

**Table A-6a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Total	14.5 (0.24)	8.7 (0.20)	7.4 (0.19)
Sex			
Male	17.6 (0.38)	7.5 (0.29)	7.4 (0.28)
Female	11.8 (0.27)	9.9 (0.28)	7.3 (0.24)
Age (years)			
18–44	5.3 (0.23)	5.5 (0.25)	2.4 (0.19)
45–64	17.3 (0.51)	11.1 (0.40)	7.9 (0.34)
65–74	29.7 (0.87)	11.5 (0.63)	15.6 (0.69)
75 and over	47.7 (1.24)	18.0 (0.87)	28.7 (1.10)
Race			
One race <sup>2</sup>	14.5 (0.24)	8.7 (0.21)	7.3 (0.19)
White	15.5 (0.29)	8.7 (0.23)	7.3 (0.22)
Black or African American	9.4 (0.53)	10.0 (0.54)	8.8 (0.51)
American Indian or Alaska Native	18.8 (2.30)	13.7 (1.97)	7.4 (1.57)
Asian	8.2 (0.70)	4.9 (0.52)	6.1 (0.69)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*10.5 (3.71)	*	*
Two or more races <sup>3</sup>	17.3 (1.92)	12.0 (1.57)	11.0 (1.64)
Black or African American, white	17.1 (4.89)	17.2 (3.48)	*6.4 (3.21)
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	20.3 (2.92)	13.3 (2.32)	12.2 (2.25)
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> and race			
Hispanic or Latino	9.6 (0.50)	9.7 (0.52)	6.4 (0.40)
Mexican or Mexican American	10.7 (0.72)	10.9 (0.73)	6.0 (0.53)
Not Hispanic or Latino	15.2 (0.27)	8.7 (0.23)	7.6 (0.22)
White, single race	16.5 (0.33)	8.6 (0.27)	7.5 (0.25)
Black or African American, single race	9.5 (0.54)	10.2 (0.56)	8.9 (0.52)
Education <sup>5</sup>			
Less than a high school diploma	18.0 (0.66)	12.8 (0.61)	15.7 (0.59)
High school diploma or GED <sup>6</sup>	17.9 (0.56)	10.0 (0.42)	9.8 (0.39)
Some college	17.3 (0.50)	9.2 (0.38)	6.7 (0.35)
Bachelor's degree or higher	13.1 (0.43)	6.8 (0.33)	3.5 (0.27)
Current employment status <sup>7</sup>			
Employed	12.5 (0.47)	6.5 (0.32)	4.9 (0.30)
Full-time	12.4 (0.70)	6.2 (0.41)	4.6 (0.41)
Part-time	12.6 (0.79)	7.8 (0.63)	5.2 (0.50)
Not employed but has worked previously	17.2 (0.43)	12.2 (0.43)	9.2 (0.34)
Not employed and has never worked	12.0 (1.00)	12.4 (1.04)	11.6 (1.05)

