnosis^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 46 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman						
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	8	3	4	4	0	0	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.5	1.5	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3	0 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 10			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 3	0 / 1	2 / 3	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 8	0 / 3	2 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 3	2 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 3	2 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 8	0 / 3	2 / 4	1 / 4			
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	3	2	4	4	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	2 / 4	1 / 4			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	5	2	4	0	0	0	
Number of transfers	5	2	3	0	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 9	0 / 3	3 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 3				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
	4	2	4	2	0	0	
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			2		
Number of transfers		1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Valley Center for Reproductive Health, Tina Koopersmith, MD					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GARFIELD FERTILITY CENTER SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Brian C. Su, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	53%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	20%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	55%	Female factors only	5%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	64%	Other factor	9%	Female & male factors	46%
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	0%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 23 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		3	3	3	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0/3	1/3	1/3	0/3	0/3	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3/6	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0/3	0/1		0/1	0/3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1/3	1/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2/3	1/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		2/3	1/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		3/3	1/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		3	2	1	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1/3	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2/3	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/3	0/2	0/1	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2/3	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3/3	1/2	0/1	0/1	0/3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	2	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	2	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval				2.0		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.5	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			2/3	3/3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1/2	1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			1/2	1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0/2	1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			1/2	2/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			1/2	2/2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2			1		
Number of transfers		2			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2/3			1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/2			1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/2			1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1/2			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1/2			1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/2			1/1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY
VERMESH CENTER FOR FERTILITY
TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael Vermesh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	8%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 331 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	21	29	20	9	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.7	9.5	3.4	5.0	0 / 9	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.4	3.3	2.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.8	22.2	18.2	7.8	15.0	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.7	0 / 16	4.0	0 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.6	14.3	13.8	15.0	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.3	14.3	20.7	20.0	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.7	9.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.7	23.8	20.7	20.0	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.2	38.1	37.9	30.0	3 / 9	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	36	19	28	19	9	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	3 / 19	14.3	3 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	3 / 19	21.4	4 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.8	2 / 19	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.6	5 / 19	21.4	4 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	8 / 19	39.3	6 / 19	3 / 9	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	11	17	9	2	1
Number of transfers	22	11	17	9	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.4	1.7	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4	7 / 18	34.1	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.5	2 / 11	4 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.5	3 / 11	6 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.7	2 / 11	2 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.2	5 / 11	8 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.3	6 / 11	9 / 17	2 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	13	23	17	15	11
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		27			31	
Number of transfers		27			31	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.1			37.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.6			32.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.4			45.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		18.5			9.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.0			54.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.4			61.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Fertility and Gynecology, Vermesh Center for Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**TREE OF LIFE CENTER FOR FERTILITY
SNUNIT BEN-OZER, MD
TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	16%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 41%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 54 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	1	6	5	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/4	0/1	0/6	0/5	0/1	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	1.7	2.4	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/8	1/1	0/5	1/12	1/2	0/1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/4	1/1	0/2	0/4	0/1	1/1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/4	1/1	0/6	1/5	1/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/4	1/1	0/6	1/5	1/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4	0/1	0/6	0/5	0/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3/4	1/1	0/6	1/5	1/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/4	1/1	0/6	1/5	1/1	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	1	3	5	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/4	1/1	0/3	1/5	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/4	1/1	0/3	1/5	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4	0/1	0/3	0/5	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/4	1/1	0/3	1/5	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/4	1/1	0/3	1/5	1/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	3	2	2	0	0
Number of transfers	3	3	2	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/4	1/5	1/3	1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/3	1/3	1/2	1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/3	1/3	1/2	1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/3	0/3	0/2	0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/3	1/3	1/2	1/2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	4	5	3	2	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			0		
Number of transfers	4			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5/6					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/4					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Tree of Life Center for Fertility, Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND SURGICAL ASSOCIATES OF CALIFORNIA THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gary Hubert, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	51%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,217 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	17	28	20	12	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.0	0 / 17	3.6	10.0	2 / 12	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	3.0	2.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.1	22.6	28.3	11.1	3.8	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.0	2 / 14	5.0	2 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	5 / 17	17.9	5.0	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	5 / 17	21.4	10.0	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	1 / 17	10.7	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.4	6 / 17	32.1	10.0	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.4	7 / 17	46.4	30.0	1 / 12	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	17	27	18	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	5 / 17	18.5	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	5 / 17	22.2	2 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	1 / 17	11.1	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.6	6 / 17	33.3	2 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.8	7 / 17	48.1	6 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	171	72	68	29	12	3
Number of transfers	171	72	68	29	12	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	42.6	44.0	38.3	16.0	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	33.3	30.9	13.8	3 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.7	44.4	36.8	20.7	3 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.0	6.9	10.3	10.3	0 / 12	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.7	51.4	47.1	34.5	3 / 12	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.2	61.1	61.8	44.8	4 / 12	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	130	77	117	71	53	54
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		72			174	
Number of transfers		70			174	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		54.4			37.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.1			16.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.6			27.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		24.3			16.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		62.9			43.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.4			53.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of California

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC REPRODUCTIVE CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rifaat Salem, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	22%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 314 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	56	43	22	12	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.0	2.4	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.1	36.4	21.5	14.0	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.7	30.4	14.0	4.5	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.2	33.9	25.6	13.6	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	12.5	11.6	4.5	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.5	48.2	37.2	18.2	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.0	57.1	41.9	22.7	0 / 12	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	107	56	42	22	12	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.7	30.4	14.3	4.5	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.2	33.9	26.2	13.6	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	12.5	11.9	4.5	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.5	48.2	38.1	18.2	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.0	57.1	42.9	22.7	0 / 12	0 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	7	6	4	1	0
Number of transfers	15	7	6	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.7	5.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.6	4 / 13	2 / 16	5.0	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 15	3 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 15	4 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 15	4 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 15	4 / 7	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	2	7	3	2	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			5		
Number of transfers	7			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4			2.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 17			1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 7			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7			1 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Reproductive Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Omid A. Khorram, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	23%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 230 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	54	35	35	21	8	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.7	2.9	5.7	4.8	2 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.3	3.5	3.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	41.0	20.3	16.9	0 / 19	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.8	11.4	14.3	19.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.6	14.3	20.0	23.8	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.5	17.1	8.6	4.8	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.1	31.4	28.6	28.6	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.8	51.4	37.1	47.6	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	50	32	33	20	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	12.5	15.2	20.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	15.6	21.2	25.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	18.8	9.1	5.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.0	34.4	30.3	30.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.0	56.3	39.4	50.0	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	7	7	3	1	0
Number of transfers	18	7	7	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.0	2.9	3.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.9	7 / 14	2 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 18	3 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 18	4 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 18	4 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 18	4 / 7	3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	2	1	1	1	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			17		13	
Number of transfers			13		13	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			75.0		34.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 13		2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			1 / 13		2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			6 / 13		2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			7 / 13		4 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			10 / 13		6 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO
AURORA, COLORADO**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ruben J. Alvero, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 167 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	18	7	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.9	2 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.3	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.5	25.6	1 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.5	0 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	4 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.1	4 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.1	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	54.3	6 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	7 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	16	7	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.2	4 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.2	4 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.6	1 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.9	6 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	7 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	13	10	0	0	0
Number of transfers	22	13	10	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	2.2	2.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.5	20.0	7 / 17			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	4 / 13	3 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	4 / 13	5 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	0 / 13	1 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.9	4 / 13	6 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.2	4 / 13	7 / 10			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	4	3	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14			19	
Number of transfers		13			19	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			32.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 13			3 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 13			6 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13			0 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 13			6 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 13			7 / 19	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine, University of Colorado

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY CENTER COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Paul C. Magarelli, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	20%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	69%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 95 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	14	11	3	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 14	1 / 11	2 / 3	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.1	30.0	3 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	2 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	2 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	1 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	3 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	4 / 14	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	10	6	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	2 / 10	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	3 / 10	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.6	4 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	2	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	16	2	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.0	0.3		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.1	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	3	0	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			4		
Number of transfers	7			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 15			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 7			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7			1 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

COLORADO REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY DENVER, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Susan W. Trout, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	18%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	14%		Female factors only	9%
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	2%		Female & male factors	2%
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	17%			

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 105 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	8	8	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.2	1 / 8	3 / 8	2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	3.0	3.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.5	4 / 14	3 / 15	0 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.3	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	2 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	2 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	1 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.5	3 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.5	3 / 8	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27	7	5	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	1 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	3 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	3 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	4	4	0	6	2
Number of transfers	10	4	3	0	5	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0		1.4	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 6		0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 5	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			17		
Number of transfers	5			15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 10			16.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 5			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 5			4 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILE HOPE IVF ALBRECHT WOMEN'S CARE DENVER IVF ENGLEWOOD, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bruce H. Albrecht, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 68 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	13	6	6	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	2 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.8	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.1	18.2	0 / 7	2 / 14	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.1	1 / 13	0 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.5	1 / 13	0 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.4	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	60.9	2 / 13	0 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2	3 / 13	0 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	10	3	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.9	1 / 10	0 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.6	1 / 10	0 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.0	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.7	2 / 10	0 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.4	3 / 10	0 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	4	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	7	3	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	3.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.7	1.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			0		
Number of transfers	4			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 6					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertile Hope IVF, Albrecht Women's Care Denver IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kevin E. Bachus, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 64 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	6	5	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.8	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	3 / 11	4 / 14	1 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	2 / 6	3 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	2 / 6	3 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.2	3 / 6	4 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	6	5	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	2 / 6	3 / 5	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	2 / 6	3 / 5	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.2	3 / 6	4 / 5	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	3	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers	7	3	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	3.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.0	1.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 13	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			5		
Number of transfers	8			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 17			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 8			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 8			3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CONCEPTIONS REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF COLORADO LITTLETON, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark R. Bush, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 37%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	55%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 689 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	12	5	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.3	2.0	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	79.1	6 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.7	5 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.7	4 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	22.7	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.5	5 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.8	6 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	31	9	4	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.0	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	4 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	32.3	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.5	5 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	80.6	6 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	127	71	40	14	4	0
Number of transfers	125	71	38	14	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	76.2	72.2	62.2	13 / 15	4 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.4	56.3	42.1	7 / 14	3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.0	62.0	57.9	10 / 14	4 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	11.3	5.3	0 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.6	73.2	63.2	10 / 14	4 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	79.2	76.1	73.7	12 / 14	4 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	133	77	50	24	8	7
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			53	
Number of transfers		13			49	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		12 / 18			75.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 13			44.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 13			63.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 13			12.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 13			75.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 13			83.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Conceptions Reproductive Associates of Colorado

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLORADO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LONE TREE, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William B. Schoolcraft, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 30% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	42%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3,309 (includes 69 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	34	21	2	3	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	2.9	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.3	3.0	3.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	67.4	45.2	44.2	2 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.3	6.3	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.6	14.7	23.8	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.4	20.6	33.3	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	35.4	23.5	19.0	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	70.9	44.1	52.4	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	79.7	58.8	66.7	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	32	20	2	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	15.6	25.0	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	21.9	35.0	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	36.4	25.0	20.0	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	72.7	46.9	55.0	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	81.8	62.5	70.0	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	317	311	322	148	62	26
Number of transfers	317	311	319	141	62	26
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.8	59.8	62.2	50.0	55.3	58.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	38.9	37.0	37.6	40.3	26.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.2	44.4	41.7	46.8	46.8	30.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.1	18.0	20.1	10.6	4.8	26.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.3	63.0	62.1	57.4	51.6	57.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.9	71.4	72.7	66.7	67.7	65.4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	406	348	465	331	165	63
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	50			86		
Number of transfers	49			86		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	79.5			48.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6			30.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.8			44.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	38.8			8.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	79.6			52.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	91.8			64.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN FERTILITY CENTER, PC PARKER, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Deborah L. Smith, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	63%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 96 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	12	6	6	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.5	2 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.1	10 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.6	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	4 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	4 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	25.0	3 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	7 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.8	7 / 12	3 / 6	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	9	4	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	4 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	4 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.2	3 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	7 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.5	7 / 9	3 / 4	0 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	9	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 14	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 9	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	0 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	1	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			2		
Number of transfers	7			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 14			3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 7			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 7			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 7			2 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Center, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CT FERTILITY BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael B. Doyle, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	35%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	10%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	4%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	40%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 291 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	12	8	8	3	9
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8.1	32.0	1 / 17	1 / 12	2 / 4	2 / 16
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 17	4 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 17	6 / 12	1 / 8	2 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	12	8	6	3	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 17	4 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 17	6 / 12	1 / 8	2 / 6	3 / 3	1 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	4	6	1	0	1
Number of transfers	6	4	6	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.8	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.8	3.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 10	3 / 8	0 / 11	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	2	5	4	2	9
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	92			87		
Number of transfers	92			87		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	67.6			25.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.0			23.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.7			26.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.1			5.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	72.8			32.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	89.1			47.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CT Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT HEALTH CENTER FARMINGTON, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John C. Nulsen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	35%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,165 (includes 26 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	400	173	199	73	31	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.5	16.2	24.6	35.6	35.5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.5	2.8	3.9	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.3	36.5	26.1	20.0	4.0	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.0	9.5	0.0	3.6	0 / 12	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.0	19.1	20.1	11.0	3.2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.8	23.1	22.6	11.0	3.2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	8.7	5.5	4.1	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.5	32.9	28.1	15.1	3.2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.0	36.4	33.2	21.9	9.7	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	328	120	126	34	14	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.2	27.5	31.7	23.5	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.0	33.3	35.7	23.5	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	12.5	8.7	8.8	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.1	47.5	44.4	32.4	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.6	52.5	52.4	47.1	3 / 14	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	56	31	13	2	3
Number of transfers	102	51	30	11	2	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.1	1.8			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.1	36.5	46.5	5 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.2	31.4	30.0	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	33.3	30.0	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.7	7.8	10.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.8	41.2	40.0	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.6	49.0	60.0	6 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	3	5	6	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		20			16	
Number of transfers		18			16	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		64.3			48.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 18			6 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 18			9 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 18			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 18			11 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 18			11 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Advanced Reproductive Services
at the University of Connecticut Health Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GREENWICH FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER, PC GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Barry R. Witt, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	27%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 230 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	29	26	23	15	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	6.9	15.4	8.7	3 / 15	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.2	3.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0	44.7	21.4	8.1	10.7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	43.2	20.0	1 / 18	1 / 16	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.9	24.1	11.5	4.3	1 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.3	31.0	11.5	4.3	1 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	13.8	3.8	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	68.1	44.8	15.4	4.3	1 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.5	51.7	34.6	21.7	5 / 15	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	47	26	21	19	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.9	26.9	14.3	1 / 19	1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.3	34.6	14.3	1 / 19	1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	15.4	4.8	0 / 19	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.1	50.0	19.0	1 / 19	1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.5	57.7	42.9	5 / 19	5 / 10	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	15	9	7	0	1
Number of transfers	25	14	9	7	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	71.1	61.9	4 / 13	2 / 7		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	60.0	6 / 14	2 / 9	0 / 7		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	64.0	6 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 7		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.0	3 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	80.0	9 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 7		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	84.0	10 / 14	4 / 9	4 / 7		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	7	10	7	1	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

YALE FERTILITY CENTER NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Pasquale Patrizio, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	34%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	26%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 605 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	190	91	109	45	30	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.8	11.0	18.3	20.0	13.3	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.8	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.7	27.5	14.2	13.6	6.8	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.3	3.2	5.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	12.1	11.0	8.9	3.3	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	18.7	11.9	8.9	3.3	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	11.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.4	29.7	11.9	11.1	3.3	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	31.9	19.3	15.6	16.7	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	161	69	77	24	24	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	15.9	15.6	16.7	4.2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.3	24.6	16.9	16.7	4.2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	14.5	0.0	4.2	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.3	39.1	16.9	20.8	4.2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.3	42.0	27.3	29.2	20.8	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	15	8	3	3	3
Number of transfers	24	15	8	3	3	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.8	3.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5.7	12.5	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.3	2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.3	2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8.3	2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8.3	3 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	9	7	3	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		25			10	
Number of transfers		24			10	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.7			14.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		41.7			1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.8			2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.8			0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			3 / 10	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Yale Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF CONNECTICUT NORWALK, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark P. Leondires, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	21%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,055 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	158	68	62	28	9	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.2	7.4	11.3	42.9	2 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.1	45.9	42.9	5 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	41.7	25.0	0 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.3	14.7	16.1	7.1	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	14.7	17.7	7.1	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.1	11.8	1.6	0.0	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.9	26.5	19.4	7.1	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.6	27.9	22.6	17.9	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	117	37	25	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.2	27.0	40.0	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.2	27.0	44.0	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.7	21.6	4.0	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.8	48.6	48.0	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.5	51.4	56.0	5 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	146	72	61	29	12	1
Number of transfers	127	71	52	26	9	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.8	65.0	49.3	40.0	7 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.8	38.0	46.2	23.1	5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.5	42.3	51.9	34.6	5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.9	21.1	3.8	3.8	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.1	63.4	55.8	38.5	6 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.4	74.6	67.3	53.8	6 / 9	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	60	59	87	70	36	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	34			44		
Number of transfers	30			34		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.1			51.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7			35.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0			41.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.7			5.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.7			47.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.0			61.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Connecticut

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY INSTITUTE STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gad Lavy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	4%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	6%	Female factors only	3%
Used gestational carrier	10%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	2%	Female & male factors	2%
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	76%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 388 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	54	37	51	20	14	17
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.4	18.9	21.6	25.0	5 / 14	10 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.9	3.1	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.7	31.3	13.1	8.7	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.0	2 / 19	8.3	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.8	8.1	3.9	5.0	0 / 14	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.4	16.2	7.8	10.0	0 / 14	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	5.4	2.0	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.5	24.3	9.8	10.0	0 / 14	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	32.4	17.6	10.0	0 / 14	0 / 17
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	21	29	9	8	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	14.3	6.9	1 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.8	28.6	13.8	2 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	9.5	3.4	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.5	42.9	17.2	2 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.7	57.1	31.0	2 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	14	18	6	3	3
Number of transfers	16	13	18	5	2	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.9	2.5	0.5	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	1.7	2.6	3.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.4	30.4	10.0	2 / 10	0 / 6	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 16	5 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 16	5 / 13	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 16	6 / 13	3 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 16	7 / 13	4 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	5	8	2	1	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	49			63		
Number of transfers	37			55		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.0			24.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.4			21.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.4			32.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5			1.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	18.9			34.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.5			47.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New England Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE STAMFORD HOSPITAL STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Frances W. Ginsburg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	20%	Tubal factor	25%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 14 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	0	4	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 5		1 / 4	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 6		0 / 7			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 3		0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5		0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5		0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5		0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5		0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5		0 / 4	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	0	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3		0 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Stamford Hospital

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S FERTILITY CENTER STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nora Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 92 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	18	16	10	6	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	3 / 18	0 / 16	3 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.3	2.9	3.7	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8.3	33.3	18.5	5.0	4.5	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 19	0 / 9	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.0	1 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.0	1 / 18	3 / 16	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	3 / 18	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	10.0	4 / 18	3 / 16	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.0	5 / 18	5 / 16	1 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	14	12	7	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.0	1 / 14	2 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.0	1 / 14	3 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	3 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10.0	4 / 14	3 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.0	5 / 14	5 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	2	1	1	0
Number of transfers	5	4	2	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 10	5 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	3 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	2	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			4		1	
Number of transfers			2		1	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.5		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			2 / 5		1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 2		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			1 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			1 / 2		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			1 / 2		1 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	No	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PARK AVENUE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Andrew Levi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	32%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 212 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	37	40	15	9	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.6	0.0	7.5	3 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.3	3.5	4.1	6.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.0	36.5	16.4	17.6	3.4	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.0	1 / 18	4.2	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.8	27.0	7.5	1 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	32.4	10.0	3 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	5.4	5.0	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.9	37.8	15.0	3 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.9	40.5	27.5	5 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	58	31	33	11	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.8	32.3	9.1	1 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.7	38.7	12.1	3 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	6.5	6.1	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.6	45.2	18.2	3 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	48.4	33.3	5 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	11	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	11	10	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	2.5	0.4		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	10.0	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 10	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 11	2 / 10	1 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	2	2	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			6		
Number of transfers	3			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 5			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DELAWARE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA NEWARK, DELAWARE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey B. Russell, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	37%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 261 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	24	15	7	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.6	4.2	2 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.6			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 14	2 / 7	1 / 7			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11 / 15	3 / 5	2 / 5			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.5	4.2	1 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6.5	8.3	1 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9.7	8.3	1 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	14.5	8.3	1 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	5	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	25	9	7	3	1
Number of transfers	57	22	9	5	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	17.6	5 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	27.3	4 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	27.3	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.6	27.3	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.1	27.3	5 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	3	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3		34		
Number of transfers		3		31		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 4		47.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3		35.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3		38.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3		16.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 3		54.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 3		61.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF DELAWARE NEWARK, DELAWARE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ronald F. Feinberg, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	28%	Uterine factor	64%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 48% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	53%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 537 (includes 31 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	92	11	11	3	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.0	2 / 11	1 / 11	2 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.2	1.5			1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	65.7	5 / 11	2 / 15			1 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	96.9	6 / 8	3 / 8			1 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.9	3 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.3	4 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.3	4 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	5 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	72	9	10	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.8	3 / 9	2 / 10			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.8	4 / 9	2 / 10			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 10			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.8	4 / 9	2 / 10			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.1	5 / 9	2 / 10			1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	155	49	33	13	1	1
Number of transfers	140	42	28	12	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.6	1.1	2.0	0.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.0	48.9	64.0	4 / 13	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.7	35.7	39.3	4 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	45.2	46.4	4 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.7	0.0	3.6	0 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.9	45.2	50.0	4 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.4	54.8	64.3	5 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	46	23	26	6	5	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		2			27	
Number of transfers		2			25	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			41.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			36.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			48.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			48.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			52.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Associates of Delaware

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBIA FERTILITY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Safa Rifka, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	30%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 776 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	83	108	87	54	22
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.4	8.4	13.0	13.8	13.0	27.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.2	32.5	13.7	10.2	2.3	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	27.8	14.0	14.8	6.3	0.0	0 / 10
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.9	16.9	8.3	5.7	3.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	16.9	9.3	8.0	3.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	7.2	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.9	25.3	12.0	8.0	3.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.0	33.7	13.9	12.6	3.7	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	89	62	72	63	41	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.5	22.6	12.5	7.9	4.9	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.0	22.6	13.9	11.1	4.9	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	9.7	4.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.6	33.9	18.1	11.1	4.9	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.6	45.2	20.8	17.5	4.9	0 / 14
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	51	31	27	9	7
Number of transfers	39	48	28	24	7	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.0	2.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.5	25.7	11.8	15.0	1 / 10	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	14.6	7.1	8.3	1 / 7	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	20.8	14.3	8.3	1 / 7	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.6	4.2	0.0	4.2	0 / 7	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.9	25.0	14.3	12.5	1 / 7	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.3	33.3	17.9	25.0	1 / 7	0 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	23	17	3	4	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		34			42	
Number of transfers		29			36	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.3			21.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.7			16.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.0			27.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.9			2.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.9			30.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.8			33.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Columbia Fertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY MEDICAL FACULTY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by David Frankfurter, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	1%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Male factor	15%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	69%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 383 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		49	48	52	32	22	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		8.2	10.4	13.5	18.8	22.7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.8	2.3	2.8	3.5	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.6	24.1	12.2	6.8	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		66.7	24.1	9.4	2 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.4	14.6	9.6	3.1	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		24.5	16.7	9.6	3.1	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2.0	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		26.5	22.9	11.5	3.1	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		30.6	27.1	13.5	12.5	0.0	1 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		36	34	37	17	11	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.8	20.6	13.5	1 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	23.5	13.5	1 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2.8	8.8	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		36.1	32.4	16.2	1 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.7	38.2	18.9	4 / 17	0 / 11	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		29	27	13	21	5	1
Number of transfers		27	26	13	21	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	1.0	0.7	1.2	0.8	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.3	1.3	1.6	2.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.9	33.3	7 / 16	12.5	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	26.9	5 / 13	14.3	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	34.6	5 / 13	19.0	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.1	3.8	0 / 13	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.4	38.5	5 / 13	19.0	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.0	46.2	6 / 13	23.8	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		15	15	11	7	3	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		9			20		
Number of transfers		7			17		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 7			40.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 7			7 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 7			9 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7			0 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 7			9 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7			10 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE
Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JAMES A. SIMON, MD, PC WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James A. Simon, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 80%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	80%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	80%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 5 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred			1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)			1 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: James A. Simon, MD, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOCAFERTILITY BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Maurice (Moshe) R. Peress, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	53%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	23%	Female factors only	9%
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	56%	Other factor	10%	Female & male factors	9%
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	<1%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 130 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		18	26	16	8	4	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 18	0.0	2 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.7	27.6	32.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 14	2 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 18	19.2	6 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 18	23.1	6 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 18	3.8	0 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		6 / 18	26.9	6 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 18	26.9	7 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		16	17	14	5	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 16	5 / 17	6 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 16	6 / 17	6 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 16	1 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 16	7 / 17	6 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 16	7 / 17	7 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		8	15	6	1	1	0
Number of transfers		7	13	6	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	1.4	1.5	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 10	3 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 7	2 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 7	2 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 7	2 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 7	3 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		16			8		
Number of transfers		12			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		47.6			4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 12			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 12			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 12			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 12			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 12			3 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: BocaFertility					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PALM BEACH FERTILITY CENTER BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark S. Denker, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 58%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	19%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	62%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	68%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 142 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	27	19	6	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.9	29.6	2 / 19	0 / 6	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.1	7.7	3 / 18	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 17	2 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.7	0.0	3 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.7	0.0	3 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.1	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.8	0.0	3 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.0	7.4	4 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	15	12	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.6	0 / 15	3 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.6	0 / 15	3 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.7	0 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.4	0 / 15	3 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.9	2 / 15	4 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	5	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	4	4	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	0.6	1.0	0.5		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	3	1	1	0	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	18			16		
Number of transfers	17			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.5			13.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 17			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 17			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 17			3 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Palm Beach Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER, PA BOYNTON BEACH, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Tibor E. Polcz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	46%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 54%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	62%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 13 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	2	3	3	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/1		0/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5	3.0	3.7	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/2		4/5	0/9	0/11	0/1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/1		0/2	0/3	0/3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/1		1/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/1		1/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1		1/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1/1		2/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/1		2/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	0	2	3	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/1		1/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/1		1/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1		1/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/1		2/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/1		2/2	0/3	0/3	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	1	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0/3	0/3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/1	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/1	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/1	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0/1	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0/1	0/2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Polcz Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FLORIDA FERTILITY INSTITUTE CLEARWATER, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark D. Sanchez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 149 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	50	21	12	8	5	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.0	4.8	4 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.7	2.0	2.6	2.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.9	30.0	1 / 16	4.8	0 / 13	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.2	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.0	19.0	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.0	42.9	1 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	14.3	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.0	57.1	1 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	61.9	1 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	47	20	8	8	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	20.0	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.3	45.0	1 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	15.0	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.8	60.0	1 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.8	65.0	1 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	2	1	2	3	0
Number of transfers	13	2	1	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.0	3.5	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	13.3	1 / 5	2 / 2	0 / 7	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	2	1	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	15			11		
Number of transfers	14			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.4			7.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 14			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 14			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 14			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 14			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 14			2 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Florida Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OF SOUTH BROWARD COOPER CITY, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kenneth Gelman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 70 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	15	14	6	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 18	3 / 15	2 / 14	1 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	25.0	10.0	0 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 18	2 / 15	1 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 18	3 / 15	1 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	1 / 15	0 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 18	4 / 15	1 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 18	4 / 15	4 / 14	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	11	12	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 13	2 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 13	3 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	4 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 13	4 / 11	4 / 12	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	3	7	0	1	0
Number of transfers	6	3	7	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.5	2.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.7		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 12	1 / 6	3 / 10		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6	1 / 3	2 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 6	1 / 3	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility and Reproductive Medicine of South Broward

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA FERTILITY CENTER FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jacob L. Glock, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 48 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	4	9	2	0	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	2.1	1.5		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	2 / 7	3 / 17	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 19	0 / 4	2 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 19	2 / 4	3 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8 / 19	2 / 4	3 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 19	2 / 4	3 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	4	8	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	0 / 4	2 / 8	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 17	2 / 4	3 / 8	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 8	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 17	2 / 4	3 / 8	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 17	2 / 4	3 / 8	0 / 2		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	6	3	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.5		0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.3				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 10	0 / 7				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 6	0 / 3				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			1		
Number of transfers	2			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 5			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Florida Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SPECIALISTS IN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PA EMBRYO DONATION INTERNATIONAL FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Craig R. Sweet, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	22%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 111 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		31	13	10	0	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		3.2	1 / 13	1 / 10		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.7	2.5		5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		26.8	34.4	15.0		0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		7.1	0 / 12	0 / 8		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		9.7	2 / 13	1 / 10		0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		16.1	4 / 13	1 / 10		0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		16.1	2 / 13	1 / 10		0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		32.3	6 / 13	2 / 10		0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		38.7	7 / 13	2 / 10		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		29	12	8	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		10.3	2 / 12	1 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		17.2	4 / 12	1 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.2	2 / 12	1 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.5	6 / 12	2 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.4	7 / 12	2 / 8		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		13	5	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers		13	5	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.2	5.0	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10.8	5 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 13	3 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 13	3 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		10			23		
Number of transfers		8			19		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			3.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11 / 14			17.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 8			0 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 8			2 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 8			3 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 8			5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 8			9 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Specialists in Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PA, Embryo Donation International					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA AND SHANDS REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AT SPRINGHILL GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Alice Rhoton-Vlasak, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	25%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 94 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	6	10	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.1	1 / 6	2 / 10	1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.6	2 / 7	4 / 14	1 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	30.4	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.1	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.5	1 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.2	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.7	1 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.7	2 / 6	3 / 10	1 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27	4	6	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.1	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.5	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.2	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	2 / 4	3 / 6	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	3	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	13	3	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	3.0	1.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.6	4 / 6	3 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 13	2 / 3	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13	2 / 3	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13	3 / 3	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	3 / 3	3 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			2	
Number of transfers		15			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		56.5			0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 15			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 15			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 15			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 15			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 15			0 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Florida and Shands Reproductive Medicine at Springhill

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BROWN FERTILITY JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel E. Brown, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	24%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 408 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	128	53	36	23	6	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1.9	8.3	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.3	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.0	25.7	14.3	14.0	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.1	3.8	5.6	0.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	15.1	11.1	8.7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	11.3	0.0	4.3	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.6	26.4	13.9	13.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	37.7	30.6	26.1	1 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	120	51	33	22	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.0	3.9	6.1	0.0	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	15.7	12.1	9.1	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	11.8	0.0	4.5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.8	27.5	15.2	13.6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	39.2	33.3	27.3	1 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	25	21	9	1	1
Number of transfers	64	25	21	9	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.5	19.1	8.9	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.1	8.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.4	28.0	9.5	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.7	0.0	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	14.1	28.0	14.3	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.2	36.0	19.0	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	32			7		
Number of transfers	30			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.5			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.3			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.7			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.3			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	86.7			3 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brown Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kevin L. Winslow, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	52%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 845 (includes 17 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	170	73	61	17	10	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.4	1.4	6.6	1 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.7	3.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.2	28.7	15.4	14.3	8.8	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	16.7	5.7	4.3	0 / 12	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	11.0	11.5	2 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.9	17.8	14.8	2 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	9.6	3.3	1 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.9	27.4	18.0	3 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	35.6	24.6	4 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	142	58	50	13	9	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.2	13.8	14.0	2 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	22.4	18.0	2 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.5	12.1	4.0	1 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.0	34.5	22.0	3 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	44.8	30.0	4 / 13	3 / 9	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	161	90	49	16	1	1
Number of transfers	160	89	47	16	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	4.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.3	23.3	19.1	15.2	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	23.6	23.4	3 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.1	27.0	27.7	3 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	3.4	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.1	30.3	27.7	3 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.3	40.4	38.3	5 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	15	2	2	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		51			95	
Number of transfers		45			94	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.3			27.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.4			19.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3			27.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.6			4.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.9			33.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0			39.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JACKSONVILLE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael D. Fox, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	28%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	12%		Female factors only	0%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	5%		Female & male factors	0%
				Endometriosis	27%	Unknown factor	0%			

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 309 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	85	36	35	7	5	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.1	8.3	0.0	0 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.6	23.3	10.3	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.9	7.7	4.0	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.6	19.4	8.6	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	22.2	8.6	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	2.8	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.9	25.0	8.6	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	33.3	14.3	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	71	30	28	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	23.3	10.7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.8	26.7	10.7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	3.3	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	30.0	10.7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	40.0	17.9	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	48	14	6	1	0	0
Number of transfers	48	12	5	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	1.7	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.3	1.6	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.9	2 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	1 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.8	1 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.2	1 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.8	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	24	8	3	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	19			14		
Number of transfers	15			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6			3 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 15			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 15			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 15			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 15			5 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Jacksonville Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DR. MARWAN SHAYKH ASSISTED FERTILITY PROGRAM JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Marwan Shaykh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	27%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 74 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	5	13	2	4	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.2	0 / 5	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.2	2.2	3.0	5.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	11.5	0 / 11	0.0	2 / 3	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.0	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4.2	0 / 5	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4.2	0 / 5	0 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	0 / 5	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8.3	0 / 5	0 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.8	0 / 5	0 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	5	12	1	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.0	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.0	0 / 5	0 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10.0	0 / 5	0 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.0	0 / 5	0 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	0	1	0	0	1
Number of transfers	6	0	1	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0		1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.0			1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 10		0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6		0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6		0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6		0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6		0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6		0 / 1			0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			9	
Number of transfers		8			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 12			2 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 8			0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 8			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 8			0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 8			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 8			3 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dr. Marwan Shaykh, Assisted Fertility Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR NATURAL IVF JUPITER, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gene Manko, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	76%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 99 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	5	8	9	4	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/6	0/5	1/8	0/9	0/4	2/5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	4.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/4		1/5	1/16		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/2		0/2	0/4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/6	0/5	0/8	0/9	0/4	0/5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/6	0/5	0/8	0/9	0/4	0/5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/6	0/5	0/8	0/9	0/4	0/5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1/6	0/5	0/8	0/9	0/4	0/5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/6	0/5	1/8	1/9	0/4	0/5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	0	3	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/2		0/3	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/2		0/3	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/2		0/3	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/2		0/3	0/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/2		1/3	1/4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	4	2	4	6	0
Number of transfers	1	4	2	4	6	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.8	2.0	3.0	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0/1	0/11	0/4	1/9	9.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1	0/4	0/2	0/4	0/6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/1	0/4	0/2	0/4	0/6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1	0/4	0/2	0/4	1/6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/1	0/4	0/2	0/4	1/6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/1	0/4	0/2	2/4	1/6	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	9	6	15	10	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Natural IVF

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
STEPHEN WELDEN, MD, PA
LUTZ, FLORIDA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Stephen Welden, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	0%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	57%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	24%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 21 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	4	1	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 5	1 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	7 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	4	1	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	0	0	1	0
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, Stephen Welden, MD, PA

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF FLORIDA MARGATE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David I. Hoffman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,114 (includes 76 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	258	140	128	86	37	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.0	11.4	8.6	11.6	10.8	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.7	3.1	2.9	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.6	25.0	17.1	10.6	3.7	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	28.6	12.8	1.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	16.4	12.5	8.1	2.7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.8	17.9	14.8	9.3	5.4	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.7	5.7	4.7	3.5	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.5	23.6	19.5	12.8	5.4	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.0	27.9	29.7	20.9	10.8	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	203	103	96	59	30	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	22.3	16.7	11.9	3.3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.5	24.3	19.8	13.6	6.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	7.8	6.3	5.1	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.4	32.0	26.0	18.6	6.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.3	37.9	39.6	30.5	13.3	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	128	63	35	16	6	1
Number of transfers	114	57	31	16	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.5	1.8	0.8	0.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.7	30.4	20.4	16.7	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	19.3	12.9	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	21.1	12.9	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	5.3	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.7	28.1	12.9	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	45.6	38.7	6 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	15	7	3	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		31			69	
Number of transfers		20			59	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		32.1			34.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.0			23.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.0			32.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0			3.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		30.0			35.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.0			49.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Florida

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VIERA FERTILITY CENTER FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER FOR WOMEN MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Diran Chamoun, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	28%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 61 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	10	5	8	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.7	1 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.5	6 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 15	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	2 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	2 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	1 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	3 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	5 / 10	2 / 5	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	7	4	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.0	2 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.0	2 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.0	3 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.0	5 / 7	2 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8		0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			2		
Number of transfers	1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Viera Fertility Center, Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center for Women

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CONCEPTIONS FLORIDA: CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GENETICS MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Armando E. Hernandez-Rey, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	64%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 37 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	4	5	4	4	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	2	4	2	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	1	0	1	0
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	0.0	0.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1		0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			0		
Number of transfers	3			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 6					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Conceptions Florida: Center for Fertility and Genetics

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY & IVF CENTER OF MIAMI, INC. MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael H. Jacobs, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 37%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	38%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 499 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	103	71	73	53	24	13
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.8	2.8	9.6	15.1	12.5	5 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.7	30.3	16.5	12.0	8.8	0 / 14
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.3	1.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.4	16.9	9.6	5.7	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.2	19.7	11.0	5.7	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	8.5	5.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.0	28.2	16.4	5.7	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.9	32.4	21.9	15.1	4.2	0 / 13
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	78	56	52	34	13	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	21.4	13.5	8.8	0 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	25.0	15.4	8.8	0 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.0	10.7	7.7	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.3	35.7	23.1	8.8	0 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	41.1	30.8	23.5	1 / 13	0 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	39	33	22	12	9	8
Number of transfers	39	31	22	12	9	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.7	4.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8	46.3	24.3	54.5	6 / 15	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.9	32.3	9.1	6 / 12	4 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.5	35.5	13.6	6 / 12	5 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	9.7	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.3	45.2	13.6	7 / 12	5 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	61.3	36.4	10 / 12	6 / 9	1 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	28			9		
Number of transfers	24			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.0			7 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0			4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0			5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	33.3			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.3			6 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.8			6 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI INFERTILITY CENTER MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George R. Attia, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 189 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	31	33	10	7	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	3.2	12.1	0 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.0	27.6	18.5	2 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.1	4.2	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	9.7	12.1	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	16.1	18.2	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.7	12.9	3.0	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.1	29.0	21.2	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	35.5	30.3	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	52	28	26	8	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	10.7	15.4	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	17.9	23.1	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	14.3	3.8	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.6	32.1	26.9	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	39.3	38.5	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	3	10	3	2	1
Number of transfers	20	3	10	3	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	3.0	2.0	3.0	0.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.0	1 / 6	30.0	1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	0 / 3	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	0 / 3	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.0	0 / 3	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	1 / 3	6 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			2		
Number of transfers	4			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 8			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Miami Infertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA ORLANDO, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randall A. Loy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	51%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	38%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 844 (includes 37 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	135	86	73	25	11	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.6	16.3	26.0	12.0	4 / 11	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.1	3.0	2.4	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.0	24.7	16.0	6.5	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	30.9	8.7	2.8	0 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.3	7.0	11.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	7.0	13.7	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.4	9.3	1.4	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.1	16.3	15.1	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.3	20.9	20.5	20.0	0 / 11	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	90	53	41	18	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	11.3	19.5	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.1	11.3	24.4	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.6	15.1	2.4	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.7	26.4	26.8	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.4	34.0	36.6	5 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	129	61	46	21	4	2
Number of transfers	108	56	37	18	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.8	32.1	18.5	20.0	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.4	19.6	13.5	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	32.1	18.9	2 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.1	5.4	2.7	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.1	37.5	21.6	3 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.3	50.0	29.7	7 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	49	27	36	31	12	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12		43		
Number of transfers		11		38		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6		1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 17		39.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 11		28.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 11		36.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11		13.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 11		50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 11		63.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE ORLANDO, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Fernando L. Gomez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 37% Female & male factors 37%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	59%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	Other factor	65%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 46 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	7	7	7	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.9	2 / 12	1 / 12	0 / 10		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 19	2 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	6	6	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 16	2 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			2		
Number of transfers	2			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW LEADERS IN FERTILITY & ENDOCRINOLOGY, LLC PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Barry A. Ripps, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 215 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	97	35	33	14	4	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.3	11.4	24.2	3 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.2	41.7	38.9	3 / 13		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.2	10.0	0 / 13	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	22.9	21.2	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.0	25.7	21.2	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.2	14.3	6.1	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.2	40.0	27.3	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.4	42.9	36.4	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	25	17	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.7	32.0	7 / 17	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	36.0	7 / 17	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	20.0	2 / 17	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	56.0	9 / 17	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.9	60.0	12 / 17	2 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	4	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	22	4	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.3	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.3	1.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10.5	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.6	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.6	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	13.6	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	18.2	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New Leaders in Fertility & Endocrinology, LLC

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY & GENETICS PLANTATION, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mick Abaé, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	25%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 31% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 220 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	46	37	14	7	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.3	8.7	16.2	4 / 14	1 / 7	3 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.3	26.0	18.5	4.5	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.6	15.2	8.1	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.7	28.3	13.5	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	10.9	8.1	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.1	39.1	21.6	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.4	41.3	27.0	1 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	40	25	8	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.0	17.5	12.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.3	32.5	20.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	12.5	12.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.9	45.0	32.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.2	47.5	40.0	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	1	5	0	1	0
Number of transfers	19	1	5	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.0	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	3.0	2.4		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.0	1 / 3	3 / 12		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19	1 / 1	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	1 / 1	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	0 / 1	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 19	1 / 1	2 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 19	1 / 1	2 / 5		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	1	6	1	2	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14			2	
Number of transfers		14			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.7			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 14			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 14			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 14			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 14			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 14			1 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility & Genetics

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER AND APPLIED GENETICS OF FLORIDA SARASOTA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Julio E. Pabon, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	9%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 146 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	9	10	0	2	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 9	4 / 9	0 / 10		0 / 2	3 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.9		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 5	5 / 5	2 / 13		1 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9	2 / 9	2 / 10		1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9	3 / 9	2 / 10		1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 10		0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 9	4 / 9	2 / 10		1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 9	4 / 9	2 / 10		1 / 2	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	4	7	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	2 / 4	2 / 7		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	3 / 4	2 / 7		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	4 / 4	2 / 7		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7	4 / 4	2 / 7		1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	12	7	1	1	0
Number of transfers	24	10	7	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.5		0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.1	3 / 14	4 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	2 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	2 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.8	2 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.8	3 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	12	12	0	2	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		10			9	
Number of transfers		9			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 9			8 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 9			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 9			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 9			3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 9			5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 9			5 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center and Applied Genetics of Florida

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTH FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SOUTH MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Juergen Eisermann, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	57%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	51%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,006 (includes 39 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	242	144	136	80	14	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.7	13.2	21.3	23.8	5 / 14	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.0	45.3	33.7	21.5	2 / 16	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.5	7.5	5.1	0.0	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	20.8	16.9	17.5	1 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	23.6	19.9	18.8	1 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.9	17.4	5.9	1.3	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	41.7	25.7	20.0	1 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.7	47.9	34.6	25.0	2 / 14	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	206	117	90	48	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.6	25.6	25.6	29.2	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.8	29.1	30.0	31.3	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.5	21.4	8.9	2.1	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.7	51.3	38.9	33.3	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.9	59.0	52.2	41.7	2 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	48	43	11	7	0
Number of transfers	80	46	41	9	7	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.0	37.1	27.7	5 / 16	4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	28.3	26.8	3 / 9	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.3	34.8	31.7	3 / 9	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	0.0	2.4	1 / 9	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.5	37.0	34.1	4 / 9	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	52.2	43.9	4 / 9	4 / 7	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	26	17	23	8	10	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		48		28		
Number of transfers		46		27		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.5		43.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.6		33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		39.1		44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.9		11.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.0		55.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.7		59.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH ASSOCIATES, PA
CATHERINE L. COWART, MD, FACOG
TAMPA, FLORIDA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Catherine L. Cowart, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	38%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 30% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	68%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 37 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	10	9	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 12	3 / 10	4 / 9	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	3.2	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.0	1 / 9	2 / 16	0 / 8		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	0 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 12	0 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	0 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12	2 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	11	5	5	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 11	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 11	0 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11	0 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 11	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	1	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Associates, PA, Catherine L. Cowart, MD, FACOG

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE GROUP TAMPA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Timothy Yeko, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	45%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 646 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	178	115	60	29	7	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.5	7.8	20.0	10.3	2 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.7	3.2	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.8	26.2	12.3	10.0	0 / 14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	27.1	4.6	0.0	4.3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.6	20.9	10.0	10.3	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.4	23.5	16.7	10.3	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	7.0	1.7	6.9	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.8	30.4	18.3	17.2	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.1	34.8	20.0	20.7	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	160	98	44	25	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	24.5	13.6	12.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	27.6	22.7	12.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.1	8.2	2.3	8.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.1	35.7	25.0	20.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.9	40.8	27.3	24.0	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	23	19	6	1	0
Number of transfers	82	22	16	6	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.5	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.3	35.3	45.8	6 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	31.8	7 / 16	4 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.9	31.8	8 / 16	4 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.1	9.1	0 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	40.9	8 / 16	5 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.8	54.5	9 / 16	5 / 6	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	5	4	4	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		61			34	
Number of transfers		53			34	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.8			42.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		39.6			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.4			52.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.1			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.5			52.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.7			61.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Reproductive Medicine Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA IVF TAMPA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Shayne Plosker, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	12%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 252 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	30	36	13	8	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.8	0.0	16.7	4 / 13	4 / 8	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.8	3.6	3.7	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.1	23.6	17.3	4.0	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.6	14.8	3.8	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	10.0	16.7	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.2	13.3	19.4	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.9	13.3	8.3	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	49.2	26.7	27.8	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	36.7	30.6	1 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	51	30	28	7	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.4	10.0	21.4	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.3	13.3	25.0	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.6	13.3	10.7	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.9	26.7	35.7	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	36.7	39.3	1 / 7	2 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	16	12	8	0	0
Number of transfers	26	16	11	7	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.7	1.3	11.0	3.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.0	51.9	4 / 19	5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	4 / 16	2 / 11	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	4 / 16	2 / 11	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.1	5 / 16	1 / 11	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.8	9 / 16	3 / 11	3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.7	9 / 16	3 / 11	4 / 7		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		25			13	
Number of transfers		23			12	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		71.1			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.1			7 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.1			7 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		30.4			0 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.5			7 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		82.6			7 / 12	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of South Florida IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

F.I.R.S.T.
FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGIES
WESTON, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Minna R. Selub, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	96%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	86%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 56 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		11	5	8	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.0	2.1	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.6	1 / 6	0 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		10	3	7	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		1	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers		1	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0					
Average number of embryos transferred		4.0		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 4		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1		0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		28			0		
Number of transfers		28			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.7					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		17.3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3.6					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		10.7					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.7					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		21.4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		35.7					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: F.I.R.S.T., Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences and Technologies					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF ASSISTED REPRODUCTION & ENDOCRINOLOGY WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark P. Trolice, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 225 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	27	28	7	1	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.7	0.0	14.3	2 / 7	0 / 1	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.1	4.0	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	32.3	11.6	15.0	0 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.6	14.8	3.6	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.6	14.8	7.1	1 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	27.9	22.2	3.6	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.5	37.0	10.7	1 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.5	51.9	25.0	3 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	27	23	5	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.2	14.8	4.3	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.5	14.8	8.7	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	29.3	22.2	4.3	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.8	37.0	13.0	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.1	51.9	30.4	3 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	16	5	5	1	1
Number of transfers	18	12	4	5	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.3	1.0	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	3.0	2.2	5.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.5	54.2	1 / 4	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 18	3 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 18	4 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 18	6 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 18	9 / 12	3 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	9	12	4	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15		14		
Number of transfers		15		12		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.0		45.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 15		5 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 15		5 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 15		2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 15		7 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 15		8 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Assisted Reproduction & Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ATLANTA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James P. Toner, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 799 (includes 51 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	214	126	88	26	18	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.3	12.7	13.6	7.7	2 / 18	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	35.2	21.7	18.4	1 / 18	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.0	4.8	3.6	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	15.9	9.1	15.4	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	19.8	15.9	15.4	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.4	11.9	3.4	3.8	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.4	31.7	19.3	19.2	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.3	36.5	26.1	23.1	1 / 18	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	179	89	60	16	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	22.5	13.3	4 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.0	28.1	23.3	4 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.6	16.9	5.0	1 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.1	44.9	28.3	5 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.6	51.7	38.3	6 / 16	1 / 9	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	45	31	3	2	0
Number of transfers	86	40	29	3	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	1.6	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.4	36.7	43.2	4 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	22.5	41.4	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.4	30.0	51.7	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	10.0	3.4	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	40.0	55.2	2 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	42.5	55.2	2 / 3	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	14	15	8	3	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		38			28	
Number of transfers		33			26	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.2			26.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3			30.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3			38.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		21.2			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.6			38.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.7			46.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EMORY REPRODUCTIVE CENTER ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jessica B. Spencer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	34%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 272 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	43	28	18	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	11.4	4.7	10.7	4 / 18	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	3.2	3.9	4.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.5	57.0	17.3	11.8	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.9	7.5	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.8	41.9	21.4	1 / 18	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.2	51.2	25.0	2 / 18	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.0	20.9	3.6	0 / 18	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.2	72.1	28.6	2 / 18	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.1	76.7	42.9	5 / 18	2 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	69	40	25	14	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.9	45.0	24.0	1 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.9	55.0	28.0	2 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.7	22.5	4.0	0 / 14	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.7	77.5	32.0	2 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.8	82.5	48.0	5 / 14	2 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	21	22	3	1	0
Number of transfers	25	17	19	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.1	3.8	0.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.7	2.7	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.7	27.0	30.6	0 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.0	3 / 17	3 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	4 / 17	4 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	2 / 17	2 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.0	6 / 17	7 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.0	7 / 17	10 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	4	1	5	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			6		
Number of transfers	4			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 8			3 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEORGIA REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS, LLC ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Mark Perloe, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 451 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		98	42	47	14	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		5.1	4.8	8.5	1 / 14	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.3	2.3	2.6	4.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		29.9	24.3	14.7	7.7	0 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		9.6	6.1	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.3	11.9	12.8	2 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.4	16.7	14.9	2 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		9.2	11.9	2.1	0 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		30.6	28.6	17.0	2 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		37.8	33.3	25.5	2 / 14	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		75	34	33	10	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.7	14.7	18.2	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.0	20.6	21.2	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.0	14.7	3.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.0	35.3	24.2	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		49.3	41.2	36.4	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		69	44	37	6	3	2
Number of transfers		65	42	35	6	2	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.6	2.6	1.7	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.7	1.5	1.3	2.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		25.8	35.4	29.6	2 / 8	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.5	33.3	25.7	1 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		24.6	40.5	25.7	2 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.1	4.8	5.7	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		27.7	45.2	31.4	2 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.0	57.1	40.0	2 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		13	4	7	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		21			31		
Number of transfers		19			29		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.9			24.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 19			24.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 19			34.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 19			3.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		13 / 19			37.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 19			41.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Georgia Reproductive Specialists, LLC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Larisa GavriloVA-Jordan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	33%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 45 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	7	4	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.4	2.3	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.7	2 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 19	0 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	5	3	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 17	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 17	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 17	2 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	0	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	0	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8			0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 8		2 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5		1 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SERVY MASSEY FERTILITY INSTITUTE
SERVY INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Edouard Servy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 284 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	98	38	30	15	6	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.2	21.1	6.7	1 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.7	27.3	7.0	7.7	1 / 10	0 / 12
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.5	0.0	8.3	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	15.8	10.0	2 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.3	15.8	10.0	2 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.1	10.5	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.4	26.3	10.0	2 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.6	31.6	16.7	2 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	72	26	26	12	5	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	23.1	11.5	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.6	23.1	11.5	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	15.4	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.6	38.5	11.5	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.3	46.2	19.2	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	13	8	2	0	1
Number of transfers	38	13	8	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.3	4.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.9	7.7	2 / 17	0 / 2		1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	2 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.3	2 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.5	3 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 1		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			10		
Number of transfers	10			10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9			6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 10			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 10			5 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Servy Massey Fertility Institute, Servy Institute for Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBUS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY, LLC COLUMBUS, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Prakash J. Thiruppathi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	46%	Uterine factor	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 34% Female & male factors 57%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	82%	Male factor	58%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	36%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 78 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	17	6	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.8	2 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	21.4	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.1	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.4	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	5 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.1	5 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.9	5 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	28	14	5	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.3	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.9	5 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	5 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.9	5 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	1	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	7	1	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3		1.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			2		
Number of transfers	5			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 8			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 5			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 5			2 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Columbus Center for Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES SANDY SPRINGS, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel Shapiro, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	54%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,648 (includes 304 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	171	66	91	30	23	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	11.1	18.2	20.9	13.3	39.1	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	2.4	3.0	3.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.1	22.6	12.2	21.3	5.3	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	60.0	42.6	7.6	9.5	0 / 13	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	18.2	12.1	23.3	4.3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	21.2	13.2	26.7	8.7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	0.0	2.2	3.3	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.7	21.2	15.4	30.0	8.7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.1	25.8	25.3	43.3	13.0	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	150	50	69	23	13	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	24.0	15.9	30.4	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	28.0	17.4	34.8	2 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	0.0	2.9	4.3	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.3	28.0	20.3	39.1	2 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.0	34.0	33.3	56.5	3 / 13	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	221	131	102	38	18	4
Number of transfers	220	131	101	37	15	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.0	1.3	0.9	1.0	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.4	42.2	25.6	22.9	21.6	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.4	29.8	21.8	18.9	4 / 15	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.8	35.9	27.7	21.6	4 / 15	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	9.2	3.0	2.7	2 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.6	45.0	30.7	27.0	6 / 15	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.0	55.7	43.6	40.5	6 / 15	2 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	97	48	59	35	13	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6			184	
Number of transfers		6			182	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 7			41.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 6			24.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 6			36.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			4.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 6			40.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 6			53.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Biology Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE GEORGIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Patrick L. Blohm, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 145 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	21	16	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.0	0.0	3 / 16	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.3	31.6	29.2	1 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.4	0 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.4	23.8	4 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	38.1	5 / 16	1 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.7	9.5	1 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	56.9	47.6	6 / 16	1 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	52.4	7 / 16	1 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	20	13	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6	25.0	4 / 13	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	40.0	5 / 13	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	10.0	1 / 13	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.2	50.0	6 / 13	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.4	55.0	7 / 13	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	9	5	1	0	1
Number of transfers	19	9	4	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.8	9.0	2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	1.3	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15.8	3 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 19	4 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			6		
Number of transfers	12			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	82.6			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 12			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 12			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 12			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	12 / 12			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 12			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CENTER OF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christopher T. Huang, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 58%
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	78%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 169 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	22	21	13	14	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	14.3	4.5	14.3	1 / 13	1 / 14	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.7	2.8	3.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.7	35.0	25.6	3.6	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 16	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.1	18.2	28.6	1 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.6	18.2	33.3	1 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	13.6	4.8	0 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.4	31.8	38.1	1 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.9	45.5	52.4	1 / 13	1 / 14	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	21	18	10	12	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 18	19.0	6 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 18	19.0	7 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 18	14.3	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 18	33.3	8 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 18	47.6	11 / 18	1 / 10	1 / 12	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	4	7	3	1	1
Number of transfers	10	4	5	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.5	0.8		0.2	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.0	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 17	8 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 10	3 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 10	4 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10	4 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	7	6	0	4	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			4		
Number of transfers	10			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	11 / 18			6 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 10			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 10			4 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 10			4 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Center of Hawaii

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & GYNECOLOGY OF HAWAII, INC. HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John L. Frattarelli, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 71%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	90%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 335 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	27	21	15	2	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.5	11.1	4.8	2 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.9	4.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.9	31.9	27.1	12.9	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.4	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.8	40.7	28.6	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.7	40.7	33.3	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	7.4	9.5	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	56.5	48.1	42.9	2 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2	51.9	52.4	5 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	22	19	13	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.2	50.0	6 / 19	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.8	50.0	7 / 19	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	9.1	2 / 19	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.5	59.1	9 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.8	63.6	11 / 19	5 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	15	17	4	3	3
Number of transfers	33	15	17	3	3	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.3	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	68.5	76.0	53.8	1 / 2	2 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.4	7 / 15	8 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.5	8 / 15	10 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.2	2 / 15	2 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	78.8	11 / 15	12 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	90.9	13 / 15	13 / 17	3 / 3	3 / 3	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	18	15	4	5	19
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			45		
Number of transfers	2			43		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 4			64.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			27.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			44.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 2			30.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2			74.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2			88.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Gynecology of Hawaii, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INTERNATIONAL FERTILITY CENTER OF HAWAII
HONOLULU, HAWAII**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