**Table A-6a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Family income <sup>8</sup>			
Less than \$35,000	16.6 (0.39)	12.9 (0.40)	11.4 (0.34)
\$35,000 or more	13.9 (0.32)	7.1 (0.25)	5.5 (0.23)
\$35,000–\$49,999	15.2 (0.65)	8.9 (0.55)	7.9 (0.52)
\$50,000–\$74,999	14.5 (0.58)	7.6 (0.43)	6.0 (0.43)
\$75,000–\$99,999	12.1 (0.67)	6.7 (0.60)	4.1 (0.49)
\$100,000 or more	13.8 (0.62)	6.4 (0.49)	3.9 (0.39)
Poverty status <sup>9</sup>			
Poor	16.6 (0.62)	15.9 (0.66)	14.1 (0.60)
Near poor	15.6 (0.56)	11.4 (0.52)	11.2 (0.48)
Not poor	14.0 (0.32)	7.0 (0.23)	5.5 (0.21)
Health insurance coverage <sup>10</sup>			
Under 65:			
Private	8.3 (0.28)	5.4 (0.22)	3.4 (0.20)
Medicaid	14.1 (0.82)	15.3 (0.82)	8.6 (0.61)
Other	15.4 (1.29)	12.2 (1.25)	7.2 (0.93)
Uninsured	10.2 (0.49)	9.9 (0.53)	5.5 (0.42)
65 and over:			
Private	38.6 (1.01)	12.6 (0.71)	17.4 (0.87)
Medicare and Medicaid	35.0 (2.29)	25.5 (2.18)	41.5 (2.24)
Medicare only	36.9 (1.24)	14.6 (0.92)	24.0 (1.20)
Other	48.2 (2.70)	18.3 (2.40)	21.8 (2.43)
Uninsured	21.7 (6.28)	*19.0 (6.91)	37.2 (6.21)
Marital status			
Married	14.4 (0.36)	7.3 (0.27)	6.4 (0.27)
Widowed	15.2 (1.94)	11.2 (1.91)	9.6 (0.71)
Divorced or separated	17.3 (0.71)	11.5 (0.59)	9.5 (0.51)
Never married	12.5 (0.69)	10.1 (0.62)	8.0 (0.66)
Living with a partner	13.4 (1.29)	10.3 (0.97)	9.9 (1.21)
Place of residence <sup>11</sup>			
Large MSA	12.6 (0.30)	7.6 (0.25)	5.9 (0.24)
Small MSA	15.7 (0.49)	9.8 (0.43)	8.2 (0.41)
Not in MSA	18.7 (0.67)	10.6 (0.51)	10.4 (0.47)
Region			
Northeast	13.1 (0.57)	7.4 (0.43)	6.9 (0.40)
Midwest	16.8 (0.52)	9.0 (0.43)	7.5 (0.41)
South	14.0 (0.40)	8.9 (0.37)	8.1 (0.35)
West	14.3 (0.51)	9.2 (0.39)	6.3 (0.37)

**Table A-6a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and sex			
Hispanic or Latino, male	11.0 (0.82)	8.1 (0.76)	5.4 (0.61)
Hispanic or Latina, female	8.6 (0.61)	11.1 (0.70)	7.2 (0.53)
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race, male	20.4 (0.51)	7.5 (0.37)	8.0 (0.37)
White, single race, female	12.9 (0.36)	9.7 (0.36)	7.0 (0.30)
Black or African American, single race, male	9.6 (0.84)	8.2 (0.70)	7.7 (0.67)
Black or African American, single race, female	9.5 (0.68)	11.7 (0.77)	9.7 (0.69)

\* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

- Quantity zero.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents were asked, "These next questions are about your hearing without the use of hearing aids or other listening devices. Is your hearing excellent, good, [do you have] a little trouble hearing, moderate trouble, a lot of trouble, or are you deaf?" For this table, "a little trouble hearing," "moderate trouble," "a lot of trouble," and "deaf" are combined into one category. Estimates of hearing trouble for 2013 may not be comparable with estimates from 2006 and earlier.

Regarding their vision, respondents were asked, "Do you have any trouble seeing, even when wearing glasses or contact lenses?" Respondents were also asked "Are you blind or unable to see at all?" For this table, "any trouble seeing" and "blind" are combined into one category.

Respondents were asked, "Have you lost all of your upper and lower natural (permanent) teeth?"

A person may be represented in more than one column.

<sup>2</sup> Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

<sup>3</sup> Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

<sup>4</sup> Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

<sup>5</sup> Shown only for adults aged 25 and over. Estimates are age adjusted to the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population using four age groups: 25-44, 45-64, 65-74, and 75 and over.

<sup>6</sup> GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

<sup>7</sup> "Full-time" employment is 35 or more hours per week. "Part-time" employment is 34 or fewer hours per week.

<sup>8</sup> Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

<sup>9</sup> "Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

<sup>10</sup> Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Adults with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes adults who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>11</sup> MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population size of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population size of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on data from the Sample Adult file and was weighted using the Sample Adult weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. Unless otherwise specified, estimates are age-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using four age groups: 18-44, 45-64, 65-74, and 75 and over. Estimates for age groups are not age-adjusted. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Blackwell DL, Villarroel MA, Clarke TC. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: 2013 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013.