IVF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Benton H.H. Chun, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 48%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	63%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	56%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 135 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	36	23	19	18	8	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.3	30.4	1 / 19	5 / 18	3 / 8	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	2.4	3.3	2.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	67.6	30.8	16.7	13.9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	75.0	4 / 14	0 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	26.1	4 / 19	3 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	30.4	4 / 19	3 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.8	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.4	30.4	5 / 19	3 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	34.8	5 / 19	5 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27	15	15	11	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	44.4	6 / 15	4 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.6	7 / 15	4 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	0 / 15	1 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.3	7 / 15	5 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.1	8 / 15	5 / 15	5 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	4	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	7	4	3	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	4.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	2.7	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	3 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	3 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	3 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 7	3 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			4		
Number of transfers	5			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 5			5 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5			3 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Hawaii

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC IN VITRO FERTILIZATION INSTITUTE HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Thomas S. Kosasa, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	33%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 492 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	50	42	41	36	20	11
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.0	16.7	7.3	22.2	25.0	2 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	3.1	3.3	3.3	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.2	14.5	12.8	4.9	3.3	0 / 18
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 7
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.0	14.3	12.2	2.8	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	14.3	14.6	2.8	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	2.4	2.4	2.8	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.0	16.7	19.5	5.6	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	19.0	24.4	8.3	5.0	0 / 11
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	39	24	32	25	9	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	25.0	15.6	4.0	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	25.0	18.8	4.0	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	4.2	3.1	4.0	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.6	29.2	25.0	8.0	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.3	33.3	31.3	12.0	1 / 9	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	23	16	9	5	1
Number of transfers	24	21	14	8	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	3.0	2.0	2.7	5.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.4	42.5	16.1	6 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.5	33.3	1 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	47.6	2 / 14	2 / 8	2 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	4.8	0 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	52.4	2 / 14	3 / 8	2 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	61.9	4 / 14	4 / 8	4 / 5	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	0	4	0	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		117			87	
Number of transfers		105			80	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.6			42.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.0			17.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.6			27.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.9			18.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		51.4			46.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0			55.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER IVF INSTITUTE TRIPLER AMC, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nia Middleton, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	32%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 51 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	19	4	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.0	2 / 19	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.7	21.6	1 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	1 / 19	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	2 / 19	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	1 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.0	4 / 19	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	6 / 19	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	16	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	1 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 19	2 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 19	1 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 19	4 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 19	6 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2	2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	1 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Tripler Army Medical Center IVF Institute

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IDAHO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BOISE, IDAHO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Cristin C. Slater, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 380 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	87	24	19	9	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.3	4.2	5 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.2	40.8	24.1	14.3	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.4	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.4	37.5	4 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.8	37.5	4 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.1	12.5	1 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.2	50.0	5 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.8	54.2	5 / 19	4 / 9	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	21	12	9	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	42.9	4 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.7	42.9	4 / 12	2 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.2	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	57.1	5 / 12	2 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.6	61.9	5 / 12	4 / 9	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	16	16	3	1	0
Number of transfers	54	16	15	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.4	40.7	14.3	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	2 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	4 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	3 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	7 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	8 / 16	5 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	16	18	9	5	6	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		18		68		
Number of transfers		17		68		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.3		45.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		9 / 17		20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		10 / 17		29.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 17		16.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 17		47.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		15 / 17		66.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RUSH-COPLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AURORA, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Zvi Binor, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	15%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	45%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 131 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	21	15	9	6	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.5	23.8	6 / 15	2 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.5	17.2	2 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.4	14.3	2 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.3	14.3	2 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	4.8	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.6	19.0	2 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.4	19.0	2 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	15	7	5	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.4	3 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.6	3 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	1 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.3	4 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.8	4 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	1	0	1	1	0
Number of transfers	10	1	0	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5				1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.0		2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 18	0 / 1		0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	5			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 10			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5			0 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**MARTIN S. BALIN, MD, PhD
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Martin S. Balin, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	7%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	73%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 15 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	2	3	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	2	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	3	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			0		
Number of transfers	1			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Martin S. Balin, MD, PhD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Helen Kim, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	21%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 274 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	42	20	15	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	16.3	14.3	20.0	4 / 15	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.0	2.4	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	26.0	3.6	11.5	1 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	53.6	19.2	2 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.4	11.9	5.0	2 / 15	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	14.3	5.0	2 / 15	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.1	4.8	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.5	19.0	5.0	2 / 15	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.6	23.8	5.0	3 / 15	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	28	14	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	17.9	1 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	21.4	1 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	7.1	0 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	28.6	1 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.4	35.7	1 / 14	3 / 11	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	38	17	4	1	1
Number of transfers	28	37	16	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.2	2.7	0.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.9	3.0		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.6	25.0	26.7	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	21.6	5 / 16	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	24.3	5 / 16	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	5.4	1 / 16	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.1	29.7	6 / 16	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.3	37.8	7 / 16	0 / 2		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	7	2	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			19		
Number of transfers	8			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 11			9 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8			5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8			0 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8			6 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8			9 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility,
The University of Chicago

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTERS OF ILLINOIS-RIVER NORTH IVF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Edward Marut, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	21%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,032 (includes 43 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	463	245	198	123	52	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.5	13.1	17.2	22.8	32.7	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.1	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.5	32.8	22.0	16.7	7.8	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	38.2	23.7	8.3	1.4	0.0	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	20.0	16.2	7.3	3.8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	22.9	18.2	9.8	3.8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	6.1	3.5	2.4	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.7	29.0	21.7	12.2	3.8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.8	38.4	30.3	25.2	5.8	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	372	190	145	80	30	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.8	25.8	22.1	11.3	6.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.6	29.5	24.8	15.0	6.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	7.9	4.8	3.8	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.5	37.4	29.7	18.8	6.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.0	49.5	41.4	38.8	10.0	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	264	152	101	57	15	9
Number of transfers	254	145	96	47	14	9
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.9	1.3	0.9	0.9	2.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.9	35.9	27.6	23.8	26.1	4 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.7	29.0	30.2	12.8	4 / 14	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.3	31.7	34.4	19.1	4 / 14	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.2	6.2	3.1	6.4	0 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.9	37.9	37.5	25.5	4 / 14	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.6	49.0	41.7	36.2	6 / 14	5 / 9
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	44	38	40	37	11	3
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		65			65	
Number of transfers		57			60	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.4			40.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.1			21.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.1			30.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.0			8.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.1			38.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.2			58.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois-River North IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (IHR) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ilan Tur-Kaspa, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 1% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 383 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	34	26	14	11	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.9	2.9	3.8	1 / 14	1 / 11	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.3	3.1	2.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.3	39.6	25.6	3.6	1 / 18	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	59.5	25.9	3 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	29.4	23.1	1 / 14	1 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	44.1	34.6	1 / 14	1 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	2.9	3.8	0 / 14	0 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	47.1	38.5	1 / 14	1 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.4	52.9	38.5	1 / 14	1 / 11	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	29	19	9	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.2	34.5	6 / 19	1 / 9	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	51.7	9 / 19	1 / 9	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	3.4	1 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	55.2	10 / 19	1 / 9	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	62.1	10 / 19	1 / 9	1 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	35	23	8	6	9
Number of transfers	61	35	22	8	5	9
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.9	1.5	0.7	0.8	2.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.7	39.2	37.0	4 / 9	5 / 6	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.5	31.4	18.2	1 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.7	34.3	36.4	1 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.6	8.6	0.0	1 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.3	42.9	36.4	2 / 8	3 / 5	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	51.4	45.5	3 / 8	4 / 5	1 / 9
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	41	26	10	10	5	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			2		
Number of transfers	5			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8			4 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 5			2 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Human Reproduction (IHR)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mary Ellen Pavone, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 772 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	153	140	102	54	20	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.3	10.0	13.7	16.7	25.0	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.8	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.6	25.7	15.4	5.9	2.8	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.6	12.2	4.4	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.4	22.1	10.8	1.9	5.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	24.3	13.7	1.9	5.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	5.0	1.0	1.9	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.1	29.3	14.7	3.7	5.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.0	35.0	24.5	9.3	5.0	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	140	119	79	42	13	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	26.1	13.9	2.4	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	28.6	17.7	2.4	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	5.9	1.3	2.4	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	34.5	19.0	4.8	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.6	41.2	31.6	11.9	1 / 13	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	25	22	14	5	2
Number of transfers	66	25	20	12	4	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.9	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.7	2.3	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.5	33.3	22.5	15.6	4 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.8	28.0	25.0	4 / 12	3 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	40.0	25.0	4 / 12	4 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	4.0	5.0	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.0	44.0	30.0	4 / 12	4 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.0	52.0	40.0	5 / 12	4 / 4	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	47	16	17	5	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		42			29	
Number of transfers		40			26	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		37.1			31.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.5			11.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.0			15.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0			15.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.0			30.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.5			42.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Northwestern University

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT CHICAGO IVF PROGRAM CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Humberto Scoccia, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	40%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 134 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	30	21	14	9	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.7	23.3	38.1	3 / 14	4 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.2	3.2	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.7	32.3	25.0	7.1	1 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 16	4 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	13.3	4.8	2 / 14	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.2	13.3	9.5	2 / 14	1 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	6.7	4.8	0 / 14	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.9	20.0	14.3	2 / 14	1 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.6	30.0	23.8	3 / 14	1 / 9	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	19	10	10	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 18	4 / 19	1 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 18	4 / 19	2 / 10	2 / 10	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	2 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 18	6 / 19	3 / 10	2 / 10	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 18	9 / 19	5 / 10	3 / 10	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	7	4	6	0	0
Number of transfers	6	7	4	6	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.3	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 9	5 / 12	0 / 7	3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6	4 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6	4 / 7	0 / 4	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6	4 / 7	0 / 4	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6	5 / 7	0 / 4	5 / 6		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			7		4	
Number of transfers			5		4	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.6		1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			7 / 8		4 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			2 / 5		2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			3 / 5		2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			2 / 5		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			5 / 5		3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			5 / 5		3 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Illinois at Chicago IVF Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S HEALTH CONSULTANTS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mary W. Molo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	99%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	33%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 42% Female & male factors 32%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 224 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	31	28	13	16	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	11.8	3.2	7.1	2 / 13	3 / 16	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.8	2.3	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	31.7	22.7	12.0	0 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.5	7.4	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.5	19.4	14.3	0 / 13	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	25.8	14.3	1 / 13	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	16.1	3.6	0 / 13	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.2	41.9	17.9	1 / 13	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.1	48.4	25.0	2 / 13	0 / 16	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	28	21	9	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.1	21.4	19.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.6	28.6	19.0	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.6	17.9	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.2	46.4	23.8	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.7	53.6	33.3	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	22	10	2	0	0
Number of transfers	22	19	10	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.7	1.4	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.9	14.6	9.1	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.8	6 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	6 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 10	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.8	6 / 19	1 / 10	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.5	6 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	2	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			6		
Number of transfers	5			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 10			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Health Consultants

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/JOLIET IVF CREST HILL, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by R. Scott S. Springer, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 126 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	19	7	5	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.6	0 / 19	0 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.2	3.0	2.2	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.5	25.0	2 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.0	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6	4 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	4 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	2 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.8	6 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	6 / 19	2 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	15	6	3	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.9	4 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.3	4 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.8	6 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.4	6 / 15	2 / 6	2 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	7	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	9	7	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	3.5	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 16	0 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	0 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9	0 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 9	0 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	0 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			2		
Number of transfers	3			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health/Joliet IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST FERTILITY CENTER DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Amos E. Madanes, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 158 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	25	26	7	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.8	24.0	7.7	3 / 7	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.6	2.8	3.3	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.9	34.0	9.4	0 / 7	1 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.1	0 / 19	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	8.0	11.5	0 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	12.0	11.5	0 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	12.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.5	24.0	11.5	0 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.7	36.0	19.2	1 / 7	2 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	50	19	23	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	2 / 19	13.0	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.0	3 / 19	13.0	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	3 / 19	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	6 / 19	13.0	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.0	9 / 19	21.7	1 / 3	2 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	8	4	0	3	0
Number of transfers	12	8	4	0	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0	4.0	1.3		3.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0		1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 19	4 / 16	1 / 8		1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 12	4 / 8	1 / 4		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 12	4 / 8	1 / 4		1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 4		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 12	4 / 8	1 / 4		1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12	4 / 8	1 / 4		1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			3	
Number of transfers		7			3	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.3			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 16			1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7			0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 7			0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7			0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 7			0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 7			1 / 3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF CHICAGO GURNEE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard P. Sherbahn, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	17%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 700 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	236	83	63	11	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.7	6.0	12.7	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.4	3.2	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.1	32.0	36.3	12.5	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.5	11.1	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.5	16.9	27.0	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.1	20.5	33.3	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	27.1	10.8	4.8	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.1	32.5	38.1	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.0	43.4	50.8	3 / 11	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	228	77	52	10	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.5	18.2	32.7	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.1	22.1	40.4	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	28.1	11.7	5.8	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.1	35.1	46.2	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.2	46.8	61.5	3 / 10	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	78	38	15	11	1	0
Number of transfers	76	33	15	9	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.4	1.0	9.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.3	52.2	63.6	6 / 13	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.2	27.3	5 / 15	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.7	27.3	6 / 15	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.4	21.2	2 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.1	48.5	8 / 15	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.4	57.6	12 / 15	6 / 9	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	9	9	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	88			44		
Number of transfers	84			42		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	72.6			59.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.3			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.9			50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	34.5			7.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	77.4			57.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	83.3			69.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHICAGO INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES, LTD. HANOVER PARK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ketan N. Jobanputra, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	24%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 21 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	4	5	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/9	0/4	0/5	0/2	0/1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	4.0	2.8	2.0	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	0/8	1/11	0/4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/8	0/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/9	0/4	0/5	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/9	0/4	1/5	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2/9	0/4	0/5	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6/9	0/4	1/5	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/9	0/4	1/5	0/2	1/1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	2	4	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/8	0/2	0/4	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/8	0/2	1/4	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2/8	0/2	0/4	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6/8	0/2	1/4	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/8	0/2	1/4	0/2	1/1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Chicago Infertility Associates, Ltd.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HIGHLAND PARK IVF CENTER HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Angeline Beltsos, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	39%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,718 (includes 51 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	395	250	245	148	66	14
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.6	8.4	15.1	21.6	34.8	3 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.6	2.4	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.5	29.0	22.4	6.0	1.3	1 / 13
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.5	9.5	13.8	1.4	0.0	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	17.6	13.5	2.7	1.5	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.8	19.6	15.9	3.4	1.5	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.6	5.6	3.7	1.4	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.9	25.2	19.6	4.7	1.5	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.8	33.2	26.9	8.1	4.5	1 / 14
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	310	195	174	87	34	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.2	22.6	19.0	4.6	2.9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.0	25.1	22.4	5.7	2.9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	7.2	5.2	2.3	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.2	32.3	27.6	8.0	2.9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	42.6	37.9	13.8	8.8	1 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	305	179	147	49	14	5
Number of transfers	273	166	127	48	14	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.8	34.0	29.2	22.9	14.3	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	34.9	22.0	20.8	1 / 14	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	37.3	26.8	27.1	1 / 14	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.2	6.0	3.9	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.3	43.4	30.7	27.1	1 / 14	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.3	46.4	41.7	37.5	4 / 14	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	108	125	148	69	37	19
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		102			242	
Number of transfers		98			221	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		47.7			34.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.6			28.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.7			34.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.3			8.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		54.1			43.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.2			50.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Highland Park IVF Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HINSDALE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION HINSDALE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Michael J. Hickey, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 100 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		23	11	10	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		30.4	2 / 11	5 / 10	2 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	2.1	2.4	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.3	3 / 15	1 / 12	1 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.7	2 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.4	2 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	0 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		34.8	2 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		34.8	2 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		13	7	5	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		22	5	4	1	1	1
Number of transfers		21	5	2	0	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3		1.0		1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	2.2	3.0		2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11.4	2 / 11	0 / 6		0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.3	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		14.3	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.8	0 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		19.0	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		23.8	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	0	0	0	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			7		
Number of transfers		1			7		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			1 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Hinsdale Center for Reproduction					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REENA JABAMONI, MD, SC HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Reena Jabamoni, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	60%	Male factor	11%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 58 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	4	7	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.7	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	3 / 5	3 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 17	2 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 17	2 / 4	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	14	3	5	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 14	2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 14	2 / 3	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	2	2	1	1	1
Number of transfers	8	2	2	1	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.7		1.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	2.5	2.0	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 11	1 / 3	2 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	0 / 2	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8	0 / 2	2 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	0 / 2	2 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 8	1 / 2	2 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	1	3	0	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reena Jabamoni, MD, SC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KARANDE AND ASSOCIATES, SC DBA INVIA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vishvanath C. Karande, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	24%		Female factors only	3%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	3%		Female & male factors	9%
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	29%			

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 580 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	178	56	36	24	17	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.3	19.6	13.9	25.0	4 / 17	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.3	3.1	4.2	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.6	24.6	23.1	10.0	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.6	11.4	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.9	16.1	22.2	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.7	19.6	22.2	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	3.6	8.3	4.2	0 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.0	23.2	30.6	4.2	0 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.6	26.8	30.6	8.3	0 / 17	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	146	38	28	16	6	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	23.7	28.6	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	28.9	28.6	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.9	5.3	10.7	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.8	34.2	39.3	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.7	39.5	39.3	2 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	87	25	9	3	3	0
Number of transfers	84	25	9	3	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.0	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.0	42.1	5 / 14	2 / 3	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.8	40.0	1 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	44.0	1 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.4	4.0	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.1	48.0	3 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.4	56.0	3 / 9	2 / 3	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	32	13	7	3	4	2
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		35			42	
Number of transfers		32			38	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.8			43.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.8			39.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.0			42.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		21.9			2.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		46.9			44.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		62.5			55.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Karande and Associates, SC dba, InVia Fertility Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS, LTD. JOLIET, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Marek W. Piekos, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	4%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 81 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	10	10	1	3	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.2	25.0	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.1	2 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.4	3 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	1 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.8	4 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.9	4 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	30	9	5	1	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.7	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.3	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	2	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	16	2	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.0		1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.5	3 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 16	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 16	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			1		
Number of transfers	2			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE ADVANCED IVF INSTITUTE
CHARLES E. MILLER, MD, SC & ASSOCIATES
NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Charles E. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	33%		Female factors only	9%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	7%		Female & male factors	19%
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	16%			

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 526 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	174	70	49	54	8	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.9	5.7	20.4	14.8	2 / 8	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.2	43.5	16.0	9.8	2 / 13	0 / 13
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.9	8.2	3.4	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	21.4	12.2	11.1	0 / 8	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	24.3	14.3	13.0	1 / 8	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	12.9	2.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.9	37.1	18.4	13.0	1 / 8	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	44.3	20.4	18.5	1 / 8	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	112	52	33	36	5	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	28.8	18.2	16.7	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	32.7	21.2	19.4	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.5	17.3	3.0	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.7	50.0	27.3	19.4	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.8	59.6	30.3	27.8	1 / 5	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	25	16	4	0	1
Number of transfers	76	22	15	4	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.4	2.1	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.6	26.3	41.4	3 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.5	27.3	4 / 15	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.4	31.8	4 / 15	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.1	0.0	3 / 15	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.5	31.8	7 / 15	2 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.6	40.9	9 / 15	2 / 4		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17		11		
Number of transfers		17		11		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		56.3		30.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 17		4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 17		4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 17		1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 17		5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 17		5 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Advanced IVF Institute, Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF1 NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randy S. Morris, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	28%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 457 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	96	39	37	25	22	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.3	12.8	13.5	8.0	22.7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.8	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.8	31.5	11.1	4.5	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.7	13.8	2 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.8	23.1	10.8	4.0	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.9	25.6	10.8	4.0	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.3	33.3	10.8	4.0	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	35.9	16.2	8.0	0.0	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	66	29	21	9	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.8	31.0	19.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	34.5	19.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	10.3	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	44.8	19.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.5	48.3	28.6	2 / 9	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	36	17	11	2	1
Number of transfers	75	33	15	5	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.4	1.2	1.3	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.9	40.9	45.8	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	21.2	3 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	24.2	3 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	6.1	4 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.7	30.3	7 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.0	60.6	8 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	2	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	24			62		
Number of transfers	21			56		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3			39.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8			25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6			26.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5			12.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.1			41.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.4			55.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF1

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by John S. Rinehart, MD, PhD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 893 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		208	108	114	58	26	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)		9.1	12.0	13.2	29.3	38.5	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		37.1	29.9	20.7	7.7	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		13.9	6.2	7.7	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		12.0	16.7	7.9	6.9	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		16.3	20.4	9.6	6.9	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		9.6	9.3	3.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		26.0	29.6	13.2	6.9	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		29.3	31.5	18.4	6.9	0.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		127	77	65	29	11	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		19.7	23.4	13.8	13.8	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.8	28.6	16.9	13.8	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.7	13.0	6.2	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		42.5	41.6	23.1	13.8	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		48.0	44.2	32.3	13.8	0 / 11	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		136	39	61	8	4	0
Number of transfers		125	37	51	6	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.2	38.0	29.4	4 / 11	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.2	32.4	31.4	3 / 6	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.4	35.1	35.3	3 / 6	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.8	10.8	2.0	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.8	45.9	37.3	3 / 6	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.8	54.1	45.1	4 / 6	3 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		12	6	10	2	3	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		46			39		
Number of transfers		37			38		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.5			32.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.4			28.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		51.4			36.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.5			7.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		64.9			44.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.1			50.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DANIEL ROSTEIN, MD, SC OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel A. Rostein, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 50%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 6 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 3				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			2		
Number of transfers	1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Daniel Rostein, MD, SC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-CENTRAL ILLINOIS PEORIA, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gary M. Horowitz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	98%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	42%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 204 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	18	14	5	2	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.5	0 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.4	1.3	1.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.7	5 / 19	10.3	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.3	3 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	1 / 18	2 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.9	2 / 18	2 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	1 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.3	3 / 18	2 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.3	4 / 18	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	57	10	12	4	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.8	1 / 10	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.1	2 / 10	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	1 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.9	3 / 10	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.4	4 / 10	3 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	16	6	4	1	1
Number of transfers	50	14	5	4	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.8	2.8	2.5	1.3	0.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.8	10.0	3 / 9	4 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	0 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	0 / 14	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.0	0 / 14	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	2 / 14	2 / 5	3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	1	2	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			7		
Number of transfers	2			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			3 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Central Illinois

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FERTILITY CENTER ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Chiravudh Sawetawan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	99%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	32%	
				Endometriosis	31%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 168 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	13	10	4	5	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.8	1 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.7	1.7	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.6	7 / 17	8.3	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.6	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	2 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.3	2 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	2 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.9	4 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.9	5 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	9	9	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.6	2 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.9	2 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	2 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.6	4 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.6	5 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	7	7	1	0	0
Number of transfers	34	6	7	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.5	1.8	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.1	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.0	1 / 11	0 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.7	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.6	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	23.5	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.4	1 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11			21	
Number of transfers		10			19	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 18			14.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 10			3 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 10			5 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 10			0 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 10			5 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 10			7 / 19	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health and Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHICAGO IVF SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joel G. Brasch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 609 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	182	68	70	34	7	17
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.7	1.5	11.4	5.9	0 / 7	0 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	3.3	2.3	3.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.3	11.8	12.8	10.8	0 / 16	1.8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.2	7.0	9.5	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 15
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.1	8.8	8.6	2.9	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	11.8	11.4	8.8	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.4	14.7	14.3	11.8	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.8	20.6	20.0	23.5	0 / 7	1 / 17
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	174	65	58	30	7	17
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	9.2	10.3	3.3	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	12.3	13.8	10.0	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	3.1	3.4	3.3	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.9	15.4	17.2	13.3	0 / 7	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	21.5	24.1	26.7	0 / 7	1 / 17
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	91	45	12	7	3	0
Number of transfers	90	44	12	7	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	3.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.7	18.9	0.0	4 / 15	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.8	13.6	0 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	15.9	0 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	6.8	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.9	22.7	0 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	31.8	0 / 12	4 / 7	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	16	8	2	5	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		18		19		
Number of transfers		16		19		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		25.9		30.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 16		3 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 16		5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 16		1 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 16		7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 16		9 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Chicago IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH SHORE FERTILITY, SC
SKOKIE, ILLINOIS**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by J. Ricardo Loret de Mola, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	34%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	33%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 163 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	19	17	10	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.1	3 / 19	1 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.7	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.2	50.0	23.7	1 / 19	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.6	0 / 14	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.8	6 / 19	2 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.3	6 / 19	4 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	4 / 19	0 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.2	10 / 19	4 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.4	11 / 19	6 / 17	1 / 10	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	16	15	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	6 / 16	2 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.3	6 / 16	4 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	4 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.6	10 / 16	4 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.3	11 / 16	6 / 15	1 / 7	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	2	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	13	2	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2		2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.5	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.7	1 / 3	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	18			2		
Number of transfers	16			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	79.3			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 16			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7 / 16			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	13 / 16			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	15 / 16			2 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southern Illinois University Fertility and IVF Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SETH LEVRANT, MD, PC
PARTNERS IN REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Seth G. Levrant, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	13%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 119 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	22	29	9	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.5	27.3	13.8	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.0	3.7	13.0	18.2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	1 / 14	4.2	0 / 8		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.5	4.5	17.2	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.5	4.5	17.2	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.9	4.5	17.2	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.7	4.5	27.6	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	14	25	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.6	1 / 14	20.0	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.6	1 / 14	20.0	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	21.9	1 / 14	20.0	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.4	1 / 14	32.0	3 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	7	2	0	1	0
Number of transfers	9	5	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	1.0	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Seth Levrant, MD, PC, Partners in Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AMERICAN HEALTH NETWORK-REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CARMEL, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Leo M. Bonaventura, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	55%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 128 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	23	10	3	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	13.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.6	13.6	0 / 9	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.3	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.8	4.3	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.6	4.3	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.4	8.7	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.9	8.7	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	29	13	7	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.9	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	24.1	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.9	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	7	2	0	3	0
Number of transfers	21	6	2	0	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	1.5				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.5		1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.7	1 / 10	0 / 3		0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.5	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.3	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	19.0	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.8	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11			3	
Number of transfers		8			3	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 16			1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 8			1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 8			1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 8			0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 8			1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 8			1 / 3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DR. JOHN C. JARRETT, II
AMERICAN HEALTH NETWORK REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
CARMEL, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John C. Jarrett, II, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 498 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	207	73	51	19	6	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.6	17.8	19.6	8 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.0	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.8	23.1	20.0	3 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.1	0.0	4.3	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.9	12.3	17.6	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.3	12.3	17.6	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.6	6.8	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.3	19.2	17.6	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	27.4	23.5	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	164	55	35	7	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.1	16.4	25.7	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.8	16.4	25.7	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.9	9.1	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.3	25.5	25.7	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.5	36.4	34.3	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	20	9	1	2	0
Number of transfers	38	19	7	1	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.7	1.4	0.5	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	25.7	0 / 11	0 / 1	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	3 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	3 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.6	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.2	5 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.8	7 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			37		24	
Number of transfers			29		21	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.8		1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			53.1		10.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			24.1		4.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			27.6		4.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			31.0		4.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			58.6		9.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			62.1		14.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dr. John C. Jarrett, II, American Health Network Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST FERTILITY SPECIALISTS CARMEL, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laura M. Reuter, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 628 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	253	82	49	16	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.7	8.5	16.3	5 / 16	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.8	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	23.1	19.5	14.3	1 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.4	0.0	2.9	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.7	13.4	16.3	2 / 16	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9	19.5	18.4	3 / 16	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	7.3	4.1	0 / 16	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.7	26.8	22.4	3 / 16	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.0	30.5	30.6	4 / 16	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	229	69	37	10	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.4	15.9	21.6	2 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	23.2	24.3	3 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.4	8.7	5.4	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.2	31.9	29.7	3 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.1	36.2	40.5	4 / 10	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	65	30	7	2	1	0
Number of transfers	58	29	6	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.7	0.9			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	1.5	2.5	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.0	19.2	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	13.8	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	20.7	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	6.9	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.7	27.6	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.4	27.6	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			53		64	
Number of transfers			48		52	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			45.1		16.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			27.1		11.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			33.3		15.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			18.8		5.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			52.1		21.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			62.5		25.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Fertility Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTION INSTITUTE, LLC
ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William L. Gentry, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	32%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	46%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 177 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	21	12	8	3	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.3	14.3	1 / 12	4 / 8	0 / 3	3 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.7	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.6	12.9	3 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.3	4 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.6	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	19.0	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.6	19.0	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.7	23.8	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	16	9	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.7	3 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	4 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	0 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.1	4 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.2	5 / 16	2 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	21	6	1	0	2
Number of transfers	21	19	6	1	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	7.0	1.7	6.0	1.0		2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.0		2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.0	17.5	4 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	3 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	3 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	5 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	5 / 19	4 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	0	1	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		10		8		
Number of transfers		8		8		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1		2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 15		5 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 8		4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 8		5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 8		0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8		5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 8		5 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC, Advanced Fertility Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William Gentry, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	18%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 84 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	10	14	4	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.0	0 / 10	2 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.4	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	25.0	5 / 15	1 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.2	2 / 10	2 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.2	2 / 10	2 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	21.2	1 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.5	3 / 10	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	4 / 10	6 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27	10	8	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	2 / 10	2 / 8	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.6	2 / 10	2 / 8	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	25.9	1 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.6	3 / 10	3 / 8	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	4 / 10	6 / 8	2 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	8	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers	3	8	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	2.7	1.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 6	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			2		
Number of transfers	2			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COMMUNITY REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David E. Carnovale, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 45%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	69%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	32%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 109 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	14	10	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.7	3 / 14	3 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8	5 / 18	5 / 12	1 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.9	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	3 / 14	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	4 / 14	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	21.4	0 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.9	4 / 14	4 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	5 / 14	5 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	10	7	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.5	3 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	4 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.5	0 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.0	4 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	5 / 10	5 / 7	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	1	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	15	1	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	0.5				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.3	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			1		
Number of transfers	4			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 8			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Community Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FAMILY BEGINNINGS, PC INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James G. Donahue, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	24%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 119 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	21	10	5	0	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.6	9.5	1 / 10	1 / 5		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.9	16.7	2 / 12	0 / 8		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.8	1 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.1	4.8	0 / 10	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.1	14.3	0 / 10	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	4.8	1 / 10	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	19.7	19.0	1 / 10	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.3	19.0	2 / 10	0 / 5		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	48	17	6	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.5	1 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	1 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.1	4 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.7	4 / 17	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	4	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.0	1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5	2 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 5	2 / 4	2 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			0		
Number of transfers	3			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 6					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Family Beginnings, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INDIANA UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Marguerite K. Shepard, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	46%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 22 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	5	0	0	1	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 8	0 / 5			1 / 1	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.2				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 11	1 / 11				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 6	0 / 5				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8	1 / 5			0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 8	1 / 5			0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 5			0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 5			0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8	1 / 5			0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	5	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	1 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	1 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	1 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 7	1 / 5				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	1	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	1	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Indiana University Hospital

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE CARE OF INDIANA INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael A. Henry, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	36%	Tubal factor	<1%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	2%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	34%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	23%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 108 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	13	7	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.0	0 / 13	0 / 7		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.8		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.9	46.4	4 / 11		0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.4	0 / 13	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	8 / 13	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	9 / 13	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.6	1 / 13	0 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.1	10 / 13	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	11 / 13	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	13	4	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.4	8 / 13	3 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	9 / 13	3 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.4	1 / 13	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.9	10 / 13	3 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.2	11 / 13	3 / 4		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	4	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	25	4	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	2.0	0.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	4.0	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.1	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			2		
Number of transfers	2			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Care of Indiana

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF AT THE WOMEN'S HOSPITAL NEWBURGH, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel W. Griffin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	13%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	28%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 79 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	36	15	5	7	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.6	3 / 15	3 / 5	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.5	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.7	12.5	2 / 5	1 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	30.0	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	3 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.1	3 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.4	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	55.6	3 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	3 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	12	2	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.6	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.9	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.5	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.6	3 / 12	1 / 2	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	0	1	0	2	0
Number of transfers	10	0	1	0	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0		1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4		2.0		2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 13		0 / 2		0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10		0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10		0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10		0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10		0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10		0 / 1		0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			0		
Number of transfers	1			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTY HEALTH CENTERS, PC NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David S. McLaughlin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 50%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	100%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	33%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 6 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2	1 / 3				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3	1 / 1				
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Specialty Health Centers, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MID-IOWA FERTILITY, PC CLIVE, IOWA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Donald C. Young, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 526 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	167	34	24	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.8	14.7	29.2	4 / 7	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.3	47.7	26.1	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.3	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	29.4	12.5	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.9	32.4	12.5	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	14.7	4.2	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.1	47.1	16.7	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.7	52.9	25.0	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	135	27	13	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.3	37.0	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.7	40.7	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	18.5	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.0	59.3	4 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.9	66.7	6 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	26	20	2	2	1
Number of transfers	106	25	20	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.0	1.7	1.0	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.9	42.5	44.8	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.7	36.0	30.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.5	36.0	40.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	8.0	5.0	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.7	44.0	45.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.0	60.0	60.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	49	20	11	2	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	17			33		
Number of transfers	16			33		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0			46.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 16			24.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 16			36.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 16			12.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 16			51.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 16			60.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF IOWA HOSPITALS AND CLINICS CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE IOWA CITY, IOWA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bradley J. Van Voorhis, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	44%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 656 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	205	59	51	28	7	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.9	15.3	15.7	21.4	0 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.7	3.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.7	60.0	28.2	12.5	0 / 19	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	60.0	61.0	8.1	0.0	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.6	32.2	19.6	7.1	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.5	39.0	25.5	7.1	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.4	10.2	5.9	0.0	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.9	49.2	31.4	7.1	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.1	54.2	45.1	25.0	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	186	48	41	21	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.2	39.6	24.4	9.5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.6	47.9	31.7	9.5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	12.5	7.3	0.0	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.5	60.4	39.0	9.5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.7	66.7	56.1	33.3	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	146	52	28	8	4	1
Number of transfers	126	44	19	7	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	3.1	2.1	1.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.6	2.0	1.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.4	34.4	50.0	3 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.9	27.3	7 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.6	29.5	8 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	4.5	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.0	34.1	9 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.3	47.7	13 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	0	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			37		
Number of transfers	9			28		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 9			46.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 9			21.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9			21.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9			21.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 9			42.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 9			53.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics, Center for Advanced Reproductive Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST REPRODUCTIVE CENTER, PA OLATHE, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dan L. Gehlbach, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 32%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 306 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	117	34	27	11	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.3	11.8	11.1	3 / 11	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.3	3.6	4.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.8	22.2	18.5	6.9	0 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.7	3.7	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.1	5.9	11.1	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	5.9	14.8	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	14.7	3.7	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	20.6	18.5	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	26.5	25.9	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	108	28	24	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.5	7.1	12.5	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	7.1	16.7	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	17.9	4.2	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.1	25.0	20.8	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.7	32.1	29.2	2 / 8	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	15	13	1	1	0
Number of transfers	62	15	13	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	2.1	2.2		0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.4	2.2		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15.3	13.9	10.3		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.9	0 / 15	1 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.7	0 / 15	1 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	2 / 15	1 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	22.6	2 / 15	2 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.3	3 / 15	2 / 13		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			10		
Number of transfers	9			10		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 16			22.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 9			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 9			5 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Reproductive Center, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by S. Samuel Kim, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 341 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		128	30	33	4	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		12.5	13.3	30.3	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.2	1.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.8	28.9	19.4	0 / 1	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		6.6	13.6	1 / 14		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.0	16.7	9.1	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.1	16.7	12.1	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		10.9	3.3	3.0	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		32.0	23.3	15.2	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		39.1	33.3	15.2	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		96	22	14	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.0	22.7	3 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.1	22.7	4 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.6	4.5	1 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		42.7	31.8	5 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.1	45.5	5 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		55	20	9	3	0	0
Number of transfers		48	15	5	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	1.9	0.6	0.4	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	1.6	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.0	41.7	1 / 8	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.8	4 / 15	0 / 5	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.0	4 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.5	3 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.5	7 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0	8 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		16	4	2	7	3	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			12		
Number of transfers		9			12		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 16			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 9			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 9			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 9			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 9			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 9			4 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE RESOURCE CENTER OF GREATER KANSAS CITY OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Celeste Brabec, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 409 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	72	15	11	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.5	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.0	5 / 17	1 / 18	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.7	2 / 9	0 / 7			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.1	2 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.4	3 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.9	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.7	3 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.9	4 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	51	10	9	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.5	2 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	3 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.6	0 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.0	3 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.9	4 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	43	22	5	2	5
Number of transfers	76	42	20	5	1	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.3	1.3	0.6	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.2	2.0	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.9	31.7	44.8	0 / 6		4 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.6	26.2	25.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.5	26.2	55.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.5	7.1	5.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.9	33.3	60.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.8	38.1	60.0	0 / 5	1 / 1	3 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	63	30	15	9	1	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		18			8	
Number of transfers		17			8	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.1			5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 17			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 17			2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 17			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 17			3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 17			5 / 8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Resource Center of Greater Kansas City

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WICHITA, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Bruce L. Tjaden, DO				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 182 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	73	22	8	9	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.6	9.1	0 / 8	2 / 9	2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	3.5	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.7	30.3	2 / 15	4.8	1 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.6	2 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.4	22.7	2 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	31.8	2 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.5	36.4	2 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.6	36.4	2 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	62	17	7	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.3	5 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.9	7 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	8 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.8	8 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 6	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	8	7	1	0	0
Number of transfers	34	8	7	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	1.6	7.0	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.5	3 / 14	3 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.6	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	1 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.2	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	2 / 8	3 / 7	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		10			6	
Number of transfers		8			4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 10			4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 8			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 8			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8			3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 8			3 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BLUEGRASS FERTILITY CENTER LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James W. Akin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 175 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	22	16	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.6	9.1	1 / 16	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.8	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.3	31.9	16.7	0 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.7	5.0	0 / 14	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	36.4	2 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	40.9	2 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.3	9.1	1 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	50.0	3 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.3	50.0	6 / 16	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	61	20	15	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	40.0	2 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	45.0	2 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.3	10.0	1 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.5	55.0	3 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	55.0	6 / 15	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	5	9	0	0	0
Number of transfers	29	5	9	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.3	1.8			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.4	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.0	0 / 7	5 / 15			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	0 / 5	1 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	0 / 5	2 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	0 / 5	1 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.9	0 / 5	3 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.4	0 / 5	4 / 9			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	4	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			12		
Number of transfers	4			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 9			4 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4			1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 4			5 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LEXINGTON FERTILITY CENTER LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George M. Veloudis, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 38%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	42%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 24 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	1	1	0	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/5	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	3.0		4.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0/9	0/2	0/3		0/4	0/2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/3	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/5	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/5	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/5	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0/5	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/5	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	1	1	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/4	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/4	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/4	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/4	0/1	0/1		0/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	5	1	0	1	0
Number of transfers	5	5	1	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	5.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.6	2.0		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/10	1/13	0/2		0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/5	1/5	0/1		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/5	1/5	0/1		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/5	0/5	0/1		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/5	1/5	0/1		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/5	1/5	0/1		0/1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			2		
Number of transfers	1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0/2			0/6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1			0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/1			0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1			0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/1			0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/1			0/2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Lexington Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINE ASSOCIATES LOUISVILLE REPRODUCTIVE CENTER LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert J. Homm, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 51%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	58%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	43%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 146 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	13	9	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.7	2 / 13	1 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.1	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.7	31.8	4 / 17	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.7	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	4 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	4 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.6	4 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.4	7 / 13	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	31	11	8	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.1	4 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	4 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.3	4 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.5	7 / 11	4 / 8	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	10	7	2	3	4
Number of transfers	34	8	6	2	3	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.6	2.0	6.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.6	2 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.5	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.5	2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.4	2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.4	2 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			14	
Number of transfers		7			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 13			16.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 7			2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 7			2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 7			3 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 7			5 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Endocrine Associates, Louisville Reproductive Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY FIRST REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINE SERVICES LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Johanna S. Archer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	38%	Male factor	57%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	29%	
				Endometriosis	24%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 21 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	0	4	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 13		0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.8		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.8		3 / 11		0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 11		0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 13		1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13		2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 13		0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13		2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13		3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	0	4	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12		1 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12		2 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 12		0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 12		2 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 12		3 / 4		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility First, Reproductive Endocrine Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OBGYN ASSOCIATES FERTILITY CENTER LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Henry C. Bohler, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 44%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	58%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 224 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	81	36	24	9	6	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.4	8.3	12.5	3 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.9	2.8	1.7	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.3	33.3	26.0	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.3	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.3	13.9	12.5	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.2	22.2	16.7	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.9	8.3	8.3	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	30.6	25.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	38.9	29.2	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	26	17	5	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	19.2	3 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.7	30.8	4 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	11.5	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	42.3	6 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.1	53.8	7 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	9	7	0	1	0
Number of transfers	30	8	6	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	4.0	2.0		0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.2		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.1	6 / 15	4 / 11			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.7	4 / 8	1 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.3	4 / 8	2 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.3	5 / 8	2 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.3	5 / 8	4 / 6		1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			9		
Number of transfers	4			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 7			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 4			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 4			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4			3 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University OBGYN Associates Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

A WOMAN'S CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bobby W. Webster, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 30%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	62%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 149 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	22	20	1	3	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.8	13.6	10.0	1 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	1.9		4.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	26.7	21.2		0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.6	1 / 14	0 / 14		0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	18.2	15.0	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.2	22.7	15.0	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.3	4.5	5.0	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.5	27.3	20.0	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.8	31.8	25.0	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	17	17	0	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	4 / 17	3 / 17		0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.6	5 / 17	3 / 17		0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.2	1 / 17	1 / 17		0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	6 / 17	4 / 17		0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	7 / 17	5 / 17		0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	2	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	18	2	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.2	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 18	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			6		
Number of transfers	7			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 14			5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7			4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: A Woman's Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTER OF LOUISIANA LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John Storment, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	28%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 162 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	98	11	13	4	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.1	1 / 11	0 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.7	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.9	40.9	10.3	0 / 5	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.2	0 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.3	2 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.4	3 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	27.6	2 / 11	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.9	5 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	7 / 11	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	87	10	13	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	2 / 10	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.8	3 / 10	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	31.0	2 / 10	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.9	5 / 10	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.5	7 / 10	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	3	1	2	0	0
Number of transfers	18	3	1	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5			2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.2	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 18	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 18	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 18	2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	3	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2		2		
Number of transfers		2		2		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 4		0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2		0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Women's Health Center of Louisiana

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW ORLEANS METAIRIE, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard P. Dickey, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 615 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	233	80	35	33	12	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.9	10.0	14.3	12.1	1 / 12	3 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.5	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.8	33.0	32.5	14.3	12.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.9	7.7	1 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.3	20.0	2.9	6.1	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.7	25.0	5.7	6.1	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.2	6.3	8.6	3.0	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.3	31.3	14.3	9.1	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.3	33.8	22.9	12.1	3 / 12	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	170	59	20	14	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.5	27.1	5.0	2 / 14	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.2	33.9	10.0	2 / 14	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	8.5	15.0	1 / 14	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	42.4	25.0	3 / 14	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.3	45.8	40.0	4 / 14	3 / 9	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	95	39	24	9	2	1
Number of transfers	82	33	20	6	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.2	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.0	20.3	27.8	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.1	12.1	15.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	15.2	15.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	6.1	10.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.5	21.2	25.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.1	33.3	40.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	4	8	3	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			7		16	
Number of transfers			6		14	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			8 / 12		25.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			4 / 6		5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			4 / 6		6 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			1 / 6		0 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			5 / 6		6 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			5 / 6		6 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of New Orleans

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AUDUBON FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Lindsay Wells, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 73 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	14	12	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.2	4 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0	2.4	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6	1 / 16	0 / 17	1 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	1 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.2	1 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.3	1 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.8	1 / 14	0 / 12	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	8	8	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	54.5	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	59.1	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.6	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.3	1 / 8	0 / 8	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	2	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	2	5	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.7	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.6			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 6	3 / 3	3 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4	2 / 2	3 / 5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			3		
Number of transfers	0			3		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Audubon Fertility & Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 1 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARKLATEX FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by David T. Vandermolen, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 156 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		70	29	17	5	4	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		12.9	10.3	4 / 17	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.3	2.5	3.0	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		47.3	24.6	40.6	4 / 12	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		9.3	4.2	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.0	24.1	4 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.6	31.0	5 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		17.1	6.9	3 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		48.6	37.9	8 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0	41.4	9 / 17	3 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		55	25	13	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.5	28.0	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.4	36.0	5 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		21.8	8.0	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.8	44.0	8 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.6	48.0	9 / 13	3 / 4	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	6	3	0	0	1
Number of transfers		15	6	3	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	6.0	1.5			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.5	2.3			1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.3	8 / 9	1 / 7			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 3			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 3			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 3			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 15	4 / 6	1 / 3			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 15	4 / 6	1 / 3			1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			1		
Number of transfers		2			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 4			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 2			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 2			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Arklatex Fertility and Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF, THE MAINE CENTER SOUTH PORTLAND, MAINE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael M. Alper, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	36%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	27%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 371 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	119	44	41	31	12	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	15.1	9.1	7.3	9.7	3 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	2.3	2.7	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.6	40.7	20.0	11.9	10.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	39.2	40.0	6.9	0 / 19	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	11.4	19.5	6.5	2 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	11.4	19.5	9.7	2 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	6.8	0.0	3.2	0 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.0	20.5	19.5	12.9	2 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.2	31.8	26.8	25.8	3 / 12	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	92	36	31	24	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	13.9	25.8	8.3	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.9	13.9	25.8	12.5	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	8.3	0.0	4.2	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.8	25.0	25.8	16.7	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	38.9	35.5	33.3	3 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	32	10	4	1	0
Number of transfers	42	28	8	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.6	3.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.0	33.3	6 / 13	1 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	21.4	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	28.6	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	7.1	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.6	35.7	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	42.9	4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			12		
Number of transfers	2			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4			3 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			3 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Boston IVF, The Maine Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY RSC AT GBMC BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Eugene Katz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,078 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	346	153	142	65	27	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.8	9.2	5.6	9.2	25.9	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.8	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.0	38.9	24.3	9.9	2.4	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	58.5	28.3	1.8	4.8	0 / 16	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	22.2	21.1	9.2	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.0	25.5	24.6	10.8	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	11.1	4.9	1.5	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.5	36.6	29.6	12.3	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	45.1	38.0	20.0	14.8	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	300	133	121	52	19	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.0	25.6	24.8	11.5	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.3	29.3	28.9	13.5	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	12.8	5.8	1.9	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.7	42.1	34.7	15.4	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	51.9	44.6	25.0	4 / 19	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	110	54	23	13	7	2
Number of transfers	110	52	23	10	7	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.3	3.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.3	34.7	30.8	6 / 16	3 / 15	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.5	32.7	17.4	5 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.1	36.5	39.1	5 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	1.9	4.3	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.2	38.5	43.5	5 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.2	50.0	47.8	7 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	11	11	6	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		76			12	
Number of transfers		65			11	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		46.2			5 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.0			1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.2			2 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.1			1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		49.2			3 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.5			4 / 11	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC-Towson

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE A.R.T. INSTITUTE OF WASHINGTON, INC.
WALTER REED NATIONAL MILITARY MEDICAL CENTER
BETHESDA, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James Segars, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	24%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 559 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	219	93	111	46	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.8	8.6	12.6	15.2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9	27.4	19.4	17.5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	39.8	23.0	5.1	0.0		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	21.5	12.6	10.9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.9	24.7	15.3	10.9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.2	5.4	6.3	2.2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.1	31.2	21.6	13.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.1	35.5	25.2	26.1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	192	82	89	38	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.8	24.4	15.7	13.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	28.0	19.1	13.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	6.1	7.9	2.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.9	35.4	27.0	15.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.6	40.2	31.5	31.6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	20	15	10	1	0
Number of transfers	43	19	15	9	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.7	2.5	1.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.6	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.4	33.3	18.2	3 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.9	9 / 19	2 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.2	11 / 19	3 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	0 / 19	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.5	11 / 19	3 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.2	11 / 19	5 / 15	4 / 9	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc.,
Walter Reed National Military Medical Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ENDRIKA HINTON, MD LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Endrika L. Hinton, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	45%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	52%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	39%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 24 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	1	5	0	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.0	2.0		2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 4		2 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 9		0 / 2		0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 5		2 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	1	2	0	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		2 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5		0.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0		1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1		1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Endrika Hinton, MD

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JOHNS HOPKINS FERTILITY CENTER LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Jairo E. Garcia, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 325 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		79	32	51	36	18	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		13.9	3.1	13.7	16.7	4 / 18	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.4	20.9	8.9	13.0	1 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		16.3	13.6	8.0	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		12.7	15.6	3.9	5.6	1 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		13.9	18.8	7.8	5.6	1 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		11.4	3.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		26.6	21.9	7.8	5.6	1 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		32.9	25.0	9.8	11.1	2 / 18	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		55	23	30	14	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.2	21.7	6.7	2 / 14	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.0	26.1	13.3	2 / 14	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.4	4.3	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.2	30.4	13.3	2 / 14	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.3	34.8	16.7	4 / 14	2 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		20	6	13	7	4	0
Number of transfers		19	6	12	7	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.6	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.5	2.3	1.4	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		38.7	4 / 9	11.1	1 / 8	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 19	3 / 6	1 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 19	3 / 6	3 / 12	2 / 7	2 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		17	5	3	6	2	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		6			16		
Number of transfers		5			16		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 8			21.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			2 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 5			3 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5			1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 5			4 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 5			5 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Johns Hopkins Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**SIU NG-WAGNER, MD
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael J. Levy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 7,694 (includes 182 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1,529	843	989	465	258	17
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.7	8.2	14.4	16.8	14.7	3 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.6	37.9	25.4	12.0	6.9	2.9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	47.9	35.7	10.6	2.9	0.0	0 / 11
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.8	22.9	15.3	6.9	3.5	1 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.4	27.6	18.4	9.0	5.4	1 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	6.3	5.4	1.3	1.2	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.8	34.0	23.8	10.3	6.6	1 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	41.9	32.2	19.6	14.0	2 / 17
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1,276	685	732	318	182	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.7	28.2	20.6	10.1	4.9	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	34.0	24.9	13.2	7.7	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	7.7	7.2	1.9	1.6	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.6	41.9	32.1	15.1	9.3	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.3	51.5	43.4	28.6	19.8	2 / 12
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	639	426	302	95	46	9
Number of transfers	613	400	290	87	38	9
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.0	47.0	40.4	24.2	20.6	3 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	34.5	29.3	18.4	13.2	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.3	39.5	33.1	25.3	15.8	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	6.0	6.2	1.1	2.6	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.3	45.5	39.7	26.4	18.4	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.9	55.8	52.1	39.1	36.8	4 / 9
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	74	128	84	16	7	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		955			626	
Number of transfers		806			571	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		46.8			43.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.2			23.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.1			32.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.2			5.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.4			37.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.8			50.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MONTGOMERY FERTILITY CENTER SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Yemi Famuyiwa, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	36%	Uterine factor	24%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 46 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	6	8	5	0	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 10	0 / 6	3 / 8	1 / 5		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.2	2.5	1.5		4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 14	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 3		0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	5	4	2	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	3	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.0				0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.3				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 5	1 / 7				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2	1 / 3				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	1
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			4		5	
Number of transfers			4		4	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.3		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			1 / 6		1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 4		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			1 / 4		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 4		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			1 / 4		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			2 / 4		1 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Montgomery Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF MARYLAND TOWSON, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Santiago L. Padilla, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	34%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 302 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	51	36	20	22	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.2	23.5	36.1	25.0	54.5	4 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.3	3.7	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	32.8	17.6	5.8	4.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.9	18.9	9.5	0 / 14	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	17.6	16.7	10.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.2	19.6	16.7	10.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	9.8	2.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.3	29.4	19.4	10.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.5	37.3	22.2	15.0	4.5	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	38	22	14	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	23.7	27.3	2 / 14	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.7	26.3	27.3	2 / 14	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	13.2	4.5	0 / 14	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.6	39.5	31.8	2 / 14	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.4	50.0	36.4	3 / 14	1 / 10	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	24	21	6	2	1
Number of transfers	28	23	15	5	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.8	1.9	2.5	2.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.4	35.1	33.3	2 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	34.8	3 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	43.5	3 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	4.3	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.4	47.8	5 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.7	56.5	7 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			7		8	
Number of transfers			7		6	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.7		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			6 / 12		4 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 7		0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			2 / 7		1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			1 / 7		1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			3 / 7		2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			5 / 7		3 / 6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Maryland

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BRIGHAM AND WOMEN'S HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Elizabeth S. Ginsburg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	29%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,897 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	405	259	348	169	68	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.9	4.2	7.5	14.2	5.9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0	2.4	3.9	4.3	9.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.8	32.2	17.8	9.6	6.6	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	42.8	18.5	7.2	0.8	0.0	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.2	24.7	15.8	9.5	2.9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.9	29.3	19.0	13.6	2.9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	8.5	3.7	4.7	4.4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.0	37.8	22.7	18.3	8.8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	45.2	32.5	24.9	20.6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	358	228	287	132	57	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	28.1	19.2	12.1	3.5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	33.3	23.0	17.4	3.5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	9.6	4.5	6.1	5.3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	43.0	27.5	23.5	10.5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.1	51.3	39.4	31.8	24.6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	175	86	93	44	13	2
Number of transfers	165	83	87	37	12	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	4.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.6	48.6	26.2	20.8	9.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.0	27.7	27.6	13.5	3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.8	38.6	32.2	16.2	3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.5	14.5	4.6	8.1	1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.4	53.0	36.8	24.3	4 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.1	61.4	46.0	43.2	5 / 12	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	44	29	33	11	5	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		51			54	
Number of transfers		50			53	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.7			35.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.0			24.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.0			30.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.0			9.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0			39.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.0			54.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brigham and Women's Hospital Center for Assisted Reproductive Technology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Thomas L. Toth, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	45%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	17%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 803 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	217	142	148	83	18	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.1	7.0	6.1	7.2	2 / 18	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.4	3.6	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	31.2	21.2	10.9	5.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	31.8	16.9	2.5	0.0	0 / 15	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.3	31.7	20.9	15.7	2 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.5	35.9	23.0	19.3	2 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.6	4.2	6.1	1.2	0 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.0	40.1	29.7	20.5	2 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.6	45.8	36.5	32.5	3 / 18	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	196	130	135	74	15	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.3	34.6	23.0	17.6	2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.9	39.2	25.2	21.6	2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	4.6	6.7	1.4	0 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.7	43.8	32.6	23.0	2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.8	50.0	40.0	36.5	3 / 15	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	33	23	6	7	1
Number of transfers	47	31	23	6	7	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.3	56.1	48.4	4 / 10	1 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.1	29.0	34.8	2 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	41.9	39.1	2 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	9.7	8.7	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.2	51.6	47.8	3 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	67.7	65.2	4 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	13	7	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		35			17	
Number of transfers		33			17	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.2			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		39.4			8 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.5			8 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.1			0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.6			8 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.7			9 / 17	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REI DIVISION AT TUFTS MEDICAL CENTER
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**FERTILITY SOLUTIONS, PC DBA
MASSACHUSETTS FERTILITY CENTER, LLC
DEDHAM, MASSACHUSETTS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ania Kowalik, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	26%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 610 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	168	89	73	46	13	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.0	7.9	9.6	28.3	0 / 13	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.2	3.1	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.2	23.6	17.6	9.2	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	44.6	22.4	6.3	0.0	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	14.6	13.7	6.5	0 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	15.7	17.8	10.9	0 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	7.9	4.1	0.0	0 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.8	24.7	21.9	10.9	0 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.1	30.3	24.7	13.0	2 / 13	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	142	80	55	32	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	16.3	18.2	9.4	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.2	17.5	23.6	15.6	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	8.8	5.5	0.0	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.2	27.5	29.1	15.6	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.5	33.8	32.7	18.8	2 / 10	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	102	39	19	10	3	0
Number of transfers	94	35	17	9	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.1	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.1	23.1	26.1	1 / 19	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.3	17.1	4 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.9	22.9	4 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.1	2.9	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.9	25.7	5 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.2	37.1	6 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	2	2	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	20			14		
Number of transfers	20			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.4			23.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0			4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0			5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0			0 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0			5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0			7 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Solutions, PC dba, Massachusetts Fertility Center, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER LEXINGTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel C. Pang, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,586 (includes 85 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	775	430	385	198	56	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.2	7.2	10.9	7.1	14.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	2.2	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	30.6	16.8	7.0	3.1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	47.0	22.5	4.7	0.7	0.0	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.0	24.0	13.0	9.1	5.4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.0	26.5	14.8	10.1	5.4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	5.3	4.2	1.5	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.1	31.9	19.0	11.6	5.4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	39.1	26.0	18.7	7.1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	700	364	309	165	42	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	28.3	16.2	10.9	7.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.6	31.3	18.4	12.1	7.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.6	6.3	5.2	1.8	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.3	37.6	23.6	13.9	7.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.1	46.2	32.4	22.4	9.5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	264	130	96	22	14	3
Number of transfers	232	108	82	18	9	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.3	45.6	20.5	14.3	2 / 13	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.6	30.6	20.7	1 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.4	32.4	22.0	3 / 18	2 / 9	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	10.2	1.2	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.3	42.6	23.2	3 / 18	2 / 9	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.7	56.5	36.6	6 / 18	2 / 9	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	11	8	1	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		38			54	
Number of transfers		37			43	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		68.1			63.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		59.5			44.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		70.3			53.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2.7			4.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		73.0			58.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		78.4			67.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**FERTILITY CENTERS OF NEW ENGLAND, INC.
NEW ENGLAND CLINICS OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, INC.
READING, MASSACHUSETTS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joseph A. Hill, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,163 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	402	182	182	60	28	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.0	4.9	7.7	5.0	7.1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.8	40.3	26.6	11.0	2.6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	49.0	27.4	5.7	10.0	0 / 14	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.4	18.1	11.0	5.0	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	21.4	12.6	8.3	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	8.2	2.7	0.0	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.6	29.7	15.4	8.3	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.3	34.1	25.3	15.0	3.6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	327	131	120	40	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.9	25.2	16.7	7.5	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.8	29.8	19.2	12.5	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	11.5	4.2	0.0	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.4	41.2	23.3	12.5	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.4	47.3	38.3	22.5	1 / 17	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	118	45	36	16	3	1
Number of transfers	113	41	35	13	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.3	0.6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.9	37.3	36.4	9 / 17	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.2	31.7	28.6	5 / 13	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.7	31.7	37.1	5 / 13	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	7.3	5.7	0 / 13	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.4	41.5	42.9	6 / 13	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.6	46.3	54.3	8 / 13	2 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	8	7	3	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		44		20		
Number of transfers		42		19		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7		1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.8		40.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.6		6 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.1		7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		31.0		2 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		69.0		9 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.4		10 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Centers of New England, Inc.,
New England Clinics of Reproductive Medicine, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BAYSTATE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kelly Lynch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	41%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	25%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 573 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	162	107	69	33	9	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.9	6.5	13.0	12.1	3 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.9	2.6	3.5	3.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.2	26.6	20.0	10.0	0 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	64.5	14.9	2.0	0.0	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	23.4	11.6	6.1	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	25.2	13.0	9.1	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	4.7	5.8	6.1	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.4	29.9	20.3	15.2	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	41.1	33.3	21.2	1 / 9	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	142	97	56	26	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.8	25.8	14.3	7.7	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.6	27.8	16.1	11.5	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	5.2	7.1	7.7	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.5	33.0	25.0	19.2	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.0	45.4	41.1	26.9	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	41	29	8	2	1
Number of transfers	82	32	26	7	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.4	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.5	37.8	42.9	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.4	21.9	23.1	0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.0	34.4	23.1	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	0.0	7.7	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.3	34.4	34.6	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.5	50.0	50.0	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		9			12	
Number of transfers		8			10	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11 / 13			5 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 8			2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 8			3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 8			0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 8			3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 8			5 / 10	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Baystate Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CARDONE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY STONEHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vito R. Cardone, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	34%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 239 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	21	30	26	17	11
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.4	0.0	3.3	0.0	3 / 17	3 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.6	3.1	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.2	25.8	17.4	3.8	0 / 19	1 / 12
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.2	2 / 16	0 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	23.8	10.0	7.7	0 / 17	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	23.8	20.0	7.7	0 / 17	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	4.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.2	28.6	20.0	7.7	0 / 17	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	38.1	26.7	11.5	1 / 17	1 / 11
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	18	22	21	8	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	5 / 18	13.6	9.5	0 / 8	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.7	5 / 18	27.3	9.5	0 / 8	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	1 / 18	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.5	6 / 18	27.3	9.5	0 / 8	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.8	8 / 18	36.4	14.3	1 / 8	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	7	10	3	6	0
Number of transfers	14	6	9	2	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0		1.5	0.7	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.7	1 / 12	2 / 17	1 / 5	1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 14	1 / 6	4 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		27			18	
Number of transfers		24			16	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.2			24.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.2			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3			3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.5			1 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.8			4 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.2			6 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cardone Reproductive Medicine and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Michael M. Alper, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	39%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	29%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 2,987 (includes 130 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		610	445	468	274	116	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)		3.1	6.3	9.6	7.7	13.8	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.5	3.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.0	27.3	18.5	9.4	4.2	1 / 11
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		33.9	17.2	9.3	1.6	2.6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.8	14.8	13.2	6.6	4.3	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.3	18.9	15.8	7.3	5.2	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		6.4	6.7	3.8	1.8	0.9	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.7	25.6	19.9	9.5	6.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.5	30.1	26.3	17.9	10.3	1 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		522	347	359	218	83	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.9	19.0	17.3	8.3	6.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.3	24.2	20.6	9.2	7.2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.5	8.6	5.0	2.3	1.2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		41.8	32.9	25.9	11.9	8.4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.3	38.6	34.3	22.5	14.5	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		261	196	107	50	24	2
Number of transfers		234	186	92	44	15	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.5	1.7	2.2	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.0	29.3	19.2	23.7	16.7	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.4	25.3	13.0	18.2	2 / 15	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.8	26.9	16.3	18.2	2 / 15	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.4	4.8	4.3	4.5	1 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.2	32.3	20.7	22.7	3 / 15	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.0	37.6	30.4	31.8	4 / 15	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		14	28	23	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		97			133		
Number of transfers		82			123		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		47.8			25.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.0			12.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.8			21.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.6			8.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.7			29.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.6			38.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Boston IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Senait Fisseha, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 265 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	72	44	26	10	5	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.3	13.6	15.4	1 / 10	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.3	28.6	23.7	4.8	1 / 13	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.5	23.5	1 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.4	13.6	15.4	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.6	13.6	15.4	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	9.1	7.7	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.5	22.7	23.1	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	29.5	26.9	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	62	35	18	9	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6	17.1	4 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	17.1	4 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	11.4	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.5	28.6	6 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.6	37.1	7 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	24	13	4	3	0
Number of transfers	34	22	13	4	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.0	3.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.4	13.2	17.4	0 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.7	18.2	2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.7	18.2	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	20.6	18.2	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.2	27.3	4 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	5	1	2	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			8		
Number of transfers	5			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 6			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 5			2 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, University of Michigan
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PC BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	20%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 122 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	36	11	21	9	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	16.7	1 / 11	14.3	5 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.5	4.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.2	33.3	25.0	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.0	0 / 10	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	6 / 11	14.3	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	6 / 11	14.3	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	22.2	1 / 11	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.2	7 / 11	19.0	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	7 / 11	47.6	0 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	28	10	18	2	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	6 / 10	3 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	6 / 10	3 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	28.6	1 / 10	1 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.7	7 / 10	4 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.3	7 / 10	10 / 18	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	8	2	1	1	0
Number of transfers	9	6	2	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	4.5		0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.3	1.5		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 17	2 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	5			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 7			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 5			1 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

GAGO IVF BRIGHTON, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laura A. Gago, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 114 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	6	8	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.7	3 / 12	18.2	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 18	1 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 18	2 / 6	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 18	2 / 6	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	5	8	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 17	1 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 5	2 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 17	1 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 17	2 / 5	3 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 17	2 / 5	3 / 8	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	7	7	1	0	1
Number of transfers	11	7	7	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.8	1.0	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.9			1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 13			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 7			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 7			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 7			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 7			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 7			1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	3	7	9	4	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			13		
Number of transfers	8			13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 17			7 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8			4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8			4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8			1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 8			5 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8			7 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Gago IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN COMPREHENSIVE FERTILITY CENTER DEARBORN, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David M. Magyar, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 157 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	63	18	16	7	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	11.1	4 / 18	5 / 16	0 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.7	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.3	26.1	29.6	1 / 16		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	6 / 18	4 / 16	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	6 / 18	4 / 16	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	0 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	27.0	6 / 18	6 / 16	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.7	6 / 18	6 / 16	1 / 7		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	54	13	10	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	6 / 13	4 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.2	6 / 13	4 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	0 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.5	6 / 13	6 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.0	6 / 13	6 / 10	1 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	4	5	1	0	0
Number of transfers	11	4	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	2.0	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	19			9		
Number of transfers	14			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 14			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 14			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 14			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 14			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 14			1 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Comprehensive Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**GRAND RAPIDS FERTILITY & IVF, PC
GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE & IVF CENTER, PC GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William G. Dodds, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	63%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 941 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	279	81	53	33	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.3	17.3	13.2	18.2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.1	3.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.0	25.7	19.5	10.5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.1	0.0	2.6	0.0		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.9	13.6	22.6	6.1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.4	16.0	26.4	15.2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	12.3	1.9	0.0	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.7	29.6	28.3	15.2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.8	30.9	43.4	24.2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	245	64	41	24	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.9	17.2	29.3	8.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	20.3	34.1	20.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	15.6	2.4	0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	37.5	36.6	20.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	39.1	56.1	33.3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	223	75	33	9	1	0
Number of transfers	212	74	29	9	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.6	1.9	4.1	2.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.8	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.4	17.5	20.6	16.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	18.9	20.7	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	24.3	24.1	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.6	6.8	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.1	31.1	27.6	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.0	33.8	34.5	4 / 9	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	1	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		46			94	
Number of transfers		43			92	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.1			21.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.2			17.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.6			22.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.0			6.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		39.5			29.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		48.8			39.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF MICHIGAN ROCHESTER HILLS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mostafa I. Abuzeid, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,078 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	353	123	131	58	20	14
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.7	6.5	6.9	17.2	20.0	5 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.3	32.7	25.4	10.8	9.1	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.6	5.3	2.3	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	18.7	17.6	8.6	5.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	23.6	24.4	12.1	5.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.9	9.8	7.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.8	34.1	32.1	12.1	5.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.4	43.1	35.1	19.0	10.0	0 / 14
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	297	105	104	41	9	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.6	21.9	22.1	12.2	1 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	27.6	30.8	17.1	1 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.9	11.4	9.6	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.2	40.0	40.4	17.1	1 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.9	50.5	44.2	26.8	2 / 9	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	148	57	36	13	5	3
Number of transfers	139	49	33	12	4	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.6	2.1	3.0	4.0	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.6	42.2	32.4	19.0	1 / 3	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.3	42.9	24.2	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.2	49.0	27.3	1 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	8.2	6.1	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.7	57.1	33.3	2 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.1	65.3	45.5	3 / 12	3 / 4	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	3	7	0	1	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	70			30		
Number of transfers	64			29		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.5			35.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.7			41.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5			48.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.9			3.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.4			51.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.2			55.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Michigan

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY PHYSICIAN GROUP-SOUTHFIELD WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY SOUTHFIELD, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Elizabeth E. Puscheck, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 161 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	17	10	9	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.2	1 / 17	0 / 10	1 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.4	4.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	33.3	22.2	1 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.0	1 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	3 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.1	3 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.6	3 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.7	6 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.7	9 / 17	4 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	14	10	8	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	3 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.3	3 / 14	2 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.0	3 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.2	6 / 14	3 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.2	9 / 14	4 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	13	8	2	3	2
Number of transfers	34	13	8	2	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	3.3	2.7	0.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.0	2.3	3.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.8	20.6	2 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 7	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.3	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.2	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.7	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.9	3 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.8	4 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			5		
Number of transfers	5			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 10			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5			3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Physician Group-Southfield, Wayne State University

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HENRY FORD REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nicole Budrys, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 70 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	7	2	3	0	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	20.0	0 / 7	1 / 2	2 / 3		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.6	2.0	3.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	2 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4.0	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.0	2 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.0	2 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.0	2 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	5	1	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	6	6	0	1	0
Number of transfers	13	3	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	3.0	6.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.7	2.2			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.6	0 / 8	4 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 13	0 / 3	3 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 13	0 / 3	3 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 13	0 / 3	3 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 13	0 / 3	3 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			2		
Number of transfers	0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**LUANA J. KYSELKA, MD, PC
TROY, MICHIGAN**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

BRENDA L. MOSKOVITZ, MD, PC TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 50% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	56%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	44%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 16 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	4	2	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/4	2/4	0/2	0/1	1/2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5/8	0/2	1/4	0/1	0/2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1/4	0/1	0/2		0/1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/4	0/4	1/2	0/1	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/4	0/4	1/2	0/1	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4	0/4	0/2	0/1	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3/4	0/4	1/2	0/1	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/4	0/4	1/2	0/1	0/2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	1	2	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/4	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/4	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/4	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/4	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0/4		0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/2		0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/2		0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/2		0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/2		0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/2		0/1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF MICHIGAN TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Brad T. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	47%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 569 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	136	46	54	15	4	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.5	2.2	18.5	0 / 15	0 / 4	5 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.3	2.7	2.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.7	26.6	14.6	7.9	1 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.6	8.1	2.6	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	21.7	16.7	2 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.2	26.1	18.5	2 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.0	4.3	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.0	30.4	18.5	2 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.6	45.7	25.9	3 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	122	38	39	14	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	26.3	23.1	2 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	31.6	25.6	2 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	5.3	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.4	36.8	25.6	2 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	55.3	35.9	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	83	37	29	4	4	0
Number of transfers	71	30	24	4	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.3	0.7	0.3	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.4	40.4	38.7	3 / 8	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	23.3	12.5	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.2	30.0	12.5	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.9	13.3	12.5	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.1	43.3	25.0	2 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.2	50.0	58.3	2 / 4	0 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	9	26	14	3	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	26			44		
Number of transfers	21			37		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.1			30.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.5			13.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.5			16.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	28.6			13.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.1			29.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.6			43.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Michigan

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S HEALTH, PLC WARREN, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	20%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 147 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	14	9	4	0	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.7	0 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 4		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.7	44.0	5 / 14	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.8	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7	4 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 4		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	6 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 4		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	0 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 4		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.3	6 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 4		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	9 / 14	3 / 9	0 / 4		0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	13	7	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	4 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.2	6 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	0 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.5	6 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.5	9 / 13	3 / 7	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	10	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	22	10	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	8 / 16	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	3 / 10	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	4 / 10	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	2 / 10	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.4	6 / 10	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.5	6 / 10	2 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	8	4	4	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			8		
Number of transfers	12			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.8			7 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 12			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 12			4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12			6 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Center for Fertility and Women's Health, PLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE MIDWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA MAPLE GROVE, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randle S. Corfman, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	53%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 233 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	102	33	18	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.8	3.0	0 / 18	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.8		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.8	42.6	25.0		0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.7	7.7	1 / 15		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	36.4	5 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.5	42.4	5 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	28.4	9.1	1 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	55.9	51.5	6 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	57.6	8 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	89	30	18	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.5	40.0	5 / 18		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	46.7	5 / 18		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	32.6	10.0	1 / 18		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.0	56.7	6 / 18		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.4	63.3	8 / 18		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	8	7	1	0	0
Number of transfers	30	8	5	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	5.0	2.7	1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.4			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.8	1 / 10	1 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	1 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	1 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	0 / 8	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	1 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.3	2 / 8	1 / 5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	17			13		
Number of transfers	16			13		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0			6 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16			4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16			6 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 16			0 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 16			6 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 16			7 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Midwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lisa Erickson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	20%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,096 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	365	156	134	50	9	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.2	7.1	9.0	20.0	0 / 9	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.6	2.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.8	50.2	28.7	20.2	4 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.9	13.5	6.3	0.0	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.3	31.4	23.9	14.0	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	35.3	26.1	14.0	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.7	12.8	5.2	6.0	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.4	48.7	31.3	20.0	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	59.0	38.8	36.0	4 / 9	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	344	136	113	39	8	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	36.0	28.3	17.9	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.0	40.4	31.0	17.9	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.9	14.7	6.2	7.7	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.9	55.9	37.2	25.6	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.4	67.6	46.0	46.2	4 / 8	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	78	48	35	13	2	3
Number of transfers	71	44	34	12	2	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.7	0.4	1.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.8	50.8	47.2	38.1	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.4	43.2	35.3	4 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.8	45.5	41.2	4 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.7	6.8	14.7	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.9	52.3	55.9	5 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.4	70.5	64.7	7 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	17	21	15	4	4	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		92		39		
Number of transfers		88		33		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.3		45.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.5		36.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.2		42.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.3		9.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		62.5		51.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.7		66.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine,
Advanced Reproductive Technologies

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William R. Phipps, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 375 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	161	63	38	24	2	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.2	7.9	21.1	29.2	1 / 2	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.6	2.8	4.0	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.8	29.5	22.4	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	17.5	10.5	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	19.0	10.5	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	14.3	7.9	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.0	33.3	18.4	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	38.1	31.6	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	141	56	25	15	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.5	19.6	16.0	0 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.5	21.4	16.0	0 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	16.1	12.0	0 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.8	37.5	28.0	0 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.8	42.9	48.0	0 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	17	13	4	0	0
Number of transfers	20	15	11	4	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.9	1.2	4.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	25.0	0 / 16	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.0	4 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	4 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	1 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.0	5 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	7 / 15	0 / 11	2 / 4		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			5		
Number of transfers	10			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 16			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10			2 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MAYO CLINIC ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES ROCHESTER, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jani R. Jensen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 369 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	93	31	27	11	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.5	12.9	14.8	5 / 11	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.2	20.0	22.5	2 / 10	1 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.9	8.7	0 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	16.1	14.8	1 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.1	19.4	22.2	1 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	6.5	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.9	25.8	22.2	1 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	29.0	40.7	2 / 11	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	67	23	19	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.8	21.7	4 / 19	1 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.8	26.1	6 / 19	1 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.4	8.7	0 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.2	34.8	6 / 19	1 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.7	39.1	11 / 19	2 / 4	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	91	25	20	4	6	0
Number of transfers	82	21	18	3	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.8	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.3	19.0	8.3	0 / 3	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.2	33.3	2 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	38.1	2 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.1	38.1	2 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.5	38.1	3 / 18	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	22	1	2	4	1	1
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			18	
Number of transfers		5			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 11			22.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 5			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 5			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5			2 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5			3 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			5 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jacques P. Stassart, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 43%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	63%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 574 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	194	65	32	5	6	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.1	3.1	6.3	1 / 5	2 / 6	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.7	4.0	4.0	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.6	38.3	17.6	0 / 8	1 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	32.0	10.2	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.9	27.7	18.8	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.1	33.8	28.1	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	12.3	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.8	47.7	28.1	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	52.3	37.5	2 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	185	61	29	4	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.4	29.5	20.7	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	36.1	31.0	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	13.1	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.9	50.8	31.0	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.5	55.7	41.4	2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	96	37	22	11	3	0
Number of transfers	96	37	21	11	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.4	32.0	18.5	4 / 16	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.9	24.3	19.0	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.0	29.7	19.0	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	2.7	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.2	32.4	19.0	3 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	43.2	38.1	3 / 11	0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	6	8	7	3	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		33			31	
Number of transfers		33			30	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.5			22.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.4			10.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.4			13.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		24.2			6.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			20.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.7			30.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MISSISSIPPI REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PLLC FLOWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Randall S. Hines, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	33%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	9%	Used PGD	18%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	28%	Female factors only	42%
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	38%	Female & male factors	18%
				Endometriosis	31%	Unknown factor	<1%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 167 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		17	8	5	1	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		1 / 17	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.3	2.0	1.0	4.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		75.0	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	2 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 17	2 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 17	2 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		6 / 17	2 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 17	2 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		12	6	2	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		36	16	11	1	0	1
Number of transfers		36	16	10	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.6	2.0	1.1	1.0	0.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.6	1.5	1.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.3	23.1	4 / 15	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.0	3 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.0	5 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2.8	0 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		27.8	5 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.4	6 / 16	3 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		18	6	7	1	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		13			21		
Number of transfers		11			19		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 16			20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 11			5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 11			5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 11			1 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 11			6 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 11			6 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Mississippi Reproductive Medicine, PLLC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MISSISSIPPI FERTILITY INSTITUTE JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John D. Isaacs, Jr, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 165 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	24	22	6	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.2	16.7	18.2	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.4	26.7	17.2	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.6	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.6	20.8	9.1	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.8	25.0	9.1	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	0.0	4.5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.4	25.0	13.6	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.4	29.2	18.2	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	16	15	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.1	5 / 16	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.2	6 / 16	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5	0 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	6 / 16	3 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	7 / 16	4 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	10	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	22	10	5	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.5	1.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.4			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.0	3 / 18	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	2 / 10	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	2 / 10	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	0 / 10	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.8	2 / 10	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.9	3 / 10	0 / 5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			7		
Number of transfers	6			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 11			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			1 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Mississippi Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI MEDICAL CENTER JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by J. Preston Parry, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	49%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 35 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		20	4	4	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		15.0	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.5	2.3	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		26.5	5 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		15.0	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.0	2 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		30.0	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		35.0	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		16	4	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 16	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 16	2 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 16	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 16	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	1	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers		2	1	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0		1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	3.0	3.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 3	0 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: University of Mississippi Medical Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY CENTER OF ST. LOUIS CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sherman J. Silber, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	46%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 939 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	108	14	12	6	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.9	2 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.0	20.0	45.0	0 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.0	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6	3 / 14	4 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	3 / 14	5 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.2	0 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.1	3 / 14	6 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	5 / 14	6 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	104	12	9	5	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	3 / 12	4 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.5	3 / 12	5 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.6	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	3 / 12	6 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	5 / 12	6 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	117	57	41	38	33	28
Number of transfers	115	55	38	36	28	28
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.9	17.6	15.2	5.7	9.3	3.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	20.0	23.7	2.8	14.3	3.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	21.8	23.7	5.6	17.9	7.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.8	27.3	26.3	5.6	17.9	7.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	36.4	31.6	16.7	28.6	10.7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	105	59	87	65	59	50
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			39	
Number of transfers		13			37	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		20.8			12.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 13			5.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 13			13.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13			5.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 13			18.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 13			21.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility Center of St. Louis

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MID-MISSOURI REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, INC. COLUMBIA, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gilbert Wilshire, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 56%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	41%	Male factor	67%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 136 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	16	7	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.5	7 / 16	0 / 7	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.7	1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.9	6 / 19	4 / 19	2 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.0	0 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	4 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.8	4 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	23.6	1 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.5	5 / 16	3 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.7	5 / 16	3 / 7	2 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	51	9	7	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	4 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	4 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	25.5	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.0	5 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.9	5 / 9	3 / 7	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	8	1	1	0	1
Number of transfers	25	8	1	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5.9	3 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.0	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.0	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	12.0	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12.0	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			8	
Number of transfers		5			6	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 11			0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 5			0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 5			0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5			0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 5			0 / 6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MISSOURI CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY COLUMBIA, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Mira Aubuchon, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	18%	Tubal factor	50%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 15 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		8	0	3	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		2 / 8		0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2		3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 13		1 / 6			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 5		0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 8		1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 8		1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8		0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		2 / 8		1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 8		1 / 3			
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		6	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 6		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 6		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 6		1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		1	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		1	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.3					
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		3	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility, University of Missouri					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-ST. LOUIS CREVE COEUR, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Molina Dayal, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	36%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 506 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	209	48	23	12	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.5	0.0	4.3	1 / 12	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.9	42.9	40.9	2 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.7	7.4	0 / 10	1 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	16.7	13.0	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.5	20.8	21.7	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	10.4	8.7	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.9	33.3	30.4	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.2	39.6	30.4	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	172	38	12	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	21.1	3 / 12	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	26.3	5 / 12	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.7	13.2	2 / 12	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.4	42.1	7 / 12	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.8	50.0	7 / 12	2 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	30	7	11	4	1
Number of transfers	57	28	7	10	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.5	0.3	0.9	0.7	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.4	37.8	2 / 10	0 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	25.0	1 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	32.1	1 / 7	0 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	7.1	0 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.1	39.3	1 / 7	0 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.9	57.1	2 / 7	0 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	22	9	24	6	6	8
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15			11	
Number of transfers		11			11	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 19			14 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 11			3 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 11			3 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11			5 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 11			8 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 11			9 / 11	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-St. Louis

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE SPECIALISTS KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gregory C. Starks, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 28% Female & male factors 38%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	43%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 101 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	6	11	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	15.0	2 / 6	2 / 11	3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.6	3 / 8	4 / 17	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 8	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	3 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	3 / 6	2 / 11	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	0 / 6	1 / 11	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	3 / 6	3 / 11	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.5	3 / 6	3 / 11	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	4	9	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	3 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.5	3 / 4	2 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	0 / 4	1 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.6	3 / 4	3 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.7	3 / 4	3 / 9	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	8	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers	10	8	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.3	2.7	3.0	1.0		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 14	4 / 13	2 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 10	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 10	3 / 8	2 / 3	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	2	0	1	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			2		
Number of transfers	4			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 8			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Women's Healthcare Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY PARTNERSHIP SAINT PETERS, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David E. Simckes, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 199 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	33	18	5	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.7	9.1	1 / 18	0 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.8	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.8	24.0	13.0	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.6	15.2	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.6	15.2	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	3.0	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.0	18.2	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.4	24.2	4 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	23	9	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	21.7	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	21.7	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	4.3	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.2	26.1	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.5	34.8	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	17	10	7	2	0
Number of transfers	35	14	10	7	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.6	5.0	3.5	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.5	8.6	13.0	6 / 19	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.7	3 / 14	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	3 / 14	3 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	0 / 14	0 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.3	3 / 14	3 / 10	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	3 / 14	4 / 10	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			4		
Number of transfers	0			4		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Partnership

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & ROBOTIC SURGERY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Saji Jacob, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 28% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	39%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	41%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 51 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	7	5	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 5			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.3	4 / 14	0 / 10			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.7	0 / 7	0 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.1	2 / 7	0 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	1 / 7	0 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.5	3 / 7	0 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	3 / 7	0 / 5			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	6	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.8	0 / 6	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.5	2 / 6	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	1 / 6	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	19.2	3 / 6	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.6	3 / 6	0 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 11		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5		0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			2		
Number of transfers	1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine & Robotic Surgery

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE INFERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER AT WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AND BARNES-JEWISH HOSPITAL ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randall R. Odem, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 553 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	201	76	56	15	8	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.0	10.5	12.5	4 / 15	2 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	3.0	3.4	2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.6	33.3	17.3	2.9	1 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.5	1.7	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	25.0	10.7	0 / 15	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	30.3	12.5	1 / 15	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.9	14.5	7.1	0 / 15	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	49.3	44.7	19.6	1 / 15	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.7	48.7	32.1	1 / 15	1 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	182	64	47	10	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	29.7	12.8	0 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.4	35.9	14.9	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.5	17.2	8.5	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.4	53.1	23.4	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.3	57.8	38.3	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	72	21	23	4	1	0
Number of transfers	67	19	19	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.3	1.1	0.6	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.7	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.9	35.3	40.0	1 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	5 / 19	9 / 19	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	6 / 19	10 / 19	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	2 / 19	2 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.3	8 / 19	12 / 19	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.3	10 / 19	13 / 19	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	19	6	8	4	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		18		20		
Number of transfers		17		17		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.1		36.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 17		3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 17		3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 17		0 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 17		3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 17		8 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Infertility and Reproductive Medicine Center at Washington University School of Medicine and Barnes-Jewish Hospital

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BILLINGS CLINIC DEPARTMENT OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CARE BILLINGS, MONTANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christopher Montville, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	21%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 105 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	13	4	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.8	0 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	3.3	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	50.0	4 / 10	1 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	37.0	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.6	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.3	7 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	2 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.9	9 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.6	10 / 13	3 / 4	1 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	48	13	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.8	7 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.4	2 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.3	9 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.6	10 / 13	3 / 3	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	3	4	0	0	1
Number of transfers	18	3	4	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.5				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.0			2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.2	0 / 3	2 / 8			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 18	1 / 3	1 / 4			0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Billings Clinic, Department of Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEBRASKA METHODIST HOSPITAL REI ELKHORN, NEBRASKA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carolyn M. Doherty, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 417 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	172	41	21	10	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.9	19.5	14.3	2 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.8	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	28.4	27.3	0 / 19		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.3	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	12.2	38.1	0 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.1	12.2	38.1	0 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.9	12.2	9.5	0 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.1	24.4	47.6	0 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.9	31.7	47.6	0 / 10		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	131	31	16	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.2	16.1	8 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.0	16.1	8 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	16.1	2 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.5	32.3	10 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	41.9	10 / 16	0 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	83	37	21	3	0	1
Number of transfers	70	27	16	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	3.0	3.2	0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.6	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.6	31.1	30.4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.9	18.5	3 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.7	22.2	4 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.9	3.7	0 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.6	25.9	4 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	48.1	8 / 16	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	14			12		
Number of transfers	11			10		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.6			31.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11			4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11			5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 11			6 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HEARTLAND CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC OMAHA, NEBRASKA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Victoria M. Maclin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	25%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 296 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	120	47	26	15	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.3	6.4	11.5	1 / 15	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	31.4	10.3	2 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.6	3.4	0 / 10	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2	19.1	7.7	1 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.7	19.1	7.7	1 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	8.5	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.5	29.8	7.7	1 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	31.9	11.5	2 / 15	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	93	35	16	10	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.6	25.7	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	25.7	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.4	11.4	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.3	40.0	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.5	42.9	3 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	8	8	3	0	0
Number of transfers	25	8	8	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.3	2.0	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	1.8	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.0	5 / 17	2 / 12	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	3 / 8	0 / 8	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	3 / 8	0 / 8	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	0 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.0	3 / 8	1 / 8	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.0	5 / 8	2 / 8	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			32		9	
Number of transfers			29		8	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			62.5		2 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			20.7		2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			20.7		2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			44.8		0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			65.5		2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			75.9		2 / 8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF LAS VEGAS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Bruce S. Shapiro, MD, PhD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 959 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		73	34	34	16	5	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)		1.4	2.9	8.8	0 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.8	20.7	45.5	0 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		6.9	3 / 13	3 / 13	0 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		15.1	17.6	5.9	0 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.2	17.6	11.8	0 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.2	0.0	5.9	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		27.4	17.6	17.6	0 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		31.5	20.6	26.5	0 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		34	20	14	3	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.4	30.0	2 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.2	30.0	4 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.6	0.0	2 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.8	30.0	6 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.6	35.0	9 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		156	91	56	21	10	1
Number of transfers		142	70	47	9	6	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.4	51.9	44.1	5 / 13	1 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.3	38.6	27.7	1 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.5	50.0	34.0	1 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.7	10.0	6.4	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.2	60.0	40.4	3 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		74.6	71.4	63.8	3 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		118	77	76	41	20	8
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		69			47		
Number of transfers		51			44		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		70.9			63.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.5			40.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3			56.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		31.4			13.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		64.7			70.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		76.5			84.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Fertility Center of Las Vegas					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RED ROCK FERTILITY CENTER LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Eva D. Littman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	78%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	39%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 116 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	14	10	7	3	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.1	2 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.6	1 / 5	3 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.3	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.1	1 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.2	1 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	0 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	1 / 14	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	1 / 14	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	28	12	9	7	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	1 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.3	1 / 12	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.3	1 / 12	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	8	2	0	1	0
Number of transfers	12	7	2	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.4	0.5	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.4	2.0		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 18	4 / 10	0 / 2		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	4 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	4 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	4 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 12	4 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	3	2	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			5		
Number of transfers	3			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 6			4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3			3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Red Rock Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-LAS VEGAS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Geoffrey Sher, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	66%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 347 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	25	25	10	4	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.8	4.0	8.0	0 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.0	27.0	34.8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.3	2 / 17	2 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	24.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	32.0	12.0	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	21.4	0.0	8.0	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	32.0	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.8	32.0	24.0	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	21	15	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	28.6	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	38.1	3 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	27.3	0.0	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.6	38.1	5 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.9	38.1	6 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	16	20	10	7	2
Number of transfers	26	14	18	10	7	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.5	8 / 17	40.9	4 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.5	2 / 14	5 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	4 / 14	6 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.1	2 / 14	1 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.2	6 / 14	7 / 18	3 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	9 / 14	10 / 18	4 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	14	12	34	34	11	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			14	
Number of transfers		14			12	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		75.0			42.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 14			2 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 14			3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 14			1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 14			5 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 14			5 / 12	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine–Las Vegas

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE NEVADA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RENO, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Scott J. Whitten, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 335 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	29	27	10	9	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.8	3.4	11.1	2 / 10	0 / 9	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.7	20.8	15.9	3 / 15	0 / 19	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.5	9.1	4.5	0 / 6	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.2	17.2	14.8	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.4	17.2	14.8	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.7	0.0	3.7	0 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.1	17.2	18.5	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.3	31.0	29.6	3 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	25	23	7	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	20.0	17.4	1 / 7	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	20.0	17.4	1 / 7	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.2	0.0	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.7	20.0	21.7	1 / 7	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.5	36.0	34.8	3 / 7	0 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	27	11	2	3	0
Number of transfers	37	27	11	2	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	2.5	1.2	0.4	1.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.6	43.1	5 / 19	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.2	25.9	3 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.6	44.4	3 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.4	11.1	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.8	55.6	3 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.2	66.7	5 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	4	3	5	2	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	28			55		
Number of transfers	28			55		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.3			43.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0			27.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.7			18.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.7			47.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.3			58.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DARTMOUTH-HITCHCOCK MEDICAL CENTER LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Misty B. Porter, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	40%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	34%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 185 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	65	25	19	15	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.3	20.0	6 / 19	5 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.4	3.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.7	26.3	18.2	5.1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.1	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 9		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.7	16.0	2 / 19	2 / 15		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	24.0	2 / 19	2 / 15		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.2	8.0	1 / 19	0 / 15		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.0	32.0	3 / 19	2 / 15		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.6	32.0	4 / 19	2 / 15		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	19	10	10	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	4 / 19	2 / 10	2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.3	6 / 19	2 / 10	2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	2 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.4	8 / 19	3 / 10	2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.8	8 / 19	4 / 10	2 / 10		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	9	8	3	2	2
Number of transfers	29	8	7	3	2	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.3	1.4			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.1	1 / 13	2 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 4	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	1 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	1 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.6	1 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.5	1 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			3		
Number of transfers	1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-NEW JERSEY ASBURY, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Albert J. Peters, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	30%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 244 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	24	27	17	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	11.1	2 / 17	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.0	32.1	14.3	4.2	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.9	2 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.1	16.7	7.4	1 / 17	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.8	16.7	7.4	1 / 17	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	8.3	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.1	25.0	7.4	1 / 17	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.6	33.3	18.5	1 / 17	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	16	16	10	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	4 / 16	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.3	4 / 16	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.2	2 / 16	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.6	6 / 16	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.7	8 / 16	5 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	11	11	6	1	2
Number of transfers	25	11	10	5	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.8	0.8	0.6	0.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	20.0	4 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	2 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	2 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	1 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.0	3 / 11	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.0	3 / 11	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	4	8	9	2	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			20		
Number of transfers	7			20		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 12			14.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7			5.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7			15.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7			5.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7			20.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-New Jersey

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW JERSEY BASKING RIDGE, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael R. Drews, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 38%
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	58%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	35%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 4,925 (includes 32 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	362	171	149	86	50	14
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.5	8.8	8.1	16.3	18.0	6 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	66.8	57.4	55.1	42.9	8 / 16	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	46.7	56.9	45.3	6 / 17	1 / 8	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.9	33.9	18.1	7.0	12.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	38.6	20.1	9.3	14.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.8	5.8	7.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	56.4	44.4	27.5	9.3	14.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.4	51.5	31.5	14.0	18.0	1 / 14
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	299	123	76	19	11	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	47.2	35.5	6 / 19	6 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.8	53.7	39.5	8 / 19	7 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.7	8.1	14.5	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.2	61.8	53.9	8 / 19	7 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.6	71.5	61.8	12 / 19	9 / 11	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	746	385	346	152	51	18
Number of transfers	720	366	315	134	41	12
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.7	59.1	54.7	52.5	42.9	3 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.1	44.5	36.8	40.3	22.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.5	50.5	41.3	46.3	34.1	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	9.6	10.5	3.7	2.4	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.8	60.1	51.7	50.0	36.6	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.2	69.1	63.5	61.9	53.7	4 / 12
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	738	410	497	278	133	68
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			80		159	
Number of transfers			73		143	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.6		1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			78.2		54.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			39.7		28.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			43.8		37.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			31.5		11.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			76.7		49.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			83.6		63.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of New Jersey

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**LOW COST IVF
CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF NEW JERSEY EATONTOWN, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by William Ziegler, DO				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	2%	
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	2%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				14%
				Female & male factors				28%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 334 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		124	54	41	16	7	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		7.3	13.0	2.4	2 / 16	0 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.1	2.8	3.6	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		29.9	27.4	12.9	4.3	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		20.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.8	18.5	14.6	0 / 16	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.4	27.8	17.1	0 / 16	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4.0	5.6	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		31.5	33.3	19.5	0 / 16	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		36.3	38.9	26.8	2 / 16	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		104	45	34	13	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.8	22.2	17.6	0 / 13	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.7	33.3	20.6	0 / 13	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.8	6.7	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.5	40.0	23.5	0 / 13	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.3	46.7	32.4	2 / 13	0 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		24	16	4	3	0	0
Number of transfers		23	15	4	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	3.0	2.0	1.5		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.7	2.3	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		32.4	40.0	2 / 9	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.7	3 / 15	2 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.8	3 / 15	2 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.3	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		39.1	5 / 15	2 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.8	8 / 15	2 / 4	0 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	2	2	1	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		8			14		
Number of transfers		8			13		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 10			5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 8			1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8			1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 8			1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 8			2 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 8			5 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Science Center of New Jersey					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY EDISON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gregory H. Corsan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 313 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	78	25	18	10	7	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.1	4.0	2 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 7	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.3	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.3	30.3	22.2	10.0	1 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	36.9	3 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	16.0	3 / 18	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.7	16.0	4 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.1	12.0	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.9	28.0	4 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.6	28.0	5 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	18	14	8	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	4 / 18	3 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.3	4 / 18	4 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	3 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	7 / 18	4 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.6	7 / 18	5 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	26	10	2	4	2
Number of transfers	43	26	10	2	4	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.0	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	48.7	4 / 18	1 / 2	3 / 6	3 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.2	34.6	2 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.5	42.3	2 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	7.7	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.5	50.0	3 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 4	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.1	57.7	3 / 10	1 / 2	3 / 4	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	19	14	2	4	6
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		7			6	
Number of transfers		7			6	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 11			3 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 7			2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 7			3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 7			0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 7			3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7			4 / 6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S FERTILITY CENTER ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Philip R. Lesorgen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 64 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	13	19	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.5	0 / 13	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.1	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	10.3	15.2	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	0 / 13	2 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	0 / 13	3 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 13	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	19.0	1 / 13	4 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.8	1 / 13	5 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	12	17	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 18	0 / 12	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	0 / 12	3 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 18	0 / 12	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 18	1 / 12	4 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 18	1 / 12	5 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH HUDSON I.V.F.
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY
ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS, NEW JERSEY**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jane E. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	54%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 33 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	3	2	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 6	2 / 3	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 12		2 / 4			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 5		0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6		1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6		1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	0	0	0	1
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7		0.0			1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	1.0				2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3	0 / 1				2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1				1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2	0 / 1				1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	1	0	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			7		
Number of transfers	5			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 10			4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: North Hudson I.V.F., Center for Fertility and Gynecology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES, PC HASBROUCK HEIGHTS, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Peter G. McGovern, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 41%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	66%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 456 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	60	56	30	15	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0	0 / 15	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.1	32.0	22.0	12.2	10.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	7.8	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	16.7	14.3	13.3	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.5	18.3	17.9	16.7	1 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	11.7	1.8	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.5	30.0	19.6	16.7	1 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	40.0	33.9	16.7	2 / 15	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	83	56	47	21	11	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.3	17.9	17.0	19.0	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	19.6	21.3	23.8	1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.4	12.5	2.1	0.0	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.8	32.1	23.4	23.8	1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.6	42.9	40.4	23.8	2 / 11	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	12	15	10	3	0
Number of transfers	21	10	12	9	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.9	1.4	1.6	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.0	5 / 19	5 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	3 / 10	3 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	3 / 10	3 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	19.0	4 / 10	3 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.8	4 / 10	5 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	21	23	27	10	10
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		7			6	
Number of transfers		6			5	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 12			3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6			1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 6			1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6			1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 6			2 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Reproductive Associates, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHORE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Allen Morgan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	32%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	30%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 84 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	17	16	7	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.4	3 / 17	5 / 16	3 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	1.8	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.0	46.9	2 / 14	0 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	5 / 17	2 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.6	5 / 17	2 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	3 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	8 / 17	2 / 16	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	9 / 17	2 / 16	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	14	8	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	5 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.2	5 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	3 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.7	8 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	9 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	5	4	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	4.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 10	0 / 8		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**DELAWARE VALLEY OBGYN & INFERTILITY GROUP, PC
PRINCETON IVF
LAWRENCEVILLE, NEW JERSEY**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Seth G. Derman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 47%
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	49%	Male factor	58%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 125 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	18	17	10	5	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 18	1 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.4	1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.6	35.9	26.7	0 / 17	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.3	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.5	4 / 18	2 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	6 / 18	4 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	2 / 18	1 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.5	9 / 18	5 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	10 / 18	6 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	39	16	12	7	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	4 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.5	6 / 16	4 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	2 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.3	9 / 16	5 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.5	10 / 16	6 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	3	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	17	3	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.5				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	0 / 5	2 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 17	0 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 17	0 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 17	0 / 3	1 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		4		2		
Number of transfers		4		2		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.3		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 9		0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 4		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 4		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 4		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 4		0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Valley OBGYN & Infertility Group, PC, Princeton IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST COAST INFERTILITY AND IVF LITTLE SILVER, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Miguel Damien, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	29%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 256 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		60	41	43	30	12	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)		3.3	2.4	4.7	6.7	0 / 12	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.8	2.0	2.7	2.3	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		68.4	43.1	18.9	13.1	0 / 16	1 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2.2	7.7	3.7	0 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	17.1	14.0	16.7	0 / 12	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.7	19.5	14.0	16.7	0 / 12	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		23.3	19.5	4.7	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		65.0	39.0	18.6	16.7	0 / 12	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		76.7	43.9	27.9	26.7	0 / 12	1 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		55	34	37	23	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.4	20.6	16.2	21.7	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.5	23.5	16.2	21.7	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		25.5	23.5	5.4	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		70.9	47.1	21.6	21.7	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		83.6	52.9	32.4	34.8	0 / 7	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		11	9	7	3	1	0
Number of transfers		10	9	7	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0	1.1	3.5	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		12 / 19	6 / 18	6 / 14	2 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 10	2 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 10	3 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 10	0 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 10	4 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 10	4 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	5	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		15			9		
Number of transfers		12			9		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.2			6 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 12			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 12			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 12			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 12			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 12			6 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Damien Fertility Partners					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SCIENCE
SAINT BARNABAS MEDICAL CENTER
LIVINGSTON, NEW JERSEY**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Margaret G. Garrisi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 984 (includes 64 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	202	140	112	67	40	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.9	10.7	18.8	19.4	32.5	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.5	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.3	39.6	20.6	19.0	6.4	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	46.7	32.1	16.1	9.5	0 / 16	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	22.1	15.2	6.0	5.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.1	27.1	16.1	7.5	5.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	7.1	3.6	1.5	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.1	34.3	19.6	9.0	5.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.6	42.9	23.2	13.4	5.0	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	164	114	78	33	19	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.0	27.2	21.8	12.1	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.5	33.3	23.1	15.2	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	8.8	5.1	3.0	0 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.8	42.1	28.2	18.2	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.9	52.6	33.3	27.3	2 / 19	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	48	38	10	4	3
Number of transfers	76	47	34	10	4	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.4	1.0	3.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.1	40.7	38.1	6 / 11	3 / 4	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.8	38.3	26.5	5 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.4	40.4	35.3	5 / 10	3 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.6	2.1	2.9	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.1	42.6	38.2	5 / 10	3 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.3	44.7	47.1	6 / 10	3 / 4	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	41	29	23	18	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		28			29	
Number of transfers		27			27	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		54.3			47.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.7			48.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		59.3			51.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		59.3			51.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.4			59.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Science, Saint Barnabas Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COOPER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HORMONAL DISORDERS MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jerome H. Check, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	36%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	46%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 738 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	127	77	114	67	63	39
Percentage of cancellations (%)	20.5	20.8	20.2	32.8	25.4	43.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.5	26.0	26.3	14.1	4.1	0 / 15
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.1	6.1	5.1	5.0	0.0	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	13.0	10.5	7.5	4.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.3	13.0	12.3	7.5	4.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	3.9	4.4	1.5	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.7	16.9	17.5	9.0	4.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.6	22.1	20.2	10.4	4.8	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	42	59	32	38	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.2	23.8	20.3	15.6	7.9	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.1	23.8	23.7	15.6	7.9	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.6	7.1	8.5	3.1	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.6	31.0	33.9	18.8	7.9	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	40.5	39.0	21.9	7.9	0 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	83	44	20	12	11	8
Number of transfers	66	28	18	9	7	8
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	2.8	1.1	1.3	2.3	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.6	1.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.1	36.5	9.3	17.4	0 / 18	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7	35.7	3 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	42.9	3 / 18	3 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	3.6	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	50.0	3 / 18	3 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.0	50.0	4 / 18	3 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	2	0	0	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	20			45		
Number of transfers	17			34		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.3			31.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 17			20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 17			35.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17			8.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17			44.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 17			55.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive Hormonal Disorders

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DELAWARE VALLEY INSTITUTE OF FERTILITY AND GENETICS MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George S. Taliadouros, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 172 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	23	27	8	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.5	3.6	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.9	25.0	19.4	20.0	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.0	9.5	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	8.7	22.2	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.9	8.7	29.6	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.5	13.0	0.0	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.8	21.7	29.6	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.3	30.4	40.7	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	54	21	25	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	9.5	24.0	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	9.5	32.0	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	14.3	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.1	23.8	32.0	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	33.3	44.0	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	10	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	14	9	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	4.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.3	6 / 17	2 / 12			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 14	4 / 9	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 14	5 / 9	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 14	5 / 9	2 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15			11	
Number of transfers		15			11	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.6			7 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 15			4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 15			5 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 15			1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 15			6 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 15			6 / 11	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and Genetics

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTH JERSEY FERTILITY CENTER MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert A. Skaf, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	32%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 469 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	137	60	52	34	12	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.6	6.7	11.5	17.6	2 / 12	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.8	3.0	3.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	30.1	15.8	8.5	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.1	3.8	2.4	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.9	21.7	11.5	5.9	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	26.7	15.4	8.8	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	10.0	5.8	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.9	38.3	21.2	8.8	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.6	45.0	30.8	20.6	0 / 12	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	126	56	44	26	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.5	23.2	13.6	7.7	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.7	28.6	18.2	11.5	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	10.7	6.8	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	41.1	25.0	11.5	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.0	48.2	36.4	26.9	0 / 10	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	72	20	8	2	2	1
Number of transfers	69	18	5	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.5	1.3	0.7	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.0	1.5	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.5	25.6	3 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	3 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	4 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.8	7 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	7 / 18	4 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	3	1	2	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	20			30		
Number of transfers	18			29		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.4			41.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10 / 18			24.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 18			27.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 18			13.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 18			41.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 18			58.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: South Jersey Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DIAMOND INSTITUTE FOR INFERTILITY MILLBURN, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Arie Birkenfeld, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	68%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 322 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	65	35	40	20	12	9
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.2	2.9	10.0	5.0	0 / 12	2 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.4	2.9	3.2	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.0	22.0	13.9	10.6	8.6	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.2	17.9	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	8.6	10.0	5.0	2 / 12	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	14.3	12.5	10.0	3 / 12	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	2.9	5.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.4	17.1	17.5	10.0	3 / 12	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.1	28.6	22.5	20.0	3 / 12	0 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	32	33	16	11	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	9.4	12.1	1 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.4	15.6	15.2	2 / 16	3 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.7	3.1	6.1	0 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.1	18.8	21.2	2 / 16	3 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	31.3	27.3	4 / 16	3 / 11	0 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	8	8	6	1	1
Number of transfers	38	8	8	6	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.9	2.2	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.4	4 / 11	8 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	4 / 8	2 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	4 / 8	4 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.8	0 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.4	4 / 8	5 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.9	4 / 8	6 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	5	4	5	4	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	18			31		
Number of transfers	18			30		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.1			20.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 18			10.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 18			10.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 18			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 18			10.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 18			33.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Diamond Institute for Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VALLEY HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER PARAMUS, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ali Nasser, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 445 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	101	46	42	21	12	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.0	13.0	23.8	19.0	3 / 12	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	2.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	46.2	20.4	13.8	0 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.6	6.5	13.0	1 / 11	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	26.1	11.9	9.5	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.7	28.3	14.3	9.5	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	10.9	0.0	4.8	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.5	41.3	14.3	14.3	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.5	47.8	21.4	14.3	0 / 12	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	88	36	29	17	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	33.3	17.2	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.8	36.1	20.7	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.8	13.9	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.5	52.8	20.7	3 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.2	61.1	31.0	3 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	30	6	8	1	2
Number of transfers	45	30	6	8	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.2	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.5	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.3	38.3	1 / 10	4 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.4	23.3	1 / 6	4 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9	33.3	1 / 6	4 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	10.0	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	43.3	1 / 6	4 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.8	50.0	1 / 6	4 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	28	26	24	15	5	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			15		
Number of transfers	11			15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1			23.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 11			0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 11			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 11			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 11			2 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 11			5 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Valley Hospital Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PRINCETON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PENNINGTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Althea M. O'Shaughnessy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 46%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	54%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	62%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 13 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	4	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	3.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 5	1 / 2	2 / 13			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3	1 / 1	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	1	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3	1 / 1	2 / 4			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	1	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Princeton Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF NEW JERSEY SOMERSET, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael C. Darder, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	24%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 707 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	157	91	61	35	22	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.8	8.8	4.9	5.7	13.6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.6	3.0	2.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.4	23.0	20.7	13.1	4.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.6	2.6	5.7	0.0	0 / 14	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	17.6	18.0	0.0	4.5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	19.8	18.0	8.6	4.5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	4.4	6.6	2.9	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.3	25.3	24.6	11.4	4.5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.9	36.3	36.1	25.7	9.1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	141	79	54	29	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	20.3	20.4	0.0	1 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.2	22.8	20.4	10.3	1 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.0	5.1	7.4	3.4	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.2	29.1	27.8	13.8	1 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.1	41.8	40.7	31.0	2 / 17	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	28	12	6	1	2
Number of transfers	56	26	10	6	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.5	5.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	25.0	6 / 19	7 / 9	0 / 5	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	26.9	1 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	42.3	1 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.6	0.0	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	42.3	3 / 10	4 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.3	53.8	5 / 10	6 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	34	10	19	6	3	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	129			33		
Number of transfers	119			30		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	68.3			41.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1			36.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3			46.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	31.1			6.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.2			53.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	79.0			56.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF New Jersey

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY VOORHEES, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Louis R. Manara, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	47%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	24%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 158 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	25	23	7	3	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.9	8.0	8.7	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.8	27.9	17.1	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.9	0 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	24.0	13.0	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.4	24.0	17.4	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.8	4.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.1	28.0	17.4	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.7	32.0	30.4	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	40	22	21	6	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.0	27.3	14.3	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.5	27.3	19.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	4.5	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.0	31.8	19.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	36.4	33.3	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	2	4	1	1	0
Number of transfers	15	2	4	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	2.0	2.0	0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.5	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 15	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 15	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 15	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			7		
Number of transfers	9			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 12			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 9			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			2 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center For Reproductive Medicine and Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH JERSEY FERTILITY ASSOCIATES, LLC WAYNE, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark X. Ransom, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	36%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	25%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 87 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	18	13	11	8	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1 / 18	1 / 13	3 / 11	1 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	4.1	2.8	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.6	37.1	13.3	4.5	7.1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.3	0 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	1 / 18	1 / 13	1 / 11	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	4 / 18	3 / 13	1 / 11	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	2 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.0	6 / 18	3 / 13	1 / 11	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.0	9 / 18	5 / 13	1 / 11	2 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	17	11	8	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	1 / 17	1 / 11	1 / 8	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	4 / 17	3 / 11	1 / 8	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.8	2 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.2	6 / 17	3 / 11	1 / 8	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	9 / 17	5 / 11	1 / 8	2 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	3	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	3	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.7	2.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			3		
Number of transfers	2			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5			2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 5			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			0 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW JERSEY AND NEW YORK WESTWOOD, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Zalman Levine, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	29%	Uterine factor	31%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 48%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 62 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	11	11	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.6	2.0	4.0	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.5	26.1	5 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 16	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 19	0 / 11	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 19	2 / 11	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6 / 19	2 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9 / 19	4 / 11	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 19	5 / 11	4 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	10	9	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 16	0 / 10	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 16	2 / 10	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 16	4 / 10	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 16	5 / 10	4 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	4	1	1	1	0
Number of transfers	1	3	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	0.5	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	2	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW JERSEY AND NEW YORK
WESTWOOD, NEW JERSEY**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.*

* This clinic did not verify a portion of the 2013 ART cycles that are required to be included in this report. Those cycles performed before a reorganization of the clinic in 2013 were not verified. Those cycles performed after the reorganization of the clinic are presented on the preceding page of this report.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OF NEW MEXICO ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Douglas J. Thompson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	13%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 60%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	81%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 283 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	28	15	5	7	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.0	10.7	0 / 15	0 / 5	4 / 7	3 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.8	2.7	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.7	21.4	21.2	5 / 19	1 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.1	4.2	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	28.6	5 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.7	32.1	5 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	3.6	0 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.8	35.7	5 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	42.9	7 / 15	3 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	39	24	13	5	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	33.3	5 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	37.5	5 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	4.2	0 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.0	41.7	5 / 13	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	50.0	7 / 13	3 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	12	16	8	1	1
Number of transfers	42	12	14	7	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.8	1.2	1.0	0.3	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.2	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.3	33.3	33.3	3 / 13	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	1 / 12	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	2 / 12	3 / 14	2 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	1 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	4 / 12	4 / 14	2 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	4 / 12	7 / 14	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	13	10	4	3	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	19			22		
Number of transfers	14			22		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.1			16.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 14			13.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 14			22.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 14			4.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 14			27.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 14			31.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine of New Mexico

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTE AT NEW YORK METHODIST HOSPITAL BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George D. Kofinas, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	46%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 38% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	10%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	35%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 421 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	46	55	48	36	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.3	10.9	10.9	27.1	30.6	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.6	3.2	3.2	3.6	4.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.2	25.7	17.0	8.8	5.0	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	16.7	2.7	0.0	3.7	0.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.7	23.9	12.7	8.3	2.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.9	26.1	16.4	14.6	2.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	10.9	3.6	2.1	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.8	37.0	21.8	16.7	2.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.9	43.5	34.5	16.7	11.1	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	54	39	47	32	22	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.2	28.2	14.9	12.5	4.5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.6	30.8	19.1	21.9	4.5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	12.8	4.3	3.1	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.9	43.6	25.5	25.0	4.5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	51.3	40.4	25.0	18.2	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	22	13	9	3	1
Number of transfers	25	22	13	9	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.2	2.2	0.9	0.4	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.2	3.4	3.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	29.2	20.7	9.7	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.0	27.3	1 / 13	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	36.4	1 / 13	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	0.0	1 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	36.4	2 / 13	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.0	59.1	5 / 13	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	5	4	4	5	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		41			19	
Number of transfers		35			19	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2			2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		25.6			15.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.7			3 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.6			3 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.4			2 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.0			5 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.0			5 / 19	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Institute at New York Methodist Hospital