**Table A-6b. Frequencies (in thousands) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	All adults aged 18 and over	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Total	237,394	36,342	21,482	18,346
Sex				
Male	114,334	20,564	8,787	8,530
Female	123,061	15,778	12,695	9,817
Age (years)				
18–44	111,717	5,900	6,139	2,717
45–64	82,286	14,258	9,152	6,464
65–74	25,086	7,452	2,893	3,917
75 and over	18,305	8,732	3,298	5,249
Race				
One race <sup>2</sup>	233,678	35,832	21,091	18,055
White	189,484	32,020	17,409	14,950
Black or African American	28,503	2,506	2,779	2,246
American Indian or Alaska Native	1,970	320	270	117
Asian	13,236	957	596	732
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	485	*	*	*
Two or more races <sup>3</sup>	3,716	510	391	291
Black or African American, white	801	52	*84	*
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	1,570	315	204	178
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> and race				
Hispanic or Latino	35,704	2,616	2,999	1,636
Mexican or Mexican American	22,277	1,726	2,013	883
Not Hispanic or Latino	201,690	33,726	18,482	16,711
White, single race	156,858	29,575	14,630	13,406
Black or African American, single race	27,415	2,461	2,729	2,207
Education <sup>5</sup>				
Less than a high school diploma	27,749	6,040	3,999	5,462
High school diploma or GED <sup>6</sup>	52,621	10,709	5,705	6,011
Some college	60,000	10,326	5,624	3,954
Bachelor's degree or higher	65,758	8,034	4,400	2,140
Current employment status <sup>7</sup>				
Employed	144,126	14,334	8,726	5,577
Full-time	117,101	11,262	6,696	4,436
Part-time	24,980	2,698	1,854	1,095
Not employed but has worked previously	78,659	20,285	11,059	11,156
Not employed and has never worked	14,364	1,655	1,683	1,609

**Table A-6b. Frequencies (in thousands) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	All adults aged 18 and over	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Family income <sup>8</sup>				
Less than \$35,000	72,188	13,391	9,692	9,458
\$35,000 or more	149,560	20,307	10,611	7,760
\$35,000–\$49,999	30,855	5,027	2,817	2,578
\$50,000–\$74,999	40,797	6,042	3,159	2,385
\$75,000–\$99,999	27,096	3,019	1,694	1,051
\$100,000 or more	50,812	6,219	2,942	1,746
Poverty status <sup>9</sup>				
Poor	29,822	4,397	4,399	3,555
Near poor	38,468	6,403	4,460	4,694
Not poor	148,428	21,767	10,662	8,176
Health insurance coverage <sup>10</sup>				
Under 65:				
Private	125,224	11,672	7,088	4,566
Medicaid	19,711	2,731	2,968	1,664
Other	9,247	1,894	1,439	889
Uninsured	38,942	3,809	3,746	2,007
65 and over:				
Private	21,580	8,111	2,658	3,637
Medicare and Medicaid	3,185	1,093	803	1,313
Medicare only	14,960	5,381	2,117	3,450
Other	3,159	1,505	556	652
Uninsured	411	71	*50	84
Marital status				
Married	125,149	20,130	9,800	8,753
Widowed	14,432	5,437	2,670	3,805
Divorced or separated	27,632	5,401	3,660	3,042
Never married	52,816	3,547	3,615	1,895
Living with a partner	16,910	1,738	1,682	839
Place of residence <sup>11</sup>				
Large MSA	127,881	16,218	9,846	7,510
Small MSA	73,440	12,143	7,411	6,288
Not in MSA	36,074	7,981	4,225	4,548
Region				
Northeast	41,590	6,134	3,316	3,272
Midwest	53,833	9,448	4,947	4,260
South	87,664	12,995	8,211	7,478
West	54,307	7,765	5,008	3,337

**Table A-6b. Frequencies (in thousands) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	All adults aged 18 and over	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and sex				
Hispanic or Latino, male	17,870	1,365	1,255	658
Hispanic or Latina, female	17,834	1,251	1,744	977
Not Hispanic or Latino:				
White, single race, male	75,979	17,328	6,122	6,587
White, single race, female	80,880	12,247	8,508	6,819
Black or African American, single race, male	12,321	1,085	979	820
Black or African American, single race, female	15,094	1,376	1,750	1,387

\* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

- Quantity zero.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents were asked, "These next questions are about your hearing without the use of hearing aids or other listening devices. Is your hearing excellent, good, [do you have] a little trouble hearing, moderate trouble, a lot of trouble, or are you deaf?" For this table, "a little trouble hearing," "moderate trouble," "a lot of trouble," and "deaf" are combined into one category. Estimates of hearing trouble for 2013 may not be comparable with estimates from 2006 and earlier.