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GENESIS FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard V. Grazi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	55%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 571 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	133	88	58	34	36	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.5	18.2	15.5	29.4	30.6	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.9	3.5	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	32.8	7.1	10.6	5.3	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	28.2	10.0	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	22.7	5.2	14.7	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	23.9	6.9	14.7	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.6	33.0	6.9	14.7	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.9	37.5	10.3	23.5	11.1	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	112	63	36	19	13	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	31.7	8.3	5 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.0	33.3	11.1	5 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	11.1	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.2	46.0	11.1	5 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.0	52.4	16.7	8 / 19	4 / 13	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	31	15	8	4	1
Number of transfers	65	27	13	6	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.6	34.0	25.0	4 / 12	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.2	25.9	3 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	25.9	3 / 13	4 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	18.5	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.5	44.4	4 / 13	4 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	51.9	5 / 13	4 / 6	2 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	8	11	5	9	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	27			14		
Number of transfers	21			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.4			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.5			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3			4 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.8			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1			4 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.4			4 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Genesis Fertility & Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY & IVF MEDICAL ASSOCIATES OF WESTERN NEW YORK BUFFALO, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Adam M. Griffin, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	<1%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	17%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				6%
				Female & male factors				11%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 409 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		183	83	53	23	8	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		6.0	13.3	17.0	8.7	0 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	2.3	2.7	3.5	4.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.7	24.3	13.8	9.2	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1.9	1.7	2.8	0.0	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.0	15.7	17.0	13.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.2	16.9	22.6	17.4	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		13.1	7.2	1.9	0.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		40.4	26.5	24.5	17.4	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.7	31.3	28.3	26.1	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		167	66	43	20	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.3	19.7	20.9	15.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.7	21.2	27.9	20.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.4	9.1	2.3	0.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.3	33.3	30.2	20.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.9	39.4	34.9	30.0	0 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		28	16	2	1	1	0
Number of transfers		27	15	1	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.4				
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		22.0	20.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.6	3 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	3 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.7	1 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.0	4 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		37.0	5 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		9			2		
Number of transfers		7			2		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 15			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 7			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 7			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 7			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 7			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of Western New York					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HUDSON VALLEY FERTILITY, PLLC FISHKILL, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel W. Levine, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	37%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 244 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	14	20	9	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	3 / 14	30.0	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.7	1 / 16	2 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.5	1 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.2	1 / 14	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	0 / 14	5.0	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.1	1 / 14	5.0	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	2 / 14	10.0	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	9	10	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.8	1 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	0 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	1 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	2 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	13	14	8	5	2
Number of transfers	38	11	13	8	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.9	2.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.3	4.2	4.3	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	1 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	1 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	0 / 11	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.2	1 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.8	1 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	10	24	11	12	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			6		
Number of transfers	3			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 6			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3			0 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE NEW YORK FERTILITY CENTER FLUSHING, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Tony Tsai, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors <1%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	8%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	30%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 266 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		81	28	43	35	28	19
Percentage of cancellations (%)		4.9	0.0	11.6	8.6	0.0	2 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred		3.3	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		16.1	13.9	9.3	4.8	1.6	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8.6	3.6	4.7	0.0	0.0	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		13.6	3.6	7.0	2.9	0.0	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.6	3.6	0.0	2.9	0.0	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		22.2	7.1	7.0	5.7	0.0	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		35.8	35.7	23.3	8.6	3.6	0 / 19
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		70	26	32	27	22	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		10.0	3.8	6.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		15.7	3.8	9.4	3.7	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0	3.8	0.0	3.7	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		25.7	7.7	9.4	7.4	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.4	38.5	31.3	11.1	4.5	0 / 10
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	3	5	1	0	1
Number of transfers		16	2	3	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	2.0	3.0			1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		3.9	2.5	2.7	3.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		14.3	2 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			6		
Number of transfers		0			4		
Average number of embryos transferred					2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: The New York Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MONTEFIORE'S INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND HEALTH HARTSDALE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Harry J. Lieman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 236 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	33	21	26	18	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	16.9	6.1	19.0	38.5	2 / 18	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	3.0	2.3	3.7	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.8	27.8	19.0	0.0	5.4	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.1	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 15	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.9	15.2	19.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	18.2	19.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	9.1	4.8	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.9	27.3	23.8	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.3	36.4	28.6	0.0	3 / 18	1 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	26	14	13	15	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	19.2	4 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	23.1	4 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	11.5	1 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	34.6	5 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.9	46.2	6 / 14	0 / 13	3 / 15	1 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	12	3	3	1	0
Number of transfers	8	10	3	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.4	0.3	0.4	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.7	1.7	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 14	2 / 15	0 / 5	2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8	3 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	3	8	6	4	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			6		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 11			5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			4 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK REPRODUCTIVE WELLNESS JERICHO, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Gregory Zapantis, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	52%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 98 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		24	12	13	5	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	0 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.2	25.0	21.7	1 / 9	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		15.0	1 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.8	5 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	6 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4.2	0 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		37.5	6 / 12	2 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.8	6 / 12	3 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		22	11	10	4	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.7	5 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.4	6 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.5	0 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.9	6 / 11	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0	6 / 11	3 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		4	4	6	0	2	0
Number of transfers		4	4	6	0	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.6	1.3	0.9	0.0	0.7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	2.3	2.2		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 6	2 / 9	2 / 13		0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 4	2 / 4	2 / 6		0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		3	2	3	1	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		8			5		
Number of transfers		8			5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 13			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 8			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 8			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 8			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 8			1 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: New York Reproductive Wellness					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALBANY IVF FERTILITY LOUDONVILLE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Steven Bayer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 195 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	72	36	27	10	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.6	19.4	25.9	1 / 10	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.9	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.3	11.3	12.2	3 / 19		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.5	3.8	0 / 15	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	16.7	7.4	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	16.7	7.4	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	0.0	3.7	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.1	16.7	11.1	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.2	22.2	14.8	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	28	17	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	21.4	2 / 17	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.7	21.4	2 / 17	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.5	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.2	21.4	3 / 17	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.9	28.6	4 / 17	2 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	12	2	3	0	0
Number of transfers	16	10	2	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.4	0.7	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.0	2 / 16	0 / 3	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	2 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			6		
Number of transfers	7			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 12			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 7			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 7			2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH SHORE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL THE CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION MANHASSET, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Avner Hershlag, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	27%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 946 (includes 29 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		197	133	99	73	40	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)		4.1	7.5	8.1	8.2	5.0	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	2.1	2.7	2.7	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		37.7	25.3	13.4	8.6	5.6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		38.8	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.4	19.5	10.1	6.8	10.0	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.9	21.1	12.1	9.6	10.0	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		7.6	7.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.0	28.6	16.2	9.6	10.0	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		39.6	36.1	23.2	15.1	15.0	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		165	106	71	52	33	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.9	24.5	14.1	9.6	12.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.1	26.4	16.9	13.5	12.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.1	9.4	5.6	0.0	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		41.8	35.8	22.5	13.5	12.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.3	45.3	32.4	21.2	18.2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		111	66	38	27	11	1
Number of transfers		111	63	38	26	10	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.6	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.2	35.5	38.4	9.8	9.1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.0	23.8	42.1	11.5	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.5	33.3	47.4	15.4	2 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.4	11.1	7.9	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		36.9	44.4	57.9	15.4	2 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.2	52.4	63.2	23.1	2 / 10	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		16	17	21	17	9	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		19			20		
Number of transfers		17			20		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.3			45.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 17			50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 17			60.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 17			5.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 17			65.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 17			65.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: North Shore University Hospital, The Center for Human Reproduction					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST COAST FERTILITY MELVILLE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David Kreiner, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	29%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 89 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	17	4	4	5	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.2	1 / 17	1 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.9	17.4	1 / 2	0 / 1	2 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 14	0 / 7			0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	0 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	0 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	2 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.5	2 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.7	2 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	14	2	1	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	0 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.0	0 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	2 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.0	2 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	2 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	7	1	5	1	0
Number of transfers	16	7	1	5	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.6	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.5	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: East Coast Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LONG ISLAND IVF MELVILLE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Daniel Kenigsberg, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	25%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,150 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	230	129	164	93	58	10
	Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.0	7.8	3.7	10.8	19.0	0 / 10
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.8	2.6	2.5
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.7	37.9	17.9	12.9	5.7	0 / 15
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.6	10.2	1.6	1.5	0.0	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	21.7	12.2	8.6	5.2	0 / 10
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.7	24.8	15.2	10.8	5.2	0 / 10
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.6	7.0	3.7	2.2	0.0	0 / 10
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.3	33.3	18.9	12.9	5.2	0 / 10
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.8	45.0	28.7	24.7	8.6	0 / 10
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	201	105	140	76	41	6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.4	26.7	14.3	10.5	7.3	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.8	30.5	17.9	13.2	7.3	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.4	8.6	4.3	2.6	0.0	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.3	41.0	22.1	15.8	7.3	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.7	55.2	33.6	30.3	12.2	0 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	127	70	77	30	25	12
	Number of transfers	126	68	76	30	25	12
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.8	6.0
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.8
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.8	23.8	19.3	16.2	14.0	15.2
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	16.2	14.5	13.3	12.0	3 / 12
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.4	26.5	19.7	16.7	20.0	4 / 12
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	2.9	1.3	6.7	4.0	0 / 12
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.6	29.4	21.1	23.3	24.0	4 / 12
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.1	38.2	35.5	33.3	24.0	4 / 12
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		3	2	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	67			51		
	Number of transfers	65			51		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.0		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.2			24.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8			23.5		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.5			25.5		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3			5.9		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.8			31.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.5			37.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Long Island IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS OF NEW YORK MINEOLA, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James Stelling, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,477 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	236	207	167	135	79	41
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.0	3.9	5.4	3.7	6.3	22.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.5	2.9	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.0	21.4	14.4	9.6	4.4	3.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	38.5	19.0	8.4	0.0	1.8	0 / 18
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	17.9	12.6	5.9	1.3	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.3	20.3	13.2	7.4	2.5	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	2.9	2.4	1.5	1.3	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.7	23.2	15.6	8.9	3.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.3	32.9	19.8	21.5	10.1	4.9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	221	181	137	113	65	25
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	20.4	15.3	7.1	1.5	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.9	23.2	16.1	8.8	3.1	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	3.3	2.9	1.8	1.5	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.7	26.5	19.0	10.6	4.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.8	37.6	24.1	25.7	12.3	8.0
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	162	101	74	39	6	8
Number of transfers	158	101	72	37	6	8
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.3	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.2	1.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.0	38.0	31.7	15.6	0 / 7	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.8	20.8	20.8	16.2	0 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	27.7	23.6	16.2	0 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	6.9	6.9	2.7	0 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.3	34.7	30.6	18.9	0 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.8	49.5	45.8	27.0	0 / 6	1 / 8
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	49	21	25	16	17	15
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		31			36	
Number of transfers		31			36	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.6			37.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		41.9			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		51.6			30.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.7			2.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.3			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.7			50.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialists of New York

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WESTCHESTER REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MT. KISCO, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Rachel A. Bennett, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	29%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 44 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		8	6	10	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	2.5	2.9	3.0	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 9	1 / 5	5.0	0 / 6	2 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 8	1 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		6	2	7	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		3	5	3	0	1	0
Number of transfers		3	5	3	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.5	1.3	0.8			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.8	2.7		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 6	5 / 9	5 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3	1 / 5	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3	1 / 5	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 3	3 / 5	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3	3 / 5	3 / 3		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Westchester Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY SERVICES NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Hugh Melnick, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	41%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	23%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 138 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	36	18	23	14	12	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	11.1	0 / 18	4.3	3 / 14	2 / 12	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.9	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	11.8	22.6	8.6	10.0	1 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.6	2 / 18	0.0	1 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.1	3 / 18	4.3	1 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 18	4.3	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	11.1	5 / 18	8.7	1 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	16.7	6 / 18	8.7	1 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27	18	18	7	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.4	2 / 18	0 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.8	3 / 18	1 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 18	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	14.8	5 / 18	2 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.2	6 / 18	2 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	3	3	2	0	1
Number of transfers	10	3	2	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.3	0.3	2.0		0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	3.0	1.5		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5.0	0 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	3	4	1	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BETH ISRAEL CENTER FOR INFERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Peter Chang, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 37%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 133 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	17	22	22	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.0	3 / 17	9.1	31.8	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	3.6	2.7	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.7	24.2	13.0	2.7	0 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 16	1 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.0	7 / 17	18.2	0.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	7 / 17	18.2	4.5	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.0	0 / 17	4.5	0.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.0	7 / 17	22.7	4.5	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.0	7 / 17	22.7	9.1	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	14	15	15	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	7 / 14	4 / 15	0 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 17	7 / 14	4 / 15	1 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 17	0 / 14	1 / 15	0 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17	7 / 14	5 / 15	1 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 17	7 / 14	5 / 15	2 / 15	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	11	9	4	1	0
Number of transfers	14	11	9	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.8	2.8	1.5		1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	3.2	5.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.0	21.4	26.1	25.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 14	3 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 14	3 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 14	4 / 11	5 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 14	6 / 11	6 / 9	3 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			1		
Number of transfers	3			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 6			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**BROOKLYN/WESTSIDE FERTILITY CENTER
BROOKLYN FERTILITY CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dov B. Goldstein, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	48%	Uterine factor	92%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 36% Female & male factors 60%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 25 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	2	4	4	3	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/6	0/2	0/4	1/4	0/3	1/1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	1.8	1.0	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/8	1/3	0/7	0/2	1/8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/5	1/2	0/3		0/3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/6	1/2	0/4	0/4	1/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/6	1/2	0/4	0/4	1/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/6	0/2	0/4	0/4	0/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1/6	1/2	0/4	0/4	1/3	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/6	1/2	0/4	0/4	1/3	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	5	2	4	2	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/5	1/2	0/4	0/2	1/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/5	1/2	0/4	0/2	1/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/5	0/2	0/4	0/2	0/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/5	1/2	0/4	0/2	1/3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/5	1/2	0/4	0/2	1/3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	0	0	0	1
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0				4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0/2				0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/1				0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/1				0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/1				0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0/1				0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0/1				0/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0/2			0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/1			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/1			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/1			0/1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brooklyn/Westside Fertility Center, Brooklyn Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR WOMEN'S REPRODUCTIVE CARE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Michael M. Guarnaccia, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	33%	Female factors only	5%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	11%	Female & male factors	16%
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	6%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,667 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		261	257	255	206	145	27
Percentage of cancellations (%)		6.9	9.3	17.3	23.3	30.3	33.3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.5	2.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		29.1	28.5	14.5	9.8	3.0	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		9.6	5.6	2.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		16.1	14.4	9.0	6.8	2.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.9	18.7	12.5	9.7	2.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		7.7	9.3	2.7	1.5	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		27.6	28.4	15.3	11.2	2.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		34.5	32.7	21.6	16.0	5.5	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		203	200	163	119	70	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.7	18.5	14.1	11.8	4.3	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.6	24.0	19.6	16.8	4.3	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.9	12.0	4.3	2.5	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		35.5	36.5	23.9	19.3	4.3	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.3	42.0	33.7	27.7	11.4	0 / 9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		71	77	52	19	9	4
Number of transfers		71	69	52	18	9	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		22.4	26.2	25.6	32.3	2 / 19	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.5	24.6	15.4	5 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		22.5	29.0	17.3	6 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2.8	1.4	7.7	1 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		25.4	30.4	25.0	7 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.7	42.0	36.5	9 / 18	3 / 9	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		33	30	34	14	7	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		87			69		
Number of transfers		79			58		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			26.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		16.5			20.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.6			29.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		25.3			3.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		51.9			32.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		62.0			44.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Columbia University Center for Women's Reproductive Care					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

ANDREW LOUCOPOULOS, MD, PhD NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Andrew Loucopoulos, MD, PhD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	0%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	80%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 19 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		3	1	6	0	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 6		0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0	3.2		3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 16		1 / 14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 6		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 6		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 6		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 6		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 6		1 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		3	1	5	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 5		1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.0	0.0	0.5		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		1	1	0	0	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Andrew Loucopoulos, MD, PhD					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MANHATTAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

NEW YORK

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Hanna Jesionowska, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	68%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 34% Female & male factors 37%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 70 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	12	6	5	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.6	2.8	3.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.0	34.5	5 / 17	1 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 13	1 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 13	3 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	2 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	5 / 12	3 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 13	7 / 12	3 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	11	6	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 13	1 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 13	3 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	2 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	5 / 11	3 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 13	7 / 11	3 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	3	0	1	0	1
Number of transfers	1	3	0	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.3	3.0		1.0	0.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.3		4.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	2 / 10		0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	2 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	2 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	2 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	1	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	19			2		
Number of transfers	19			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.2			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.8			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 19			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 19			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	12 / 19			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	15 / 19			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Manhattan Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MEDICAL OFFICES FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (CHR) NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Norbert Gleicher, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	84%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 606 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	49	84	78	65	44
Percentage of cancellations (%)	11.3	8.2	17.9	14.1	9.2	15.9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.2	2.5	2.8	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.1	19.1	19.0	5.5	3.3	2.8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.0	17.4	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.3	18.4	10.7	6.4	4.6	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.9	18.4	14.3	7.7	4.6	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	2.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.4	20.4	17.9	7.7	4.6	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.4	22.4	23.8	15.4	7.7	9.1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	57	39	59	57	55	29
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	23.1	15.3	8.8	5.5	6.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	23.1	20.3	10.5	5.5	6.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	2.6	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.4	25.6	25.4	10.5	5.5	6.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.1	28.2	33.9	21.1	9.1	13.8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	18	13	12	7	9
Number of transfers	7	17	13	12	7	6
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	4.3	0.7	0.9	0.5	1.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 15	15.2	19.4	28.6	1 / 17	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7	4 / 17	3 / 13	3 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7	4 / 17	4 / 13	3 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 17	1 / 13	1 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	4 / 17	5 / 13	4 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	5 / 17	5 / 13	7 / 12	1 / 7	2 / 6
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	5	0	8	8	7	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		64			53	
Number of transfers		61			51	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		24.3			23.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.0			15.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.9			19.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.9			9.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		32.8			29.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.3			41.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Medical Offices for Human Reproduction,
Center for Human Reproduction (CHR)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

METROPOLITAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Susan Lobel, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	35%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				8%
				Female & male factors				27%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 26 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		8	0	1	3	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 8		0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1		2.0	2.7	4.4	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 13		2 / 2	1 / 6	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 6		0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 8		0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 8		0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 8		1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8		1 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 8		1 / 1	2 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		7	0	1	3	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 7		0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 7		0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 7		1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 7		1 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7		1 / 1	2 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		4	0	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers		4	0	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0			1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 7					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4			1 / 1		

Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
Number of cycles		3			0		
Number of transfers		2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Metropolitan Reproductive Medicine, PC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW HOPE FERTILITY CENTER-WEST SIDE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John J. Zhang, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	40%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	65%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 4,174 (includes 21 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	75	59	31	54	65
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.4	41.2	28.8	26.3	3.7	1.1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	41.9	30.0	29.0	5 / 12	7.7	7.4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	25.3	22.0	19.4	3.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	30.7	23.7	19.4	3.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.9	34.7	23.7	19.4	3.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.0	45.3	37.3	29.0	5.6	1.5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	66	75	58	30	53	61
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	25.3	22.4	20.0	3.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	30.7	24.1	20.0	3.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.9	34.7	24.1	20.0	3.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.0	45.3	37.9	30.0	5.7	1.6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	273	190	215	121	126	152
Number of transfers	273	190	214	121	126	152
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.6	45.0	38.4	31.2	18.0	4.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.0	26.8	20.6	16.5	7.9	1.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.4	31.6	24.3	19.0	9.5	1.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	3.2	3.3	2.5	2.4	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	34.7	27.6	21.5	12.7	1.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.1	47.9	42.1	34.7	21.4	7.2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	260	268	490	459	497	600
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			144		
Number of transfers	8			144		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 10			69.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 8			48.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 8			59.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8			4.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 8			64.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 8			72.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New Hope Fertility Center-West Side

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK FERTILITY INSTITUTE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Majid Fateh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	40%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	5%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	41%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 70 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	5	4	11	11	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/4	0/5	0/4	0/11	0/11	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	1.8	3.2	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/9	2/12	1/7	8.6	5.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/4	0/4	0/3	0/11	0/7	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/4	2/5	0/4	0/11	1/11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/4	2/5	1/4	1/11	1/11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4	0/5	0/4	1/11	0/11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1/4	2/5	1/4	2/11	1/11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/4	2/5	1/4	2/11	1/11	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	5	4	11	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/4	2/5	0/4	0/11	1/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/4	2/5	1/4	1/11	1/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/4	0/5	0/4	1/11	0/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/4	2/5	1/4	2/11	1/8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/4	2/5	1/4	2/11	1/8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	3	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	8	3	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/16	1/5	0/2	0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/8	1/3	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/8	1/3	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/8	0/3	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/8	1/3	0/1	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/8	1/3	0/1	0/1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	5	2	2	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			7		
Number of transfers	1			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0			2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/4			2/19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1			2/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/1			2/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/1			0/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/1			2/7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/1			2/7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New York Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK FERTILITY SERVICES, PC BATZOFIN FERTILITY SERVICES, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joel Batzofin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	6%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 99 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	13	15	11	1	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 13	2 / 15	2 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.7	2.2		2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.7	10.0	1 / 17	15.0		0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 7		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	2 / 13	1 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	2 / 13	1 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.0	2 / 13	1 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.0	2 / 13	1 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	12	10	9	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 10	3 / 9		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 10	3 / 9		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 9		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 10	3 / 9		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 10	3 / 9		0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	2	0	0	1
Number of transfers	3	1	2	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	3.0	2.5			2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 5			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	4	3	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			9		
Number of transfers	9			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 18			3 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 9			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9			3 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New York Fertility Services, PC, Batzofin Fertility Services, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK REPRODUCTIVE MEDICAL SERVICES NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Andrea Vidali, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	28%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	8%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	51%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	25%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 100 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	11	12	15	9	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 13	0 / 11	2 / 12	3 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	2.3	2.0	1.6	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	9 / 17	28.6	4 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 9	4 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 13	2 / 11	1 / 12	1 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	5 / 11	2 / 12	2 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	2 / 11	2 / 12	1 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	7 / 11	4 / 12	3 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13	7 / 11	4 / 12	3 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	11	9	9	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	2 / 11	1 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	5 / 11	2 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	2 / 11	2 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	7 / 11	4 / 9	3 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 12	7 / 11	4 / 9	3 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	6	5	1	1	1
Number of transfers	7	6	4	1	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.1	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.0	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 10	7 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	3 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	3 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	5 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 7	5 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	3	3	5	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			2		
Number of transfers	3			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 5			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New York Reproductive Medical Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEWAY MEDICAL NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Janelle Luk, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 182 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		29	19	25	22	7	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)		3.4	0 / 19	4.0	9.1	0 / 7	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.3	3.1	3.0	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.3	28.1	6.8	8.1	0 / 14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		30.4	1 / 13	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.5	2 / 19	16.0	4.5	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.4	2 / 19	16.0	4.5	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		6.9	2 / 19	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		48.3	4 / 19	16.0	4.5	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		62.1	6 / 19	24.0	13.6	1 / 7	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		23	14	21	14	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		43.5	2 / 14	19.0	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.2	2 / 14	19.0	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.7	2 / 14	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.9	4 / 14	19.0	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		78.3	6 / 14	28.6	3 / 14	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	7	9	6	0	0
Number of transfers		16	7	9	6	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.3	1.8	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.5	3 / 9	7 / 14	3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 16	3 / 7	2 / 9	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 16	3 / 7	2 / 9	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 16	0 / 7	2 / 9	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 16	3 / 7	4 / 9	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 16	3 / 7	6 / 9	4 / 6		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	0	14	10	1	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			3		
Number of transfers		0			3		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NYU FERTILITY CENTER NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James A. Grifo, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	31%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	56%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	13%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,140 (includes 70 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	165	103	129	119	60	17
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.1	14.6	14.7	21.0	18.3	7 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.7	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.3	40.2	23.6	16.7	5.9	0 / 17
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	43.3	37.7	18.8	0.0	2.8	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	25.2	10.9	8.4	1.7	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.7	30.1	14.7	12.6	5.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	5.8	3.1	3.4	0.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.4	35.9	17.8	16.0	5.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	40.8	28.7	21.0	11.7	2 / 17
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	136	80	103	90	39	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.3	32.5	13.6	11.1	2.6	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.7	38.8	18.4	16.7	7.7	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.4	7.5	3.9	4.4	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	46.3	22.3	21.1	7.7	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.1	52.5	35.9	27.8	17.9	2 / 10
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	129	96	101	59	18	4
Number of transfers	124	91	93	52	18	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.0	60.6	41.6	45.7	42.9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.9	47.3	32.3	40.4	6 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.0	53.8	37.6	53.8	7 / 18	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	1.1	3.2	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.6	54.9	40.9	53.8	7 / 18	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.3	71.4	52.7	63.5	9 / 18	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	156	256	253	145	88	29
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		59			84	
Number of transfers		52			74	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		64.8			47.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.5			27.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			39.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.3			5.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		67.3			44.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.1			58.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: NYU Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OFFICES FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Cecilia Schmidt-Sarosi, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	3%	Used PGD	26%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	66%	Female factors only	20%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	62%	Other factor	25%	Female & male factors	64%
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	0%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 168 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		8	5	7	6	9	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		1 / 8	0 / 5	2 / 7	1 / 6	1 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		4 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		5	3	4	4	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		17	4	11	7	3	1
Number of transfers		16	4	9	5	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.1	0.6	0.5	0.4	2.0	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.0	1.8	1.0	2.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.0	1 / 4	4 / 16	1 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 16	1 / 4	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 16	1 / 4	3 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 16	1 / 4	4 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		11	6	19	13	1	10
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		8			21		
Number of transfers		7			19		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 8			24.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7			3 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 7			5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7			1 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 7			6 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 7			6 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW YORK, LLP NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lawrence Grunfeld, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,656 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	437	341	349	245	148	25
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.3	10.0	16.6	20.8	28.4	40.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.1	40.9	22.4	13.9	4.7	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.2	14.6	7.4	5.6	0.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.5	22.0	13.5	8.6	2.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.5	26.7	17.2	9.8	4.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	11.4	3.7	0.8	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.6	38.1	20.9	10.6	4.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.1	44.6	28.7	22.9	6.1	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	381	274	250	158	76	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.7	27.4	18.8	13.3	3.9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	33.2	24.0	15.2	7.9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.1	14.2	5.2	1.3	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.8	47.4	29.2	16.5	7.9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.5	55.5	40.0	35.4	11.8	0 / 10
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	197	116	93	24	9	1
Number of transfers	195	113	92	24	9	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.3	42.7	33.6	45.7	3 / 14	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.9	30.1	28.3	33.3	0 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.0	38.9	35.9	37.5	1 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.8	7.1	2.2	12.5	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.8	46.0	38.0	50.0	2 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.6	58.4	45.7	58.3	3 / 9	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	106	113	169	47	36	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	126			61		
Number of transfers	126			59		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.0			44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7			20.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.7			33.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	27.0			15.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.5			49.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.8			59.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of New York, LLP

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEOFFREY SHER, MD, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Drew V. Tortoriello, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	12%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	20%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 865 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	133	75	77	65	46	14
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.8	13.3	16.9	16.9	21.7	7 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.4	2.4	2.7	3.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.0	35.9	18.3	12.3	6.0	1 / 19
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.5	6.8	8.9	8.0	1 / 17	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.3	22.7	9.1	6.2	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	26.7	9.1	6.2	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	8.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.8	34.7	13.0	6.2	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.6	38.7	20.8	15.4	8.7	1 / 14
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	92	55	51	34	25	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	30.9	13.7	11.8	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	36.4	13.7	11.8	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.4	10.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.3	47.3	19.6	11.8	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.3	52.7	31.4	29.4	16.0	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	33	29	16	9	5
Number of transfers	51	31	28	14	5	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.3	2.6	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.6	41.9	36.7	25.0	2 / 13	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.2	25.8	17.9	4 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	49.0	32.3	25.0	6 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	19.4	3.6	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.9	51.6	32.1	7 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.7	61.3	46.4	7 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	57	48	67	52	36	14
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15			20	
Number of transfers		15			20	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.7			34.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 15			10.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 15			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 15			10.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 15			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 15			45.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WEILL MEDICAL COLLEGE OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY
CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Zev Rosenwaks, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3,688 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	626	469	582	449	320	64
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.1	12.8	15.5	19.4	17.8	23.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.8	3.2	3.3	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.0	27.1	17.9	10.5	3.6	6.3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.7	4.8	2.2	1.0	0.5	0.0
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	17.5	12.2	8.7	3.8	6.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	22.8	17.2	11.6	4.4	6.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.4	8.3	5.2	2.2	0.6	1.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.8	31.6	22.7	13.8	5.0	7.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	38.0	30.4	21.6	10.0	10.9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	556	388	455	347	237	46
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.2	21.1	15.6	11.2	5.1	8.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.9	27.6	22.0	15.0	5.9	8.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.1	10.1	6.6	2.9	0.8	2.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.2	38.1	29.0	17.9	6.8	10.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.0	45.9	38.9	28.0	13.5	15.2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	213	147	124	49	24	4
Number of transfers	186	130	108	42	20	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.1	36.8	31.4	38.4	15.8	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	34.6	25.0	26.2	15.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.1	43.1	34.3	33.3	30.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	3.8	0.9	4.8	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.2	46.9	35.2	38.1	30.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.5	51.5	50.9	66.7	35.0	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	69	86	119	57	34	8
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		140			95	
Number of transfers		140			88	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.4			32.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.6			20.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.0			28.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.6			4.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.6			33.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.1			42.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Weill Medical College of Cornell University, Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCHESTER FERTILITY CARE, PC ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Rosalind A. Hayes, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 104 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	13	20	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	27.6	5 / 13	10.0	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	3.0	4.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.8	2 / 13	7.7	1 / 13		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 11	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.4	2 / 13	10.0	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6.9	2 / 13	10.0	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	0 / 13	0.0	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.7	2 / 13	10.0	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.6	2 / 13	15.0	1 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	6	13	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 17	2 / 6	2 / 13	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 17	2 / 6	2 / 13	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 17	2 / 6	2 / 13	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 17	2 / 6	3 / 13	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	5	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	7	5	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.5	0.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			5		
Number of transfers	11			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.4			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 11			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 11			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 11			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 11			1 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Rochester Fertility Care, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

STRONG FERTILITY CENTER ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John T. Queenan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 276 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	83	35	23	8	10	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.8	5.7	21.7	1 / 8	1 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.6	2.8	3.9	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.7	21.2	8.5	3.7	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.8	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.9	17.1	13.0	1 / 8	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.3	22.9	13.0	1 / 8	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	5.7	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.9	31.4	13.0	1 / 8	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.8	34.3	21.7	1 / 8	0 / 10	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	33	18	7	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.7	18.2	3 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	24.2	3 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.4	6.1	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.7	33.3	3 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	36.4	5 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	17	10	3	2	0
Number of transfers	40	16	10	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	3.2	2.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.4	2.5	2.0	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.1	23.7	32.0	0 / 4	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	3 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	4 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	0 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	22.5	5 / 16	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.5	6 / 16	5 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	19			15		
Number of transfers	16			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.5			39.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 16			4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 16			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 16			7 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 16			7 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Strong Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ISLAND REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES, PC STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Eric S. Knochenhauer, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	14%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 34%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 308 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	48	27	32	29	12	1
	Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.2	3.7	3.1	17.2	3 / 12	0 / 1
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.6	3.2	3.1	2.0
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.3	34.5	17.3	5.4	10.7	0 / 2
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.0	4.2	7.4	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	14.8	15.6	0.0	2 / 12	0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	18.5	18.8	3.4	2 / 12	0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.6	14.8	6.3	3.4	0 / 12	0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.1	33.3	25.0	6.9	2 / 12	0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	48.1	31.3	10.3	3 / 12	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	44	26	29	23	9	1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	15.4	17.2	0.0	2 / 9	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	19.2	20.7	4.3	2 / 9	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.9	15.4	6.9	4.3	0 / 9	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.8	34.6	27.6	8.7	2 / 9	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	50.0	34.5	13.0	3 / 9	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	44	24	17	8	0	4
	Number of transfers	41	23	17	8	0	4
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	3.3	1.7	1.6	0.0	
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.6		2.3
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.8	41.0	25.0	9.5		0 / 9
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	26.1	4 / 17	1 / 8		0 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.3	30.4	6 / 17	1 / 8		0 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.8	13.0	1 / 17	0 / 8		0 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.0	43.5	7 / 17	1 / 8		0 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.5	56.5	7 / 17	2 / 8		0 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		11	3	3	2	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	12			30		
	Number of transfers	10			27		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.9		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 16			21.2		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10			22.2		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10			25.9		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10			7.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 10			33.3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 10			33.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Island Reproductive Services, PC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GOLD COAST IVF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER SYOSSET, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Steven F. Palter, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 132 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	12	14	12	6	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.3	0 / 12	0 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.2	4.2	4.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.8	30.0	23.7	4.2	4.0	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.2	3 / 12	6 / 14	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	4 / 12	6 / 14	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	37.2	2 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	69.8	6 / 12	7 / 14	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.4	7 / 12	8 / 14	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	12	14	11	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.0	3 / 12	6 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	4 / 12	6 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	38.1	2 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	71.4	6 / 12	7 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.2	7 / 12	8 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	7	3	0	1	0
Number of transfers	8	7	3	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.8	1.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.6	2.0		5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 15	6 / 11	2 / 6		3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 8	1 / 7	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 8	2 / 7	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 8	5 / 7	2 / 3		1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	2	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4			6	
Number of transfers		4			6	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 8			3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4			3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4			3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4			3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4			3 / 6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Gold Coast IVF, Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CNY FERTILITY CENTER SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert J. Kiltz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,972 (includes 24 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	773	327	326	146	112	23
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.4	8.3	8.6	12.3	17.9	13.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.8	2.5	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.2	20.2	8.7	4.5	2.4	6.9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.1	8.5	6.0	1.2	0.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.7	12.2	4.9	4.1	0.9	4.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	14.7	7.7	4.8	0.9	8.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	4.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.2	19.9	8.9	5.5	1.8	8.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.5	28.1	15.3	8.2	4.5	8.7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	683	278	254	99	72	16
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.7	14.4	6.3	6.1	1.4	1 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.3	17.3	9.8	7.1	1.4	2 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	5.4	0.8	1.0	1.4	0 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.6	23.4	11.4	8.1	2.8	2 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.5	33.1	19.7	12.1	6.9	2 / 16
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	348	165	112	35	6	7
Number of transfers	332	153	102	32	6	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.2	2.8	2.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.7	14.7	11.0	3.0	1 / 17	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.0	12.4	7.8	3.1	0 / 6	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	15.7	10.8	3.1	0 / 6	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	3.3	2.0	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	24.4	19.0	12.7	3.1	0 / 6	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.7	27.5	22.5	9.4	1 / 6	2 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	28	21	12	7	9	8
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			303		180	
Number of transfers			241		171	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.1		2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			26.7		13.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			17.4		11.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			24.1		14.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			10.4		2.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			34.9		17.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			44.0		22.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CNY Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY IVF
SUNY UPSTATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY
SYRACUSE, NEW YORK**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Shawky Z. Badawy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	31%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 16 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	2	0	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 9	0 / 2		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	4.5		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.5	1 / 9		0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 8	0 / 2				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 9	1 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 9	1 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9	1 / 2		0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	2	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 9	1 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 9	1 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9	1 / 2		0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	0	1	0	1
Number of transfers	1	0	0	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3			1 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University IVF, SUNY Upstate Medical University

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WESTCHESTER FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael B. Blotner, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	45%	Uterine factor	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 30% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 158 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	25	16	11	11	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.3	4.0	2 / 16	3 / 11	0 / 11	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.3	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	28.2	16.0	1 / 14	0 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.0	0 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.8	16.0	1 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.9	16.0	2 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	4.0	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.3	20.0	3 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.5	36.0	3 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	19	11	7	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	4 / 19	1 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	4 / 19	2 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	1 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	5 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	9 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	9	3	0	6	0
Number of transfers	12	8	3	0	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.3	3.0		1.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	2.0		1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 18	3 / 12	1 / 5		1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12	3 / 8	2 / 3		1 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	2	1	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			12		
Number of transfers	2			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3			9 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2			1 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Westchester Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BRAVERMAN REPRODUCTIVE IMMUNOLOGY, PC WOODBURY, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Khaled Zeitoun, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	72%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 235 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	14	21	19	10	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 18	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.7	4.2	2.8	9.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.5	24.2	21.7	5.6	8.0	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 18	3 / 14	19.0	0 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	3 / 14	23.8	0 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	2 / 14	4.8	0 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 18	5 / 14	28.6	0 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 18	5 / 14	33.3	3 / 19	2 / 10	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	13	18	17	9	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 18	3 / 13	4 / 18	0 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	3 / 13	5 / 18	0 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	2 / 13	1 / 18	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 18	5 / 13	6 / 18	0 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 18	5 / 13	7 / 18	3 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	20	18	4	7	4
Number of transfers	25	20	16	4	7	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.5	0.6	1.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.4	2.0	3.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.1	10.6	21.1	1 / 6	8.7	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	10.0	3 / 16	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	20.0	3 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	0.0	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.0	20.0	4 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	30.0	5 / 16	2 / 4	2 / 7	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	16	13	13	8	10	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			7		
Number of transfers	2			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4			6 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2			4 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2			4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Braverman Reproductive Immunology, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH CAROLINA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE THE TALBERT FERTILITY INSTITUTE CARY, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Sameh K. Toma, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	37%	Female factors only	12%
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	8%	Female & male factors	23%
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	8%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 277 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		52	23	16	2	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		1.9	4.3	4 / 16	0 / 2	2 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.1	2.4	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		32.7	13.6	12.0	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		19.2	13.0	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		23.1	13.0	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		17.3	4.3	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		40.4	17.4	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0	30.4	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		51	22	12	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		19.6	13.6	1 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		23.5	13.6	1 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.6	4.5	1 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		41.2	18.2	2 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		51.0	31.8	4 / 12	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		27	10	9	2	1	1
Number of transfers		24	10	9	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.3	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	2.1	2.3	1.0	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.4	28.6	28.6	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	3 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.5	3 / 10	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.5	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0	4 / 10	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.3	5 / 10	6 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		34	13	19	3	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		38			17		
Number of transfers		35			16		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.3			13.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.6			2 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.9			3 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.7			0 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.6			3 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		62.9			6 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: North Carolina Center for Reproductive Medicine, The Talbert Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CMC REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY
CMC WOMEN'S INSTITUTE
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bradley S. Hurst, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 418 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	37	23	12	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.8	2.7	8.7	1 / 12	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.3	3.0	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9	26.5	11.4	25.0	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	34.5	12.5	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	16.2	8.7	3 / 12	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.5	29.7	8.7	4 / 12	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	5.4	4.3	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.7	35.1	13.0	4 / 12	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.6	40.5	17.4	7 / 12	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	36	19	11	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	16.7	2 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.5	30.6	2 / 19	4 / 11	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	5.6	1 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.8	36.1	3 / 19	4 / 11	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.5	41.7	4 / 19	7 / 11	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	73	30	30	15	5	0
Number of transfers	61	24	28	13	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	1.3	0.9	1.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	41.9	39.5	8 / 19	4 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.8	33.3	28.6	6 / 13	3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.3	37.5	32.1	6 / 13	3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.2	4.2	0.0	1 / 13	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.5	41.7	32.1	7 / 13	3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	54.2	50.0	7 / 13	4 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	29	18	19	14	4	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12			18	
Number of transfers		11			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 18			5 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 11			2 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 11			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 11			0 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 11			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 11			7 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CMC Reproductive Medicine and Infertility, CMC Women's Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jack L. Crain, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,026 (includes 15 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	144	93	74	50	10	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.9	10.8	20.3	22.0	3 / 10	6 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.0	23.3	10.0	18.2	0 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.8	8.1	0 / 18	2 / 18	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.3	8.6	1.4	8.0	0 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.0	9.7	2.7	10.0	0 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	4.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.8	14.0	2.7	10.0	0 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	21.5	18.3	9.5	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	67	44	28	24	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.8	18.2	3.6	16.7	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.3	20.5	7.1	20.8	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.4	9.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.8	29.5	7.1	20.8	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.3	38.6	25.0	41.7	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	195	75	56	20	2	6
Number of transfers	189	67	52	19	1	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.3	4.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.9	42.5	33.8	17.1	0 / 4	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	26.9	32.7	4 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	35.8	40.4	5 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	11.9	1.9	0 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.1	49.3	42.3	5 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.5	59.7	55.8	7 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	84	32	47	26	12	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		39			35	
Number of transfers		36			33	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		46.0			54.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.2			21.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.0			39.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		25.0			15.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0			54.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.6			69.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Assisted Reproduction

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**DUKE FERTILITY CENTER
DUKE UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER
DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Suheil J. Muasher, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 336 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	45	31	19	8	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.3	4.4	6.5	2 / 19	0 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.1	31.8	25.5	11.1	0 / 16	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.6	2.8	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	20.0	9.7	2 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	22.2	16.1	2 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.9	17.8	9.7	0 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.8	40.0	25.8	2 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.1	42.2	38.7	4 / 19	1 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	40	27	15	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	22.5	11.1	2 / 15	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.4	25.0	18.5	2 / 15	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.7	20.0	11.1	0 / 15	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	45.0	29.6	2 / 15	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.3	47.5	44.4	4 / 15	1 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	26	18	5	4	0
Number of transfers	51	20	15	5	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.9	7.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.1	2.8	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.0	4.4	18.5	2 / 14	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.5	5.0	2 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.4	5.0	3 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.9	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.3	5.0	3 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.1	10.0	6 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	30			14		
Number of transfers	29			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.0			25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.9			5 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.3			5 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.2			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.5			5 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.9			6 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Duke Fertility Center, Duke University Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMACK ARMY MEDICAL CENTER REI CLINIC FORT BRAGG, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jason Parker, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	28%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 100 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	22	13	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.3	9.1	1 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.0	40.0	29.2	3 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.0	3 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.8	36.4	3 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.4	45.5	4 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	4.5	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.8	50.0	4 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.2	59.1	6 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	20	12	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.1	40.0	3 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.2	50.0	4 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	5.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.9	55.0	4 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	65.0	6 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	4	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.8				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 11	3 / 7				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 5	2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 5	3 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5	3 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 5	3 / 4				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Womack Army Medical Center REI Clinic

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST CAROLINA UNIVERSITY GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Clifford C. Hayslip, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	34%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 78 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	9	3	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.5	3.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.8	5 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.3	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.0	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	22.6	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.1	3 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.5	4 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	30	8	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	2 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	2 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.3	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	3 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	4 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	3	1	5	0	0
Number of transfers	12	3	1	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0	3.0	1.0	2.5	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.0	1.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 18	2 / 3		5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1	3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1	4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 1	4 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			4		
Number of transfers	5			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 10			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 5			2 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: East Carolina University

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PREMIER FERTILITY CENTER HIGH POINT REGIONAL HEALTH SYSTEM HIGH POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey L. Deaton, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 122 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	8	9	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.9	1 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.2	4 / 11	2 / 16	1 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	51.5	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.9	3 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.2	3 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.8	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	61.0	3 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.3	4 / 8	2 / 9	1 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	37	7	8	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.6	3 / 7	1 / 8	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	56.8	3 / 7	1 / 8	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.8	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.6	3 / 7	1 / 8	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.7	4 / 7	2 / 8	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	7	6	4	0	0
Number of transfers	28	3	6	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	3.0	6.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	1.3	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	2 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.6	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.1	2 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			7		
Number of transfers	3			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4			5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 3			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3			4 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Premier Fertility Center, High Point Regional Health System

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CONCEPTS HUNTERVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark L. Jutras, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	54%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 91 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	10	9	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.0	1 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.1			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8	1 / 11	3 / 17			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 7			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.0	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	1 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	0 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	1 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	1 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	6	8	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	0 / 6	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 18	1 / 6	2 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 18	1 / 6	2 / 8			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	5	5	0	0	1
Number of transfers	10	5	5	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.6			1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 15	2 / 5	4 / 8			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 10	2 / 5	2 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10	2 / 5	2 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 10	3 / 5	4 / 5			0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	2	12	2	3	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Concepts

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ATLANTIC REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Susannah D. Copland, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 123 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	17	13	4	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.3	1 / 17	2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	71.4	30.4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.8	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.6	1 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	1 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	24.1	2 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.7	3 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.1	5 / 17	1 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	14	4	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.1	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	33.3	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	71.4	3 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	85.7	5 / 14	1 / 4	2 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	9	7	0	0	0
Number of transfers	6	7	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	1.0	1.5	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 8	1 / 12	0 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6	1 / 7	1 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	6	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14			3	
Number of transfers		11			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 15			2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 11			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 11			2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 11			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 11			2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 11			2 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Atlantic Reproductive Medicine Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CAROLINA CONCEPTIONS, PA RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John K. Park, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	11%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 644 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	205	97	70	24	8	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.8	12.4	12.9	25.0	1 / 8	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.9	2.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.7	32.3	23.3	10.6	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.0	12.5	5.3	1 / 13	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.9	20.6	14.3	12.5	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	26.8	17.1	12.5	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.1	7.2	5.7	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.4	35.1	22.9	12.5	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.4	39.2	27.1	20.8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	169	75	44	16	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.2	26.7	22.7	3 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.3	34.7	27.3	3 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.3	9.3	9.1	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.7	45.3	36.4	3 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	50.7	43.2	5 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	78	30	15	6	0	1
Number of transfers	77	30	15	5	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	4.3	2.1	5.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.6		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.1	24.0	45.8	2 / 13		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.5	23.3	5 / 15	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.1	23.3	5 / 15	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.4	3.3	2 / 15	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.1	26.7	7 / 15	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.8	26.7	9 / 15	1 / 5		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		66		27		
Number of transfers		60		26		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		67.6		45.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.3		26.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3		26.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		38.3		15.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		75.0		42.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		78.3		50.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Carolina Conceptions, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNC FERTILITY RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jennifer E. Mersereau, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 227 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	40	20	16	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.8	10.0	25.0	5 / 16	2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.7	3.9	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.7	27.8	23.7	4.7	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	32.6	3.0	0 / 14	0 / 11		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	20.0	15.0	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	22.5	25.0	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.7	12.5	5.0	0 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.4	35.0	30.0	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.1	37.5	35.0	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	35	14	11	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.4	22.9	3 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	25.7	5 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.5	14.3	1 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.0	40.0	6 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	42.9	7 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	21	2	1	5	3
Number of transfers	19	20	2	1	4	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	2.2	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.0	2.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.6	54.5	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 19	25.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 19	35.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 19	25.0	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 19	60.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 19	65.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	3	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			4	
Number of transfers		13			4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 13			1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 13			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 13			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 13			0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 13			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 13			2 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: UNC Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Erika B. Johnston-MacAnanny, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 354 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	90	60	35	10	8	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.7	5.0	17.1	2 / 10	0 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	4.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.9	36.8	17.2	5 / 14	8.7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	39.7	6.0	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	31.7	11.4	2 / 10	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	35.0	11.4	2 / 10	2 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.8	10.0	5.7	1 / 10	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	54.4	45.0	17.1	3 / 10	2 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.7	51.7	25.7	4 / 10	3 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	53	25	5	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.8	35.8	16.0	2 / 5	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.9	39.6	16.0	2 / 5	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.8	11.3	8.0	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.6	50.9	24.0	3 / 5	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.2	58.5	36.0	4 / 5	3 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	48	27	17	5	3	0
Number of transfers	46	24	15	5	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.4	2.1	1.3	1.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.0	31.6	28.0	4 / 12	3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	37.5	1 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.4	37.5	2 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	0.0	2 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.3	37.5	4 / 15	2 / 5	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	50.0	6 / 15	2 / 5	2 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	1	0	1	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	21			16		
Number of transfers	19			15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.9			38.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19			2 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 19			5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19			2 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 19			7 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 19			9 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANFORD HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Steffen P. Christensen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 210 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	87	31	20	6	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.6	19.4	0.0	2 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.4	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.9	23.8	19.0	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.8	4.5	0 / 17	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	6.5	20.0	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.4	12.9	25.0	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	6.5	0.0	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.2	19.4	25.0	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.5	25.8	40.0	1 / 6		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	72	22	18	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2	9.1	4 / 18	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	18.2	5 / 18	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	9.1	0 / 18	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.6	27.3	5 / 18	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	36.4	8 / 18	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	39	9	10	1	1	0
Number of transfers	34	9	9	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.8	1.0	1.8			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.0	4.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.1	4 / 19	5 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.3	3 / 9	3 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	3 / 9	4 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.7	0 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	3 / 9	4 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.9	3 / 9	5 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	3	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			2		
Number of transfers	0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sanford Health Reproductive Medicine Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY UNLIMITED, INC. NORTHEASTERN OHIO FERTILITY CENTER AKRON, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nicholas J. Spirtos, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 41%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	74%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	30%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 27 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 8	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	4.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 13	0 / 4				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 7	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	2	0	0	2
Number of transfers	0	0	2	0	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0			2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 4			0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 2			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 2			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 2			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 2			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 2			0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			6		
Number of transfers	5			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 9			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5			3 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Unlimited, Inc., Northeastern Ohio Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGY AKRON, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard W. Moretuzzo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 46%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	66%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 391 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	155	49	31	15	9	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.5	6.1	6.5	4 / 15	2 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.9	3.5	3.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.5	19.5	9.9	2.6	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0.0	3.8	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	20.4	19.4	0 / 15	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	24.5	22.6	0 / 15	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.8	26.5	22.6	0 / 15	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	26.5	29.0	1 / 15	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	142	38	27	11	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.8	26.3	22.2	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.8	31.6	25.9	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.0	34.2	25.9	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.5	34.2	33.3	1 / 11	0 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	13	14	0	1	0
Number of transfers	63	12	14	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	2.0	1.6		0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.4		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.2	41.7	8.8		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	3 / 12	1 / 14		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	5 / 12	1 / 14		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	2 / 12	1 / 14		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	7 / 12	2 / 14		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.5	8 / 12	2 / 14		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		18		15		
Number of transfers		16		14		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2		1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.6		50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 16		3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 16		4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 16		3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 16		7 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 16		9 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Gynecology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CLEVELAND CLINIC FERTILITY CENTER BEACHWOOD, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Cynthia Austin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 701 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	187	100	72	25	10	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.8	17.0	22.2	12.0	2 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.4	1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	33.1	26.8	7.0	1 / 13	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.3	4.0	2.2	0 / 15	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	20.0	11.1	12.0	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9	23.0	16.7	12.0	1 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.6	12.0	1.4	0.0	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.0	35.0	19.4	12.0	1 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.3	43.0	33.3	12.0	1 / 10	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	158	82	54	18	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	24.4	14.8	3 / 18	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.2	28.0	22.2	3 / 18	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.6	14.6	1.9	0 / 18	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.4	42.7	25.9	3 / 18	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.8	52.4	44.4	3 / 18	1 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	109	57	38	11	5	1
Number of transfers	95	52	35	11	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	1.6	2.1	1.6	3.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	39.8	27.4	6 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.4	23.1	17.1	4 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	28.8	25.7	4 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	11.5	8.6	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	42.3	34.3	4 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.6	59.6	42.9	6 / 11	2 / 3	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	10	11	8	3	1	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		22		27		
Number of transfers		21		20		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.6		45.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.3		35.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.0		40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.8		10.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.6		50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.1		70.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BETHESDA FERTILITY CENTER CINCINNATI, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Glen E. Hofmann, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 285 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	89	29	21	9	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.0	17.2	19.0	3 / 9	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.3	13.6	9.7	0 / 15	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.6	4.8	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.9	10.3	9.5	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.0	13.8	14.3	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.2	3.4	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.2	17.2	14.3	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.1	17.2	23.8	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	80	22	17	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.8	13.6	2 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	18.2	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	4.5	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.5	22.7	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.3	22.7	5 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	9	8	3	1	0
Number of transfers	38	9	8	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.5	1.6		0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.2	6 / 16	2 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	2 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	2 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.6	1 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	23.7	3 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.6	5 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	3	2	0	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		23			41	
Number of transfers		21			41	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.0			28.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3			31.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.1			36.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.5			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.6			36.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.4			46.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Bethesda Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CINCINNATI, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sherif G. Awadalla, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 931 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	389	138	75	25	13	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.9	16.7	13.3	24.0	3 / 13	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.9	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.7	34.2	24.1	7.7	0 / 18	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.3	3.7	1.9	0 / 15	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7	16.7	21.3	8.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.0	20.3	22.7	8.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	15.2	5.3	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.2	36.2	29.3	8.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.3	42.8	38.7	16.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	348	113	61	18	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.9	20.4	26.2	2 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.5	24.8	27.9	2 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	18.6	6.6	0 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.3	44.2	36.1	2 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.0	52.2	47.5	4 / 18	0 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	36	21	5	3	0
Number of transfers	104	34	20	5	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.1	1.8	1.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.4	30.6	25.7	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.6	26.5	30.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	35.3	30.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	8.8	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	44.1	30.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.7	52.9	50.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	4	0	3	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		65		43		
Number of transfers		59		39		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.8		18.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.5		23.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.6		30.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		27.1		2.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		64.4		33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.9		35.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

METROHEALTH MEDICAL CENTER CLEVELAND, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lori-Linell Hollins, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	0%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	50%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 10 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	0	1	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 5		0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		1.0	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 6		1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 2			0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5		1 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	0	1	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4		1 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: MetroHealth Medical Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS FERTILITY CENTER CLEVELAND, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James Goldfarb, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 518 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	124	71	54	25	13	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	20.2	23.9	29.6	44.0	9 / 13	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.9	3.5	3.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.9	22.3	21.2	6.7	1 / 14	1 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.8	4.2	2.9	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.7	19.7	9.3	0.0	0 / 13	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.8	21.1	13.0	0.0	0 / 13	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.7	4.2	13.0	4.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.5	25.4	25.9	4.0	0 / 13	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.3	28.2	31.5	8.0	1 / 13	1 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	93	50	37	13	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	28.0	13.5	0 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.0	30.0	18.9	0 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	6.0	18.9	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	36.0	37.8	1 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.4	40.0	45.9	2 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	25	16	6	10	4
Number of transfers	65	20	13	6	6	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.5	3.3	1.0		2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.5	25.7	15.4	2 / 14	0 / 12	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	25.0	3 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	30.0	3 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.2	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	21.5	35.0	3 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.2	45.0	4 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 6	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	2	1	1	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		32			36	
Number of transfers		25			27	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.7			13.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		16.0			22.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.0			22.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		24.0			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.0			22.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.0			29.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Hospitals Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OHIO REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE COLUMBUS, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Grant Schmidt, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	35%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	20%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 611 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	245	101	67	15	11	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.5	5.9	10.4	3 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.5	5.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	33.7	17.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.3	9.5	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	24.8	16.4	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.5	27.7	17.9	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	10.9	1.5	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.1	39.6	22.4	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.5	50.5	29.9	1 / 15	0 / 11	1 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	219	89	59	11	8	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.1	28.1	18.6	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	31.5	20.3	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.5	12.4	1.7	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.6	44.9	25.4	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.8	57.3	33.9	1 / 11	0 / 8	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	18	13	1	1	1
Number of transfers	63	15	12	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	3.0	1.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.4	3.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.2	30.4	7 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.6	1 / 15	4 / 12	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	3 / 15	5 / 12	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.7	1 / 15	1 / 12	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.5	4 / 15	6 / 12	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.3	6 / 15	7 / 12	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	1	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		33			19	
Number of transfers		31			19	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			41.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.0			4 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.0			5 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.4			2 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.4			8 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.3			10 / 19	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Ohio Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KETTERING REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE KETTERING, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeremy M. Groll, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	55%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 227 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	98	26	15	7	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.1	3.8	3 / 15	0 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.9	30.2	15.4	2 / 17		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.9	13.6	0 / 12	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	11.5	2 / 15	2 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	11.5	3 / 15	2 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.4	11.5	0 / 15	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.0	26.9	3 / 15	2 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.1	34.6	4 / 15	2 / 7		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	87	24	12	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	12.5	2 / 12	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	12.5	3 / 12	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.0	12.5	0 / 12	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.0	29.2	3 / 12	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.9	37.5	4 / 12	2 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	13	11	3	0	1
Number of transfers	43	13	10	3	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.5	2.3		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.4	16.7	2 / 14	2 / 7		1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.6	2 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.2	2 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.7	0 / 13	0 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	2 / 13	0 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.8	4 / 13	3 / 10	1 / 3		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			2		
Number of transfers	7			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 13			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 7			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 7			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF NORTHWESTERN OHIO TOLEDO, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joseph V. Karnitis, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	33%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 84 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	11	14	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	15.6	0 / 11	3 / 14	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.5		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.3	34.8	25.0		0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 11		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.8	3 / 11	3 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	4 / 11	4 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.8	2 / 11	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.8	6 / 11	4 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	6 / 11	5 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	11	11	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	3 / 11	3 / 11		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	4 / 11	4 / 11		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.0	2 / 11	0 / 11		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.0	6 / 11	4 / 11		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.0	6 / 11	5 / 11		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	3	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	7	3	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.5	3.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.3	2.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			6		
Number of transfers	2			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2			1 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Northwestern Ohio

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH WEST CHESTER, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Krystene B. DiPaola, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 205 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	76	29	18	3	2	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.6	6.9	3 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.2	3.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.8	26.5	7.7	1 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.1	27.6	1 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	27.6	2 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	3.4	0 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.8	31.0	2 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.8	37.9	2 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	66	23	12	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.7	34.8	1 / 12	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	34.8	2 / 12	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	4.3	0 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.4	39.1	2 / 12	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.0	47.8	2 / 12	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	5	2	0	3	0
Number of transfers	17	4	2	0	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.3	2.0	0.0		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0		1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9.7	1 / 7	2 / 4		1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 17	1 / 4	2 / 2		1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 4	2 / 2		1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 4	2 / 2		1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 17	1 / 4	2 / 2		1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	10	1	1	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			12		
Number of transfers	10			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 16			14.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10			3 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGY, INC. WESTERVILLE, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard Moretuzzo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 181 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	63	19	26	4	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.2	1 / 19	11.5	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.5	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.2	30.6	16.3	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.5	0 / 17	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.5	7 / 19	7.7	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.4	7 / 19	7.7	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.7	2 / 19	3.8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.1	9 / 19	11.5	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	9 / 19	19.2	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	60	17	20	4	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.3	7 / 17	10.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	7 / 17	10.0	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	2 / 17	5.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	9 / 17	15.0	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.7	9 / 17	25.0	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	10	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	25	10	5	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.3	1.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.5	28.6	1 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.0	1 / 10	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.0	2 / 10	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	1 / 10	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	3 / 10	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.0	4 / 10	1 / 5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	4	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			11		
Number of transfers	8			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 14			9 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8			2 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**DEACONESS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

HENRY G. BENNETT, JR., FERTILITY INSTITUTE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Eli Reshef, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	20%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 293 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		155	37	26	5	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		3.2	2.7	11.5	1 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.1	2.3	3.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.3	31.9	18.8	2 / 13		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.8	24.3	11.5	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.9	32.4	15.4	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		22.6	10.8	7.7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		55.5	43.2	23.1	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.7	43.2	30.8	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		148	34	22	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.0	26.5	13.6	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.5	35.3	18.2	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.6	11.8	9.1	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.1	47.1	27.3	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.5	47.1	36.4	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		22	8	1	2	1	1
Number of transfers		21	8	1	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.9	8.0				
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.4	2.0	1.5		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		15.8	3 / 19	0 / 2	1 / 3		1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.3	1 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.0	2 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.8	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		23.8	2 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		23.8	3 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 2		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			21		
Number of transfers		10			20		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		22.7			7.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 10			5.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 10			15.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 10			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 10			15.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 10			15.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OU PHYSICIANS REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by LaTasha B. Craig, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	14%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				11%
				Female & male factors				21%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 212 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		107	25	12	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		2.8	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.1	2.6	3.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		42.3	18.9	20.7	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		13.5	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.8	20.0	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		39.3	20.0	4 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		10.3	8.0	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		50.5	28.0	4 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.2	28.0	5 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		99	25	11	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.3	20.0	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.4	20.0	4 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.1	8.0	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		54.5	28.0	4 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.6	28.0	5 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		27	10	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers		26	10	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.9	2.5	3.0			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		23.8	7 / 17	2 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		15.4	4 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		15.4	6 / 10	2 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.5	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		26.9	6 / 10	2 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.3	6 / 10	3 / 3	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		15			7		
Number of transfers		14			7		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.5			5 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 14			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 14			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 14			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 14			4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 14			4 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: OU Physicians Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TULSA FERTILITY CENTER TULSA, OKLAHOMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Stanley G. Prough, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	52%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 353 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		147	38	28	4	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		5.4	7.9	10.7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.2	37.5	21.4	1 / 7	1 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		8.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.1	23.7	14.3	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.3	26.3	21.4	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		6.1	7.9	3.6	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.4	34.2	25.0	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		38.1	39.5	28.6	1 / 4	2 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		120	27	21	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.3	33.3	19.0	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.8	37.0	28.6	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.5	11.1	4.8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.3	48.1	33.3	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		46.7	55.6	38.1	1 / 4	2 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		47	14	12	3	2	0
Number of transfers		45	12	12	3	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.8	1.5	0.7	3.0	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.9	28.6	13.0	1 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.9	2 / 12	1 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.7	4 / 12	1 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.9	0 / 12	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		55.6	4 / 12	1 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.8	6 / 12	3 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		7	3	12	0	4	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			18		
Number of transfers		10			14		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 19			58.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 10			2 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 10			6 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 10			2 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 10			8 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 10			9 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Tulsa Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY CENTER OF OREGON EUGENE, OREGON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Douglas J. Austin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 133 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	36	14	9	3	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.8	0 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.3	57.6	6 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.9	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	3 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	3 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	7 / 14	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.4	10 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	12 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	14	8	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	3 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	3 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.6	7 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	10 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	12 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	9	1	5	0	0
Number of transfers	22	9	1	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.3	0.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	3.0	2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.0	30.0	1 / 3	0 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.7	2 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	22.7	2 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.8	5 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			15		
Number of transfers	10			15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	13 / 19			8.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 10			0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 10			3 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Center of Oregon

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PORTLAND, OREGON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Eugene M. Stoelk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 139 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	13	13	6	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.3	0 / 13	3 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.6	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.7	30.0	26.1	6 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.6	1 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	2 / 13	1 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.2	2 / 13	1 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	1 / 13	2 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.4	3 / 13	3 / 13	5 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.6	5 / 13	4 / 13	5 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	10	10	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.4	2 / 10	1 / 10	4 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.2	2 / 10	1 / 10	4 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.7	1 / 10	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.9	3 / 10	3 / 10	5 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	5 / 10	4 / 10	5 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	7	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	19	7	5	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	4.8	3.5		2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.0	3.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.8	4 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 19	3 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 19	3 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		21			14	
Number of transfers		20			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		60.0			23.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		45.0			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		25.0			0 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		75.0			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			6 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Northwest Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OREGON REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PORTLAND, OREGON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John S. Hesla, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,059 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	171	69	52	5	9	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.3	1.4	3.8	1 / 5	2 / 9	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	3.0	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.1	49.6	26.4	0 / 3	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.6	11.5	2.4	0 / 1	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	34.8	23.1	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	37.7	26.9	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	32.7	18.8	3.8	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	66.1	56.5	30.8	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.6	60.9	42.3	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	154	63	43	1	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.2	38.1	27.9	0 / 1	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	41.3	32.6	0 / 1	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	36.4	20.6	4.7	0 / 1	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	73.4	61.9	37.2	0 / 1	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.3	66.7	51.2	0 / 1	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	78	72	47	20	6	2
Number of transfers	72	69	45	19	5	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.2	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.9	54.0	39.0	50.0	5 / 6	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.1	39.1	24.4	7 / 19	4 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	44.9	31.1	11 / 19	5 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	11.6	6.7	1 / 19	0 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.8	56.5	37.8	12 / 19	5 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.9	65.2	46.7	15 / 19	5 / 5	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	41	54	77	24	14	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		155			154	
Number of transfers		86			142	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		67.1			60.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.2			34.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.2			40.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		25.6			19.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		70.9			59.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		86.0			72.5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Oregon Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CONSULTANTS
OREGON HEALTH & SCIENCE UNIVERSITY
PORTLAND, OREGON**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by David M. Lee, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	6%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 402 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		99	59	40	18	6	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)		5.1	15.3	5.0	3 / 18	0 / 6	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.8	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.8	36.0	30.6	9.4	1 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		5.5	7.3	6.3	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.2	30.5	20.0	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		18.2	33.9	22.5	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.1	5.1	12.5	1 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		26.3	39.0	35.0	1 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		34.3	44.1	42.5	3 / 18	2 / 6	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		76	44	33	13	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.7	40.9	24.2	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		23.7	45.5	27.3	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.5	6.8	15.2	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.2	52.3	42.4	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.7	59.1	51.5	3 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		58	27	9	10	0	1
Number of transfers		54	26	9	10	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.5	1.9	1.1	1.7	0.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.2	1.8		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		38.1	37.3	30.0	6 / 18		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.1	30.8	3 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.8	38.5	3 / 9	2 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.8	11.5	1 / 9	0 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		42.6	50.0	4 / 9	2 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		53.7	53.8	5 / 9	4 / 10		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		7	5	2	2	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		29			23		
Number of transfers		29			22		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.3			38.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		41.4			27.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		55.2			31.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.7			13.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		75.9			45.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		82.8			54.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ABINGTON REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, ABINGTON IVF AND GENETICS TOLL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES ABINGTON, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Stephen G. Somkuti, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	56%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 507 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	188	76	64	11	12	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.3	7.9	17.2	0 / 11	0 / 12	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.6	3.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.8	24.8	19.3	4.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.0	25.0	9.4	1 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	26.3	10.9	1 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	7.9	4.7	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	34.2	15.6	1 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.4	40.8	28.1	2 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	169	67	46	10	9	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	28.4	13.0	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	29.9	15.2	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	9.0	6.5	0 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.5	38.8	21.7	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.0	46.3	39.1	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	22	7	4	0	1
Number of transfers	50	21	7	4	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.5	3.5	1.3		1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.7	2.5		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.6	15.4	2 / 12	4 / 10		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	23.8	2 / 7	1 / 4		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	28.6	2 / 7	1 / 4		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.0	28.6	2 / 7	1 / 4		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	28.6	2 / 7	3 / 4		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	8	7	2	2	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		26		12		
Number of transfers		23		12		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7		2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		68.4		12.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.8		1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.5		1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		30.4		1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		73.9		2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		82.6		2 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine, Abington IVF and Genetics, Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY SOLUTIONS, PC ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bruce I. Rose, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	28%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 36 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	4	7	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	2.4	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.1	2 / 7	2 / 17	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	7 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 16	2 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	4	7	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 16	2 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			3		
Number of transfers	2			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility Solutions, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 58 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PENNSYLVANIA ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Wendy J. Schillings, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 32%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	55%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	32%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 223 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	9	3	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.7	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	74.4	7 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.0	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	1 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	30.8	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	69.2	4 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.1	4 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	7	2	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	36.4	3 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	81.8	4 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	86.4	4 / 7	2 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	17	14	4	2	0
Number of transfers	48	17	10	4	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.5	1.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.5	60.9	12 / 13	4 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	5 / 17	6 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	8 / 17	6 / 10	2 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	33.3	2 / 17	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.5	10 / 17	8 / 10	3 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.8	12 / 17	9 / 10	3 / 4	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	40	13	21	3	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 11			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 6			4 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Pennsylvania

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FAMILY FERTILITY CENTER BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by H. Christina Lee, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 80 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	8	10	7	1	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 19	0 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.7	2.0	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.1	7 / 16	3 / 15	3 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	12 / 19	4 / 8	1 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 19	4 / 8	3 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	8	9	7	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	12 / 19	4 / 8	1 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 19	4 / 8	3 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	5	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	9	5	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.7		1.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 13	3 / 8				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 9	3 / 5		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 9	3 / 5		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 5		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9	3 / 5		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9	3 / 5		1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	3	0	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 7			5 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6			4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			4 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Family Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MAIN LINE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BRYN MAWR, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael J. Glassner, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	23%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,158 (includes 49 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	267	121	121	63	21	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.5	10.7	13.2	12.7	23.8	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.9	3.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.9	28.1	16.7	12.4	2.3	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.6	6.8	5.1	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.3	23.1	14.9	11.1	4.8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	24.8	18.2	14.3	4.8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.2	9.1	5.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.1	33.9	24.0	14.3	4.8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.3	39.7	27.3	20.6	9.5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	233	97	91	36	13	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	28.9	19.8	19.4	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.0	30.9	24.2	25.0	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	11.3	7.7	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.9	42.3	31.9	25.0	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.4	49.5	36.3	36.1	2 / 13	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	109	47	47	28	9	6
Number of transfers	101	44	37	22	8	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6	2.3	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.6	18.8	18.5	37.1	0 / 18	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.8	13.6	13.5	13.6	0 / 8	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.8	15.9	13.5	18.2	0 / 8	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	4.5	2.7	9.1	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.7	20.5	16.2	27.3	0 / 8	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.6	29.5	27.0	45.5	0 / 8	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	28	33	30	34	14	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		51			74	
Number of transfers		49			69	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		42.9			26.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.6			20.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.7			20.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.2			4.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.9			26.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.2			39.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEISINGER MEDICAL CENTER FERTILITY PROGRAM DANVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jennifer Gell, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	17%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 124 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	23	14	5	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.7	8.7	1 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.7	14.6	0.0	1 / 3	0 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.7	0 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	21.7	0 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.6	21.7	0 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.1	21.7	0 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.5	26.1	2 / 14	3 / 5	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	21	13	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	23.8	0 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.2	23.8	0 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	23.8	0 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.5	28.6	2 / 13	3 / 3	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	8	3	4	2	0
Number of transfers	14	8	3	3	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.7	3.0	1.5	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	2.0	2.3	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.0	3 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 7	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			4		
Number of transfers	6			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 10			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Geisinger Medical Center Fertility Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PENN STATE MILTON S. HERSHEY MEDICAL CENTER HERSHEY, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William C. Dodson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	40%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 116 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	12	13	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.9	1 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.5	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.4	14.3	19.4	0 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.1	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.4	0 / 12	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.7	0 / 12	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	1 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.4	1 / 12	3 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.8	2 / 12	4 / 13	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	9	13	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	0 / 9	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	0 / 9	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	1 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.8	1 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	2 / 9	4 / 13	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	7	4	0	1	0
Number of transfers	22	5	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.2	3.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.5	2 / 6	1 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7	0 / 5	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	0 / 5	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	1 / 5	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.9	1 / 5	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.1	1 / 5	1 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	2	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PHILADELPHIA KING OF PRUSSIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Arthur J. Castelbaum, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 581 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	167	72	80	27	14	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.6	4.2	11.3	11.1	1 / 14	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.8	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.8	42.3	26.2	12.5	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.0	6.7	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	25.0	16.3	3.7	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	31.9	21.3	3.7	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.8	6.9	6.3	7.4	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	49.1	38.9	27.5	11.1	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.5	52.8	40.0	22.2	0 / 14	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	152	64	64	21	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	28.1	20.3	4.8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	35.9	26.6	4.8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.4	7.8	7.8	9.5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.9	43.8	34.4	14.3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.7	59.4	50.0	28.6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	54	33	20	5	0	0
Number of transfers	53	29	17	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.6	0.7	0.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.7	32.6	21.4	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	10.3	5 / 17	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.7	24.1	5 / 17	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	6.9	0 / 17	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.4	31.0	5 / 17	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.9	37.9	5 / 17	1 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	14	7	12	4	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		38			28	
Number of transfers		32			24	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.9			26.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		46.9			8.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		53.1			16.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.4			4.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		62.5			20.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.3			33.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Philadelphia

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY ASSOCIATES PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Leonore C. Huppert, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	66%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 35 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	8	4	3	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 1	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.8	3.0	4.0	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1	2 / 11	3 / 9	1 / 8	1 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1	2 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	2 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	2 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	2 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	6	3	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1	2 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	2 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	2 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	2 / 6	2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	4	1	0	1	0
Number of transfers	1	4	1	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.3	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	3.0		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2	3 / 8	2 / 3		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	2 / 4	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	2 / 4	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2		5		
Number of transfers		2		5		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 4		3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2		3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2		3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2		3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2		3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Gynecology Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JEFFERSON UNIVERSITY PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Caleb Kallen, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 42%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	54%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 27 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	3	3	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.7	3.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	2 / 4	2 / 8	0 / 10		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 14	0 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	7 / 14	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 14	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	14	2	3	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 14	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 14	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 14	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 14	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.0	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2	0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Jefferson University

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOCIETY HILL REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Maureen P. Kelly, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 88 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	5	7	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.7	0 / 5	2 / 7	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.7	1 / 5	6 / 10			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.0	0 / 2	0 / 5			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	1 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	1 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	0 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.7	1 / 5	3 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.3	1 / 5	4 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	3	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	1 / 3	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	1 / 3	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	0 / 3	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.8	1 / 3	3 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.5	1 / 3	4 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	4	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	9	4	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.8	0.3		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.3	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 16	2 / 5	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	3	4	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		7			5	
Number of transfers		5			5	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 10			3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 5			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 5			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 5			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			2 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Society Hill Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
PENN FERTILITY CARE
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Anuja Dokras, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 646 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	149	90	58	31	10	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	9.4	10.0	10.3	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.6	2.7	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.4	31.6	18.1	11.0	1 / 19	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	42.6	21.4	8.9	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.5	25.6	10.3	12.9	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	28.9	12.1	16.1	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	4.4	5.2	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.2	33.3	17.2	16.1	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.9	42.2	25.9	29.0	1 / 10	1 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	129	79	50	29	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.8	29.1	12.0	13.8	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.2	32.9	14.0	17.2	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.9	5.1	6.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.9	38.0	20.0	17.2	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.3	48.1	30.0	31.0	1 / 7	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	32	31	2	4	1
Number of transfers	69	31	28	2	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.2	2.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.9	3.0	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.6	28.9	14.9	1 / 6	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.8	19.4	7.1	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.2	25.8	7.1	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	3.2	3.6	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.8	29.0	10.7	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.0	48.4	32.1	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	39	18	25	13	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	26			23		
Number of transfers	24			20		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.0			46.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.7			25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.8			30.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3			5.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.2			35.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7			55.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Pennsylvania, Penn Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JONES INSTITUTE AT WEST PENN ALLEGHENY HEALTH SYSTEM PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bryan R. Hecht, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 54 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	7	2	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	3.0	1.5	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.4	2 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.0	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.4	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	21.7	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	21.7	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	6	1	2	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 18	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	2	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	2	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			4		
Number of transfers	4			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 8			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4			3 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS, INC. PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Judith L. Albert, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	28%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 329 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	105	57	24	11	4	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.0	15.8	20.8	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	33.8	37.8	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	32.5	26.3	2 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	21.1	20.8	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	21.1	20.8	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	7.0	8.3	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.8	28.1	33.3	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.5	38.6	37.5	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	91	43	18	8	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.6	27.9	5 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.0	27.9	5 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	9.3	2 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.6	37.2	8 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	51.2	9 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	21	9	6	0	0
Number of transfers	56	18	9	6	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.8	9.0	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.7	30.4	5 / 14	2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	2 / 18	3 / 9	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	4 / 18	4 / 9	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	1 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.6	5 / 18	4 / 9	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	7 / 18	5 / 9	2 / 6		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			8		
Number of transfers	10			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 14			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 10			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 10			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10			2 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH PHYSICIANS
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Anthony N. Wakim, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 735 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	181	69	31	29	13	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.0	7.2	19.4	17.2	1 / 13	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.7	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.9	24.7	11.5	4.9	1 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	37.2	14.6	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	15.9	9.7	3.4	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.4	18.8	12.9	3.4	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.9	4.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.3	23.2	12.9	3.4	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.2	27.5	19.4	10.3	1 / 13	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	133	49	22	16	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.8	22.4	13.6	1 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.8	26.5	18.2	1 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	6.1	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.1	32.7	18.2	1 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.3	38.8	27.3	3 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	160	60	34	17	11	4
Number of transfers	134	51	29	14	9	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	2.0	5.8	2.0	4.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.1	27.3	15.0	2 / 19	3 / 17	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	29.4	10.3	0 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.1	33.3	20.7	0 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	3.9	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.3	37.3	20.7	1 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.3	41.2	31.0	5 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	12	4	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		44		61		
Number of transfers		35		50		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		32.6		24.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.9		18.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.6		24.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.7		4.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.3		28.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		34.3		34.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Pittsburgh Physicians, Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND FERTILITY CENTER UPLAND, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Albert El-Roeiy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 35% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	30%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 196 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	32	26	2	3	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	17.9	15.6	15.4	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.5	25.0	18.2	0 / 2		0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.8	0 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.4	18.8	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.9	18.8	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	6.3	3.8	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.9	25.0	3.8	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	17.9	28.1	11.5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27	21	11	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	28.6	0 / 11	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	28.6	0 / 11	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	9.5	1 / 11	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	38.1	1 / 11	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	42.9	3 / 11	0 / 1		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	12	7	0	4	1
Number of transfers	31	12	7	0	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.9		1.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.6		2.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	13.8	28.6	2 / 18		0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	5 / 12	2 / 7		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	5 / 12	2 / 7		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 7		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	22.6	5 / 12	2 / 7		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.8	6 / 12	2 / 7		0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			3		
Number of transfers	3			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3			0 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Endocrinology and Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY RSC OF PENNSYLVANIA WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Isaac Sasson, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 326 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	96	38	19	7	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.2	18.4	3 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.5	26.2	4 / 19	3 / 6	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	48.6	19.0	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.7	15.8	3 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.8	15.8	3 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	5.3	0 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.8	21.1	3 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.0	21.1	4 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	73	24	11	3	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	25.0	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.4	25.0	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	8.3	0 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.4	33.3	3 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.2	33.3	4 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	17	19	5	1	1
Number of transfers	56	14	17	4	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.9	1.4	2.0	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.9	19.0	50.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.3	1 / 14	1 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.9	2 / 14	1 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	1 / 14	4 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	3 / 14	5 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.6	3 / 14	8 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	2	2	1	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	29			18		
Number of transfers	22			18		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.3			39.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.9			2 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9			4 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5			1 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5			5 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5			7 / 18		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC of Pennsylvania

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S CLINIC, LTD. WEST READING, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vincent A. Pellegrini, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 34% Female & male factors 58%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	48%	Male factor	64%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	48%	
				Endometriosis	26%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 105 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	14	11	10	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	17.0	5 / 14	1 / 11	3 / 10	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	3.0	3.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.3	35.0	3.7	0.0		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.4	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.6	1 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	1 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.9	3 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.2	4 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.7	4 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	9	9	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	1 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.9	1 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.3	3 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.1	4 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.4	4 / 9	1 / 9	1 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	1	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	7	1	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0		0		
Number of transfers		0		0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY CENTER, LLC YORK, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert B. Filer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	51%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 120 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	12	11	6	2	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	18.2	5 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	2 / 12	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	4 / 12	3 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	0 / 12	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.3	4 / 12	4 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.1	4 / 12	4 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	9	8	6	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	2 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	4 / 9	3 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	0 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.9	4 / 9	4 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	4 / 9	4 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	21	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.5	4 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	2 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	2 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			2		
Number of transfers	10			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 18			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 10			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 10			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Center, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PEDRO J. BEAUCHAMP, MD BAYAMON, PUERTO RICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	38%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 45%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	34%	
				Endometriosis	25%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 170 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	40	35	17	12	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.0	2.5	11.4	1 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	38.1	27.3	15.2	3 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.1	2.8	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.4	17.5	20.0	1 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	25.0	31.4	2 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	27.5	25.0	8.6	0 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	62.7	50.0	40.0	2 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.5	60.0	48.6	6 / 17	4 / 12	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	48	38	29	15	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	18.4	24.1	1 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	26.3	37.9	2 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	29.2	26.3	10.3	0 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.7	52.6	48.3	2 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	81.3	63.2	58.6	6 / 15	4 / 8	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	2	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	2	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	2.0	1.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.5	2.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 14	2 / 5	3 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5	2 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			0		
Number of transfers	4			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 9					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 4					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CLINICA DE FERTILIDAD HIMA-SAN PABLO CAGUAS, PUERTO RICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jose R. Cruz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	34%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 56 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	9	12	2	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	3.0	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.6	3 / 17	14.3	0 / 6	2 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.0	0 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	1 / 9	2 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	2 / 9	2 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	0 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.5	2 / 9	3 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.2	3 / 9	3 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	8	11	2	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7	1 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	2 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	0 / 8	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	2 / 8	3 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	3 / 8	3 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	3	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.3				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	2 / 3				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			0		
Number of transfers	3			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GREFI GYNECOLOGY, REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY & FERTILITY INSTITUTE SANTURCE, PUERTO RICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Rosa Ileana Cruz, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	7%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				3%
				Female & male factors				16%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 33 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		9	4	4	3	0	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0/9	0/4	1/4	0/3		1/1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.7	2.5	3.0	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1/16	2/10	1/9	2/7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0/6	0/4	0/3	0/2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1/9	1/4	0/4	0/3		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1/9	1/4	0/4	2/3		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0/9	0/4	0/4	0/3		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1/9	1/4	0/4	2/3		0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/9	2/4	1/4	2/3		0/1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		6	4	3	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1/6	1/4	0/3	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1/6	1/4	0/3	2/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/6	0/4	0/3	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1/6	1/4	0/3	2/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/6	2/4	1/3	2/3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	2	1	0	0	1
Number of transfers		2	2	1	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0		1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.5	2.0			3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0/4	0/3	0/2			0/3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/2	0/2	0/1			0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/2	0/2	0/1			0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/2	0/2	0/1			0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0/2	0/2	0/1			0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0/2	0/2	0/1			0/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			1		
Number of transfers		3			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1/3			2/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0/3			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0/3			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/3			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0/3			0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/3			1/1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: GREFI, Gynecology, Reproductive Endocrinology & Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN AND INFANTS' CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION AND INFERTILITY PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kelly Pagidas, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	27%	Female factors only	3%
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	8%	Female & male factors	5%
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	42%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 628 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	192	99	94	59	18	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.1	5.1	12.8	5.1	2 / 18	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.8	3.5	4.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.8	30.8	22.1	3.6	9.5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.3	6.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.8	29.3	7.4	3.4	2 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.3	30.3	11.7	3.4	2 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	10.1	13.8	1.7	0 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	27.6	40.4	25.5	5.1	2 / 18	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.9	47.5	29.8	13.6	6 / 18	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	168	91	74	52	13	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	31.9	9.5	3.8	2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.2	33.0	14.9	3.8	2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	11.0	17.6	1.9	0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.5	44.0	32.4	5.8	2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.7	51.6	37.8	15.4	6 / 13	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	63	38	27	5	3	1
Number of transfers	62	36	26	4	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.3	1.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.2	12.9	4.0	0 / 7	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.3	16.7	7.7	0 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.5	16.7	7.7	0 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.7	2.8	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	24.2	19.4	7.7	0 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.6	22.2	15.4	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	2	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	14			8		
Number of transfers	12			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.8			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 12			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12			2 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PIEDMONT REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY GROUP, PA GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John E. Nichols, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 264 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	101	36	19	6	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.0	5.6	2 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.2	3.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	37.2	17.6	1 / 17		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7.7	3.0	0 / 14	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.7	19.4	3 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.7	25.0	3 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	19.4	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.5	44.4	4 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.5	55.6	8 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	92	33	16	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.5	21.2	3 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	27.3	3 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	21.2	1 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.1	48.5	4 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.7	60.6	8 / 16	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	8	7	1	0	0
Number of transfers	51	8	7	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.7	4.0	7.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.5	2.1	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.9	3 / 12	5 / 15	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.7	1 / 8	3 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	1 / 8	4 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.7	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.1	2 / 8	4 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.9	2 / 8	5 / 7	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15		16		
Number of transfers		14		16		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		59.3		23.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 14		4 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 14		4 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 14		1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 14		5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 14		6 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology Group, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY MEDICAL GROUP, DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY FERTILITY CENTER OF THE CAROLINAS GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Paul B. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	25%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 141 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	22	15	5	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.7	13.6	2 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.8	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.9	24.3	23.3	0 / 14	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.4	1 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	18.2	4 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	22.7	4 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	9.1	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	31.8	5 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.5	31.8	6 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	18	13	5	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.2	4 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.9	5 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	2 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	7 / 18	5 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.2	7 / 18	6 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	4	6	1	0	0
Number of transfers	20	3	6	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.5	3.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	4 / 5	6 / 12	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.0	0 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	0 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	2 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.0	2 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	2 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			3		
Number of transfers	6			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 11			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Medical Group, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Fertility Center of the Carolinas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COASTAL FERTILITY SPECIALISTS MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John Schnorr, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 453 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	132	67	29	15	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.8	4.5	10.3	2 / 15	2 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.5	39.6	32.4	17.2	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	31.3	5.8	1 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.7	22.4	13.8	3 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	26.9	17.2	3 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	13.4	10.3	1 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.6	40.3	27.6	4 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.4	47.8	37.9	5 / 15	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	100	53	18	13	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.0	28.3	4 / 18	3 / 13	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	34.0	5 / 18	3 / 13	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.0	17.0	3 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.0	50.9	8 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.0	60.4	11 / 18	5 / 13	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	24	19	9	7	0
Number of transfers	73	22	16	6	7	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.2	1.8		7.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.1	34.3	25.0	3 / 9	1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.7	27.3	4 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.9	36.4	4 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.8	4.5	0 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.7	40.9	4 / 16	2 / 6	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.3	50.0	5 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 7	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		30			24	
Number of transfers		28			21	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		77.3			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.4			28.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.6			38.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		42.9			14.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		71.4			52.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		82.1			52.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Coastal Fertility Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SOUTHEASTERN FERTILITY CENTER, PA
MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

ADVANCED FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY WEST COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gail F. Whitman-Elia, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	38%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 287 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	14	29	11	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.9	0 / 14	3.4	1 / 11	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.7	4.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.0	26.1	12.7	7.1	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	3 / 14	17.2	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	3 / 14	17.2	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	1 / 14	3.4	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.4	4 / 14	20.7	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.2	5 / 14	24.1	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	12	23	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.4	3 / 12	21.7	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	3 / 12	21.7	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	1 / 12	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.6	4 / 12	26.1	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	5 / 12	30.4	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	29	14	2	3	0
Number of transfers	50	28	14	1	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.3	1.6	0.3	3.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.8	25.0	19.4	1 / 3	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	14.3	3 / 14	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	21.4	4 / 14	1 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	10.7	1 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.0	32.1	5 / 14	1 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	42.9	5 / 14	1 / 1	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	31	17	5	3	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			9		
Number of transfers	9			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	11 / 19			15.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 9			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 9			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			2 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility & Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANFORD WOMEN'S HEALTH SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Keith A. Hansen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	28%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	45%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 336 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	150	47	25	12	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.3	12.8	16.0	0 / 12	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.8	41.1	13.8	0 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.0	11.1	1 / 11	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.3	19.1	12.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	21.3	12.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.7	10.6	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.7	31.9	12.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.3	38.3	16.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	130	35	14	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.3	25.7	3 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	28.6	3 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	14.3	0 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	42.9	3 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	51.4	4 / 14	0 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	22	7	1	0	4
Number of transfers	52	19	6	1	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.9	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.3	23.5	2 / 12	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.8	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.6	5 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	17.3	6 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	21.2	7 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			1		
Number of transfers	4			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 7					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sanford Women's Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER, LLC CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Barry W. Donesky, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 213 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	14	12	6	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.1	4 / 14	4 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 7					
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 4					
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.3	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.4	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9.4	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9.4	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	15	9	2	0	1
Number of transfers	61	13	9	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.3	1.8	2.0	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.2	23.8	7 / 16	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.5	2 / 13	5 / 9	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.7	2 / 13	5 / 9	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.6	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.9	2 / 13	5 / 9	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.5	5 / 13	6 / 9	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	2	1	1	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11		19		
Number of transfers		5		15		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 7		38.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 5		5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 5		7 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5		1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 5		8 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 5		9 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TENNESSEE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ringland S. Murray, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	19%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 139 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	24	16	2	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	7.8	0.0	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.6	2.5	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.8	40.5	6 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.0	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	29.2	2 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.2	29.2	5 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.6	8.3	0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.8	37.5	5 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.7	50.0	5 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	19	10	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.5	7 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.8	7 / 19	5 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.9	2 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	69.8	9 / 19	5 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.4	12 / 19	5 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	8	6	0	0	0
Number of transfers	17	8	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	4.3	2.7	3.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.3	4 / 15	1 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 17	4 / 8	1 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			4		
Number of transfers	7			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 11			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 7			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7			1 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Tennessee Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

QUILLEN FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S SERVICES JOHNSON CITY, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Norman A. Assad, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	39%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	38%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 84 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	15	10	2	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.0	1 / 15	1 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.0	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.8	24.0	15.0	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.5	5 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.0	5 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	0 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.5	5 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	7 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	36	14	9	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6	5 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.9	5 / 14	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.2	5 / 14	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	7 / 14	3 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	4	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	5	3	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.3	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 8	0 / 4	2 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			1	
Number of transfers		1			0	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Quillen Fertility and Women's Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST TENNESSEE IVF AND ANDROLOGY CENTER KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gayla Harris, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	47%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	12%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 41% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	47%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 17 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	2	4	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 18	1 / 4	1 / 6			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	2	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: East Tennessee IVF and Andrology Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SOUTHEASTERN FERTILITY CENTER
JEFFREY A. KEENAN, MD, HCLD
KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	<1%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	4%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 177 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	5	1	0	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1		1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	3.0		4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.2	2 / 8	1 / 3		0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 16	1 / 5	1 / 1		0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	4	1	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 1		0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	4	2	0	1	0
Number of transfers	7	4	1	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	4.0			0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	3.0		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 15	2 / 8	2 / 3		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			137		
Number of transfers	0			128		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				30.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				35.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				10.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				47.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				54.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southeastern Fertility Center, Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD, HCLD

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KUTTEH KE FERTILITY ASSOCIATES OF MEMPHIS, PLLC MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Raymond W. Ke, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 403 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	95	33	25	10	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.3	12.1	20.0	1 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.1	25.5	20.0	2 / 18	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.8	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	21.2	16.0	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.1	21.2	16.0	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.9	6.1	8.0	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.1	27.3	24.0	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.5	33.3	28.0	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	83	28	19	8	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.9	25.0	4 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.3	25.0	4 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.7	7.1	2 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.0	32.1	6 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.6	39.3	7 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	84	28	17	9	3	1
Number of transfers	72	21	14	6	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.8	1.2	0.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.6	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.2	50.0	20.8	4 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	23.8	1 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.4	23.8	3 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.2	19.0	0 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	42.9	3 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.7	61.9	6 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	36	9	3	2	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			23	
Number of transfers		12			20	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 19			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 12			30.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 12			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 12			10.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 12			45.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 12			55.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Kutteh Ke Fertility Associates of Memphis, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jaime M. Vasquez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 57%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	48%	Male factor	73%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 129 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	15	9	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.0	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	1.7	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.8	14.3	0 / 12	1 / 15		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.2	2 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.3	2 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.0	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.4	2 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.6	5 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	13	7	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.4	2 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.2	2 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.3	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	20.5	2 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.1	5 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	3	1	2	1	1
Number of transfers	11	3	1	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	3.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.5	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.9	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			18		
Number of transfers	13			17		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.8			35.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 13			3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 13			3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 13			6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 13			9 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 13			9 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NASHVILLE FERTILITY CENTER NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George A. Hill, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 28% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	26%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	35%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 556 (includes 39 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	142	65	42	7	6	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	12.0	10.8	11.9	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.2	3.0	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.9	30.4	27.1	1 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	37.5	4.1	3.8	0 / 4		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	23.1	11.9	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	26.2	23.8	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	12.3	4.8	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.0	38.5	31.0	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.6	44.6	35.7	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	115	57	33	6	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.5	26.3	15.2	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	29.8	30.3	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	14.0	6.1	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.0	43.9	39.4	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	50.9	45.5	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	94	48	17	9	0	1
Number of transfers	87	40	16	6	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	2.0	1.6	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.6	36.2	34.5	2 / 8		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	32.5	6 / 16	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	37.5	8 / 16	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	7.5	0 / 16	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.0	47.5	8 / 16	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.3	52.5	9 / 16	3 / 6		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	12	9	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			40		
Number of transfers	6			36		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 10			30.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6			22.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6			25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			11.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6			36.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6			44.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Nashville Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AUSTIN FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-WESTLAKE IVF AUSTIN, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Shahryar K. Kavoussi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 143 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	21	27	18	1	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.3	4.8	14.8	1 / 18	1 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	3.0	2.6		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.7	9.1	5.3	12.5		0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.6	0 / 19	0 / 17	0 / 12		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	14.3	3.7	1 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.5	14.3	3.7	1 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.6	14.3	3.7	1 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	23.8	7.4	4 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	39	20	19	14	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	15.0	1 / 19	1 / 14		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	15.0	1 / 19	1 / 14		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 14		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.6	15.0	1 / 19	1 / 14		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.8	25.0	2 / 19	4 / 14		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	2	8	2	1	0
Number of transfers	10	2	8	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	1.0	1.6	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	1.9	2.5	6.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15.0	1 / 3	3 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 10	1 / 2	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			1	
Number of transfers		5			1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 9			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 5			0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Austin Fertility and Reproductive Medicine-Westlake IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AUSTIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE, PA AUSTIN, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kenneth K. Moghadam, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 237 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	73	27	22	10	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.4	3.7	4.5	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.8	2.9	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.0	35.9	20.0	7.7	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	16.0	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.4	14.8	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.2	22.2	4.5	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	11.1	9.1	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.8	33.3	13.6	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.1	37.0	22.7	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	51	19	12	9	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	4 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	6 / 19	1 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.7	3 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.2	9 / 19	3 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.1	10 / 19	5 / 12	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	22	13	4	1	0
Number of transfers	43	22	13	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.2	1.9	4.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.9	34.1	20.8	2 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	22.7	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.9	27.3	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.6	9.1	1 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.5	36.4	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.5	45.5	4 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			8		
Number of transfers	11			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 15			4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 11			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 11			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 11			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 11			3 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Austin Fertility Institute, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**RMATX.COM, PLLC
RMA OF TEXAS-AUSTIN
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Francisco Arredondo, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	29%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				14%
				Female & male factors				14%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 15 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		5	1	3	1	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0/5	0/1	0/3	0/1	0/2	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.0	2.5	3.0	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5/6	0/1	2/5	0/3	0/6	0/4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		4/5		0/2	0/1	0/2	0/1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2/5	0/1	0/3	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2/5	0/1	0/3	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1/5	0/1	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3/5	0/1	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		4/5	0/1	1/3	0/1	0/2	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		5	1	2	1	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2/5	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2/5	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1/5	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3/5	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4/5	0/1	1/2	0/1	0/2	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval				0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1		
Number of transfers		0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					1/1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: RMATX.COM, PLLC, RMA of Texas-Austin					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**TEXAS FERTILITY CENTER
VAUGHN, SILVERBERG & ASSOCIATES
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kaylen Silverberg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,122 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	195	116	128	65	28	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.1	5.2	8.6	21.5	14.3	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.5	2.9	3.9	6.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	28.2	15.3	7.9	9.0	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	52.0	27.9	4.6	3.3	0 / 16	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.5	10.3	10.2	3.1	7.1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	12.9	10.9	6.2	10.7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	8.6	3.1	1.5	3.6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.7	21.6	14.1	7.7	14.3	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.3	23.3	19.5	13.8	17.9	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	138	73	73	32	17	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	16.4	17.8	6.3	2 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.2	20.5	19.2	12.5	3 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	13.7	5.5	3.1	1 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.6	34.2	24.7	15.6	4 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.7	37.0	34.2	28.1	5 / 17	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	145	98	75	26	8	4
Number of transfers	137	89	66	19	7	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.7	3.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.9	43.3	38.0	42.4	5 / 15	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.6	24.7	27.3	8 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.0	32.6	36.4	10 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.6	7.9	6.1	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.5	40.4	42.4	10 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.2	56.2	53.0	12 / 19	4 / 7	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	17	22	11	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		93			84	
Number of transfers		85			79	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.4			46.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.1			25.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		48.2			39.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.7			7.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.9			46.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		68.2			58.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Texas Fertility Center, Vaughn, Silverberg & Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**DR. JEFFREY YOUNGKIN
AUSTIN FERTILITY CENTER
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey T. Youngkin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 31% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	15%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	46%	Unknown factor	31%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 14 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	3	3	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.0	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3	3 / 4	3 / 7			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 3			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	2	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3	2 / 2	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3	2 / 2	2 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7		2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0		1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 2		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 2		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2		0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dr. Jeffrey Youngkin, Austin Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION BEDFORD, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kevin J. Doody, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 522 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	134	56	37	18	15	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.5	1.8	2.7	0 / 18	3 / 15	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.8	27.4	18.2	10.0	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.3	17.9	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.9	21.4	18.9	0 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	26.8	21.6	0 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.4	3.6	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.3	30.4	21.6	0 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	41.1	27.0	4 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	125	51	31	16	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	23.5	22.6	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	29.4	25.8	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.8	3.9	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.6	33.3	25.8	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.4	45.1	32.3	4 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	40	23	19	2	0
Number of transfers	79	37	23	19	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.2	1.6	3.8	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.6	25.0	20.5	24.3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.1	16.2	17.4	7 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.5	21.6	21.7	8 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	5.4	4.3	0 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.1	27.0	26.1	8 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.6	40.5	34.8	10 / 19	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	14	11	10	4	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		13			37	
Number of transfers		12			37	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.7			48.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 12			18.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 12			35.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 12			21.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 12			56.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 12			64.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Assisted Reproduction

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**TRINITY INVITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM
CARROLLTON, TEXAS**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

DALLAS-FORT WORTH FERTILITY ASSOCIATES DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel J. Chantilis, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 34%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 696 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	188	84	74	34	24	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)	8.0	9.5	20.3	29.4	41.7	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.2	33.1	27.7	16.0	2.9	1 / 13
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.8	18.8	2.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	19.0	12.2	8.8	0.0	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	21.4	16.2	14.7	0.0	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	8.3	4.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.6	31.0	23.0	14.7	0.0	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.7	39.3	32.4	26.5	4.2	1 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	161	69	57	22	12	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2	23.2	15.8	13.6	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	26.1	21.1	22.7	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.1	10.1	5.3	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.7	37.7	29.8	22.7	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.2	47.8	42.1	40.9	1 / 12	1 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	60	43	19	6	5	0
Number of transfers	59	43	19	6	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.9	38.3	39.3	1 / 8	3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.2	25.6	3 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	34.9	5 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	2.3	1 / 19	0 / 6	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.3	37.2	7 / 19	1 / 6	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	58.1	9 / 19	2 / 6	2 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	18	16	23	9	8	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	41			36		
Number of transfers	38			33		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	72.6			34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	44.7			12.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.3			18.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.3			9.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	81.6			27.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	89.5			36.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dallas-Fort Worth Fertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Orhan Bukulmez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 155 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	8	4	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.7	2.0	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.0	4 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	8	3	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 16	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 16	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	10	9	3	8	0
Number of transfers	18	8	8	2	7	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	4 / 14	1 / 16	2 / 4	25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 18	3 / 8	1 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	3 / 8	1 / 8	1 / 2	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 18	3 / 8	1 / 8	1 / 2	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 18	4 / 8	1 / 8	1 / 2	4 / 7	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	25	18	14	3	8	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by J. Michael Putman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 34%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 163 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	9	10	4	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.5	1 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.1	3.0	1.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	62.5	8 / 16	4 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.1	0 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.9	2 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.4	3 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	32.3	2 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	54.8	5 / 9	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.5	5 / 9	3 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27	8	8	2	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.8	2 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.2	3 / 8	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	37.0	2 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.0	5 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.1	5 / 8	3 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	14	12	4	3	0
Number of transfers	23	14	12	4	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.0	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.3	2.4	2.3	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.4	55.6	33.3	2 / 9	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	2 / 14	1 / 12	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	5 / 14	1 / 12	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.7	1 / 14	3 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.5	8 / 14	4 / 12	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.5	12 / 14	6 / 12	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	6	12	5	6	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 11			5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6			4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			4 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Dallas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF INSTITUTE, PA DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Noel Peng, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	80%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 36% Female & male factors 44%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	33%	Ovulatory dysfunction	44%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 60 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		4	2	3	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.5	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 8	2 / 5	2 / 9			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4	2 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4	2 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		4 / 4	2 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 4	2 / 2	2 / 3			
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		4	2	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4	2 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4	2 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 4	2 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 4	2 / 2	2 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		6	8	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers		6	7	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.4	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.3	2.3		3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 14	10 / 16		1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6	2 / 7		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6	2 / 7		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6	2 / 7		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6	5 / 7		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6	6 / 7		1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		14	12	1	5	3	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			1			0	
Number of transfers			1			0	
Average number of embryos transferred			3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 1				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: IVF Institute, PA					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPROMED FERTILITY CENTER DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Anil Pinto, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	9%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	21%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 113 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	10	11	2	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.3	3 / 19	7 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.4	3 / 10	3 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	25.0	0 / 10	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	59.4	3 / 10	4 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.6	3 / 10	6 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	10	9	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.4	3 / 10	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	25.0	0 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.4	3 / 10	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.6	3 / 10	6 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	8	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers	12	8	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.6	0.3	1.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.9	7 / 16	5 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 12	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 12	5 / 8	3 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 12	5 / 8	3 / 3	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	3	9	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			1	
Number of transfers		5			1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 10			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 5			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: ReproMed Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Walid Saleh, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	52%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 274 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		74	31	13	13	5	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		2.7	0.0	0 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.2	1.8	2.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.8	37.5	10 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		8.5	1 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.7	16.1	3 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.4	22.6	4 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		21.6	6.5	0 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		51.4	35.5	4 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.5	38.7	6 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		65	22	9	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.2	22.7	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.3	31.8	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		24.6	9.1	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.5	50.0	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.7	54.5	6 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		30	15	11	3	1	0
Number of transfers		27	14	11	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	1.4	1.0	0.4	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.9	2.2	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.4	30.8	25.0	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.9	2 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.9	2 / 14	4 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.2	2 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.1	4 / 14	4 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		51.9	5 / 14	5 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		3	6	6	3	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		31			28		
Number of transfers		24			27		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.5			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		16.7			25.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.8			25.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.8			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		41.7			29.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.3			40.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TEXAS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Samuel P. Marynick, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	19%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	35%	Female factors only	25%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	57%	Other factor	45%	Female & male factors	31%
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	0%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 76 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		17	9	6	3	0	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.0	2.6	2.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.1	6 / 18	2 / 13	0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 17	2 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		12 / 17	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 17	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		16	9	5	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 16	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 16	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 16	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	2	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers		7	2	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		3.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0	1.7	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 12	3 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		2	4	4	0	1	0

Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f		
	Number of cycles		5		10	
Number of transfers		5		10		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 9		25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5		2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 5		2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5		1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5		3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 5		4 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Texas Center for Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE WOMEN'S PLACE DESOTO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lisa A. King, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Male factor	80%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 5 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 4					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 7					
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 3					
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4					
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Women's Place

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	No	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER DICKINSON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John Y. Phelps, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 32% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	38%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 60 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	8	4	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.4	2.5	3.7	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.5	8 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	4 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.7	4 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	7	4	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.8	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.7	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.1	4 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.2	4 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	3	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	6	2	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	3.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 9	1 / 4	2 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			2		
Number of transfers	1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA EL PASO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Luis S. Noble, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	33%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 112 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		23	13	12	5	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		8.7	0 / 13	4 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.5	2.4	3.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.8	13.3	4 / 17	1 / 16		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.4	1 / 13	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		39.1	1 / 13	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		13.0	1 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		52.2	2 / 13	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.2	3 / 13	4 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		19	12	7	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 19	1 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 19	1 / 12	3 / 7	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 19	2 / 12	3 / 7	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		15 / 19	3 / 12	4 / 7	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		13	7	15	4	1	1
Number of transfers		13	7	15	4	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.6	1.8	3.8			1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.1	1.9	2.3	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.0	4 / 15	27.6	1 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 13	1 / 7	2 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 13	1 / 7	2 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 13	1 / 7	3 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 13	3 / 7	7 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		3	4	1	0	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		5			3		
Number of transfers		5			2		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 8			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 5			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 5			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Southwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT SAM HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jamie A. Massie, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	37%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 119 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	34	21	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.7	0.0	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.1			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.2	36.8	12.2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.7	6.5	1 / 18			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.6	26.5	19.0			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.9	26.5	23.8			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.2	14.7	0.0			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.1	41.2	23.8			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.3	55.9	23.8			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	61	33	20	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	27.3	20.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.7	27.3	25.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.0	15.2	0.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.7	42.4	25.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	57.6	25.0			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brooke Army Medical Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FORT WORTH FERTILITY, PA FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert Kaufmann, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	28%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	19%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 537 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	154	61	35	12	6	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.6	4.9	8.6	1 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8	25.6	31.3	0 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.3	4.9	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	23.0	17.1	0 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.4	26.2	20.0	0 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.0	1.6	2.9	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.4	27.9	22.9	0 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.0	34.4	25.7	0 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	101	47	18	8	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.7	29.8	6 / 18	0 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	34.0	7 / 18	0 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.8	2.1	1 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.5	36.2	8 / 18	0 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.4	44.7	9 / 18	0 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	108	29	20	4	1	2
Number of transfers	108	28	20	4	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	25.6	21.9	2 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.4	14.3	20.0	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	14.3	25.0	1 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	3.6	5.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.1	17.9	30.0	1 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.3	42.9	35.0	1 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	4	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		47			27	
Number of transfers		38			27	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.9			28.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.3			18.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.2			22.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		26.3			11.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.5			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		68.4			40.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fort Worth Fertility, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

DALLAS IVF FRISCO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Brian D. Barnett, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	39%	Female factors only	5%
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	6%	Female & male factors	16%
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	18%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 504 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		145	76	60	25	5	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)		4.1	3.9	21.7	8.0	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.0	36.4	33.8	10.8	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		25.2	15.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.5	17.1	18.3	8.0	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.7	25.0	21.7	8.0	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		11.7	10.5	6.7	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		44.1	35.5	28.3	8.0	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.6	44.7	35.0	20.0	1 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		122	63	40	16	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.3	20.6	27.5	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.7	30.2	32.5	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.9	12.7	10.0	0 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.5	42.9	42.5	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.6	54.0	52.5	5 / 16	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		45	37	15	3	0	0
Number of transfers		45	37	15	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	1.6	1.1	0.4	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.6	1.3	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		65.7	49.2	10 / 19	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.1	13.5	4 / 15	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.4	27.0	6 / 15	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		24.4	10.8	1 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		68.9	37.8	7 / 15	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.3	59.5	8 / 15	3 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		29	8	9	6	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		29			8		
Number of transfers		26			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		68.9			6 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.8			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.5			4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		30.8			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		69.2			5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		76.9			6 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Dallas IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF TEXAS, PLLC FRISCO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jerald S. Goldstein, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 302 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	109	39	52	21	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.6	2.6	21.2	33.3	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.4	3.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.1	42.7	27.3	4.5	2 / 16	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	35.9	23.1	9.5	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.9	43.6	25.0	9.5	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	27.5	12.8	5.8	0.0	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.4	56.4	30.8	9.5	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.7	61.5	38.5	9.5	1 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	96	37	37	13	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	37.8	32.4	2 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	45.9	35.1	2 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	31.3	13.5	8.1	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.3	59.5	43.2	2 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	64.9	54.1	2 / 13	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	9	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	23	9	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	3.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.4	2.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.8	2 / 13	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	2 / 9	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.5	2 / 9	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.4	0 / 9	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.9	2 / 9	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2	2 / 9	1 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	2	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	17			13		
Number of transfers	15			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	69.6			9 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 15			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 15			1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 15			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 15			4 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	14 / 15			8 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists of Texas, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FRISCO INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FRISCO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rinku V. Mehta, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 198 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	22	21	6	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.8	9.1	19.0	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.6	32.4	26.3	9.5	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.4	4 / 18	0 / 17	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	22.7	4.8	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	27.3	9.5	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.8	13.6	14.3	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.6	40.9	23.8	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.9	40.9	28.6	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	55	20	17	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	25.0	1 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.9	30.0	2 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.4	15.0	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.3	45.0	5 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	45.0	6 / 17	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	14	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	27	14	3	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.6	0.4	2.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.3	41.7	3 / 6	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.7	4 / 14	2 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.4	4 / 14	3 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	1 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.9	5 / 14	3 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	8 / 14	3 / 3	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	22	4	7	1	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Frisco Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF TEXAS HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael A. Allon, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	4%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 343 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	7	5	1	1	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.6	5 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 14	3 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 14	3 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 14	4 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 14	4 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	14	7	4	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 14	3 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 14	3 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 14	4 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 14	4 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	14	17	9	3	5
Number of transfers	80	14	17	9	2	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	16.1	34.1	2 / 17	2 / 2	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	3 / 14	4 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.0	3 / 14	5 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.8	1 / 14	3 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.8	4 / 14	8 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.3	5 / 14	10 / 17	3 / 9	2 / 2	1 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	61	22	30	16	5	14
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	15			18		
Number of transfers	15			17		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2			24.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 15			5 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 15			6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 15			0 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 15			6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 15			6 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Center of Texas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BAYLOR FAMILY FERTILITY PROGRAM HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by William E. Gibbons, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 196 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		41	24	15	17	2	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		9.8	29.2	1 / 15	4 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.9	2.9	3.2	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		19.6	30.8	13.8	0.0	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		42.3	2 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 13	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		12.2	12.5	1 / 15	0 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		12.2	16.7	1 / 15	0 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2.4	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		14.6	16.7	1 / 15	0 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		19.5	29.2	2 / 15	0 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		27	14	10	13	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.5	3 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 13	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		18.5	4 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 13	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.7	0 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 13	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		22.2	4 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 13	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		29.6	7 / 14	2 / 10	0 / 13	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		29	14	12	4	0	0
Number of transfers		26	12	9	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	1.5	1.0	1.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.8	1.8	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.5	33.3	5 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.1	3 / 12	3 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.9	3 / 12	4 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.7	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.6	4 / 12	4 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.7	5 / 12	5 / 9	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		10	3	3	1	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		9			8		
Number of transfers		4			6		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 7			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 4			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 4			1 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Baylor Family Fertility Program					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COOPER INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by C. James Chuong, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	41%	Uterine factor	25%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 54%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	65%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 144 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	10	16	12	5	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 10	6 / 16	2 / 12	3 / 5	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.8	12.0	8.0	17.4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	2 / 10	1 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.8	3 / 10	2 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	0 / 10	0 / 16	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	21.1	3 / 10	2 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.7	3 / 10	2 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	29	9	8	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	2 / 9	1 / 8	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	3 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.6	3 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.0	3 / 9	2 / 8	2 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	4	4	2	0	0
Number of transfers	19	4	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.8	1.3	0.5		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	2.0	2.5	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.2	0 / 8	3 / 10	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 19	0 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 19	0 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	2	2	0	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	14			11		
Number of transfers	12			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5			2.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.0			25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 12			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12			3 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cooper Institute for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF HOUSTON HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George M. Grunert, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,008 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	144	55	42	21	13	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	13.2	9.1	9.5	9.5	1 / 13	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.8	13.1	11.4	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	32.7	13.8	0 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	5.5	9.5	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.7	7.3	9.5	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	3.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.3	10.9	9.5	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.6	16.4	11.9	9.5	2 / 13	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	112	34	25	9	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	8.8	16.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	11.8	16.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.8	5.9	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.3	17.6	16.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.3	26.5	20.0	2 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	180	86	75	21	14	13
Number of transfers	165	74	67	15	10	12
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.2	37.0	30.8	50.0	3 / 12	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	24.3	22.4	5 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.8	37.8	29.9	8 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.9	2.7	4.5	1 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.7	40.5	34.3	9 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.8	58.1	43.3	10 / 15	5 / 10	3 / 12
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	79	55	75	35	14	13
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		42			28	
Number of transfers		38			24	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		49.2			38.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.8			29.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.2			4.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.2			37.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.1			50.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists of Houston

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE HEARD CLINIC HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael Heard, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	10%	Used PGD	20%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	10%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	31%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 18 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	5	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.0	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Heard Clinic