Regarding their vision, respondents were asked, "Do you have any trouble seeing, even when wearing glasses or contact lenses?" Respondents were also asked "Are you blind or unable to see at all?" For this table, "any trouble seeing" and "blind" are combined into one category.

Respondents were asked, "Have you lost all of your upper and lower natural (permanent) teeth?"

A person may be represented in more than one column.

<sup>2</sup> Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

<sup>3</sup> Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

<sup>4</sup> Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

<sup>5</sup> Shown only for adults aged 25 and over.

<sup>6</sup> GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

<sup>7</sup> "Full-time" employment is 35 or more hours per week. "Part-time" employment is 34 or fewer hours per week.

<sup>8</sup> Includes persons in families that reported either a dollar amount or would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

<sup>9</sup> "Poor" persons live in families defined as below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons live in families with incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons live in families with incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

<sup>10</sup> Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Adults with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes adults who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>11</sup> MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population size of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population size of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on data from the Sample Adult file and was weighted using the Sample Adult weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "All adults aged 18 and over" column. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Blackwell DL, Villarreal MA, Clarke TC. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: 2013 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013.

**Table A-6c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Total	15.3 (0.28)	9.1 (0.21)	7.7 (0.21)
Sex			
Male	18.0 (0.43)	7.7 (0.29)	7.5 (0.29)
Female	12.8 (0.32)	10.3 (0.29)	8.0 (0.27)
Age (years)			
18–44	5.3 (0.23)	5.5 (0.25)	2.4 (0.19)
45–64	17.3 (0.51)	11.1 (0.40)	7.9 (0.34)
65–74	29.7 (0.87)	11.5 (0.63)	15.6 (0.69)
75 and over	47.7 (1.24)	18.0 (0.87)	28.7 (1.10)
Race			
One race <sup>2</sup>	15.3 (0.28)	9.0 (0.21)	7.7 (0.21)
White	16.9 (0.34)	9.2 (0.24)	7.9 (0.24)
Black or African American	8.8 (0.53)	9.8 (0.54)	7.9 (0.53)
American Indian or Alaska Native	16.2 (2.47)	13.7 (2.27)	5.9 (1.43)
Asian	7.2 (0.67)	4.5 (0.48)	5.5 (0.68)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*2.1 (1.00)
Two or more races <sup>3</sup>	13.7 (1.71)	10.6 (1.37)	7.8 (1.40)
Black or African American, white	6.5 (1.85)	10.5 (3.03)	*
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	20.0 (3.35)	13.0 (2.21)	11.3 (2.35)
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> and race			
Hispanic or Latino	7.3 (0.40)	8.4 (0.45)	4.6 (0.31)
Mexican or Mexican American	7.7 (0.53)	9.0 (0.61)	4.0 (0.38)
Not Hispanic or Latino	16.7 (0.32)	9.2 (0.24)	8.3 (0.24)
White, single race	18.9 (0.39)	9.3 (0.27)	8.5 (0.28)
Black or African American, single race	9.0 (0.55)	10.0 (0.55)	8.1 (0.55)
Education <sup>5</sup>			
Less than a high school diploma	21.8 (0.80)	14.4 (0.65)	19.7 (0.75)
High school diploma or GED <sup>6</sup>	20.4 (0.64)	10.8 (0.45)	11.4 (0.46)
Some college	17.2 (0.54)	9.4 (0.39)	6.6 (0.35)
Bachelor's degree or higher	12.2 (0.43)	6.7 (0.32)	3.3 (0.25)
Current employment status <sup>7</sup>			
Employed	9.9 (0.29)	6.1 (0.22)	3.9 (0.20)
Full-time	9.6 (0.31)	5.7 (0.23)	3.8 (0.22)