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 8 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON FERTILITY INSTITUTE HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ghassan F. Haddad, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,037 (includes 84 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	254	109	67	51	19	5
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.6	3.7	6.0	7.8	4 / 19	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.6	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.8	36.0	24.8	10.0	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7.9	4.8	4.5	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	17.4	16.4	5.9	1 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.0	20.2	16.4	5.9	1 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.5	11.9	4.5	2.0	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.5	33.0	20.9	7.8	1 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.9	45.0	34.3	13.7	3 / 19	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	224	95	52	34	12	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	20.0	21.2	8.8	1 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.5	23.2	21.2	8.8	1 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.8	13.7	5.8	2.9	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.2	37.9	26.9	11.8	1 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	51.6	44.2	20.6	3 / 12	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	352	153	108	45	16	11
Number of transfers	339	148	101	39	15	11
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.9	56.1	45.2	41.8	10.3	7 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.1	30.4	35.6	30.8	1 / 15	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	38.5	45.5	41.0	3 / 15	3 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.2	16.2	5.0	0.0	0 / 15	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.9	55.4	51.5	41.0	3 / 15	5 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.0	70.3	66.3	66.7	4 / 15	5 / 11
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	265	99	111	63	28	22
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	56			119		
Number of transfers	54			112		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.2			37.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9			24.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3			32.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.1			8.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.4			41.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.9			56.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Houston Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON INFERTILITY CLINIC SONJA KRISTIENSEN, MD HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sonja B. Kristiansen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	17%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 133 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	20	15	7	9	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.1	5.0	4 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 9	3 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.6	2.3	1.3	1.9	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.6	24.0	33.3	2 / 5	0 / 13	2 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	2 / 19	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.2	35.0	2 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.3	35.0	3 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	10.0	2 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.6	45.0	5 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.7	50.0	5 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 9	2 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	19	9	4	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.6	7 / 19	2 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	7 / 19	3 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	2 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	9 / 19	5 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	10 / 19	5 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 7	2 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	4	1	4	1	1
Number of transfers	8	3	1	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.7	3.0		2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 15	4 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	3 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			1		
Number of transfers	5			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 14			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 5			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Houston Infertility Clinic, Sonja Kristiansen, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON IVF HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Timothy N. Hickman, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 686 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		157	101	68	30	10	6
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	2.0	5.9	3.3	0 / 10	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.2	2.7	3.2	2.7	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.7	35.8	19.3	13.5	11.1	0 / 12
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.8	19.8	19.1	13.3	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.9	26.7	23.5	16.7	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		22.3	16.8	5.9	6.7	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		53.5	45.5	30.9	23.3	2 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.2	52.5	38.2	33.3	2 / 10	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		157	96	62	29	10	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.8	20.8	21.0	13.8	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.9	28.1	25.8	17.2	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.3	17.7	6.5	6.9	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.5	47.9	33.9	24.1	2 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.2	55.2	41.9	34.5	2 / 10	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		85	49	30	8	0	1
Number of transfers		82	46	30	8	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.7	2.0	1.6		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.0	33.3	31.6	3 / 13		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.7	34.8	23.3	2 / 8		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.4	43.5	30.0	2 / 8		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.8	2.2	10.0	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.1	45.7	43.3	2 / 8		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.9	54.3	50.0	2 / 8		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		36	23	22	9	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		28			20		
Number of transfers		28			20		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		61.8			36.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.0			10.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.1			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		39.3			25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		71.4			45.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			45.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Houston IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVFMD IRVING, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sy Le, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	25%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 518 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	126	34	38	7	1	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1.6	2.9	2.6	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.1	3.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.3	30.2	28.1	0 / 13		0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.1	10.7	3.0	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	17.6	15.8	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	23.5	26.3	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	8.8	7.9	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.6	32.4	34.2	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.9	38.2	42.1	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	117	28	36	7	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.4	21.4	16.7	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	28.6	27.8	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	10.7	8.3	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.6	39.3	36.1	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	46.4	44.4	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	78	39	35	10	1	1
Number of transfers	78	39	35	10	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.1	1.3	0.5	0.2	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.2	22.0	36.4	10.0	1 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.5	10.3	28.6	2 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.9	10.3	37.1	2 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	10.3	8.6	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.4	20.5	45.7	2 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.3	41.0	57.1	2 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	24	34	20	18	6	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		28			11	
Number of transfers		25			11	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.2			54.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.0			0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.0			0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		32.0			4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0			4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.0			6 / 11	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVFMD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE SURGERY
TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
LUBBOCK, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Jennifer L. Phy, DO				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	22%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 64 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		26	5	4	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.5	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.4	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		11.5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.9	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.6	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		15.4	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		50.0	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.5	2 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		26	4	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.9	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.6	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.4	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.5	2 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		12	3	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers		9	2	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3		3.0			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	3.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 17	0 / 6	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		5	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			0			2	
Number of transfers			0			2	
Average number of embryos transferred						1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						0 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center for Fertility and Reproductive Surgery, Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTRE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LUBBOCK, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Janelle O. Dorsett, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	24%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 41% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	7%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	40%	
				Endometriosis	36%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 154 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	6	10	5	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.0	0 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	6 / 9	4 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.5	1 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	1 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.0	2 / 6	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.0	3 / 6	3 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	5	7	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16	1 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	1 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 16	2 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 16	3 / 5	3 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	3	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	32	3	3	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	1 / 6	5 / 6	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.9	1 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.1	1 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.9	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	1 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	1 / 3	3 / 3	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	27	4	5	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		7			5	
Number of transfers		5			4	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 10			5 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 5			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 5			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 5			3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 5			4 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Centre for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE OF SOUTH TEXAS McALLEN, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Esteban O. Brown, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	38%	Uterine factor	29%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 34%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	41%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 154 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		65	23	18	7	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		4.6	4.3	1 / 18	1 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.2	2.1	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.3	20.0	15.4	1 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	1 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		10.8	17.4	2 / 18	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		13.8	21.7	2 / 18	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		20.0	4.3	0 / 18	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		33.8	26.1	2 / 18	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		33.8	34.8	4 / 18	1 / 7		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		55	19	14	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		12.7	4 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		16.4	5 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.6	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.0	6 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.0	8 / 19	4 / 14	1 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		13	5	2	3	1	5
Number of transfers		13	5	2	3	1	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	1.7				
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.7	0 / 4	3 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 13	0 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 13	1 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	3 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		12			0		
Number of transfers		12			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 15					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 12					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 12					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 12					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 12					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 12					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Institute of South Texas					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL PLANO ARTS PLANO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Alfred J. Rodriguez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	35%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	36%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 40% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	49%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	37%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 202 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	26	15	12	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	15.4	1 / 15	1 / 12	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	3.1	3.4	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	9.1	9.3	7.4	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.1	1 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	3.8	1 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.8	7.7	2 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.4	3.8	0 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.2	11.5	2 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.1	11.5	4 / 15	1 / 12	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	19	14	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	1 / 19	1 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.2	2 / 19	2 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.2	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	3 / 19	2 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.5	3 / 19	4 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	4	4	1	1	2
Number of transfers	22	4	4	1	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.8	4 / 6	3 / 8		1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	2 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.1	4 / 4	2 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	21	14	8	12	2	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15			1	
Number of transfers		14			1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.2			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 14			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 14			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 14			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 14			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 14			1 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Presbyterian Hospital Plano ARTS

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joseph E. Martin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	25%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 543 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	154	61	65	29	13	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.2	13.1	3.1	6.9	2 / 13	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.1	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	25.9	20.5	17.0	2 / 15	1 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.0	9.3	2.0	0.0	1 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.8	13.1	24.6	10.3	2 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	16.4	24.6	17.2	2 / 13	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.6	6.6	4.6	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.6	23.0	29.2	17.2	2 / 13	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.0	31.1	30.8	24.1	2 / 13	1 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	139	47	57	22	7	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.3	17.0	28.1	13.6	2 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.0	21.3	28.1	22.7	2 / 7	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.3	8.5	5.3	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.3	29.8	33.3	22.7	2 / 7	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.6	40.4	35.1	31.8	2 / 7	1 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	39	30	12	2	3
Number of transfers	70	39	28	12	2	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	2.2	2.3	4.0	2.0	3.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.9	37.5	36.6	2 / 18	0 / 3	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	17.9	21.4	1 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.1	28.2	28.6	2 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	12.8	7.1	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	41.0	35.7	2 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.3	48.7	50.0	3 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	3	2	0	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	36			11		
Number of transfers	35			10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.0			5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.9			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.6			5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0			5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.9			6 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of San Antonio

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF TEXAS, PLLC SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Susan Hudson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 44%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 9 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of Texas, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INSTITUTE FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH
ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Joseph R. Garza, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a				Patient Diagnosis^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	53%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	39%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 52 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman						
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	11	6	11	2	7	1	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 11	2 / 2	2 / 7	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.2	2.8		1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 6	4 / 11	0 / 17		0 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	4	5	6	0	5	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 6		0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 6		0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 6		0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 6		0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 6		0 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	6	1	4	0	0	0	
Number of transfers	6	1	4	0	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	2.0	0.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 9	0 / 2	4 / 8				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 6	0 / 1	2 / 4				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
	1	0	0	1	1	0	
Donor Eggs							
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f			
Number of cycles	0			0			
Number of transfers	0			0			
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Institute for Women's Health, Advanced Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PERINATAL AND FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gerard M. Honoré, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	36%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 32% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	32%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 22 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	1	8	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	2 / 8	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 12	0 / 3	2 / 15	1 / 13		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 8	1 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	1	5	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 5	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists of San Antonio

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF TEXAS, PA SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Francisco Arredondo, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	37%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 387 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		103	39	28	7	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		8.7	10.3	14.3	3 / 7	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.6	32.8	35.6	0 / 6	0 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		27.6	3.3	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.0	23.1	17.9	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.9	28.2	21.4	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		15.5	5.1	7.1	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		55.3	33.3	28.6	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.1	46.2	50.0	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		93	35	24	3	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.5	25.7	20.8	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.9	31.4	25.0	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.2	5.7	8.3	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.3	37.1	33.3	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.9	51.4	58.3	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		60	21	22	2	1	0
Number of transfers		60	20	21	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	1.2	1.2	0.3	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.6	1.5	1.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		54.4	36.7	34.4	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		50.0	35.0	14.3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		51.7	45.0	19.0	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.0	5.0	4.8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.7	50.0	23.8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.0	55.0	42.9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		29	13	17	6	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			19		
Number of transfers		9			19		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 14			29.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 9			4 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 9			7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 9			0 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 9			7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 9			8 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UT MEDICINE WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTER SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randal D. Robinson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	22%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 97 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	16	15	1	4	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.6	2 / 16	3 / 15	1 / 1	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.3		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	28.0	7.1		0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.0	1 / 11	0 / 10		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	4 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	4 / 16	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	1 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.4	5 / 16	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.4	6 / 16	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	13	12	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	4 / 13	1 / 12		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	4 / 13	2 / 12		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	1 / 13	0 / 12		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	5 / 13	2 / 12		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	6 / 13	2 / 12		0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	5	5	3	3	0
Number of transfers	12	5	5	2	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.7	1.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 18	0 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			1	
Number of transfers		1			1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: UT Medicine Women's Health Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SCOTT & WHITE TEMPLE, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Thomas J. Wincek, MD, PhD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	30%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 98 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		47	13	10	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		21.3	5 / 13	4 / 10	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.2			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.7	2 / 16	5 / 13			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0 / 8	0 / 6			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.0	0 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.1	0 / 13	3 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		14.9	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		34.0	0 / 13	3 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		48.9	2 / 13	4 / 10	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		36	8	6	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.2	0 / 8	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.0	0 / 8	3 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.4	0 / 8	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.4	0 / 8	3 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.9	2 / 8	4 / 6			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	1	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers		16	1	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0			0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.0	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.8	0 / 2	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			4		
Number of transfers		1			3		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Scott & White					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH HOUSTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA
(NHCRM)
THE WOODLANDS, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dorothy J. Roach, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	2%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	47%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	15%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 81 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	12	8	6	0	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 6		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.2		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.8	54.5	5 / 16	1 / 13		1 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.3	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.3	5 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	5 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	21.9	2 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	59.4	7 / 12	3 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.6	8 / 12	3 / 8	1 / 6		1 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	12	7	6	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.3	5 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	5 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.9	2 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.4	7 / 12	3 / 7	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.6	8 / 12	3 / 7	1 / 6		1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	2	4	1	0	0
Number of transfers	11	2	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.8		4.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 18	1 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 11	1 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			0		
Number of transfers	3			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: North Houston Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA, (NHCRM)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE (CORM) WEBSTER, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Vicki L. Schnell, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%	Male factor	8%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 349 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		109	37	23	10	3	4
Percentage of cancellations (%)		4.6	5.4	21.7	2 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.9	2.3	1.9	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		54.4	37.7	18.9	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		17.0	11.1	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.3	27.0	4.3	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.0	32.4	8.7	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		17.4	5.4	8.7	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		52.3	40.5	17.4	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.7	40.5	21.7	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		97	28	16	7	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.0	35.7	1 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.1	42.9	2 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.6	7.1	2 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.8	53.6	4 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.0	53.6	5 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		57	12	14	6	3	2
Number of transfers		52	11	11	4	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		3.5	1.8	3.7	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.0	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		24.2	18.2	18.2	3 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.0	2 / 11	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.8	2 / 11	4 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.8	1 / 11	0 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		36.5	3 / 11	4 / 11	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.4	3 / 11	4 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		34			35		
Number of transfers		29			29		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		46.4			15.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.9			13.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.4			20.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		24.1			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		65.5			20.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.5			31.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center of Reproductive Medicine (CORM)					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UTAH FERTILITY CENTER PLEASANT GROVE, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Russell Foulk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 489 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	214	55	22	12	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.5	7.3	13.6	2 / 12	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.3	43.9	23.5	4 / 17	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.9	2.5	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.3	21.8	13.6	4 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	25.5	13.6	4 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	26.2	12.7	4.5	0 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	56.5	40.0	18.2	4 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.0	50.9	36.4	4 / 12	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	201	46	17	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	26.1	3 / 17	4 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	30.4	3 / 17	4 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	27.9	15.2	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.2	47.8	4 / 17	4 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.2	60.9	8 / 17	4 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	74	15	6	3	1	4
Number of transfers	48	9	3	1	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.4	0.3		0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.9	5 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 1	2 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	4 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	4	7	3	0	2
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		34			10	
Number of transfers		34			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.6			11 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.5			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.4			3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.6			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.9			5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.5			5 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Utah Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**EAST BAY FERTILITY CENTER
PROVO, UTAH**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

UTAH CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Erica B. Johnstone, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	48%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 579 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	223	53	28	17	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.9	18.9	14.3	6 / 17	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.1	36.9	31.7	2 / 17		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.2	2.6	0 / 18	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	22.6	7.1	0 / 17	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	26.4	10.7	0 / 17	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.3	15.1	10.7	1 / 17	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.5	41.5	21.4	1 / 17	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.7	41.5	35.7	3 / 17	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	186	40	21	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	30.0	9.5	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	35.0	14.3	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.1	20.0	14.3	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.0	55.0	28.6	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.8	55.0	47.6	3 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	30	15	13	2	2
Number of transfers	74	29	15	13	2	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.4	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	40.0	44.4	19.0	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.0	34.5	5 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	41.4	6 / 15	3 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	0.0	2 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.6	41.4	8 / 15	3 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.3	62.1	9 / 15	5 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	6	9	20	5	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		34			28	
Number of transfers		30			25	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.6			40.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.3			28.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.7			8.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0			48.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		53.3			56.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Utah Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER SANDY, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Keith L. Blauer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	55%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 521 (includes 41 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	190	59	34	8	1	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.3	3.4	5.9	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	21.6	10.9	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.9	12.5	7.7	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	20.3	11.8	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.1	20.3	11.8	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	5.1	2.9	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.3	25.4	14.7	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.5	30.5	17.6	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	160	53	27	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	22.6	14.8	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.3	22.6	14.8	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.6	5.7	3.7	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	28.3	18.5	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.9	34.0	22.2	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	24	17	7	0	2
Number of transfers	102	23	16	7	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.1	1.5	1.8		2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7		1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.9	21.2	37.5	1 / 12		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.6	21.7	2 / 16	1 / 7		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	26.1	2 / 16	1 / 7		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	0.0	3 / 16	0 / 7		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.3	26.1	5 / 16	1 / 7		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.1	30.4	6 / 16	1 / 7		0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	0	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			15	
Number of transfers		8			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 17			7 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 8			2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 8			4 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 8			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 8			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 8			5 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Care Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VERMONT CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT MEDICAL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
BURLINGTON, VERMONT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Elizabeth McGee, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 129 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	26	25	10	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	23.1	24.0	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.3	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.1	32.3	26.8	1 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.8	5 / 15	1 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	11.5	16.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	11.5	16.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	23.3	11.5	4.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.3	23.1	24.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	26.9	28.0	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	18	18	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	3 / 18	4 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	3 / 18	4 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	29.2	3 / 18	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.7	6 / 18	6 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	7 / 18	7 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	4	2	0	1
Number of transfers	5	4	3	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	2.0		2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.0	1.3	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 4		1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12		8		
Number of transfers		11		8		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 15		4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 11		1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 11		2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 11		1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 11		3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 11		4 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WASHINGTON FERTILITY CENTER ANNANDALE, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Pierre Asmar, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	<1%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	20%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				4%
				Female & male factors				15%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 143 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		34	22	22	18	5	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	0.0	4.5	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		26.4	20.5	17.5	5.0	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		24.1	4.5	0 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2.9	4.5	4.5	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2.9	9.1	4.5	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		5.9	9.1	4.5	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		38.2	40.9	22.7	2 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		31	22	18	15	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3.2	4.5	1 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3.2	9.1	1 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.2	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6.5	9.1	1 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.9	40.9	5 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	3	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers		7	3	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	3.0	2.0		0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.7	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		15			8		
Number of transfers		13			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.4			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 13			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 13			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 13			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 13			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 13			3 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Washington Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DOMINION FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael DiMattina, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	70%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	41%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,287 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	234	156	167	144	90	92
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.7	10.9	19.8	20.1	25.6	27.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	24.7	21.1	12.7	7.7	2.9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	72.7	9 / 16	1 / 14	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.2	9.6	4.8	3.5	1.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.5	10.9	4.8	3.5	1.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.5	11.5	5.4	4.2	1.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.5	12.2	9.0	6.3	5.6	2.2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	102	71	64	62	32	31
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.3	21.1	12.5	8.1	3.1	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.2	23.9	12.5	8.1	3.1	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1.4	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.2	25.4	14.1	9.7	3.1	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.1	26.8	23.4	14.5	15.6	6.5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	106	64	40	26	11	5
Number of transfers	100	60	37	19	8	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.1	1.2	0.8	0.3	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.1	29.7	30.4	27.3	1 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.0	33.3	18.9	6 / 19	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	33.3	27.0	7 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	1.7	5.4	0 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.0	35.0	32.4	7 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	40.0	45.9	7 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	22	16	9	12	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		29			44	
Number of transfers		18			39	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1			1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 16			43.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 18			30.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 18			38.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 18			2.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 18			41.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 18			43.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER OF VIRGINIA, PLC CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christopher D. Williams, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	26%	Unknown factor	7%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 225 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	34	18	6	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.4	17.6	2 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.8	4.2	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.3	26.4	26.2	3 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.0	8.0	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.3	14.7	2 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.3	26.5	3 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.4	5.9	1 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.8	32.4	5 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.3	38.2	7 / 18	3 / 6	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	25	15	5	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	20.0	2 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.1	36.0	3 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.1	8.0	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	44.0	5 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.9	52.0	7 / 15	3 / 5	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	12	5	1	1	0
Number of transfers	31	12	5	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.0	1.3	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.2	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	31.8	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.7	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	5 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.8	5 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	3	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	20			21		
Number of transfers	18			21		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	65.5			21.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 18			14.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 18			14.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 18			9.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	12 / 18			23.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	14 / 18			28.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center of Virginia, PLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GENETICS & IVF INSTITUTE FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laurence C. Udoff, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	34%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 618 (includes 74 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	75	43	52	24	12	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.3	9.3	0.0	4.2	1 / 12	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.6	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.9	12.5	22.9	8.6	4.8	0 / 16
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.3	4 / 18	27.3	1 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.3	7.0	17.3	8.3	1 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.7	11.6	19.2	8.3	1 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.7	11.6	19.2	8.3	1 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.0	11.6	28.8	16.7	1 / 12	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	53	25	40	17	8	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	12.0	22.5	2 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.8	20.0	25.0	2 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	0.0	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.4	20.0	25.0	2 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.0	20.0	37.5	4 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	32	33	11	2	1
Number of transfers	45	30	31	9	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.3	1.1	2.3	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.8	44.7	30.0	5 / 16	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7	30.0	22.6	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	36.7	32.3	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	13.3	0.0	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	50.0	32.3	3 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	53.3	48.4	3 / 9	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	2	5	0	3	2
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			83		101	
Number of transfers			81		99	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.6		1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			50.8		36.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			25.9		22.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			37.0		34.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			8.6		7.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			46.9		41.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			61.7		48.5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Genetics & IVF Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE MUASHER CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF DBA
PARTNERS FOR FERTILITY AND IVF
FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Nancy Durso, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	1%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	16%	Female factors only	5%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	Other factor	9%	Female & male factors	1%
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	61%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 85 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		40	14	16	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		2.5	1 / 14	1 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.9	2.2	1.0	1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		20.3	2 / 19	6.9	0 / 2	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0 / 8	0 / 12		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.5	2 / 14	1 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		17.5	2 / 14	1 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2.5	0 / 14	0 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		20.0	2 / 14	1 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		27.5	3 / 14	2 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		33	11	13	2	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.2	2 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.2	2 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.0	0 / 11	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		24.2	2 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		33.3	3 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	1	0	0	1	0
Number of transfers		2	1	0	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0				0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			1		
Number of transfers		1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: The Muasher Center for Fertility and IVF dba, Partners for Fertility and IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JONES INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laurel A. Stadtmauer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 408 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	90	59	36	26	4	7
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.7	5.1	5.6	11.5	0 / 4	4 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	25.6	15.8	13.5	0 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	18.6	11.1	3.8	0 / 4	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	20.3	13.9	7.7	0 / 4	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	5.1	0.0	3.8	0 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.4	25.4	13.9	11.5	0 / 4	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	33.9	25.0	15.4	0 / 4	1 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	80	46	27	19	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	23.9	14.8	1 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	26.1	18.5	2 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	6.5	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.8	32.6	18.5	3 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	43.5	33.3	4 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	50	25	18	10	3	0
Number of transfers	48	22	15	10	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	2.0	3.0	10.0	3.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.8	25.6	31.0	9.5	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	4.5	3 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.9	13.6	4 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	13.6	1 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.2	27.3	5 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	36.4	8 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	4	2	0	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		36			34	
Number of transfers		20			32	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.8			29.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.0			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.0			28.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0			6.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.0			34.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0			46.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VIRGINIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RESTON, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Fady I. Sharara, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 60%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	64%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	50%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 167 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	39	21	37	9	5	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.3	74.2	31.8	4 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	51.4	50.0	6.5	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.5	28.6	24.3	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.2	33.3	24.3	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.1	33.3	10.8	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.3	66.7	35.1	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	76.2	59.5	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	39	21	34	9	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.5	28.6	26.5	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.2	33.3	26.5	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.1	33.3	11.8	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.3	66.7	38.2	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.0	76.2	64.7	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	5	5	2	1	0
Number of transfers	6	5	5	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.7	0.8	0.5	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	2.0	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 8	7 / 8	3 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6	3 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6	3 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6	4 / 5	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 6	4 / 5	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	2	6	2	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			6		
Number of transfers	13			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	75.0			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 13			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 13			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 13			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 13			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 13			4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kenneth A. Steingold, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 297 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	25	29	14	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	4.0	13.8	3 / 14	2 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.7	3.1	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.5	9.4	13.3	12.0	0 / 14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.1	3 / 17	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.1	12.0	10.3	3 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.6	12.0	13.8	3 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	0.0	6.9	0 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	21.4	12.0	20.7	3 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.7	20.0	24.1	3 / 14	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	18	23	8	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.2	3 / 18	13.0	3 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.8	3 / 18	17.4	3 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.7	0 / 18	8.7	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.5	3 / 18	26.1	3 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.4	5 / 18	30.4	3 / 8	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	33	21	3	0	0
Number of transfers	66	33	20	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	2.2	4.0	1.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.5	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	34.0	33.3	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.9	30.3	30.0	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.9	33.3	40.0	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	3.0	10.0	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.5	36.4	50.0	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.6	48.5	60.0	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			15	
Number of transfers		8			15	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 13			46.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 8			4 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8			8 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 8			2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 8			10 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 8			12 / 15	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of Virginia

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LIFESOURCE FERTILITY CENTER RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joseph G. Gianfortoni, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 52%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	68%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 115 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	18	7	7	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	10.0	2 / 18	1 / 7	2 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.9	1.8	1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 19	33.3	3 / 9	1 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	1 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	2 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.0	4 / 18	2 / 7	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	5 / 18	2 / 7	2 / 7		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	11	5	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 15	1 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 15	2 / 11	1 / 5	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 15	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 15	4 / 11	2 / 5	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 15	5 / 11	2 / 5	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	17	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers	17	17	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.9	3.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	66.7	19.2	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 17	1 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 17	1 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 17	2 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 17	4 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			17		
Number of transfers	3			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 3			9 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 3			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			1 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3			6 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: LifeSource Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE RICHMOND CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George F. Tidey, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	6%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 133 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	15	8	7	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	1 / 15	1 / 8	2 / 7	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.5	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.7	4 / 15	2 / 14	0 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.1	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.9	1 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.9	2 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.1	3 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.1	5 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	9	7	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	1 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.2	2 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.6	3 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.6	5 / 9	3 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	15	6	3	0	0
Number of transfers	24	14	6	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.9	39.1	3 / 11	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	2 / 14	3 / 6	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	4 / 14	3 / 6	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.2	6 / 14	3 / 6	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.5	7 / 14	3 / 6	2 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			11		
Number of transfers	8			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 13			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 8			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 8			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 8			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 8			7 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Richmond Center for Fertility and Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard S. Lucidi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	6%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 71 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	7	10	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 12	1 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.6	2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 17	1 / 9	23.8	0 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	0 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12	2 / 7	3 / 10	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	6	8	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9	0 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 9	2 / 6	3 / 8	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	9	6	0	2	0
Number of transfers	7	9	5	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	4.5	0.5	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.2	1.6		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 12	5 / 11	4 / 8		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 7	5 / 9	2 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 7	5 / 9	2 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	5 / 9	2 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	5 / 9	4 / 5		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	5	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			3		
Number of transfers	0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE BEACH CENTER FOR INFERTILITY, ENDOCRINOLOGY AND IVF
VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2013 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2013 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2013 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

THE NEW HOPE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robin L. Poe-Zeigler, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	3%	Used PGD	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 283 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	28	33	14	6	8
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.9	3.6	12.1	0 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.2	18.8	15.4	4.3	1 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.1	0 / 10	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.8	10.7	15.2	0 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.2	10.7	15.2	0 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	3.6	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.5	14.3	15.2	0 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.8	17.9	21.2	1 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	16	17	9	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.2	3 / 16	5 / 17	0 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.4	3 / 16	5 / 17	0 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	1 / 16	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.7	4 / 16	5 / 17	0 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.9	5 / 16	7 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	18	16	5	3	9
Number of transfers	26	17	15	5	3	9
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.4	1.7	2.5	1.5	1.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.0	22.2	17.2	2 / 10	3 / 5	3 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	7 / 17	3 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	8 / 17	4 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	0 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.6	8 / 17	4 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.3	9 / 17	5 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 3	3 / 9
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	1	2	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	21			14		
Number of transfers	16			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0			35.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16			9 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16			9 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 16			0 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 16			9 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 16			9 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FRANCISCO M. IRIANNI, MD WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Francisco M. Irianni, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 28 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	0	4	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1 / 13		1 / 4		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.1		2 / 7		0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 10		0 / 3		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 13		0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 13		1 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 13		0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 13		1 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13		2 / 4		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	0	3	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 10		0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10		1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 10		0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10		1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10		2 / 3		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 8	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5	0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			1		
Number of transfers	3			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 6			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Francisco M. Irianni, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OVERLAKE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, INC., PS BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Kevin M. Johnson, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	55%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 36% Female & male factors 45%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	50%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	84%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 164 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		46	27	16	14	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		15.2	22.2	3 / 16	3 / 14	3 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.9	2.8	2.4	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		37.0	24.0	27.3	16.7	1 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.7	7.4	0 / 16	2 / 14	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.1	7.4	1 / 16	2 / 14	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		6.5	3.7	2 / 16	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		32.6	11.1	3 / 16	3 / 14	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		34.8	18.5	3 / 16	3 / 14	1 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		30	13	8	10	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	2 / 13	0 / 8	2 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0	2 / 13	1 / 8	2 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0	1 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0	3 / 13	3 / 8	3 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		53.3	5 / 13	3 / 8	3 / 10	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		10	8	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers		9	8	5	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.3	4.0	1.7			0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.8	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 18	2 / 14	2 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 9	2 / 8	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 9	2 / 8	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 9	0 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		2	1	2	0	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		19			6		
Number of transfers		18			5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		78.1			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 18			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 18			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7 / 18			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		16 / 18			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		16 / 18			1 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Overlake Reproductive Health, Inc., PS					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WASHINGTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by James I. Kustin, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Male factor	15%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	63%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	5%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 152 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		56	26	24	4	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	0.0	8.3	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.5	40.0	3.7	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		20.9	1 / 17	0 / 9	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.4	7.7	4.2	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		23.2	7.7	4.2	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.9	15.4	0.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		32.1	23.1	4.2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.9	38.5	4.2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		44	21	14	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.3	9.5	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.5	9.5	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.4	19.0	0 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.9	28.6	1 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.5	47.6	1 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	4	7	1	0	2
Number of transfers		7	4	7	1	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.8	4.0	1.8	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	1.8	2.3	3.0		2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 15	0 / 7	6 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 7	0 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 7	0 / 4	3 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 7	0 / 4	4 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		14			6		
Number of transfers		12			6		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		32.0			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 12			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 12			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 12			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 12			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 12			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Washington Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BELLINGHAM IVF & FERTILITY CARE BELLINGHAM, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Emmett Branigan, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 46%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	67%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	2%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 104 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		21	11	6	2	0	2
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.2	31.8	0 / 9	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.6	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.4	5 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4.8	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		57.1	6 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.1	6 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		20	11	6	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.0	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		55.0	5 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.0	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0	6 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0	6 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		18	10	5	1	0	1
Number of transfers		18	10	5	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		3.6	1.7	1.7	1.0		1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.1	1.6	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		20.0	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		21			6		
Number of transfers		21			6		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.8			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.4			3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.0			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		71.4			3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.0			4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Bellingham IVF & Fertility Care					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

POMA FERTILITY KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael S. Opsahl, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	18%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 94 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	10	7	9	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	5.3	2 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.4	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.9	7 / 14	5 / 12	8.3	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	40.6	3 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.8	4 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.7	4 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	57.9	5 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.2	6 / 10	4 / 7	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	35	8	5	8	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.0	4 / 8	3 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.6	4 / 8	4 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.9	5 / 8	4 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.6	6 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	3	0	2	1	0
Number of transfers	2	3	0	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.3		1.5	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	2 / 4		0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	2 / 3		1 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	7	3	3	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			3		
Number of transfers	1			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2			3 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Poma Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OLYMPIA WOMEN'S HEALTH OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by James F. Moruzzi, MD, PhD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	0%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	9%	Female factors only	9%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	0%	Female & male factors	3%
				Endometriosis	22%	Unknown factor	38%		

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 32 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		13	6	4	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.2	2.3	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.4	2 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		4 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		12	5	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		4	1	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers		3	1	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		3.0					
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			0		
Number of transfers		1			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Olympia Women's Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST FERTILITY AND IVF SPECIALISTS SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lorna A. Marshall, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,020 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	50	45	23	6	3
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	4.0	6.7	8.7	2 / 6	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.7	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	28.0	21.9	8.7	0 / 12	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.0	9.1	5.0	0 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	24.0	20.0	4.3	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.9	24.0	20.0	8.7	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	10.0	8.9	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.6	34.0	28.9	8.7	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	40.0	37.8	21.7	0 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	55	46	41	20	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	26.1	22.0	5.0	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.8	26.1	22.0	10.0	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.5	10.9	9.8	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.1	37.0	31.7	10.0	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	43.5	41.5	25.0	0 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	144	52	73	32	10	2
Number of transfers	121	47	67	29	10	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.0	60.3	34.4	25.7	9 / 16	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.7	21.3	23.9	27.6	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.5	27.7	25.4	31.0	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	14.9	9.0	0.0	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.7	42.6	34.3	31.0	4 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.8	68.1	43.3	41.4	5 / 10	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	70	35	76	53	28	14
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14			220	
Number of transfers		13			198	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			56.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 13			34.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 13			41.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 13			10.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 13			52.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 13			62.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SEATTLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INTEGRATED AMERICA SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Lynn B. Davis, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	11%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,881 (includes 268 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		347	171	174	98	21	10
Percentage of cancellations (%)		5.2	12.9	19.0	19.4	9.5	3 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.2	39.1	24.2	12.1	4.3	0 / 14
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		46.1	31.4	14.2	1.8	0 / 16	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.9	26.9	16.7	8.2	9.5	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.5	28.7	17.8	10.2	9.5	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.6	8.2	2.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		37.8	36.8	21.3	10.2	9.5	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.4	43.9	31.6	22.4	19.0	0 / 10
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		305	142	131	68	19	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.5	32.4	22.1	11.8	2 / 19	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.5	34.5	23.7	14.7	2 / 19	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.8	9.9	3.8	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.0	44.4	28.2	14.7	2 / 19	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.5	52.8	42.0	32.4	4 / 19	0 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		205	112	98	29	6	9
Number of transfers		183	96	80	24	4	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.5	2.1	1.3	0.9	0.7	1.3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.4	33.3	21.5	19.4	0 / 4	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.9	28.1	17.5	12.5	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.0	31.3	18.8	16.7	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.3	3.1	1.3	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.3	34.4	20.0	16.7	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		48.6	42.7	33.8	29.2	1 / 4	1 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		32	18	27	16	4	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		56			177		
Number of transfers		49			161		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.6			33.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.7			24.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.8			29.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.2			4.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.1			34.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.4			44.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Seattle Reproductive Medicine, Integrated America					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE CARE
UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Diane Woodford, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	20%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 71 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	9	7	9	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	20.0	1 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.2	2.0	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 8		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 9		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	5	2	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	10	2	3	0	0
Number of transfers	9	7	2	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0	1.8	2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Reproductive Care, University of Washington

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Edwin Robins, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	71%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	12%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				4%
				Female & male factors				33%

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 332 (includes 28 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		83	15	3	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		0.0	0 / 15	0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		46.5	38.5	3 / 5			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		12.5	0 / 11	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.7	5 / 15	3 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.6	6 / 15	3 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		14.5	1 / 15	0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		53.0	7 / 15	3 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.4	8 / 15	3 / 3			
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		83	15	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.7	5 / 15	3 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.6	6 / 15	3 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.5	1 / 15	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.0	7 / 15	3 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.4	8 / 15	3 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		56	28	16	2	0	0
Number of transfers		54	28	16	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.8	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.5	1.6	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.6	44.2	52.0	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.9	32.1	3 / 16	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.9	39.3	5 / 16	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.7	14.3	2 / 16	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.4	53.6	7 / 16	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.6	53.6	10 / 16	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		51	16	19	3	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			8		
Number of transfers		3			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 6			2 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 3			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 3			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 3			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 3			3 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GYFT CLINIC, PLLC TACOMA, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Robert Z. McLees, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 64 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		28	9	6	8	0	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)		7.1	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 8		1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	3.3	3.3	3.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		32.8	21.7	5.0	3.7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		10.7	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		17.9	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		17.9	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.7	2 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		39.3	2 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 8		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		26	7	6	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		11.5	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.2	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.2	2 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.5	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.3	2 / 7	1 / 6	1 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		9	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers		9	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		4.5					
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2		3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.0		2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 9		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 9		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 9		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 9		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 9		1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2			0		
Number of transfers		2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: GYFT Clinic, PLLC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER TACOMA, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Greg E. Chow, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	9%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 155 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		59	20	22	17	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)		13.6	15.0	9.1	2 / 17	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		32.6	26.7	16.7	3.6	1 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		30.6	1 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.1	10.0	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.8	15.0	4.5	1 / 17	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.5	10.0	9.1	0 / 17	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		37.3	25.0	13.6	1 / 17	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.7	30.0	18.2	1 / 17	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		51	17	18	12	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.4	2 / 17	0 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	3 / 17	1 / 18	1 / 12	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.8	2 / 17	2 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.1	5 / 17	3 / 18	1 / 12	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.1	6 / 17	4 / 18	1 / 12	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		21	6	2	3	2	0
Number of transfers		21	6	2	3	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		3.5	2.0	2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.6	3 / 12	1 / 4	1 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.3	1 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		23.8	1 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.8	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		33.3	2 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.9	3 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Madigan Army Medical Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Pickens A. Gantt, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 37 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	6	5	1	3	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.0	3.0	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.1	2 / 11	2 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	5	5	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	4.0	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 10	2 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4	1 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: West Virginia University Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CABELL HUNTINGTON HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HUNTINGTON, WEST VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William N. Burns, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	Other factor	44%	
				Endometriosis	24%	Unknown factor	0%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 25 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	5	6	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 6			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	2.4			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.5	3 / 11	3 / 12			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10	3 / 5	0 / 6			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10	3 / 5	2 / 6			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 6			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3 / 10	3 / 5	2 / 6			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 10	3 / 5	2 / 6			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	4	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10	3 / 4	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10	3 / 4	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 10	3 / 4	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 10	3 / 4	2 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	2	1	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cabell Huntington Hospital,
Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Roger C. Toffle, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	32%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 47%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	62%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 60 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	6	5	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	18.2	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.8	2 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.2	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.2	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.2	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.2	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	4	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.4	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.4	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	5	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	7	4	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	4.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 13	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 7	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 7	0 / 4				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: West Virginia University Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AURORA HEALTH CARE-AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES THE WOMEN'S CENTER AT AURORA BAYCARE MEDICAL CENTER GREEN BAY, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Aida Shanti, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 47%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	83%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 127 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	17	5	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.8	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.4	22.2	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.9	1 / 14	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	3 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	3 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	4 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.1	5 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	37	14	2	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.3	3 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.0	3 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	1 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.8	4 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.2	5 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	17	4	1	2	0
Number of transfers	27	16	4	1	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.7	2.7	4.0	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.0	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.7	32.1	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	5 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.6	8 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.1	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	8 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.1	9 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4			4	
Number of transfers		4			4	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 8			4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 4			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 4			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 4			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 4			2 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-GENERATIONS FERTILITY CARE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dan I. Lebovic, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	12%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 194 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	76	28	16	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	6.6	7.1	3 / 16			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.6			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6	51.7	6 / 19			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	59.6	8 / 17	2 / 10			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.2	39.3	4 / 16			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.4	39.3	4 / 16			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	3.6	1 / 16			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.7	42.9	5 / 16			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.9	50.0	6 / 16			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	64	20	13	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.3	55.0	4 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.6	55.0	4 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	5.0	1 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.8	60.0	5 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.8	70.0	6 / 13			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	12	6	2	1	0
Number of transfers	31	11	5	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.8	1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.8	5 / 17	3 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.6	4 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	4 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.6	0 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.2	4 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.6	6 / 11	3 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	2	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			2	
Number of transfers		1			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WISCONSIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David L. Olive, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	16%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 266 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	9	6	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	3.7	1 / 9	0 / 6	2 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.8	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.0	2 / 16	2 / 17			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.3	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.1	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.8	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.5	1 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	1 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	1 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	7	6	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.5	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.6	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.3	1 / 7	1 / 6	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	19	8	5	0	0
Number of transfers	73	18	8	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.4	1.3	5.0	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.1	18.9	0 / 14	3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	4 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.5	5 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.7	1 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	23.3	6 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.9	7 / 18	0 / 8	1 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	34	10	5	1	2	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	24			35		
Number of transfers	23			34		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.3			23.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.7			14.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.4			20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	34.8			8.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.2			29.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2			44.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FROEDTERT & MEDICAL COLLEGE OF WISCONSIN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Estil Strawn, Jr., MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	10%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 391 (includes 17 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	85	42	26	5	2	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.4	7.1	11.5	1 / 5	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.6	25.0	14.3	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	56.5	30.3	1 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	16.7	11.5	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.6	19.0	15.4	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	2.4	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.5	21.4	15.4	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.6	28.6	19.2	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	72	35	20	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	20.0	15.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.1	22.9	20.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	2.9	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.1	25.7	20.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	34.3	25.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	82	48	13	1	2	0
Number of transfers	77	43	11	1	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	3.1	1.2			0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.0	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	26.7	5 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.0	23.3	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.5	25.6	4 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	4.7	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.0	30.2	4 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.6	32.6	4 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	0	1	0	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			41		
Number of transfers	10			34		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 15			23.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10			20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10			23.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10			2.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 10			26.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 10			29.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin, Reproductive Medicine Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY CENTER MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Grace M. Janik, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	77%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	27%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 35 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	7	7	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/9	0/7	0/7	0/1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.3	1.7	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6/16	3/14	3/12	1/3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2/8	0/7	2/6	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4/9	1/7	1/7	1/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/9	1/7	1/7	1/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1/9	1/7	1/7	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5/9	2/7	2/7	1/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5/9	3/7	2/7	1/1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	7	7	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4/9	1/7	1/7	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/9	1/7	1/7	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/9	1/7	1/7	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5/9	2/7	2/7	1/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5/9	3/7	2/7	1/1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	3	1	1	0
Number of transfers	3	1	3	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.3	3.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.3	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/6		5/4	0/2	0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/3	0/1	1/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/3	0/1	2/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/3	0/1	0/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/3	0/1	2/3	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/3	1/1	3/3	0/1	0/1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			0		
Number of transfers	1			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/1					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialty Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GUNDERSEN FERTILITY CENTER ONALASKA, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sana Salih, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	35%	Unknown factor	3%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 34 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	2	4	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0/8	0/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.0	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9/10	1/2	0/6	0/3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3/6	2/2	0/3	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/8	1/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/8	1/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3/8	0/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6/8	1/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/8	1/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	2	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/7	1/2	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/7	1/2	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3/7	0/2	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6/7	1/2	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/7	1/2	0/3	0/1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	6	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	6	5	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	6.0	5.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.2	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/10	3/11	0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3/6	1/5	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/6	2/5	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/6	0/5	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/6	2/5	0/1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/6	2/5	0/1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			4		
Number of transfers	1			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/1			3/6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1			1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/1			1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1			1/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/1			2/4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/1			2/4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Gundersen Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AURORA HEALTH CARE-AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES, WEST ALLIS WEST ALLIS, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Aida Shanti, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 54%
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	69%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	8%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 164 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	26	13	5	6	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0.0	7.7	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.8	24.2	30.8	1 / 7	2 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.4	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.7	15.4	3 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	15.4	5 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.3	7.7	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	53.8	23.1	6 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.6	23.1	6 / 13	1 / 5	2 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	17	11	3	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.8	4 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.2	4 / 17	5 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	2 / 17	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.2	6 / 17	6 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.9	6 / 17	6 / 11	1 / 3	2 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	8	7	3	1	0
Number of transfers	26	8	6	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.4	1.1	2.0	1.5	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.2	9 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	4 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	6 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.9	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.8	7 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.5	7 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	2	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 12			5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 6			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 6			3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2013. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

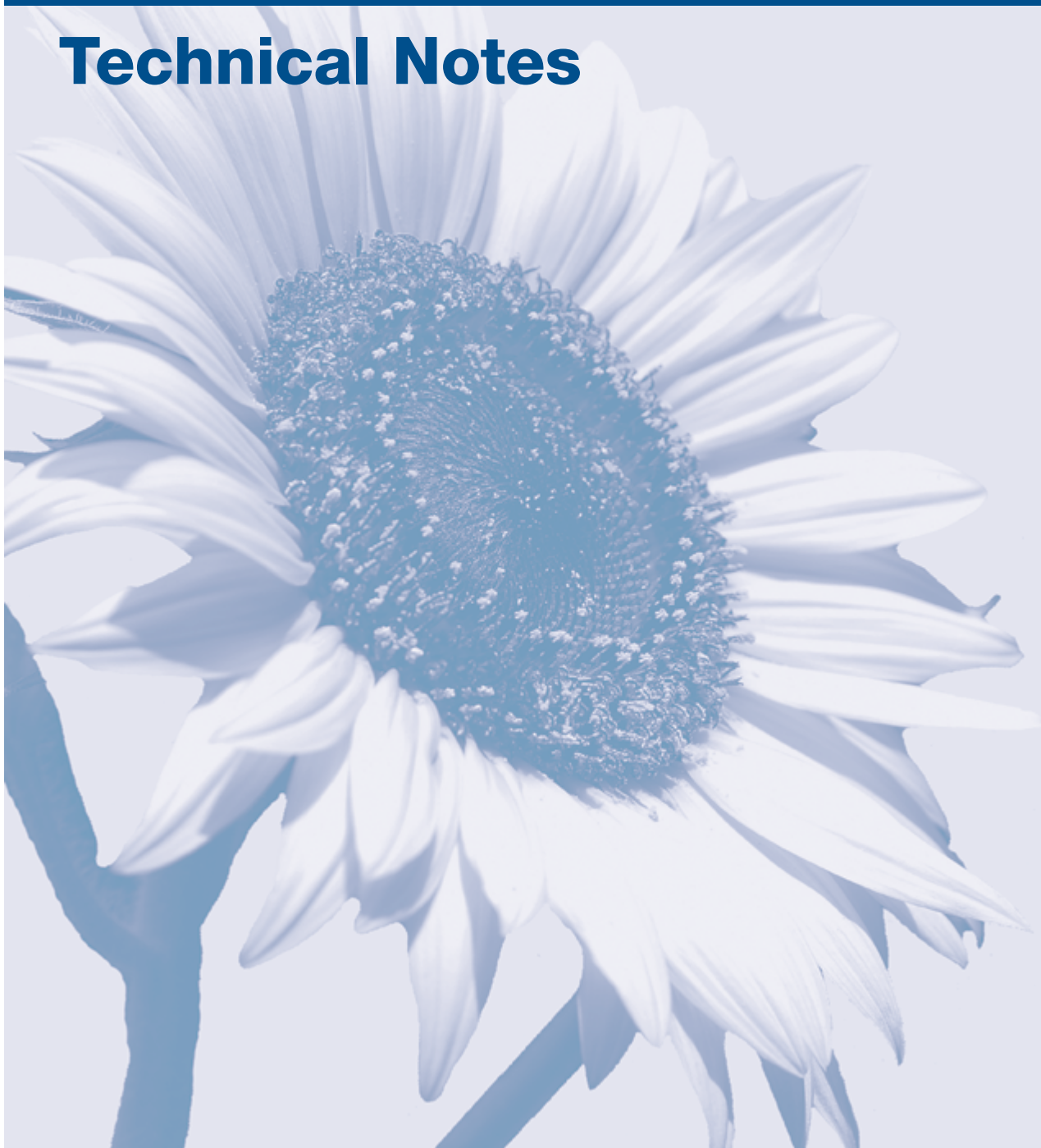
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

2013

Appendix A

Technical Notes



APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL NOTES

Validation of 2013 ART Data

Site visits to assisted reproductive technology (ART) clinics for validation of 2013 ART data were conducted during April through June 2015. For validation of 2013 data, 35 of the 467 reporting clinics were randomly selected after taking into consideration the number of ART cycles performed at each clinic, some cycle and clinic characteristics, and whether the clinic had been selected before. During each validation visit, ART data reported by the clinic to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention were compared with information documented in medical records.

For each clinic, the fully validated sample included up to 40 cycles resulting in pregnancy and up to 20 cycles not resulting in pregnancy. Up to 10 cycles using donor eggs or embryos were included among the fully validated sample at each clinic. In total, 2,062 ART cycles performed in 2013 across the 35 clinics were randomly

selected for full validation, along with 294 egg or embryo banking cycles selected for partial validation. The full validation included review of 1,329 cycles for which a pregnancy was reported. Among the nondonor cycles, 308 were multiple-fetus pregnancies. In addition, among patients whose cycles were fully validated, we verified the number of ART cycles performed during 2013. For each of these patients, we compared the total number of cycles reported with the total number of cycles in the medical record. If unreported ART cycles were identified in selected medical records, up to 10 of these cycles were also selected for partial validation.

Discrepancy rates are listed on the next pages for validated items of interest. Overall, validation of 2013 ART cycle data indicated that the majority of discrepancy rates were low (less than 4%).

Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation

Data Field Name	Discrepancy Rate* (Confidence Interval†)	Comments
Patient date of birth	0.8% (0.4–1.3)	
Cycle intention	2.1% (0.4–3.7)	For approximately 80% of the discrepancies, an ART procedure cycle was misreported as an egg/embryo banking cycle.
Cycle cancellation	0.1% (0.0–0.1)	
Number of eggs/ embryos transferred	0.5% (0.1–0.9)	
Outcome of ART treatment (i.e., pregnant or not pregnant)	0.9% (0.3–1.4)	
Number of fetal hearts on ultrasound	2.1% (0.6–3.6)	Of the discrepancies, 10% were misreported as single-fetus pregnancies instead of multiple-fetus pregnancies, whereas 50% were misreported as having one or more fetal hearts when there were none indicated in the medical record.
Pregnancy outcome (for example, miscarriage, live birth, or stillbirth)	0.7% (0.2–1.2)	
Date of pregnancy outcome	2.7% (1.7–3.7)	For about 20% of the discrepancies, there was no information on pregnancy outcome date in the medical record. For another 35% of the discrepancies, the date in the medical record was within 7 days of the reported date.
Number of infants born	0.6% (0.2–1.0)	
Cycle count	1.3% (0.6–2.0)	For approximately 50% of the discrepancies, the clinic reported one less cycle than was found in the medical record. About half of these unreported cycles were canceled and about 90% did not result in a live birth (i.e. success).

Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation (Cont'd)

Data Field Name	Discrepancy Rate* (Confidence Interval†)	Comments
Patient Diagnosis—Reason for ART		
Tubal factor	1.7% (0.5–2.8)	All reasons for ART were underreported except for unknown factor that, as a reason for ART, was overreported.
Ovulatory dysfunction	3.1% (1.9–4.3)	
Diminished ovarian reserve	5.5% (3.5–7.4)	
Endometriosis	2.1% (1.0–3.2)	
Uterine factor	2.0% (0.5–3.4)	
Male factor	3.8% (1.8–5.8)	
Other factor	4.3% (2.9–5.7)	
Unknown factor	3.3% (2.1–4.6)	

Note: ART = assisted reproductive technology.

* Discrepancy rates estimate the proportion of all ART cycles with differences for a particular data item. The discrepancy rate calculations weight the data from validated cycles to reflect the overall number of cycles performed at each clinic. Thus, findings from larger clinical practices were weighted more heavily than those from smaller practices.

† This table shows a range, called the 95% confidence interval, that conveys the reliability of the discrepancy rate. For a general explanation of confidence intervals, see page 526.

How to Interpret Confidence Intervals for Discrepancy Rates

What is a confidence interval?

Simply speaking, confidence intervals are a useful way to consider margin of error, a statistic often used in voter polls to indicate the range within which a value is likely to be correct (e.g., 30% of the voters favor a particular candidate with a margin of error of plus or minus 3.5%). Similarly, in this report, confidence intervals are presented to provide a discrepancy rate range that we can be confident is an estimate of the proportion of all ART cycles, performed in a given reporting year, with differences for a particular data item.

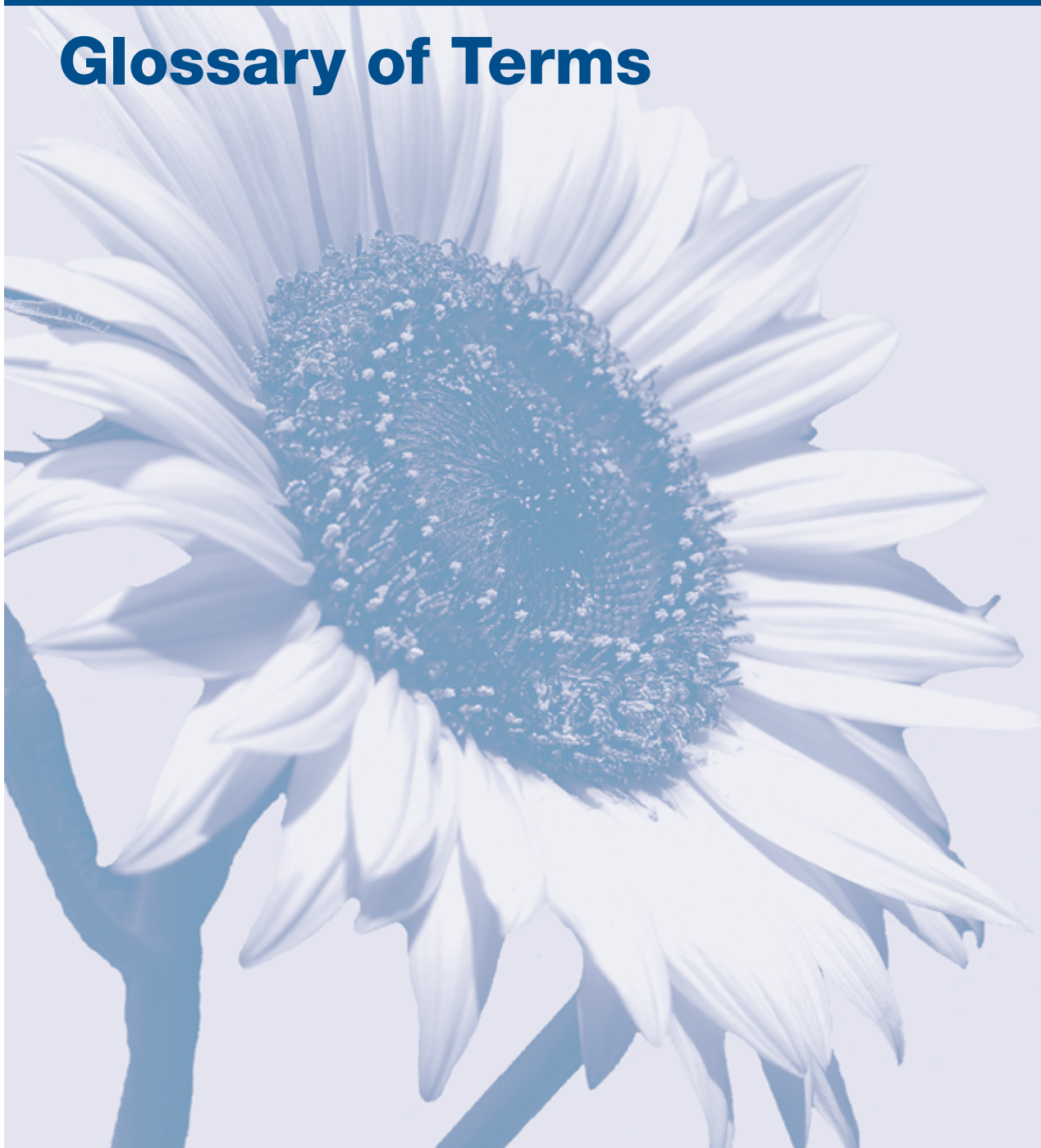
Why do we need to consider confidence intervals if we already know the exact discrepancy rates for each clinic?

No discrepancy rate or statistic is absolute. Suppose that during validation, a sample of 100 cycles was reviewed, and a discrepancy rate of 15% was determined for a particular data item with a 95% confidence interval of 10%–20%. The 15% discrepancy rate tells us that we estimate the average chance that a discrepancy occurred for the selected data field among all reported cycles to be 15% based on the results of our sample of 100 cycles. However, that estimated discrepancy rate may not match the true discrepancy rate that we would calculate if we were to validate every single cycle during a reporting year. The 95% confidence interval tells us that we are 95% confident that the true discrepancy rate is between 10% and 20%.

2013

Appendix B

Glossary of Terms



APPENDIX B: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM). Professional society whose affiliate organization, the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), is composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

ART (assisted reproductive technology). All treatments or procedures that include the handling of human eggs or embryos to help a woman become pregnant. ART includes but is not limited to in vitro fertilization (IVF), gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT), zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT), tubal embryo transfer, egg and embryo cryopreservation, egg and embryo donation, and gestational surrogacy.

ART cycle. An ART cycle starts when a woman begins taking fertility drugs or having her ovaries monitored for follicle production. If eggs are produced, the cycle progresses to egg retrieval. Retrieved eggs are combined with sperm to create embryos. If fertilization is successful, at least one embryo is selected for transfer. If implantation occurs, the cycle may progress to clinical pregnancy and possibly live birth. ART cycles include any process in which (1) an ART procedure is performed, (2) a woman has undergone ovarian stimulation or monitoring with the intent of having an ART procedure, or (3) frozen embryos have been thawed with the intent of transferring them to a woman.

Canceled cycle. An ART cycle in which ovarian stimulation was performed but the cycle was stopped before eggs were retrieved or, in the case of frozen embryo cycles, before embryos were transferred. Cycles are canceled for many reasons: eggs may not develop, the patient may become ill, or the patient may choose to stop treatment.

Cryopreservation. The practice of freezing eggs or embryos from a patient's ART cycle for potential future use.

Diminished ovarian reserve. This diagnosis means that the ability of the ovary to produce eggs is reduced. Reasons include congenital, medical, or surgical causes or advanced age.

Donor egg cycle. An embryo is formed from the egg of one woman (the donor) and then transferred to another woman (the recipient). The donor relinquishes all parental rights to any resulting offspring.

Donor embryo. An embryo that is donated by a patient or couple who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available.

Ectopic pregnancy. A pregnancy in which the fertilized egg implants in a location outside of the uterus—usually in the fallopian tube, the ovary, or the abdominal cavity. Ectopic pregnancy is a dangerous condition that must receive prompt medical treatment.

Egg. A female reproductive cell, also called an oocyte or ovum.

Egg/Embryo banking cycle. An ART cycle started with the intention of freezing (cryopreserving) all resulting eggs or embryos for potential future use.

Egg retrieval (also called oocyte retrieval). A procedure to collect the eggs contained in the ovarian follicles.

Egg transfer (also called oocyte transfer). The transfer of retrieved eggs into a woman's fallopian tubes through laparoscopy. This procedure is used only in GIFT.

Embryo. An egg that has been fertilized by a sperm and has undergone one or more divisions.

Embryo transfer. Placement of embryos into a woman's uterus through the cervix after IVF: in ZIFT, zygotes are placed in a woman's fallopian tube.

Endometriosis. A medical condition that involves the presence of tissue similar to the uterine lining in abnormal locations.

eSET (elective single embryo transfer). Elective single embryo transfer is a procedure in which one embryo, selected from a larger number of available embryos, is placed in the uterus or fallopian tube. The embryo selected for eSET might be a frozen (cryopreserved) embryo from a previous IVF cycle or a fresh embryo selected from a larger number of fresh embryos yielded during the current fresh IVF cycle.

Female factor infertility. Infertility due to ovulatory disturbances, diminished ovarian reserve, pelvic abnormalities affecting the reproductive tract, or other abnormalities of the reproductive system.

Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act of 1992 (FCSRCA). Law passed by the United States Congress in 1992 requiring all clinics performing ART in the United States to annually report their success rate data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Fertilization. The penetration of the egg by the sperm and the resulting combining of genetic material that develops into an embryo.

Fetus. The unborn offspring from the eighth week after conception to the moment of birth.

Follicle. A structure in the ovaries that contains a developing egg.

Fresh eggs, sperm, or embryos. Eggs, sperm, or embryos that have not been frozen. Fresh embryos, however, may have been conceived using either fresh or frozen sperm.

Frozen embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which frozen (cryopreserved) embryos are thawed and transferred to the woman.

Gamete. A reproductive cell, either a sperm or an egg.

Gestational age. The deviation of time from estimated last menstrual period (LMP) to birth. LMP is estimated using the date of retrieval or transfer.

Gestational carrier (also called a gestational surrogate). A woman who gestates, or carries, an embryo that was formed from the egg of another woman. The gestational carrier usually has a contractual obligation to return the infant to its intended parents.

Gestational sac. A fluid-filled structure that develops within the uterus early in pregnancy. In a normal pregnancy, a gestational sac contains a developing fetus.

GIFT (gamete intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from the woman's ovary and using a laparoscope to place the unfertilized eggs and sperm into the woman's fallopian tube through small incisions in her abdomen.

ICSI (intracytoplasmic sperm injection). A procedure in which a single sperm is injected directly into an egg; this procedure is commonly used to overcome male infertility problems.

Implantation rate. A measurement of ART success when the ART cycle results in an intrauterine clinical pregnancy, defined as the larger of either the number of maximum fetal hearts by ultrasound or maximum infants born, including live births and stillbirths, out of the total number of embryos transferred.

Induced or therapeutic abortion. A surgical or other medical procedure used to end a pregnancy.

Infertility. In general, infertility refers to the inability to conceive after 12 months of unprotected intercourse. Women aged 35 and older unable to conceive after 6 months of unprotected intercourse generally are considered infertile.

IUI (intrauterine insemination). A medical procedure that involves placing sperm into a woman's uterus to facilitate fertilization. IUI is not considered an ART procedure because it does not involve the manipulation of eggs.

IVF (in vitro fertilization). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from a woman's ovaries and fertilizing them outside her body. The resulting embryos are then transferred into a woman's uterus through the cervix.

Live birth. The delivery of one or more infants with any signs of life.

Male factor infertility. Any cause of infertility due to low sperm count or problems with sperm function that makes it difficult for a sperm to fertilize an egg under normal conditions.

Miscarriage (also called spontaneous abortion). A pregnancy ending in the spontaneous loss of the embryo or fetus before 20 weeks of gestation.

Multifetal pregnancy reduction. A procedure used to decrease the number of fetuses a woman carries and improve the chances that the remaining fetuses will develop into healthy infants. Multifetal reductions that occur naturally are referred to as spontaneous reductions.

Multiple factor infertility, female and male. A diagnostic category used when one or more female cause of infertility and male factor infertility are diagnosed.

Multiple factor infertility, female only. A diagnostic category used when more than one female cause of infertility but no male factor infertility is diagnosed.

Multiple-fetus pregnancy. A pregnancy with two or more fetuses, determined by the number of fetal hearts observed on an ultrasound.

Multiple-infant birth. A pregnancy that results in the birth of more than one infant.

NASS (National ART Surveillance System). Web-based data collection system used by all ART clinics to report data for each ART procedure to CDC.

Oocyte. The female reproductive cell, also called an egg.

Other causes of infertility. These include immunological problems, chromosomal abnormalities, cancer chemotherapy, and serious illnesses.

Ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome. A possible complication of ovarian stimulation or ovulation induction that can cause enlarged ovaries, a distended abdomen, nausea, vomiting, and/or diarrhea, fluid in the abdominal cavity and/or chest, breathing difficulties, changes in blood volume and/or viscosity, and diminished kidney perfusion and function.

Ovarian monitoring. The use of ultrasound and/or blood or urine tests to monitor follicle development and hormone production.

Ovarian stimulation. The use of drugs (oral or injected) to stimulate the ovaries to develop follicles and eggs.

Ovulatory dysfunction. A diagnostic category used when a woman's ovaries are not producing eggs normally. It is usually characterized by irregular menstrual cycles reflective of ovaries that are not producing one mature egg each month. It includes polycystic ovary syndrome and multiple ovarian cysts.

PGD (preimplantation genetic diagnosis). A technique combining advances in molecular genetics and ART. PGD allows physicians to identify various genetic diseases in the embryo (fertilized egg with several divisions) prior to implantation, that is, before the pregnancy is established. It is of special value for those who are at risk of having children with serious genetic problems.

Pregnancy (clinical). A pregnancy documented by ultrasound that shows a gestational sac in the uterus. For ART data reporting purposes, pregnancy is defined as a clinical pregnancy rather than a chemical pregnancy (i.e., a positive pregnancy test).

Singleton. A single infant.

Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART). An affiliate of ASRM composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

Sperm. The male reproductive cell.

Spontaneous abortion. See Miscarriage.

Stillbirth. The birth of an infant that shows no sign of life after 20 or more weeks of gestation.

Stimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which a woman receives oral or injected fertility drugs to stimulate her ovaries to develop follicles that contain mature eggs.

Thawed embryo cycle. Same as frozen embryo cycle.

Tubal factor infertility. A diagnostic category used when the woman's fallopian tubes are blocked or damaged, making it difficult for the egg to be fertilized or for an embryo to travel to the uterus.

Ultrasound. A technique used in ART for visualizing the follicles in the ovaries, the gestational sac, or the fetus.

Unknown cause of infertility. A diagnostic category used when no cause of infertility is found in either the woman or the man.

Unstimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which the woman does not receive drugs to stimulate her ovaries to produce more follicles and eggs. Instead, follicles and eggs develop naturally.

Uterine factor infertility. A structural or functional disorder of the uterus that results in reduced fertility.

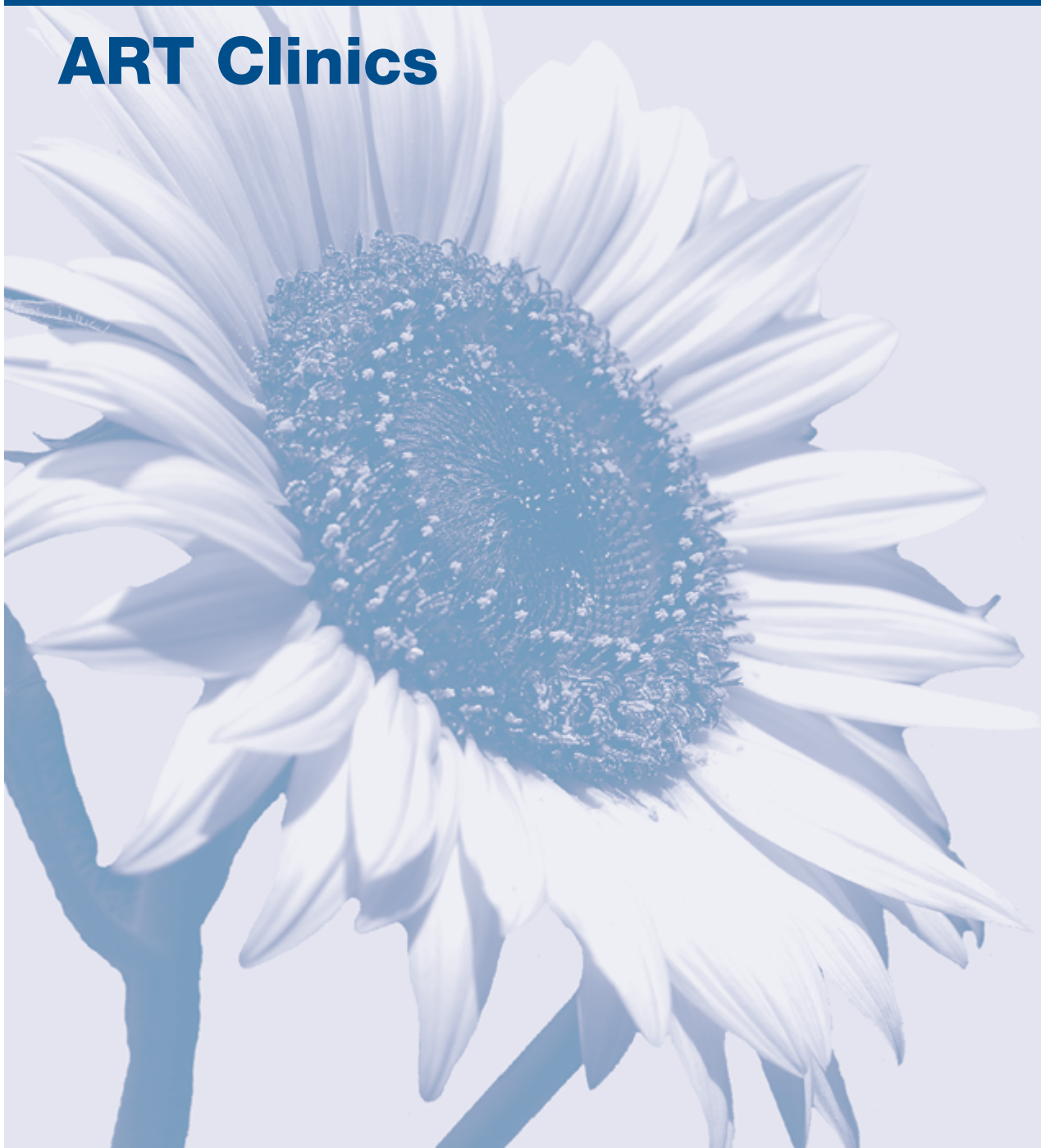
ZIFT (zygote intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure in which eggs are collected from a woman's ovary and fertilized outside her body. A laparoscope is then used to place the resulting zygote into the woman's fallopian tube through a small incision in her abdomen.

Zygote. A fertilized egg before it begins to divide.

2013

Appendix C

ART Clinics



APPENDIX C: ART CLINICS

2013 Reporting Clinics, by State

If the clinic name has changed since 2013, the current name is listed in italics directly under the 2013 name. If the clinic location has changed since 2013, the clinic is listed alphabetically by the current city and state.

Clinic names preceded by the § symbol have reorganized or closed since 2013. Reorganization is defined as a change in ownership or affiliation or a change in at least two of the three key staff positions (practice director, medical director, or laboratory director). Contact the NASS Help Desk for current clinic information at 1-888-650-0822 or nass@westat.com.

The accrediting agencies referenced throughout this list are:

- College of American Pathologists, Reproductive Laboratory Accreditation Program (CAP)
- The Joint Commission
- New York State Tissue Bank Program (NYSTB)

PLEASE NOTE that the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) does not oversee any of these accreditation programs. For further information on how to contact accrediting organizations directly, see page 20.

ALABAMA

Alabama Fertility Specialists
2700 Hwy 280, Suite 370E
Birmingham AL 35223
Telephone: (205) 874-0000; Fax: (205) 874-7021
Lab Name: Alabama Fertility Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ART Fertility Program of Alabama
2006 Brookwood Medical Center Dr, Suite 508
Birmingham AL 35209
Telephone: (205) 870-9784; Fax: (205) 870-0698
Lab Name: ART Fertility Program of Alabama IVF/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Alabama at Birmingham
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility
Women and Infants Center-OB/GYN
1700 6th Ave South, Suite 9103
Birmingham AL 35233
Telephone: (205) 996-3130; Fax: (205) 996-3164
Lab Name: University of Alabama at Birmingham
Gamete Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Huntsville Reproductive
Medicine, PC, see Madison, AL

Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC
20 Hughes Rd, Suite 203
Madison AL 35758
Telephone: (256) 213-2229; Fax: (256) 213-9978
Lab Name: Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC
Accreditation: None

Center for Reproductive Medicine
3 Mobile Infirmary Cir, Suite 213
Mobile AL 36607
Telephone: (251) 438-4200; Fax: (251) 438-4211
Lab Name: Center for
Reproductive Medicine-Alabama
Accreditation: CAP

University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility Division
251 Cox St, Suite 100
Mobile AL 36604
Telephone: (251) 415-1491; Fax: (251) 415-1552
Lab Name: University of South Alabama IVF &
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ALASKA

Peninsula Medical Center
John Nels Anderson, MD
265 N. Binkley St
Soldotna AK 99669
Telephone: (907) 262-4161; Fax: (907) 262-1545
Lab Name: Peninsula Medical Center,
John Nels Anderson, MD
Accreditation: None

ARIZONA

Troché Fertility Centers
17612 N. 59th Ave, Suite 100
Glendale AZ 85308
Telephone: (602) 993-8636; Fax: (602) 993-2528
Lab Name: Troché Fertility Centers ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists
1701 E. Thomas Rd, Bldg 1, Suite 101
Phoenix AZ 85016
Telephone: (602) 343-2767; Fax: (602) 343-2766
Lab Name: Arizona Reproductive Medicine
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southwest Fertility Center
3125 N. 32nd St, Suite 200
Phoenix AZ 85018
Telephone: (602) 956-7481; Fax: (602) 956-7591
Lab Name: Southwest Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Care
9819 N. 95th St, Suite 105
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 874-2229; Fax: (480) 874-2231
Lab Name: Arizona Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Associates for Reproductive Health
8573 E. Princess Dr, Suite 101
Scottsdale AZ 85255
Telephone: (480) 946-9900; Fax: (480) 946-9914
Lab Name: Arizona Associates for Reproductive
Health ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Center for Fertility Studies
8997 E. Desert Cove Ave, 2nd Floor
Scottsdale AZ 85260
Telephone: (480) 860-4792; Fax: (480) 860-6819
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Fertility
Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Fertility Centers of Arizona
8901 E. Mountain View Rd. Suite 201
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 559-0252; Fax: (480) 661-4141
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

IVF Phoenix
9817 N. 95th St, Bldg I, Suite 105
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (602) 765-2229; Fax: (602) 493-6641
Lab Name: IVF Phoenix Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Treatment Center
2155 E. Conference Dr, Suite 115
Tempe AZ 85284
Telephone: (480) 831-2445; Fax: (480) 897-1283
Lab Name: Fertility Treatment Center
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility
5190 E. Farness Dr, Suite 114
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 326-0001; Fax: (520) 326-7451
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology and Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health Center
4518 E. Camp Lowell Dr
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 733-0083; Fax: (520) 733-0771
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

ARKANSAS

Arkansas Fertility Center
Little Rock Fertility Center
9101 Kanis Rd, Suite 300
Little Rock AR 72205
Telephone: (501) 801-1200; Fax: (501) 801-1207
Lab Name: Arkansas Fertility and
Gynecology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CALIFORNIA

LifeStart Fertility Center
29525 Canwood St, Suite 220
Agoura Hills CA 91301
Telephone: (818) 889-4532; Fax: (818) 889-4536
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program
2999 Regent St, Suite 101A
Berkeley CA 94705
Telephone: (510) 649-0440; Fax: (510) 649-8700
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Beverly Hills
Reproductive Fertility Center, Center for
Reproduction, see West Hollywood, CA

Center for Reproductive Health & Gynecology
(CRH&G)
99 N. La Cienega Blvd, Suite 109
Beverly Hills CA 90211
Telephone: (310) 360-7584; Fax: (310) 360-9827
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health
& Gynecology
Accreditation: CAP

Southern California Reproductive Center
450 N. Roxbury Dr, Suite 500
Beverly Hills CA 90210
Telephone: (310) 277-2393; Fax: (310) 274-5112
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Care of Orange County
203 N. Brea Blvd, Suite 100
Brea CA 92821
Telephone: (714) 256-0777; Fax: (714) 256-0105
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Acacio Fertility Center IVF Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Central California IVF Program
Women's Specialty and Fertility Center
729 N. Medical Center Dr West, Suite 205
Clovis CA 93611
Telephone: (559) 299-7700; Fax: (559) 297-9679
Lab Name: Women's Specialty & Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

California IVF Fertility Center, Inc.
1550 Drew Ave, Suite 100
Davis CA 95618
Telephone: (530) 771-0177; Fax: (530) 771-0135
Lab Name: California IVF: Davis Fertility Center,
Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: None

California Center for Reproductive Medicine
477 N. El Camino Real, Suite C208
Encinitas CA 92024
Telephone: (760) 274-2000; Fax: (760) 274-2006
Lab Name: California Center for Reproductive
Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility Institutes-Los Angeles, New
York, Guadalajara
16030 Ventura Blvd, Suite 404
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 728-4600; Fax: (818) 728-4616
Lab Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: The Fertility Institutes IVF Lab
Accreditation: CAP

HRC Fertility-Encino
15503 Ventura Blvd, Suite 200
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 788-7288; Fax: (818) 788-5988
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Zouves Fertility Center
1241 E. Hillsdale Blvd, Suite 100
Foster City CA 94404
Telephone: (650) 378-1000; Fax: (650) 577-1128
Lab Name: Zouves Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

West Coast Fertility Centers
11160 Warner Ave, Suite 411
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 513-1399; Fax: (714) 513-1393
Lab Name: West Coast Fertility Centers Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Xpert Fertility Care of California
Minh N. Ho, MD, FACOG
11180 Warner Ave, Suite 465
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 429-5848; Fax: (714) 429-5878
Lab Name: University Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health
39141 Civic Center Dr, Suite 350
Fremont CA 94538
Telephone: (510) 248-6900; Fax: (510) 248-6981
Lab Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

CARE Fertility
1500 E. Chevy Chase Dr, Suite 450
Glendale CA 91206
Telephone: (818) 230-7778; Fax: (818) 484-2424
Lab Name: Care Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Marin Fertility Center
1100 S. Eliseo Dr, Suite 107
Greenbrae CA 94904
Telephone: (415) 925-9406; Fax: (415) 848-7045
Lab Name: MFC Lab, Inc.
Accreditation: None

Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.
15500 Sand Canyon Ave, Suite 100
Irvine CA 92618
Telephone: (949) 726-0600; Fax: (949) 726-0601
Lab Name: Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.,
Reproductive Specialty Laboratories, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Southern California
2192 Martin St, Suite 110
Irvine CA 92612
Telephone: (949) 955-0072; Fax: (949) 955-0077
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Life IVF Center
3500 Barranca Pkwy, Suite 300
Irvine CA 92606
Telephone: (949) 788-1133; Fax: (949) 788-1136
Lab Name: Life IVF Center Embryology Lab
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Fertility Center-OC
16300 Sand Canyon Ave, Suite 901
Irvine CA 92618
Telephone: (949) 453-8600; Fax: (949) 453-8601
Lab Name: Reproductive Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Partners-UCSD Regional
Fertility Center
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 800
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 552-9177; Fax: (858) 552-9188
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical Group,
Inc. Laboratory-La Jolla
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Sciences Center
4150 Regents Park Row, Suite 280
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 625-0125; Fax: (858) 625-0131
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF
Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics
11370 Anderson St, Suite 3950
Loma Linda CA 92354
Telephone: (909) 558-2851; Fax: (909) 558-2450
Lab Name: Loma Linda University Health Care
Fertility Science Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

California Fertility Partners
11818 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 300
Los Angeles CA 90025
Telephone: (310) 828-4008; Fax: (310) 828-3310
Lab Name: California Fertility Partners Reproductive
Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cedars Sinai Medical Center
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
444 S. San Vicente Blvd, Suite 1002
Los Angeles CA 90048
Telephone: (310) 423-9964; Fax: (310) 423-9777
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

CHA Fertility Center
5455 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1904
Los Angeles CA 90036
Telephone: (323) 525-3377; Fax: (323) 525-3376
Lab Name: CHA Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
10921 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 700
Los Angeles CA 90024
Telephone: (310) 209-7700; Fax: (301) 209-7799
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
Accreditation: CAP

UCLA Fertility Center
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
200 Medical Plaza, Suite 220
Los Angeles CA 90095
Telephone: (310) 825-9500; Fax: (310) 206-9731
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

USC Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility
1127 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1400
Los Angeles CA 90017
Telephone: (213) 975-9990; Fax: (213) 975-9997
Lab Name: USC Fertility ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility and Gynecology Center
Monterey Bay IVF Program
9833 Blue Larkspur Ln
Monterey CA 93940
Telephone: (831) 649-4483; Fax: (831) 649-9010
Lab Name: Fertility and Gynecology Center
Accreditation: CAP

Nova In Vitro Fertilization
2500 Hospital Dr, Bldg # 7
Mountain View CA 94040
Telephone: (650) 325-6682; Fax: (650) 968-6682
Lab Name: Nova In Vitro Fertilization Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

HRC Fertility-Orange County
500 Superior Ave, Suite 210
Newport Beach CA 92663
Telephone: (949) 287-5600; Fax: (626) 585-1603
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Newport Fertility Center
20072 S.W. Birch St, Suite 230
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 222-1290; Fax: (949) 222-1289
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OC Fertility
Dr. Sharon Moayeri
1401 Avocado Ave, Suite 403
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 706-2229; Fax: (949) 706-8490
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Specialty Medical Center
1441 Avocado Ave, Suite 203
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 640-7200; Fax: (949) 720-0203
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty Medical Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Southern California Center for
Reproductive Medicine
361 Hospital Rd, Suite 333
Newport Beach CA 92663
Telephone: (949) 642-8727; Fax: (949) 642-5413
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Lane Fertility Institute
101 Rowland Way, Suite 305
Novato CA 94945
Telephone: (415) 893-0391; Fax: (415) 892-4455
Lab Name: Lane Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: None

IVF-Orange Surgery Center
431 S. Batavia St, Suite 102
Orange CA 92868
Telephone: (714) 771-7800; Fax: (714) 289-9900
Lab Name: IVF Orange Surgery Center
Accreditation: None

American Reproductive Centers
1199 N. Indian Canyon Dr
Palm Springs CA 92262
Telephone: (760) 346-4334; Fax: (760) 346-3663
Lab Name: American Reproductive Center-Palm
Springs Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Bay In Vitro Fertilization Center for
Reproductive Medicine
1681 El Camino Real
Palo Alto CA 94306
Telephone: (650) 322-0500; Fax: (650) 322-5404
Lab Name: Bay IVF Center for Reproductive
Medicine-Bay IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Palo Alto Medical Foundation
Reproductive Endocrinology & Fertility
795 El Camino Real
Palo Alto CA 94301
Telephone: (650) 853-2200; Fax: (650) 853-2237
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

§Stanford Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine Center
Stanford University Department of Gynecology
and Obstetrics
900 Welch Rd, Suite 350
Palo Alto CA 94304
Telephone: (650) 736-4036; Fax: (650) 725-4463
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

HRC Fertility-Pasadena
333 S. Arroyo Pkwy, 3rd Floor
Pasadena CA 91105
Telephone: (626) 440-9161; Fax: (626) 585-1603
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center Medical
Group Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Partners-Redondo Beach
*Reproductive Partners-Beverly Hills, Redondo
Beach & Westminster*
510 N. Prospect Ave, Suite 202
Redondo Beach CA 90277
Telephone: (310) 318-3010; Fax: (310) 798-7304
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical Group,
Inc.-Redondo Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Northern California Fertility Medical Center
1130 Conroy Ln, Suite 100
Roseville CA 95661
Telephone: (916) 773-2229; Fax: (916) 773-8391
Lab Name: Northern California Fertility Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health-Sacramento
1650 Response Rd, Suite 1A
Sacramento CA 95815
Telephone: (916) 614-5134; Fax: (916) 614-5045
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Fertility Specialists Medical Group
8010 Frost St, Plaza Level
San Diego CA 92123
Telephone: (858) 505-5500; Fax: (858) 505-5555
Lab Name: San Diego Center for Reproductive
Surgery Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Naval Medical Center San Diego Infertility Clinic
34800 Bob Wilson Dr
San Diego CA 92134
Telephone: (619) 532-6736; Fax: (619) 532-5448
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical Group,
Inc. Laboratory-La Jolla
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: SDFC IVF & Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

San Diego Fertility Center (SDFC)
11515 El Camino Real, Suite 100
San Diego CA 92130
Telephone: (858) 794-6363; Fax: (858) 794-6360
Lab Name: SDFC IVF & Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Williams OB/GYN & Associates
1334 W. Covina Blvd, Suite 102
San Dimas CA 91773
Telephone: (909) 599-8677; Fax: (909) 592-0999
Lab Name: Williams OB/GYN Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Laurel Fertility Care
1700 California St, Suite 570
San Francisco CA 94109
Telephone: (415) 673-9199; Fax: (415) 673-8796
Lab Name: Laurel Fertility Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Fertility Center
55 Francisco St, Suite 500
San Francisco CA 94133
Telephone: (415) 834-3000; Fax: (415) 834-3080
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UCSF Center for Reproductive Health
2356 Sutter St, 7th Floor
San Francisco CA 94115
Telephone: (415) 353-3040; Fax: (415) 353-7744
Lab Name: University of California, San Francisco
Center for Reproductive Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Fertility Physicians of Northern California
*Palo Alto Medical Foundation Fertility Physicians of
Northern California*
2581 Samaritan Dr, Suite 302
San Jose CA 95124
Telephone: (408) 356-5000; Fax: (408) 355-1665
Lab Name: Fertility & Reproductive Health Institute
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Alex Steinleitner, MD
35 Casa St, Suite 260
San Luis Obispo CA 93405
Telephone: (805) 543-2228; Fax: (805) 269-0226
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco
Bay Area
100 Park Pl, Suite 200
San Ramon CA 94583
Telephone: (925) 867-1800; Fax: (925) 275-3862
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San
Francisco Bay Area Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Santa Barbara Fertility Center
536 E. Arrellaga St, Suite 201
Santa Barbara CA 93103
Telephone: (805) 965-3400; Fax: (805) 965-1222
Lab Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of
California IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Santa Monica Fertility Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Santa Barbara Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Parker-Rosenman-Rodi Gynecology and Infertility
Medical Group
Santa Monica UCLA GYN Subspecialties Group
1450 Tenth St, Suite 404
Santa Monica CA 90401
Telephone: (310) 451-8144; Fax: (310) 451-3414
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Santa Monica Fertility Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Santa Monica Fertility
2825 Santa Monica Blvd, Suite 100
Santa Monica CA 90404
Telephone: (866) 991-1990; Fax: (310) 566-1485
Lab Name: Santa Monica Fertility Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Associates Medical Group, Inc.
1111 Sonoma Ave, Suite 214
Santa Rosa CA 95405
Telephone: (707) 575-5831; Fax: (707) 575-4379
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Associates Medical
Group, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Valley Center for Reproductive Health
Tina Koopersmith, MD
13320 Riverside Dr, Suite 220
Sherman Oaks CA 91423
Telephone: (818) 986-1648; Fax: (818) 986-1653
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Garfield Fertility Center
1151 El Centro St, Suite A
South Pasadena CA 91030
Telephone: (626) 403-1888; Fax: (626) 403-2188
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

The Center for Fertility and Gynecology
Vermesh Center for Fertility
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 301
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 881-9800; Fax: (818) 881-1857
Lab Name: A.R.T. Medical Group, Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tree of Life Center for Fertility
Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 511
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 344-8522; Fax: (818) 344-8521
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Surgical Associates of California
325 Rolling Oaks Dr, Suite 110
Thousand Oaks CA 91361
Telephone: (805) 778-1122; Fax: (805) 778-0855
Lab Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of
California IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Reproductive Center
3720 Lomita Blvd, Suite 100
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 376-7000; Fax: (310) 373-0319
Lab Name: Pacific Reproductive Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Fertility Center
23550 Hawthorne Blvd, Suite 210
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 378-7445; Fax: (310) 378-7427
Lab Name: University Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Beverly Hills Reproductive Fertility Center
Center for Reproduction
9201 West Sunset Blvd, Suite 202
West Hollywood CA 90069
Telephone: (310) 550-1951; Fax: (310) 550-1971
Lab Name: In Vitrotech Labs, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

COLORADO

For current information for Advanced Reproductive Medicine, University of Colorado, see Denver, CO

Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Center
265 Parkside Dr, Suite 200
Colorado Springs CO 80910
Telephone: (719) 475-2229; Fax: (719) 475-2227
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Medicine
University of Colorado
3055 Roslyn St, Suite 230
Denver CO 80238
Telephone: (303) 724-8089; Fax: (303) 724-8149
Lab Name: University of Colorado Hospital IVF Clinical Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology
4600 E. Hale Pkwy, Suite 350
Denver CO 80220
Telephone: (303) 321-7115; Fax: (303) 321-9519
Lab Name: Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertile Hope IVF
Albrecht Women's Care Denver IVF
9800 Pyramid Ct, Suite 310
Englewood CO 80112
Telephone: (720) 420-1570; Fax: (866) 657-9471
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine
1080 E. Elizabeth St
Fort Collins CO 80524
Telephone: (970) 493-6353; Fax: (970) 493-6366
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine IVF/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Conceptions Reproductive Associates of Colorado
271 W. County Line Rd
Littleton CO 80129
Telephone: (303) 794-0045; Fax: (303) 794-2054
Lab Name: Conceptions Reproductive Associates
Accreditation: CAP

Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine
10290 RidgeGate Cir
Lone Tree CO 80124
Telephone: (303) 788-8300; Fax: (303) 788-8310
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Colorado
Accreditation: CAP

Rocky Mountain Fertility Center, PC
9235 Crown Crest Blvd, Suite 250
Parker CO 80138
Telephone: (303) 999-3877; Fax: (303) 999-3878
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CONNECTICUT

CT Fertility
4920 Main St, Suite 301
Bridgeport CT 06606
Telephone: (203) 373-1200; Fax: (203) 365-6516
Lab Name: Connecticut Fertility Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Center for Advanced Reproductive Services at the University of Connecticut Health Center
Dowling South Bldg
263 Farmington Ave, Suite 330
Farmington CT 06030
Telephone: (860) 679-4580; Fax: (860) 679-1499
Lab Name: University of Connecticut Health Center, Laboratory at the Center for Advanced Reproductive Services
Accreditation: CAP

Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center, PC
55 Holly Hill Ln, Suite 270
Greenwich CT 06830
Telephone: (203) 863-2990; Fax: (203) 863-2980
Lab Name: Greenwich Fertility Center, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Yale Fertility Center
150 Sargent Dr, 2nd Floor
New Haven CT 06511
Telephone: (203) 785-4708; Fax: (203) 764-5911
Lab Name: Yale University School of Medicine, Yale Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Connecticut
761 Main Ave, Suite 200
Norwalk CT 06852
Telephone: (203) 750-7400; Fax: (203) 846-9579
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Connecticut Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

New England Fertility Institute
1275 Summer St, Suite 201
Stamford CT 06905
Telephone: (203) 325-3200; Fax: (203) 323-3130
Lab Name: New England Fertility Institute,
ART-IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Stamford Hospital
30 Shelburne Rd
Stamford CT 06904
Telephone: (203) 276-7559; Fax: (203) 276-7259
Lab Name: New England Fertility Institute,
ART-IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Women's Fertility Center
1290 Summer St, Suite 2500
Stamford CT 06905
Telephone: (203) 286-6810; Fax: (203) 286-6811
Lab Name: New England Fertility Institute,
ART-IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
5520 Park Ave, Suite 103
Trumbull CT 06611
Telephone: (203) 372-6700; Fax: (203) 372-6706
Lab Name: Park Avenue Fertility and
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP

DELAWARE

Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, PA
Medical Arts Pavilion 1
4745 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 111
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 738-4600; Fax: (302) 738-3508
Lab Name: Delaware Institute for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Associates of Delaware
Medical Arts Pavilion 2
4735 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 3217
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 602-8822; Fax: (302) 623-4241
Lab Name: Reproductive Associates of
Delaware Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Columbia Fertility Associates
2440 M St N.W., Suite 401
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 293-6567; Fax: (202) 778-6190
Lab Name: Columbia Fertility Associates IVF
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§The George Washington University Medical
Faculty Associates
Fertility and IVF Center
2150 Pennsylvania Ave N.W., Suite 6-300
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 741-2520; Fax: (202) 741-2519
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

James A. Simon, MD, PC
1850 M St N.W., Suite 450
Washington DC 20036
Telephone: (202) 293-1000; Fax: (202) 463-6150
Lab Name: Columbia Fertility Associates IVF
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

FLORIDA

BocaFertility
875 Meadows Rd, Suite 334
Boca Raton FL 33486
Telephone: (561) 368-5500; Fax: (561) 368-4793
Lab Name: Boca Fertility IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Palm Beach Fertility Center
7015 Beracasa Way, Suite 201
Boca Raton FL 33433
Telephone: (561) 477-7728; Fax: (561) 477-7035
Lab Name: Palm Beach Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproductive Care Center, PA
Polcz Fertility Center
10301 Hagen Ranch Rd, Suite 6
Boynton Beach FL 33437
Telephone: (561) 736-6006; Fax: (561) 736-5788
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Care Center, PA
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Florida Fertility Institute
2454 N. McMullen Booth Rd, Suite 601
Clearwater FL 33759
Telephone: (727) 796-7705; Fax: (727) 726-6062
Lab Name: Florida Fertility Institute
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Infertility and Reproductive Medicine of
South Broward
9900 Stirling Rd, Suite 300
Cooper City FL 33024
Telephone: (954) 432-2228; Fax: (954) 432-7277
Lab Name: Infertility and Reproductive Medicine of
South Broward
Accreditation: None

Southwest Florida Fertility Center
15730 New Hampshire Ct, Unit 101
Fort Myers FL 33908
Telephone: (239) 561-3430; Fax: (239) 561-6980
Lab Name: Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Specialists in Reproductive Medicine and
Surgery, PA
Embryo Donation International
12611 World Plaza Ln, Bldg 53
Fort Myers FL 33907
Telephone: (239) 275-8118; Fax: (239) 275-5914
Lab Name: Specialists in Reproductive Medicine
and Surgery, PA
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

University of Florida and Shands Reproductive
Medicine at Springhill
4037 N.W. 86th Terrace
Gainesville FL 32606
Telephone: (352) 265-6200; Fax: (352) 594-1676
Lab Name: University of Florida IVF and
Andrology Lab
Accreditation: CAP

Brown Fertility
14540 Old Saint Augustine Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 2497
Jacksonville FL 32258
Telephone: (904) 260-0352; Fax: (904) 260-0353
Lab Name: Brown Fertility Lab
Accreditation: None

Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
836 Prudential Dr, Suite 902
Jacksonville FL 32207
Telephone: (904) 399-5620; Fax: (904) 399-5645
Lab Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Jacksonville Center for Reproductive Medicine
7051 Southpoint Pkwy, Suite 200
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 493-2229; Fax: (904) 396-4546
Lab Name: North Florida Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Dr. Marwan Shaykh
Assisted Fertility Program
3627 University Blvd South, Suite 450
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 398-1473; Fax: (904) 399-3436
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Program Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Natural IVF
600 Heritage Dr, Suite 200
Jupiter FL 33458
Telephone: (954) 247-6235; Fax: (954) 247-6257
Lab Name: IVF Florida Reproductive
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine
Stephen Welden, MD, PA
18944 N. Dale Mabry HWY Suite 101
Lutz FL 33548
Telephone: (813) 948-8400; Fax: (813) 948-8410
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: None

IVF Florida
2960 N. State Rd 7, Suite 300
Margate FL 33063
Telephone: (954) 247-6235; Fax: (954) 247-6296
Lab Name: IVF Florida Reproductive
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Viera Fertility Center
Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
for Women
3160 Alzante Cir
Melbourne FL 32940
Telephone: (321) 751-4673; Fax: (321) 751-4567
Lab Name: Viera Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Conceptions Florida: Center for Fertility
and Genetics
2828 Coral Way, Suite 103
Miami FL 33145
Telephone: (305) 446-4673; Fax: (305) 397-2580
Lab Name: Boca Fertility IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.
8950 N. Kendall Dr, Suite 103
Miami FL 33176
Telephone: (305) 596-4013; Fax: (305) 596-4557
Lab Name: Fertility & IVF Center of Miami Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Miami Infertility Center
1400 N.W. 12th Ave, Suite 5
Miami FL 33136
Telephone: (305) 243-8642; Fax: (305) 324-0363
Lab Name: University of Miami Infertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA
3435 Pinehurst Ave
Orlando FL 32804
Telephone: (407) 740-0909; Fax: (407) 740-7262
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine-
Florida IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Reproductive Medicine Institute
258 S. Chickasaw Tr, Suite 310
Orlando FL 32825
Telephone: (407) 281-9229; Fax: (407) 207-7180
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute IVF
LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: None

New Leaders in Fertility & Endocrinology, LLC
4400 Bayou Blvd, Suite 36
Pensacola FL 32503
Telephone: (850) 857-3733; Fax: (850) 512-1301
Lab Name: New LIFE Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility & Genetics
201 N. Pine Island Rd, 2nd Floor
Plantation FL 33324
Telephone: (954) 584-2273; Fax: (954) 587-9630
Lab Name: LIFE Laboratories
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center and Applied Genetics of Florida
6050 Cattleridge Blvd, Suite 103
Sarasota FL 34232
Telephone: (941) 342-1568; Fax: (941) 342-8296
Lab Name: Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of
Florida, Inc.
Accreditation: None

South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
7300 S.W. 62nd Pl, 4th Floor
South Miami FL 33143
Telephone: (305) 662-7901; Fax: (305) 662-7910
Lab Name: South Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory-South Miami
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health Associates, PA
Catherine L. Cowart, MD, FACOG
2919 Swann Ave, Suite 307
Tampa FL 33609
Telephone: (813) 872-0018; Fax: (813) 876-1149
Lab Name: Florida Fertility Institute
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

The Reproductive Medicine Group
5245 E. Fletcher Ave, Suite 1
Tampa FL 33617
Telephone: (813) 676-8844; Fax: (813) 676-8815
Lab Name: RMG ART Laboratories, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

University of South Florida IVF
2 Tampa General Cir, 6th Floor
Tampa FL 33606
Telephone: (813) 259-0962; Fax: (813) 259-0882
Lab Name: University of South Florida IVF
Accreditation: None

F.I.R.S.T.

Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences
and Technologies
2300 N. Commerce Pkwy, Suite 313
Weston FL 33326
Telephone: (954) 217-3456; Fax: (954) 217-3462
Lab Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive
Sciences & Technologies
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center of Assisted Reproduction
& Endocrinology
5901 Brick Ct
Winter Park FL 32792
Telephone: (407) 672-1106; Fax: (407) 678-2790
Lab Name: Vivere-Winter Park Fertility
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

GEORGIA

Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine
5909 Peachtree Dunwoody Rd, Suite 720
Atlanta GA 30328
Telephone: (770) 928-2276; Fax: (770) 592-2092
Lab Name: Atlanta Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Emory Reproductive Center
550 Peachtree St, 18th Floor
Atlanta GA 30308
Telephone: (404) 778-3401; Fax: (404) 686-4956
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Georgia Reproductive Specialists, LLC
5445 Meridian Mark Rd, Suite 270
Atlanta GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 843-2229; Fax: (404) 843-0812
Lab Name: Georgia Reproductive Specialists
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates
810 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 722-4434; Fax: (706) 722-9647
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Servy Massey Fertility Institute
Servy Institute for Reproductive Endocrinology
812 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 724-0228; Fax: (706) 722-2387
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Columbus Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility, LLC
2323 Whittlesey Rd
Columbus GA 31909
Telephone: (706) 653-6344; Fax: (706) 653-8933
Lab Name: Columbus Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology & Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Biology Associates
1100 Johnson Ferry Rd N.E., Suite 200
Sandy Springs GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 843-3064; Fax: (404) 256-1528
Lab Name: Reproductive Biology
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine
5354 Reynolds St, Suite 510
Savannah GA 31405
Telephone: (912) 352-8588; Fax: (912) 352-8893
Lab Name: The Georgia Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP

HAWAII

Advanced Reproductive Center of Hawaii
1319 Punahou St, Suite 520
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 949-6611; Fax: (808) 949-6610
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Gynecology of
Hawaii, Inc.
1401 S. Beretania St, Suite 250
Honolulu HI 96814
Telephone: (808) 545-2800; Fax: (808) 262-3744
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

IVF Hawaii
1329 Lusitana St, Suite 607
Honolulu HI 96813
Telephone: (808) 538-6655; Fax: (808) 537-5500
Lab Name: IVF Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute
Kapiʻolani Medical Center for Women and Children
1319 Punahou St, Suite 980
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 946-2226; Fax: (808) 943-1563
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tripler Army Medical Center IVF Institute
Department of OB/GYN
1 Jarrett White Rd
Tripler AMC HI 96859
Telephone: (808) 433-5954; Fax: (808) 433-1552
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

IDAHO

Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine
111 Main St, Suite 100
Boise ID 83702
Telephone: (208) 342-5900; Fax: (208) 342-2088
Lab Name: Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

ILLINOIS

Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive Health
2020 Ogden Ave, Suite 250
Aurora IL 60504
Telephone: (630) 978-6254; Fax: (630) 499-2487
Lab Name: Rush-Copley Medical Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Martin S. Balin, MD, PhD
409 W. Huron St, 5th Floor
Chicago IL 60654
Telephone: (773) 742-0567; Fax: (847) 676-3665
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
The University of Chicago
333 S. Desplains St, Suite 201
Chicago IL 60661
Telephone: (773) 702-6642; Fax: (773) 702-5848
Lab Name: University of Chicago Center for
Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Centers of Illinois- River North IVF
900 N. Kingsbury St, River Walk 6
Chicago IL 60610
Telephone: (312) 222-8230; Fax: (847) 724-1649
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Center
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Human Reproduction (IHR)
409 W. Huron St, Suite 500
Chicago IL 60657
Telephone: (312) 288-6420; Fax: (312) 288-6421
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP

Northwestern University
675 N. St. Clair St, Suite 14-200
Chicago IL 60611
Telephone: (312) 695-1364; Fax: (312) 695-4045
Lab Name: Northwestern Medical Group IVF &
Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

University of Illinois at Chicago IVF Program
1801 W. Taylor St, M/C 652, Suite 4A
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 996-9820; Fax: (312) 355-3161
Lab Name: University of Illinois at Chicago
IVF Program
Accreditation: CAP

Women's Health Consultants
1725 W. Harrison St, Suite 408E
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 997-2229; Fax: (312) 997-2354
Lab Name: Rush Center for Advanced Reproductive
Care Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Center for Reproductive Health/Joliet IVF
2246 Weber Rd
Crest Hill IL 60403
Telephone: (815) 725-4161; Fax: (815) 725-4341
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health, SC,
Joliet IVF, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Midwest Fertility Center
4333 Main St
Downers Grove IL 60515
Telephone: (630) 810-0212; Fax: (630) 810-1027
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Center, ART Laboratory
of Midwest Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Chicago Infertility Associates, Ltd.
Alexian Brother's Hospital Pavilion
800 Biesterfield Rd, Suite 645
Elk Grove Village IL 60007
Telephone: (847) 545-4733; Fax: (847) 545-4738
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Global IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None
Lab Name: Fertility and Cryogenics Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago
30 Tower Ct, Suite F
Gurnee IL 60031
Telephone: (847) 662-1818; Fax: (847) 662-3001
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Center of
Chicago Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Chicago Infertility
Associates, Ltd., see Elk Grove Village, IL

Highland Park IVF Center
767 Park Ave West, Suite B400
Highland Park IL 60035
Telephone: (847) 433-9050; Fax: (847) 433-9126
Lab Name: Highland Park IVF Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Hinsdale Center for Reproduction
121 N. Elm St
Hinsdale IL 60521
Telephone: (630) 856-3535; Fax: (630) 856-3545
Lab Name: Hinsdale Center for
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reena Jabamoni, MD, SC
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 401
Hoffman Estates IL 60169
Telephone: (847) 843-7090; Fax: (847) 843-0584
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Center
Accreditation: CAP

Karande and Associates, SC dba
InVia Fertility Specialists
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Suite 406
Hoffman Estates IL 60169
Telephone: (847) 884-8884; Fax: (847) 884-8093
Lab Name: InVia Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.
1515 Essington Rd
Joliet IL 60435
Telephone: (815) 730-1100; Fax: (815) 730-1066
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.,
IVF/Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Advanced IVF Institute
Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates
120 Osler Dr, Suite 100
Naperville IL 60540
Telephone: (630) 428-2229; Fax: (630) 428-0336
Lab Name: Charles E. Miller, MD, SC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Center
Accreditation: CAP

IVF1
3 N. Washington St
Naperville IL 60540
Telephone: (630) 357-6540; Fax: (630) 357-6435
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Institute
2425 W. 22nd St, Suite 102
Oak Brook IL 60523
Telephone: (630) 954-0054; Fax: (630) 954-0073
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute
Accreditation: CAP

Daniel Rostein, MD, SC
2208 Midwest Rd, Suite 102
Oak Brook IL 60523
Telephone: (630) 472-9100; Fax: (630) 472-9101
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Central Illinois
5401 N. Knoxville Ave, Suite 102
Peoria IL 61614
Telephone: (309) 689-0411; Fax: (309) 689-0784
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Central Illinois
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health and Fertility Center
973 Featherstone Rd, Suite 100
Rockford IL 61107
Telephone: (815) 986-3737; Fax: (815) 986-3734
Lab Name: Reproductive Health and Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Chicago IVF
5225 Old Orchard Rd, Suite 24A
Skokie IL 60077
Telephone: (866) 483-2446; Fax: (708) 403-5272
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Health Centers,
Ltd. IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southern Illinois University Fertility and IVF Center
751 N. Rutledge St, Suite 0100
Springfield IL 62702
Telephone: (217) 545-2229; Fax: (217) 545-3119
Lab Name: SIU Fertility and IVF Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Seth Levrant, MD, PC
Partners in Reproductive Health
16345 S. Harlem Ave, Suite 100
Tinley Park IL 60477
Telephone: (708) 532-7017; Fax: (708) 845-5287
Lab Name: Seth Levrant, MD, PC, In-Vitro Lab
Accreditation: CAP

INDIANA

For current information for American Health
Network-reproductive medicine, see
Indianapolis, IN

For current information for Dr. John C. Jarrett, II,
American Health Network Reproductive Medicine,
see Indianapolis, IN

Midwest Fertility Specialists
12188-A N. Meridian St, Suite 250
Carmel IN 46032
Telephone: (317) 571-1637; Fax: (317) 571-9483
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Specialists
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC
Advanced Fertility Group
1222 Professional Blvd
Evansville IN 47714
Telephone: (812) 469-4920; Fax: (812) 469-4930
Lab Name: Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Fertility Group
201 N. Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 205
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 817-1300; Fax: (317) 817-1306
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§American Health Network-reproductive medicine
10610 N. Pennsylvania St, Suite 100
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 580-4493; Fax: (317) 587-7056
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Community Reproductive Endocrinology
7250 Clearvista Dr, Suite 365
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 621-0600; Fax: (317) 621-0610
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Services
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Family Beginnings, PC
8435 Clearvista Pl, Suite 104
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 595-3665; Fax: (317) 595-3666
Lab Name: Family Beginnings, PC
Accreditation: CAP

Indiana University Hospital
550 N. University Blvd, Room 4921
Indianapolis IN 46202
Telephone: (317) 944-1640; Fax: (317) 944-0869
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Dr. John C. Jarrett, II
American Health Network Reproductive Medicine
10610 N. Pennsylvania St, Suite 101
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 575-6565; Fax: (317) 575-6575
Lab Name: IVF Indiana Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Care of Indiana
201 Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 205
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 817-1800; Fax: (317) 817-1810
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§Boston IVF at the Women's Hospital
4199 Gateway Blvd, Suite 2600
Newburgh IN 47630
Telephone: (812) 842-4530; Fax: (812) 842-4595
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Women's Specialty Health Centers, PC
9660 E. 146th St, Suite 300
Noblesville IN 46060
Telephone: (317) 774-1200; Fax: (317) 774-1222
Lab Name: Follas Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IOWA

Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC
1371 N.W. 121st St
Clive IA 50325
Telephone: (515) 222-3060; Fax: (515) 222-9563
Lab Name: Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC, Main Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics
Center for Advanced Reproductive Care
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
Pomerantz Family Pavilion
200 Hawkins Dr
Iowa City IA 52242
Telephone: (319) 356-8483; Fax: (319) 353-6659
Lab Name: University of Iowa Hospital and Clinics
IVF & Reproductive Testing
Accreditation: CAP

KANSAS

Midwest Reproductive Center, PA
20375 W. 151st St, Bldg 1, Suite 403
Olathe KS 66061
Telephone: (913) 780-4300; Fax: (913) 780-4250
Lab Name: Midwest Reproductive
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
10777 Nall Ave, Suite 200
Overland Park KS 66211
Telephone: (913) 588-2229; Fax: (913) 588-6258
Lab Name: University of Kansas Medical Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Resource Center of Greater
Kansas City
12200 W. 106th St, Suite 120
Overland Park KS 66215
Telephone: (913) 894-2323; Fax: (913) 894-0841
Lab Name: Reproductive Resource Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Center for Reproductive Medicine
9300 E. 29th St North, Suite 102
Wichita KS 67226
Telephone: (316) 687-2112; Fax: (316) 687-1260
Lab Name: The Center for Reproductive Medicine,
CRM Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

KENTUCKY

Bluegrass Fertility Center
1760 Nicholasville Rd, Suite 501
Lexington KY 40503
Telephone: (859) 260-1515; Fax: (859) 260-1425
Lab Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Lexington Fertility Center
170 N. Eagle Creek Dr, Suite 101
Lexington KY 40509
Telephone: (859) 277-5736; Fax: (859) 276-2236
Lab Name: Lexington Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Fertility and Endocrine Associates
Louisville Reproductive Center
4121 Dutchman's Ln, Suites 414 and 416
Louisville KY 40207
Telephone: (502) 897-2144; Fax: (502) 897-9929
Lab Name: Louisville Reproductive Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility First
Reproductive Endocrine Services
6420 Dutchmans Pkwy, Suite 395
Louisville KY 40205
Telephone: (502) 749-6420; Fax: (502) 749-6426
Lab Name: Boston IVF at The Women's
Hospital Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University OBGYN Associates Fertility Center
401 E. Chestnut St, Suite 410
Louisville KY 40202
Telephone: (502) 588-4400; Fax: (502) 588-4315
Lab Name: University of Louisville Physicians
OBGYN & Women's Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

LOUISIANA

A Woman's Center for Reproductive Medicine
500 Rue de La Vie, Suite 510
Baton Rouge LA 70817
Telephone: (225) 926-6886; Fax: (225) 922-3730
Lab Name: A Woman's Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Women's Health Center of Louisiana
206 E. Farrel Rd
Lafayette LA 70508
Telephone: (337) 989-8795; Fax: (337) 989-8766
Lab Name: Regional Medical Center of Acadiana
Women's and Children's Hospital Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Institute of New Orleans
800 N. Causeway Blvd, Suite 2C
Mandeville LA 70448
Telephone: (985) 892-7621; Fax: (985) 892-9245
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New
Orleans Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Fertility Institute of New
Orleans, see Mandeville, LA

Audubon Fertility & Reproductive Medicine
4321 Magnolia St
New Orleans LA 70115
Telephone: (504) 891-1390; Fax: (504) 891-1391
Lab Name: Vivere New Orleans Fertility
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Arklatex Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
2401 Greenwood Rd, Suite A
Shreveport LA 71103
Telephone: (318) 841-5800; Fax: (318) 841-5817
Lab Name: E and A Laboratory LLC
Accreditation: CAP

MAINE

Boston IVF, The Maine Center
778 Main St, Suite 2
South Portland ME 04106
Telephone: (207) 358-7600; Fax: (207) 761-7019
Lab Name: Boston IVF The Maine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MARYLAND

For current information for Shady Grove Fertility
RSC at GBMC, see Towson, MD

The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc.
Walter Reed National Military Medical Center
8901 Wisconsin Ave, Bldg 10, Rm 2104
Bethesda MD 20889
Telephone: (301) 400-2151; Fax: (301) 400-1800
Lab Name: The A.R.T. Institute of Washington,
Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Endrika Hinton, MD
10751 Falls Rd, Suite 302
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 616-7777; Fax: (410) 616-7767
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins Health System
Corporation, Johns Hopkins IVF
ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Johns Hopkins Fertility Center
10753 Falls Rd, Suite 335
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 847-3650; Fax: (410) 583-2792
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins Health System
Corporation, Johns Hopkins IVF
ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Montgomery Fertility Center
3202 Tower Oaks Blvd, Suite 370
Rockville MD 20852
Telephone: (301) 946-6962; Fax: (301) 946-6022
Lab Name: Montgomery Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center
15001 Shady Grove Rd, Suite 400
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 340-1188; Fax: (301) 340-1612
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive
Science Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

For current information for Montgomery Fertility
Center, see Rockville, MD

Fertility Center of Maryland
110 West Rd, Suite 102
Towson MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 296-6400; Fax: (410) 296-6405
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Maryland, Inc.
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Shady Grove Fertility RSC at GBMC
Shady Grove Fertility RSC-Towson
901 Dulaney Valley Rd, Suite 100
Towson MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 512-8300; Fax: (410) 512-8390
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility
RSC-Towson Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MASSACHUSETTS

Brigham and Women's Hospital Center for Assisted
Reproductive Technology
Brigham and Women's Hospital
75 Francis St
Boston MA 02115
Telephone: (617) 732-5570; Fax: (617) 975-0825
Lab Name: Brigham and Women's Hospital, Center
for Assisted Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility Center
32 Fruit St, Yawkey 10A
Boston MA 02114
Telephone: (617) 726-8868; Fax: (617) 724-8882
Lab Name: Massachusetts General Hospital,
Vincent IVF Unit Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Fertility Solutions, PC dba
Massachusetts Fertility Center, LLC
45 Stergis Way
Dedham MA 02026
Telephone: (781) 326-2451; Fax: (781) 329-2684
Lab Name: Massachusetts Fertility Center LLC,
Fertility Solutions Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Science Center
1 Forbes Rd
Lexington MA 02421
Telephone: (781) 674-1200; Fax: (781) 674-2442
Lab Name: IVF New England Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Centers of New England, Inc.
New England Clinics of Reproductive Medicine, Inc.
20 Pond Meadow Dr, Suite 101
Reading MA 01867
Telephone: (781) 942-7000; Fax: (781) 942-7200
Lab Name: New England Clinic of Reproductive
Medicine, Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Baystate Reproductive Medicine
Chestnut Surgical Center 759 Chestnut St
Springfield MA 01199
Telephone: (413) 794-1950; Fax: (413) 794-1857
Lab Name: Baystate Medical Center, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cardone Reproductive Medicine and Infertility
2 Main St, Suite 150
Stoneham MA 02180
Telephone: (781) 438-9600; Fax: (781) 438-9601
Lab Name: Boston IVF, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Boston IVF
130 Second Ave
Waltham MA 02451
Telephone: (781) 434-6400; Fax: (781) 434-6464
Lab Name: Boston IVF, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Boston IVF The Maine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MICHIGAN

Center for Reproductive Medicine
University of Michigan Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility
475 Market Pl, Suite B
Ann Arbor MI 48108
Telephone: (734) 763-4323; Fax: (734) 763-7682
Lab Name: University of Michigan, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC
4190 Telegraph Rd, Suite 1500
Bloomfield Hills MI 48302
Telephone: (248) 203-0900; Fax: (248) 203-0902
Lab Name: Michigan Center for Fertility & Women's
Health, Michigan Center IVF, PLLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Gago IVF
2250 Genoa Business Park Dr, Suite 110
Brighton MI 48114
Telephone: (810) 227-3232; Fax: (810) 227-3237
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Michigan Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Michigan Comprehensive Fertility Center
18181 Oakwood Blvd, Suite 109
Dearborn MI 48124
Telephone: (313) 299-6650; Fax: (313) 299-6658
Lab Name: Michigan Comprehensive Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC
3230 Eagle Park Dr N.E., Suite 100
Grand Rapids MI 49525
Telephone: (616) 988-2229; Fax: (616) 988-2009
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

IVF Michigan
3950 S. Rochester Rd, Suite 2300
Rochester Hills MI 48307
Telephone: (248) 844-8845; Fax: (248) 844-9039
Lab Name: IVF Michigan, IVF/Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Physician Group-Southfield
Wayne State University
26400 W. 12 Mile Rd, Suite 140
Southfield MI 48034
Telephone: (248) 352-8200; Fax: (248) 356-8255
Lab Name: University Physician Group,
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine
1500 W. Big Beaver, Suite 105
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 637-4050; Fax: (248) 637-0115
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD, PC
415 E. Maple Rd, Suite 101
Troy MI 48083
Telephone: (248) 524-1001; Fax: (248) 851-6522
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Michigan
130 Town Center Dr, Suite 106
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 619-3100; Fax: (248) 619-9031
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Michigan Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Michigan Center for Fertility and Women's
Health, PLC
4700 Thirteen Mile Rd
Warren MI 48092
Telephone: (586) 576-0431; Fax: (586) 576-0924
Lab Name: Michigan Center for Fertility & Women's
Health, Michigan Center IVF, PLLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MINNESOTA

The Midwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
Arbor Lakes Medical Bldg
12000 Elm Creek Blvd North, Suite 350
Maple Grove MN 55369
Telephone: (763) 494-7700; Fax: (763) 494-7706
Lab Name: Midwest Center for Reproductive Health,
Assisted Reproductive Technology
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine
Advanced Reproductive Technologies
2828 Chicago Ave South, Suite 400
Minneapolis MN 55407
Telephone: (612) 863-5390; Fax: (612) 863-2697
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Center
606 24th Ave South, Suite 500
Minneapolis MN 55454
Telephone: (612) 372-7050; Fax: (612) 372-7040
Lab Name: University of Minnesota Physicians,
Reproductive Medicine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Mayo Clinic Assisted Reproductive Technologies
Charlton Bldg
200 First St S.W., 3rd Floor, Desk 3A
Rochester MN 55905
Telephone: (507) 266-3995; Fax: (507) 284-1774
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Reproductive Medicine & Infertility Associates
Woodbury Medical Arts Bldg
2101 Woodwinds Dr, Suite 100
Woodbury MN 55125
Telephone: (651) 222-6050; Fax: (651) 222-5975
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility
Associates, Reproductive Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility
Associates, Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi Reproductive Medicine, PLLC
1040 River Oaks Dr, Suite 202
Flowood MS 39232
Telephone: (601) 936-3650; Fax: (866) 491-0274
Lab Name: Mississippi Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Mississippi Fertility Institute
501 Marshall St, Suite 600
Jackson MS 39202
Telephone: (601) 948-6540; Fax: (601) 326-1501
Lab Name: Mississippi Fertility Institute
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

University of Mississippi Medical Center
2925 Layfair Dr, Room 146
Jackson MS 39232
Telephone: (601) 984-5330; Fax: (601) 984-6759
Lab Name: University of Mississippi Medical Center
IVF & Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MISSOURI

Infertility Center of St. Louis
224 S. Woods Mill Rd, Suite 730
Chesterfield MO 63017
Telephone: (314) 576-1400; Fax: (314) 576-1442
Lab Name: St. Luke's Hospital Assisted
Reproductive Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, Inc.
1506 E. Broadway, Suite 220
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 443-4511; Fax: (573) 443-7860
Lab Name: Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
University of Missouri
Department of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Women's Health
500 N. Keene St, Suite 203
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 817-3101; Fax: (573) 499-6065
Lab Name: University of Missouri, Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility-ART Lab
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-St. Louis
555 N. New Ballas Rd, Suite 150
Creve Coeur MO 63141
Telephone: (314) 983-9000; Fax: (314) 983-9023
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-St. Louis Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Midwest Women's Healthcare Specialists
6400 Prospect, Suite 598
Kansas City MO 64132
Telephone: (816) 444-6888; Fax: (816) 444-8430
Lab Name: Research Medical Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Partnership
5401 Veterans Memorial Pkwy, Suite 201
Saint Peters MO 63376
Telephone: (636) 441-7770; Fax: (636) 441-7775
Lab Name: Fertility Partnership Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Center for Reproductive Medicine & Robotic Surgery
522 N. New Ballas Rd, Suite 206
St. Louis MO 63141
Telephone: (314) 473-1285; Fax: (314) 473-1287
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine & Robotic Surgery Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Infertility and Reproductive Medicine Center at Washington University School of Medicine and Barnes-Jewish Hospital
4444 Forest Park Ave, Suite 3100
St. Louis MO 63108
Telephone: (314) 286-2400; Fax: (314) 286-2455
Lab Name: Barnes-Jewish Hospital, Infertility & Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP

MONTANA

Billings Clinic
Department of Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Care
801 N. 29th St
Billings MT 59101
Telephone: (406) 238-2904; Fax: (406) 238-2806
Lab Name: Billings Clinic IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEBRASKA

For current information for Nebraska Methodist Hospital REI, see Omaha, NE

Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC
7308 S. 142nd St
Omaha NE 68138
Telephone: (402) 717-4200; Fax: (402) 717-4230
Lab Name: Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Nebraska Methodist Hospital REI
Reproductive Health Specialists
717 N. 190th Plaza, Suite 2500
Omaha NE 68022
Telephone: (402) 815-1915; Fax: (402) 815-1065
Lab Name: Andrology and Embryology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

NEVADA

Fertility Center of Las Vegas
8851 W. Sahara Ave, Suite 100
Las Vegas NV 89117
Telephone: (702) 254-1777; Fax: (702) 254-1213
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Las Vegas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Red Rock Fertility Center
6420 Medical Center St, Suite 100
Las Vegas NV 89148
Telephone: (702) 262-0079; Fax: (702) 685-6910
Lab Name: Red Rock Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Las Vegas
5320 S. Rainbow Blvd, Suite 300
Las Vegas NV 89118
Telephone: (702) 892-9696; Fax: (702) 892-9666
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Las Vegas
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission, NYSTB

The Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine
645 Sierra Rose Dr, Suite 205
Reno NV 89511
Telephone: (775) 828-1200; Fax: (775) 828-1785
Lab Name: The Nevada Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center
1 Medical Center Dr
Lebanon NH 03756
Telephone: (603) 653-9240; Fax: (603) 650-0905
Lab Name: Dartmouth-Hitchcock Embryology &
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEW JERSEY

Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
171 State Route 173, Suite 301
Asbury NJ 08802
Telephone: (908) 781-0666; Fax: (908) 238-5197
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine Associates of New Jersey
140 Allen Rd
Basking Ridge NJ 07920
Telephone: (973) 971-4600; Fax: (973) 290-8370
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Science Center of New Jersey
234 Industrial Way West, Suite A104
Eatontown NJ 07724
Telephone: (732) 918-2500; Fax: (732) 918-2504
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of New
Jersey Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
& Fertility
Four Ethel Rd, Suite 405A
Edison NJ 08817
Telephone: (732) 339-9300; Fax: (732) 339-9400
Lab Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive
Medicine & Fertility
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Women's Fertility Center
106 Grand Ave, Suite 400
Englewood NJ 07631
Telephone: (201) 569-6979; Fax: (201) 569-0269
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New
York IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

North Hudson I.V.F.
Center for Fertility and Gynecology
385 Sylvan Ave
Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
Telephone: (201) 871-1999; Fax: (201) 871-1031
Lab Name: North Hudson IVF Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Reproductive Associates, PC
214 Terrace Ave
Hasbrouck Heights NJ 07604
Telephone: (201) 288-6330; Fax: (201) 288-6331
Lab Name: University Reproductive Associates,
PC, Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine
475 Route 70, Suite 201
Lakewood NJ 08701
Telephone: (732) 363-4777; Fax: (732) 363-2004
Lab Name: Shore Area IVF Laboratories, PC
Accreditation: CAP

Delaware Valley OBGYN & Infertility Group, PC
Princeton IVF
2 Princess Rd, Suite C
Lawrenceville NJ 08648
Telephone: (609) 896-0777; Fax: (609) 896-3266
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine,
Abington IVF & Genetics
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for East Coast Infertility and
IVF, see Shrewsbury, NJ

Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Science
Saint Barnabas Medical Center
94 Old Short Hills Rd, East Wing, Suite 403
Livingston NJ 07039
Telephone: (973) 322-8286; Fax: (973) 322-8890
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and
Science at Saint Barnabas Medical Center
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Cooper Institute for
Reproductive Hormonal Disorders, see Mount
Laurel, NJ

Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and Genetics
6000 Sagemore Dr, Suite 6102
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 988-0072; Fax: (856) 988-0056
Lab Name: Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and
Genetics Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

South Jersey Fertility Center
400 Lippincott Dr, Suite 130
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 596-2233; Fax: (856) 596-2411
Lab Name: South Jersey Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Diamond Institute for Infertility
89 Millburn Ave
Millburn NJ 07041
Telephone: (973) 761-5600; Fax: (973) 761-5100
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for Infertility
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders
17000 Commerce Pkwy, Suite C
Mount Laurel NJ 08054
Telephone: (856) 751-5575; Fax: (856) 751-7289
Lab Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders
Accreditation: CAP

Valley Hospital Fertility Center
The Robert and Audrey Luckow Pavilion
1 Valley Health Plaza, 1st Floor
Paramus NJ 07652
Telephone: (201) 634-5400; Fax: (201) 634-5506
Lab Name: Valley Hospital Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Princeton Center for Reproductive Medicine
65 S. Main St, Bldg C, Suite 100
Pennington NJ 08534
Telephone: (609) 818-1114; Fax: (609) 818-1100
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

East Coast Infertility and IVF
Damien Fertility Partners
655 Shrewsbury Ave, Suite 300
Shrewsbury NJ 07702
Telephone: (732) 758-6511; Fax: (732) 758-0148
Lab Name: Damien Fertility Partners Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF New Jersey
81 Veronica Ave
Somerset NJ 08873
Telephone: (732) 220-9060; Fax: (732) 545-1164
Lab Name: IVF New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center For Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
200A Route 73
Voorhees NJ 08043
Telephone: (856) 767-0009; Fax: (856) 767-0990
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine and
Fertility Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§North Jersey Fertility Associates, LLC
57 Willowbrook Blvd, Suite 301
Wayne NJ 07470
Telephone: (973) 754-4055; Fax: (973) 754-4058
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York
400 Old Hook Rd, Suite 2-3
Westwood NJ 07675
Telephone: (201) 666-4200; Fax: (201) 666-2262
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New
York IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEW MEXICO

Center for Reproductive Medicine of New Mexico
Presbyterian Professional Bldg
201 Cedar St S.E., Suite S1-20
Albuquerque NM 87106
Telephone: (505) 247-3333; Fax: (505) 217-1171
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine of
New Mexico, In Vitro Fertilization and Andrology
Accreditation: CAP

NEW YORK

The Fertility Institute at New York Methodist Hospital
506 Sixth St, KP4
Brooklyn NY 11215
Telephone: (718) 780-5065; Fax: (718) 780-5085
Lab Name: The Fertility Institute at New York
Methodist Hospital
Accreditation: NYSTB

Genesis Fertility & Reproductive Medicine
6010 Bay Pkwy
Brooklyn NY 11204
Telephone: (718) 283-8600; Fax: (718) 283-6580
Lab Name: Genesis Fertility &
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: NYSTB

Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of Western
New York
4510 Main St
Buffalo NY 14226
Telephone: (716) 839-3057; Fax: (716) 839-1477
Lab Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of
Western New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC
400 Westage Business Center Dr, Suite 109
Fishkill NY 12524
Telephone: (845) 765-0125; Fax: (845) 765-0128
Lab Name: Hudson Valley Fertility
Accreditation: NYSTB

The New York Fertility Center
42-31 Colden St, Suite 202
Flushing NY 11355
Telephone: (718) 261-9068; Fax: (718) 261-9067
Lab Name: The New York Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive Medicine
and Health
141 S. Central Ave, Suite 201
Hartsdale NY 10530
Telephone: (914) 997-1060; Fax: (914) 997-1099
Lab Name: Montefiore Medical Center, Institute for
Reproductive Medicine and Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

New York Reproductive Wellness
380 N. Broadway Ave, Suite 305
Jericho NY 11753
Telephone: (516) 605-2626; Fax: (516) 605-2624
Lab Name: New York Reproductive Wellness
Medicine ART Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

§Albany IVF Fertility
399 Albany Shaker Rd
Loudonville NY 12211
Telephone: (518) 434-9759; Fax: (518) 436-9822
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

North Shore University Hospital
The Center for Human Reproduction
300 Community Dr
Manhasset NY 11030
Telephone: (516) 562-1744; Fax: (516) 562-1710
Lab Name: North Shore University Hospital Center
for Human Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

East Coast Fertility
8 Corporate Center Dr, Suite 101
Melville NY 11747
Telephone: (631) 881-5337; Fax: (631) 752-0654
Lab Name: Long Island IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Long Island IVF
8 Corporate Center Dr, Suite 101
Melville NY 11747
Telephone: (631) 752-0606; Fax: (631) 752-0654
Lab Name: Long Island IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Reproductive Specialists of New York
200 Old Country Rd, Suite 350
Mineola NY 11501
Telephone: (516) 739-2100; Fax: (516) 739-2179
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialists of New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Reproductive Medicine
344 E. Main St, Suite 403
Mt. Kisco NY 10549
Telephone: (914) 218-8955; Fax: (914) 218-8956
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC, dba
Neway Medical
Accreditation: NYSTB

Advanced Fertility Services
1625 Third Ave
New York NY 10128
Telephone: (212) 369-8700; Fax: (212) 722-5587
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

§Beth Israel Center for Infertility &
Reproductive Health
10 Union Square East, Suite 2E
New York NY 10003
Telephone: (212) 844-8587; Fax: (212) 844-6184
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Brooklyn/Westside Fertility Center
Brooklyn Fertility Center
55 Central Park West, Suite 1C
New York NY 10023
Telephone: (212) 721-4545; Fax: (212) 721-4598
Lab Name: Brooklyn Westside Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Columbia University Center for Women's
Reproductive Care
1790 Broadway, 2nd Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 314-8817; Fax: (646) 756-8283
Lab Name: Center for Women's Reproductive Care
at Columbia University
Accreditation: NYSTB

Andrew Loucopoulos, MD, PhD
1001 5th Ave
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 472-7186; Fax: (212) 472-8608
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC, dba
Neway Medical
Accreditation: NYSTB

Manhattan Reproductive Medicine
159 E. 74th St, Suite 1C
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 794-0080; Fax: (212) 794-0066
Lab Name: Manhattan Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Medical Offices for Human Reproduction
Center for Human Reproduction (CHR)
21 E. 69th St
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 994-4400; Fax: (212) 994-4499
Lab Name: Medical Offices for Human
Reproduction-New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Metropolitan Reproductive Medicine, PC
422 W. End Ave
New York NY 10024
Telephone: (212) 580-2252; Fax: (212) 580-2258
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC, dba
Neway Medical
Accreditation: NYSTB

New Hope Fertility Center-West Side
4 Columbus Circle, 4th Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 400-9624; Fax: (212) 489-6294
Lab Name: New Hope Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

New York Fertility Institute
1016 5th Ave
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 734-5555; Fax: (212) 734-6059
Lab Name: New York Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

New York Fertility Services, PC
Batzofin Fertility Services, PC
16 E. 40th St, 2nd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 679-2289; Fax: (212) 679-2288
Lab Name: Batzofin Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

New York Reproductive Medical Services
133 E. 58th St, Suite 1002
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 317-8700; Fax: (877) 396-8029
Lab Name: Gramercy Fertility Services
Accreditation: NYSTB

§Neway Medical
115 E. 57th St, Suite 500
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 750-3330; Fax: (646) 462-3353
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

NYU Fertility Center
660 First Ave, 5th Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 263-8990; Fax: (212) 263-7853
Lab Name: NYU Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Offices for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
51 E. 67th St
New York NY 10065
Telephone: (212) 535-5350; Fax: (212) 535-5080
Lab Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Reproductive Medicine Associates of New York, LLP
635 Madison Ave, 10th Floor
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 756-5777; Fax: (212) 756-5770
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New York, LLP
Accreditation: NYSTB

§Geoffrey Sher, MD, PC
425 5th Ave, 3rd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (646) 792-7476; Fax: (646) 274-0600
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Weill Medical College of Cornell University
Center for Reproductive Medicine
1305 York Ave, 6th Floor
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (646) 962-2764; Fax: (646) 962-0359
Lab Name: Weill Medical College of Cornell
University Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Rochester Fertility Care, PC
1561 Long Pond Rd, Suite 410
Rochester NY 14626
Telephone: (585) 453-7760; Fax: (585) 453-7771
Lab Name: Rochester Fertility Care
Accreditation: NYSTB

Strong Fertility Center
500 Red Creek Dr, Suite 220
Rochester NY 14623
Telephone: (585) 487-3378; Fax: (585) 334-8998
Lab Name: Strong Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Island Reproductive Services, PC
1110 South Ave, Suite 305
Staten Island NY 10314
Telephone: (718) 761-6000; Fax: (718) 761-6066
Lab Name: Reproductive Center of Central
New Jersey
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

For current information for Gold Coast IVF,
Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center, see
Woodbury, NY

CNY Fertility Center
195 Intrepid Ln
Syracuse NY 13205
Telephone: (315) 469-8700; Fax: (315) 469-6789
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Latham
Accreditation: NYSTB (Pend)
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Syracuse
Accreditation: NYSTB

University IVF
SUNY Upstate Medical University
725 Irving Ave, Suite 600
Syracuse NY 13210
Telephone: (315) 464-3928; Fax: (315) 464-4615
Lab Name: University IVF, SUNY Upstate
Medical University
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Fertility and
Reproductive Endocrinology
136 S. Broadway, Suite 100
White Plains NY 10605
Telephone: (914) 949-6677; Fax: (914) 949-5758
Lab Name: Westchester IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

Braverman Reproductive Immunology, PC
800 Woodbury Rd, Suite G
Woodbury NY 11797
Telephone: (516) 584-8710; Fax: (516) 584-8711
Lab Name: Gramercy Fertility Services
Accreditation: NYSTB

Gold Coast IVF
Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center
246 Crossways Park Dr West
Woodbury NY 11797
Telephone: (516) 682-8900; Fax: (516) 682-8901
Lab Name: North Shore University Hospital Center
for Human Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB
Lab Name: Connecticut Fertility
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Gold Coast IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

NORTH CAROLINA

North Carolina Center for Reproductive Medicine
The Talbert Fertility Institute
400 Ashville Ave, Suite 200
Cary NC 27518
Telephone: (919) 233-1680; Fax: (919) 233-1685
Lab Name: North Carolina Center for
Reproductive Medicine, North Carolina
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

CMC Reproductive Medicine and Infertility
CMC Women's Institute
1025 Morehead Medical Dr, Suite 500
Charlotte NC 28204
Telephone: (704) 355-3153; Fax: (704) 355-9322
Lab Name: Carolinas Medical Center Andrology and
ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Assisted Reproduction
1524 E. Morehead St
Charlotte NC 28207
Telephone: (704) 343-3400; Fax: (704) 343-3428
Lab Name: Reproductive Endocrine Associates of
Charlotte, Institute for Assisted Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP

Duke Fertility Center
Duke University Medical Center
5704 Fayetteville Rd
Durham NC 27713
Telephone: (919) 572-4673; Fax: (919) 484-0461
Lab Name: Duke Fertility Center, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Womack Army Medical Center REI Clinic
2817 Reilly Rd
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Telephone: (910) 907-9270; Fax: (910) 907-7825
Lab Name: NCIVF
Accreditation: None

East Carolina University
ECU Women's Physicians
2160 Herbert Ct
Greenville NC 27834
Telephone: (252) 744-3849; Fax: (252) 744-2016
Lab Name: ECU Women's Physicians ART/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Premier Fertility Center
High Point Regional Health System
2783 NC Hwy 68, Suite 104
High Point NC 27265
Telephone: (336) 841-7070; Fax: (336) 841-7077
Lab Name: Premier Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Concepts
9800 W. Kinsey Ave, Suite 160
Huntersville NC 28078
Telephone: (704) 947-9000; Fax: (704) 992-1900
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Concepts,
PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Atlantic Reproductive Medicine Specialists
10208 Cerny St, Suite 306
Raleigh NC 27617
Telephone: (919) 248-8777; Fax: (919) 248-8776
Lab Name: Atlantic Reproductive Medicine Fertility
Center Partners Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Carolina Conceptions, PA
2601 Lake Dr, Suite 301
Raleigh NC 27607
Telephone: (919) 782-5911; Fax: (919) 861-6400
Lab Name: Carolina Conceptions Embryology/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UNC Fertility
7920 ACC Blvd, Suite 300
Raleigh NC 27617
Telephone: (919) 908-0000; Fax: (919) 596-6147
Lab Name: UNC Fertility-Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Wake Forest University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Medical Plaza-Miller
131 Miller St, 2nd Floor
Winston-Salem NC 27103
Telephone: (336) 716-6476; Fax: (336) 716-0194
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

NORTH DAKOTA

Sanford Health Reproductive Medicine Institute
1111 Harwood Dr South
Fargo ND 58104
Telephone: (701) 234-2700; Fax: (701) 234-2783
Lab Name: Sanford Health, Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OHIO

Fertility Unlimited, Inc.
Northeastern Ohio Fertility Center
468 E. Market St
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 376-2300; Fax: (330) 376-4807
Lab Name: Fertility Unlimited, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Gynecology
95 Arch St, Suite 250
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 375-7722; Fax: (330) 375-3986
Lab Name: Reproductive Gynecology
Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center
26900 Cedar Rd, Suite 220 South
Beachwood OH 44122
Telephone: (216) 839-3150; Fax: (216) 839-3195
Lab Name: Cleveland Clinic Foundation
Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

University Hospitals Fertility Center
Kathy Risman Pavilion
1000 Auburn Dr, Suite 310
Beachwood OH 44122
Telephone: (216) 285-5028; Fax: (216) 201-5388
Lab Name: University Hospitals Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Bethesda Fertility Center
Bethesda Hospital
10506 Montgomery Rd, Suite 303
Cincinnati OH 45242
Telephone: (513) 865-1675; Fax: (513) 865-1676
Lab Name: Reproductive Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Institute for Reproductive Health
3805 Edwards Rd, Suite 450
Cincinnati OH 45209
Telephone: (513) 924-5550; Fax: (513) 924-5549
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Health
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MetroHealth Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology
2500 MetroHealth Dr
Cleveland OH 44109
Telephone: (216) 778-4444; Fax: (216) 778-8642
Lab Name: Cleveland Clinic Foundation
Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for University Hospitals
Fertility Center, see Beachwood, OH

Ohio Reproductive Medicine
4830 Knightsbridge Blvd, Suite E
Columbus OH 43214
Telephone: (614) 451-2280; Fax: (614) 451-4352
Lab Name: Reproductive Diagnostics Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

§Kettering Reproductive Medicine
3533 Southern Blvd, Suite 4100
Kettering OH 45429
Telephone: (937) 395-8444; Fax: (937) 395-8450
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Fertility Center of Northwestern Ohio
2142 N. Cove Blvd
Toledo OH 43606
Telephone: (419) 291-8835; Fax: (419) 479-6005
Lab Name: The Toledo Hospital, The Fertility Center
of NW Ohio
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Health
7675 Wellness Way, Suite 315
West Chester OH 45069
Telephone: (513) 475-7600; Fax: (513) 475-7601
Lab Name: University of Cincinnati Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.
540 N. Cleveland Ave, Suite 100
Westerville OH 43082
Telephone: (614) 895-3333; Fax: (614) 895-3338
Lab Name: Reproductive Gynecology
Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OKLAHOMA

Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility Institute
3433 N.W. 56th St, Suite 200
Oklahoma City OK 73112
Telephone: (405) 949-6060; Fax: (405) 949-6872
Lab Name: Integris Baptist Medical Center, Bennett
Fertility Institute Reproductive Services
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

OU Physicians Reproductive Medicine
1000 N. Lincoln Blvd, Suite 300
Oklahoma City OK 73104
Telephone: (405) 271-1616; Fax: (405) 271-9222
Lab Name: OU Physicians, Department of OB/GYN
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tulsa Fertility Center
115 E. 15th St
Tulsa OK 74119
Telephone: (918) 584-2870; Fax: (918) 587-3602
Lab Name: Tulsa Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OREGON

The Fertility Center of Oregon
590 Country Club Pkwy, Suite A
Eugene OR 97401
Telephone: (541) 683-1559; Fax: (541) 683-1709
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Oregon
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Northwest Fertility Center
1750 S.W. Harbor Way, Suite 200
Portland OR 97201
Telephone: (503) 227-7799; Fax: (503) 227-5452
Lab Name: Northwest Fertility Center, Northwest
Reproductive Technologies
Accreditation: CAP

Oregon Reproductive Medicine
2222 N.W. Lovejoy St, Suite 304
Portland OR 97210
Telephone: (503) 274-4994; Fax: (503) 274-4946
Lab Name: The Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§University Fertility Consultants
Oregon Health & Science University
OHSU Center for Health & Healing
3303 S.W. Bond Ave, 10th Floor
Portland OR 97239
Telephone: (503) 418-4500; Fax: (503) 418-3757
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

PENNSYLVANIA

Abington Reproductive Medicine, Abington IVF
and Genetics
Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences
Arches Bldg
1200 Old York Rd, 2nd Floor
Abington PA 19001
Telephone: (215) 887-2010; Fax: (215) 481-7550
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine,
Abington IVF & Genetics
Accreditation: CAP

Infertility Solutions, PC
1275 S. Cedar Crest Blvd, Suite 3
Allentown PA 18103
Telephone: (610) 776-1217; Fax: (610) 776-4149
Lab Name: Infertility Solutions, PC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Pennsylvania
1401 N. Cedar Crest Blvd, Suite 200
Allentown PA 18104
Telephone: (610) 820-6888; Fax: (610) 820-6818
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Family Fertility Center
95 Highland Ave, Suite 100
Bethlehem PA 18017
Telephone: (610) 868-8600; Fax: (610) 868-8700
Lab Name: Family Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
Bryn Mawr Medical Arts Pavilion
825 Old Lancaster Rd, Suite 170
Bryn Mawr PA 19010
Telephone: (484) 380-4879; Fax: (474) 380-4866
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Geisinger Medical Center Fertility Program
100 N. Academy Ave
Danville PA 17822
Telephone: (570) 271-5620; Fax: (570) 271-5629
Lab Name: Geisinger Medical Center ART/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical Center
500 University Dr, C3608
Hershey PA 17033
Telephone: (717) 531-8478; Fax: (717) 531-6286
Lab Name: Penn State Milton S. Hershey
Medical Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Philadelphia
625 Clark Ave, Suite 17B
King Of Prussia PA 19406
Telephone: (215) 654-1544; Fax: (215) 654-1543
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates
(RMA) of Philadelphia
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility and Gynecology Associates
Pine Bldg East, 800 Spruce St
Philadelphia PA 19107
Telephone: (215) 829-6385; Fax: (215) 829-6553
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine,
Abington IVF & Genetics
Accreditation: CAP

Jefferson University
833 Chestnut St, 1st Floor
Philadelphia PA 19107
Telephone: (215) 955-5000; Fax: (215) 923-1089
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates
(RMA) of Philadelphia
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Society Hill Reproductive Medicine
822 Pine St, Suite 4B
Philadelphia PA 19107
Telephone: (215) 829-8110; Fax: (215) 829-8119
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC Philadelphia/
Chesterbrook Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

University of Pennsylvania
Penn Fertility Care
3701 Market St, 8th Floor
Philadelphia PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 662-7455; Fax: (215) 615-4304
Lab Name: University of Pennsylvania In
Vitro Fertilization Program, Laboratory for
Assisted Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

§Jones Institute at West Penn Allegheny
Health System
4815 Liberty Ave, Suite 330
Pittsburgh PA 15224
Telephone: (412) 578-5588; Fax: (412) 605-6544
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.
419 Rodi Rd
Pittsburgh PA 15235
Telephone: (412) 731-8000; Fax: (412) 731-8399
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

University of Pittsburgh Physicians
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology
Magee Womens Hospital
300 Halket St, Suite 5150
Pittsburgh PA 15213
Telephone: (412) 641-1600; Fax: (412) 641-7453
Lab Name: Center for Fertility and Reproductive
Endocrinology IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Endocrinology and Fertility Center
Crozer-Chester Medical Center
Ambulatory Care Pavilion
1 Medical Center Blvd, Suite 531
Upland PA 19013
Telephone: (610) 447-2727; Fax: (610) 447-6549
Lab Name: Health Access Network,
Andrology/IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Shady Grove Fertility RSC of Pennsylvania
945 Chesterbrook Blvd
Wayne PA 19087
Telephone: (610) 981-6000; Fax: (610) 964-0536
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC Philadelphia/
Chesterbrook Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

§Women's Clinic, Ltd.
301 S. 7th Ave, Suite 245
West Reading PA 19611
Telephone: (610) 374-2214; Fax: (610) 685-5264
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

The Fertility Center, LLC
130 Leader Heights Rd
York PA 17403
Telephone: (717) 747-3099; Fax: (717) 747-3214
Lab Name: The Fertility Center, LLC, IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None

PUERTO RICO

Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD
Dr. Arturo Cadilla Bldg
100 Paseo San Pablo, Suite 503
Bayamon PR 00959
Telephone: (787) 798-0100; Fax: (787) 740-7250
Lab Name: PR Fertility and Reproductive Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo
Ave Muñoz Rivera, A-1, Suite 303
Caguas PR 00726
Telephone: (787) 704-3434; Fax: (787) 961-4546
Lab Name: Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo
Accreditation: None

GREFI
Gynecology, Reproductive Endocrinology &
Fertility Institute
First Bank Bldg
1519 Ave Ponce de Leon, Suite 705
Santurce PR 00910
Telephone: (787) 721-3544; Fax: (787) 848-0979
Lab Name: GREFI Laboratory-Ponce
Accreditation: CAP

RHODE ISLAND

§Women and Infants' Center for Reproduction
and Infertility
90 Plain St, 5th Floor
Providence RI 02903
Telephone: (401) 453-7500; Fax: (401) 277-3638
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology Group, PA
17 Caledon Ct, Suite C
Greenville SC 29615
Telephone: (864) 232-7734; Fax: (864) 232-7099
Lab Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology
Group, PA, Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Medical Group, Department of Obstetrics
and Gynecology
Fertility Center of the Carolinas
890 W. Faris Rd, Suite 470
Greenville SC 29605
Telephone: (864) 455-1608; Fax: (864) 455-3095
Lab Name: Greenville Hospital System,
Reproductive Endocrinology & Infertility
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Coastal Fertility Specialists
1375 Hospital Dr
Mount Pleasant SC 29464
Telephone: (843) 883-5800; Fax: (843) 216-0061
Lab Name: Coastal Fertility Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Advanced Fertility & Reproductive Endocrinology
2324 Sunset Blvd
West Columbia SC 29169
Telephone: (803) 939-1515; Fax: (803) 939-0977
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility & Reproductive
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

SOUTH DAKOTA

Sanford Women's Health
1500 W. 22nd St, MB3, Suite 102B
Sioux Falls SD 57105
Telephone: (605) 328-8800; Fax: (605) 328-8831
Lab Name: Sanford Women's Health Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

TENNESSEE

Fertility Center, LLC
7407 Ziegler Rd
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 899-0500; Fax: (423) 899-2411
Lab Name: Fertility Center, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Tennessee Reproductive Medicine
6031 Shallowford Rd, Suite 101
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 876-2229; Fax: (423) 643-0699
Lab Name: Tennessee Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Quillen Fertility and Women's Services
110 Corporate Dr, Suite 140
Johnson City TN 37604
Telephone: (423) 439-7246; Fax: (423) 282-4698
Lab Name: ETSU Physicians and Associates,
Quillen Fertility & Women's Services Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

East Tennessee IVF and Andrology Center
9301 Park West Blvd, Bldg A
Knoxville TN 37923
Telephone: (865) 249-7031; Fax: (865) 588-4510
Lab Name: East Tennessee IVF/Fertility and
Andrology Center
Accreditation: None

Southeastern Fertility Center
Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD, HCLD
11126 Kingston Pike
Knoxville TN 37934
Telephone: (865) 777-0088; Fax: (865) 777-2015
Lab Name: Southeastern Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Kutteh Ke Fertility Associates of Memphis, PLLC
80 Humphreys Center, Suite 307
Memphis TN 38120
Telephone: (901) 747-2229; Fax: (901) 747-4446
Lab Name: Memphis Fertility Laboratory, PC
Accreditation: CAP

The Center for Reproductive Health
2410 Patterson St, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-8899; Fax: (615) 321-8877
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Nashville, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Nashville Fertility Center
345 23rd Ave North, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-4740; Fax: (615) 320-0240
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty Laboratory of
Middle Tennessee, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

TEXAS

Austin Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine-Westlake IVF
300 Beardsley Ln, Bldg B, Suite 200
Austin TX 78746
Telephone: (512) 444-1414; Fax: (512) 579-2720
Lab Name: Westlake IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Austin Fertility Institute, PA
2200 Park Bend Dr, Bldg 1, Suite 402
Austin TX 78758
Telephone: (512) 339-4234; Fax: (512) 339-4237
Lab Name: New Austin Health, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

RMATX.COM, PLLC
RMA of Texas-Austin
911 W. 38th St, Suite 402
Austin TX 78705
Telephone: (512) 479-7979; Fax: (512) 479-7985
Lab Name: RMATX.COM, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Texas Fertility Center
Vaughn, Silverberg & Associates
6500 N. Mopac Expressway, Bldg 1, Suite 1200
Austin TX 78731
Telephone: (512) 451-0149; Fax: (512) 451-0977
Lab Name: Texas Fertility Center, Austin IVF,
LP Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Dr. Jeffrey Youngkin
Austin Fertility Center
805 E. 32nd St, Suite 201
Austin TX 78705
Telephone: (512) 478-3188; Fax: (512) 478-5092
Lab Name: Texas Fertility Center, Austin IVF,
LP Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Assisted Reproduction
1701 Park Place Ave
Bedford TX 76022
Telephone: (817) 540-1157; Fax: (817) 267-0522
Lab Name: Center for Assisted Reproduction
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Dallas-Fort Worth Fertility Associates
5477 Glen Lakes Dr, Suite 200
Dallas TX 75231
Telephone: (214) 363-5965; Fax: (214) 363-0639
Lab Name: Dallas Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Advanced Reproductive Medicine
Outpatient Building
1801 Inwood Rd, Suite 616
Dallas TX 75390
Telephone: (214) 645-3858; Fax: (214) 645-7930
Lab Name: Fertility and Advanced Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Dallas
Baylor Medical Pavilion
3900 Junius St, Suite 610
Dallas TX 75246
Telephone: (972) 884-5700; Fax: (972) 884-5709
Lab Name: Texas Health Resources Presbyterian
Hospital of Dallas ARTS Program
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Dallas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Institute, PA
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C-108
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6868; Fax: (972) 566-6860
Lab Name: Texas Health Resources Presbyterian
Hospital of Dallas ARTS Program
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Vivere Dallas Surgical
Center-Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ReproMed Fertility Center
3800 San Jacinto Ave
Dallas TX 75204
Telephone: (214) 827-8777; Fax: (214) 827-8622
Lab Name: Vivere Dallas Surgical
Center-Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C638
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6686; Fax: (972) 566-6670
Lab Name: Sher Institute for
Reproductive Medicine-Dallas
Accreditation: CAP

Texas Center for Reproductive Health
Barnett Tower
3600 Gaston Ave, Suite 504
Dallas TX 75246
Telephone: (214) 821-2274; Fax: (214) 821-2373
Lab Name: Texas Center for Reproductive Health
Accreditation: CAP

The Women's Place
950 Scotland Dr
DeSoto TX 75115
Telephone: (972) 709-9777; Fax: (972) 709-8300
Lab Name: North Texas Fertility Center
Accreditation: None

§University Fertility Center
1804 FM 646 West, Suite N
Dickinson TX 77539
Telephone: (832) 505-3059; Fax: (281) 335-0882
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Southwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
700 S. Mesa Hills
El Paso TX 79912
Telephone: (915) 842-9998; Fax: (915) 842-9972
Lab Name: Southwest Center for Reproductive
Health, PA
Accreditation: None

Brooke Army Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology
3551 Roger Brooke Dr
Fort Sam Houston TX 78234
Telephone: (210) 916-6305; Fax: (210) 916-6350
Lab Name: BAMC IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fort Worth Fertility, PA
1800 Mistletoe Blvd
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 348-8145; Fax: (817) 348-8264
Lab Name: Texas Reproductive Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Dallas IVF
2840 Legacy Dr, Bldg 1, Suite 100
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (214) 297-0027; Fax: (214) 297-0035
Lab Name: Dallas IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Specialists of Texas, PLLC
5757 Warren Pkwy, Suite 300
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (214) 618-2044; Fax: (214) 618-7838
Lab Name: Fertility Specialists of Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Frisco Institute for Reproductive Medicine
8380 Warren Pkwy, Suite 201
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (972) 377-2625; Fax: (972) 377-2667
Lab Name: Frisco IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Center of Texas
10901 Katy Freeway
Houston TX 77079
Telephone: (713) 467-4488; Fax: (713) 467-9499
Lab Name: Center for Women's Medicine In Vitro
Fertilization Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Baylor Family Fertility Program
Texas Children's Pavilion for Women
6651 Main St, Suite F320
Houston TX 77030
Telephone: (832) 826-7463; Fax: (823) 825-9413
Lab Name: Obstetrical and Gynecological
Associates Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Family Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Cooper Institute for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
7500 Beechnut St, Suite 308
Houston TX 77074
Telephone: (713) 771-9771; Fax: (713) 771-9773
Lab Name: Cooper Institute for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine, Cooper Institute
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Specialists of Houston
7900 Fannin St, Suite 4400
Houston TX 77054
Telephone: (713) 512-7914; Fax: (713) 512-7853
Lab Name: Obstetrical and Gynecological
Associates Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

The Heard Clinic
1315 St. Joseph Pkwy, Suite 1305
Houston TX 77002
Telephone: (713) 878-0878; Fax: (866) 788-2859
Lab Name: Houston Infertility Clinic Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Houston Fertility Institute
2500 Fondren Rd, Suite 350
Houston TX 77063
Telephone: (832) 237-1434; Fax: (832) 237-1436
Lab Name: New Houston Health IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Houston Infertility Clinic
Sonja Kristiansen, MD
9055 Katy Freeway, Suite 450
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 862-6181; Fax: (713) 464-2810
Lab Name: Houston Infertility Clinic Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Houston IVF
929 Gessner Rd, Suite 2300
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 465-1211; Fax: (713) 550-1475
Lab Name: Houston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVFMD
7501 Las Colinas Blvd, Suite 200A
Irving TX 75063
Telephone: (972) 506-9986; Fax: (972) 506-0044
Lab Name: IVFMD-Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Fertility and Reproductive Surgery
Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center
3502 9th St, Suite G10
Lubbock TX 79415
Telephone: (806) 743-4256; Fax: (806) 743-4462
Lab Name: Texas Tech University Health Sciences
Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Centre for Reproductive Medicine
3405 22nd St, Suite 300
Lubbock TX 79410
Telephone: (806) 788-1212; Fax: (806) 788-1253
Lab Name: The Centre for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Institute of South Texas
110 E. Savannah, Bldg B, Suite 103
McAllen TX 78503
Telephone: (956) 687-2693; Fax: (956) 687-2829
Lab Name: Reproductive Institute of South
Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Presbyterian Hospital Plano ARTS
6300 W. Parker Rd, MOB-2, Suite G26
Plano TX 75093
Telephone: (972) 981-3325; Fax: (972) 981-3336
Lab Name: Texas Health Presbyterian
Hospital of Plano, Assisted Reproduction
Technologies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of San Antonio
4499 Medical Dr, Suite 200
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 692-0577; Fax: (210) 692-1210
Lab Name: Fertility Center of San Antonio, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Institute of Texas, PLLC
540 Oak Centre, Suite 260
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 277-8111; Fax: (830) 620-9077
Lab Name: Texas Fertility Center, Austin IVF,
LP Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Women's Health
Advanced Fertility Center
18707 Hardy Oak Blvd, Suite 500
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 616-0680; Fax: (210) 616-0684
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Perinatal and Fertility Specialists of San Antonio
Fertility Specialists of San Antonio
225 E. Sonterra Blvd, Suite 206
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 402-1560; Fax: (210) 402-1570
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA
19296 Stone Oak Pkwy
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 337-8453; Fax: (210) 337-8452
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Texas, PA, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UT Medicine Women's Health Center
Medical Arts & Research Center
8300 Floyd Curl Dr, 5th Floor
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 450-9500; Fax: (210) 450-6028
Lab Name: University of Texas Medicine Women's
Health Center, Reproductive Endocrinology
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Scott & White
2401 S. 31st St
Temple TX 76508
Telephone: (254) 724-2738; Fax: (254) 724-1046
Lab Name: Scott & White Laboratory
Accreditation: None

North Houston Center for Reproductive
Medicine, PA
(NHCRM)
111 Vision Park, Suite 110
The Woodlands TX 77384
Telephone: (281) 444-4784; Fax: (281) 444-0429
Lab Name: North Houston Fertility Laboratory, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Center of Reproductive Medicine (CORM)
1015 Medical Center Blvd, Suite 2100
Webster TX 77598
Telephone: (281) 332-0073; Fax: (281) 332-1860
Lab Name: Center of Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UTAH

Utah Fertility Center
1446 W. Pleasant Grove Blvd
Pleasant Grove UT 84062
Telephone: (801) 785-5100; Fax: (801) 785-4597
Lab Name: Utah Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Utah Center for Reproductive Medicine
675 Arapeen Dr, Suite 205
Salt Lake City UT 84108
Telephone: (801) 581-4838; Fax: (801) 585-2231
Lab Name: University of Utah School of Medicine
Andrology/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Care Center
10150 Petunia Way
Sandy UT 84092
Telephone: (801) 878-8888; Fax: (801) 878-8890
Lab Name: Reproductive Care Center Andrology
and Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

VERMONT

§Vermont Center for Reproductive Medicine
University of Vermont Medical Center for
Reproductive Medicine
FAHC-Reproductive Endocrinology & Infertility
111 Colchester Ave, ACC MP-4
Burlington VT 05401
Telephone: (802) 847-1400; Fax: (802) 847-0111
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

VIRGINIA

Washington Fertility Center
4316 Evergreen Ln
Annandale VA 22003
Telephone: (703) 658-3100; Fax: (703) 658-3103
Lab Name: Washington Fertility Center
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology
46 S. Glebe Rd, Suite 301
Arlington VA 22204
Telephone: (703) 920-3890; Fax: (703) 892-6037
Lab Name: Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology
Main Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center of
Virginia, PLC
595 Martha Jefferson Dr, Suite 390
Charlottesville VA 22911
Telephone: (434) 654-8520; Fax: (434) 654-8521
Lab Name: Martha Jefferson Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Genetics & IVF Institute
3015 Williams Dr
Fairfax VA 22031
Telephone: (703) 698-7355; Fax: (703) 204-4617
Lab Name: Genetics & IVF Institute
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for The Muasher Center for
Fertility and IVF dba, Partners for Fertility and IVF,
see Vienna, VA

Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine
601 Colley Ave
Norfolk VA 23507
Telephone: (757) 446-7446; Fax: (757) 446-7455
Lab Name: Jones Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine
11150 Sunset Hills Rd, Suite 100
Reston VA 20190
Telephone: (703) 437-7722; Fax: (703) 437-0066
Lab Name: Virginia Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Institute of Virginia
10710 Midlothian Turnpike, Suite 331
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 379-9000; Fax: (804) 379-9031
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP

LifeSource Fertility Center
7603 Forest Ave, Suite 204
Richmond VA 23229
Telephone: (804) 673-2273; Fax: (804) 285-3109
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP

The Richmond Center for Fertility and Endocrinology
7603 Forest Ave, Suite 301
Richmond VA 23229
Telephone: (804) 285-9700; Fax: (804) 285-9745
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP

University Center for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
Stony Point Women's Health
9000 Stony Point Pkwy
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 327-8820; Fax: (804) 237-6637
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP

The Muasher Center for Fertility and IVF dba
Partners for Fertility and IVF
8100 Boone Blvd, Suite 430
Vienna VA 22182
Telephone: (703) 876-3611; Fax: (703) 876-6317
Lab Name: The Muasher Center for Fertility and
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine
448 Viking Dr, Suite 100
Virginia Beach VA 23452
Telephone: (757) 496-5370; Fax: (757) 481-3354
Lab Name: The New Hope Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Francisco M. Irianni, MD
1820 W. Plaza Dr
Winchester VA 22601
Telephone: (540) 662-6092; Fax: (540) 667-2476
Lab Name: Medical Faculty Associates,
Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WASHINGTON

Overlake Reproductive Health, Inc., PS
11232 N.E. 15th St, Suite 201
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 646-4700; Fax: (425) 646-1076
Lab Name: Overlake Reproductive Health
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Washington Center for Reproductive Medicine
1370 116th Ave N.E., Suite 100
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 462-6100; Fax: (425) 635-0742
Lab Name: Eastside Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Bellingham IVF & Fertility Care
2980 Squalicum Pkwy, Suite 103
Bellingham WA 98225
Telephone: (360) 715-8124; Fax: (360) 715-8126
Lab Name: Bellingham IVF & Fertility
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Poma Fertility
12039 N.E. 128th St, Suite 110
Kirkland WA 98034
Telephone: (425) 822-7662; Fax: (425) 822-0172
Lab Name: Poma Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Olympia Women's Health
403 E. Black Hills Ln S.W.
Olympia WA 98502
Telephone: (360) 786-1515; Fax: (360) 754-7476
Lab Name: Olympia Women's Health
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF Specialists
1101 Madison Ave, Suite 1050
Seattle WA 98104
Telephone: (206) 515-0000; Fax: (206) 515-0001
Lab Name: Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Seattle Reproductive Medicine
Integramed America
1505 Westlake Ave North, Suite 400
Seattle WA 98109
Telephone: (206) 301-5000; Fax: (206) 285-1119
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive Medicine,
SRM Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Reproductive Care
University of Washington
4245 Roosevelt Way N.E., 4th Floor
Seattle WA 98105
Telephone: (206) 598-4225; Fax: (206) 598-8722
Lab Name: University Reproductive Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Center for Reproductive Health
508 W. 6th Ave, Suite 500
Spokane WA 99204
Telephone: (509) 462-7070; Fax: (509) 462-7071
Lab Name: The Center for Reproductive Health
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

GYFT Clinic, PLLC
2201 S. 19th St, Suite 101
Tacoma WA 98405
Telephone: (253) 475-5433; Fax: (253) 475-0290
Lab Name: GYFT Clinic Reproductive
Assays Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Madigan Army Medical Center
9040A Fitzsimmons Ave
Tacoma WA 98431
Telephone: (253) 968-3783; Fax: (253) 968-5295
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive Medicine,
SRM Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WEST VIRGINIA

West Virginia University Fertility Center
830 Pennsylvania Ave, Suite 304
Charleston WV 25302
Telephone: (304) 288-2863; Fax: (304) 388-2866
Lab Name: West Virginia University Fertility Center
Accreditation: None

Cabell Huntington Hospital
Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
1600 Medical Center Dr, Suite 4500
Huntington WV 25701
Telephone: (304) 526-2652; Fax: (304) 691-1410
Lab Name: Cabell Huntington Hospital, Center for
Advanced Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

West Virginia University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
1322 Pineview Dr, Suite 2
Morgantown WV 26505
Telephone: (304) 598-3100; Fax: (304) 598-8301
Lab Name: West Virginia University, Department
of OB GYN, Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WISCONSIN

§Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services
The Women's Center at Aurora BayCare
Medical Center
2845 Greenbrier Rd, Suite 350
Green Bay WI 54311
Telephone: (920) 288-8500; Fax: (920) 288-8570
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin
Reproductive Medicine Center
North Hills Health Center
W129 N0755 Northfield Dr, Bldg B, Suite 500
Menomonee Falls WI 53051
Telephone: (262) 253-9220; Fax: (262) 253-9221
Lab Name: Froedtert Hospital Reproductive
Medicine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care
2365 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-6160; Fax: (608) 827-3040
Lab Name: University of Wisconsin Medical
Foundation, Generations Fertility Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Wisconsin Fertility Institute
3146 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-0075; Fax: (608) 829-0748
Lab Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Froedtert & Medical
College of Wisconsin, Reproductive Medicine
Center, see Menomonee Falls, WI

Reproductive Specialty Center
2350 N. Lake Dr, Suite 504
Milwaukee WI 53211
Telephone: (414) 289-9668; Fax: (414) 289-0974
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Gundersen Fertility Center
3111 Gundersen Dr, 4th Floor
Onalaska WI 54650
Telephone: (608) 775-2306; Fax: (608) 775-2993
Lab Name: Gundersen Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services,
West Allis
West Allis Memorial Hospital
8901 W. Lincoln Ave, 2nd Floor
West Allis WI 53227
Telephone: (414) 329-4300; Fax: (414) 329-4399
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

2013 Nonreporting Clinics, by State

The clinics listed below provided ART services and were in operation as of January 1, 2013 and accordingly were required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act passed by the US Congress. These clinics either failed to submit data or did not provide verification by the clinic medical director that the tabulated success rates were correct, as required for publication.

Consumers who are aware of a clinic that was in operation in 2013 but is not included in this report's lists of either reporting or nonreporting clinics are encouraged to contact us with the complete name, mailing address, and telephone number of the clinic, by e-mail at artinfo@cdc.gov or by regular mail at CDC, ATTN: ART Surveillance and Research Team; 4770 Buford Highway, N.E.; Mail Stop F-74; Atlanta GA 30341-3717. Providing this information will help ensure that clinics that should be in the report will be included in upcoming years.

Clinic names preceded by the † symbol have closed since January 1, 2013.

Arizona Reproductive Institute
1775 East Skyline Dr Suite 175
Tucson AZ 85718
Telephone: (520) 222-8400; Fax: (520) 219-2351

Kathleen Kornafel, MD, PhD
1560 E. Chevy Chase Dr, Suite 200
Glendale CA 91206
Telephone: (818) 242-9933; Fax: (818) 242-9937

Hope IVF and Fertility Center
2500 Alton Pkwy, Suite 201
Irvine CA 92606
Telephone: (949) 387-3888; Fax: (949) 387-3907

La Jolla IVF
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 610
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 558-2221; Fax: (858) 558-2263

Acacio Fertility Center
27882 Forbes Rd, Suite 200
Laguna Niguel CA 92677
Telephone: (949) 249-9200; Fax: (949) 249-9203

CARE for the Bay Area
555 Knowles Dr, Suite 212
Los Gatos CA 95032
Telephone: (408) 628-0783; Fax: (888) 850-3405

Northridge Center for Reproductive Medicine
18546 Roscoe Blvd, Suite 240
Northridge CA 91324
Telephone: (818) 886-0600; Fax: (818) 701-8100

Dr. Aimee Eyvazzadeh
5401 Norris Canyon Rd, Suite 106
San Ramon CA 94583
Telephone: (925) 277-0600; Fax: (925) 277-0801

†Eric H. Silverstein, MD, Professional LLC dba
The Fertility Center of Colorado
6160 Tutt Blvd, Suite 210
Colorado Springs CO 80923
Telephone: (719) 636-0080; Fax: (719) 636-3030

†International Fertility Center of Hawaii
1132 Bishop St, Suite 1110
Honolulu HI 96813
Telephone: (808) 537-1164; Fax: (808) 537-1174

North Shore Fertility, SC
4250 Dempster St
Skokie IL 60076
Telephone: (847) 763-8850; Fax: (847) 763-8851

†Reproductive Medicine & Infertility
Shawnee Mission Medical Center
8901 W. 74th Street, Suite 269
Shawnee Mission KS 66204
Telephone: (913) 432-7161; Fax: (913) 432-6158

†University of Kentucky
Women's Health Obstetrics & Gynecology
125 E. Maxwell St, Suite 140
Lexington KY 40508
Telephone: (859) 323-0005; Fax: (859) 323-0790

†Center for ART at Medstar Union
Memorial Hospital
33rd St Professional Bldg
201 E. University Pkwy, Suite 464
Baltimore MD 21218
Telephone: (410) 554-2271; Fax: (410) 554-2900

Center for Reproductive Medicine
9711 Medical Center Dr, Suite 214
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 424-1904; Fax: (301) 424-1902

Siu Ng-Wagner, MD
14955 Shady Grove Rd, Suite 125
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 340-1495; Fax: (301) 838-9712

†REI Division at Tufts Medical Center
North Building, Mezzanine Level
800 Washington St
Boston MA 02111
Telephone: (617) 636-6066; Fax: (617) 636-5906

Michigan Reproductive Medicine
41000 Woodward Ave, Suite 100E
Bloomfield Hills MI 48304
Telephone: (248) 593-6990; Fax: (248) 593-5925

†Grand Rapids Fertility & IVF, PC
555 Midtowne St N.E., Suite 300
Grand Rapids MI 49503
Telephone: (616) 774-2030; Fax: (616) 774-2053

†Luana J. Kyselka, MD, PC
2877 Crooks Rd, Suite D
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 643-6634; Fax: (248) 643-7165

Low Cost IVF
716 Broad St, Suite 2A
Clifton NJ 07013
Telephone: (973) 221-3122; Fax: (973) 710-0620

†Douglas S. Rabin, MD
33-00 Broadway, Suite 303
Fair Lawn NJ 07410
Telephone: (201) 703-9555; Fax: (201) 475-5678

Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York
400 Old Hook Rd, Suite 2-3
Westwood NJ 07675
Telephone: (201) 666-4200; Fax: (201) 666-2262

Continuum Reproductive Center of St. Luke's
Roosevelt Hospital
425 W. 59th St, Suite 5A
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 523-7751; Fax: (212) 523-8348

†Deaconess Center for Reproductive Health
5401 N. Portland Ave, Suite 510
Oklahoma City OK 73112
Telephone: (405) 604-6470; Fax: (405) 604-6471

†Southeastern Fertility Center, PA
1375 Hospital Dr
Mount Pleasant SC 29464
Telephone: (843) 881-3900; Fax: (843) 856-2751

†Trinity InVitro Fertilization Program
Baylor Medical Center Plaza I
4323 N. Josey Ln, Suite 206
Carrollton TX 75010
Telephone: (972) 394-3699; Fax: (972) 394-6517

Office of Frank DeLeon, MD
1300 W. Terrell Ave, Suite 320
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 735-2300; Fax: (817) 882-8653

East Bay Fertility Center
746 East 1910 South, Suite 1
Provo UT 84606
Telephone: (801) 377-0580; Fax: (801) 375-5582

The Beach Center for Infertility, Endocrinology
and IVF
844 First Colonial Rd, Suite 202
Virginia Beach VA 23451
Telephone: (757) 428-0002; Fax: (757) 428-4555

2013

Appendix D

**National Consumer
Organizations**



APPENDIX D: NATIONAL CONSUMER ORGANIZATIONS

The following national consumer organizations offer support to people experiencing infertility:

Path2Parenthood
315 Madison Ave, Suite 901
New York NY 10017
Telephone: (888) 917-3777
info@path2parenthood.org
<http://www.path2parenthood.org>

RESOLVE: The National Infertility Association
7918 Jones Branch Dr, Suite 300
McLean VA 22102
Telephone: (703) 556-7172; Fax: (703) 506-3266
info@resolve.org
<http://www.resolve.org>

Womenshealth.gov
Office on Women's Health
US Department of Health and Human Services
200 Independence Ave, S.W., Room 712E
Washington DC 20201
Telephone: (202) 690-7650; Fax: (202) 205-2631
<http://www.womenshealth.gov>



US DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention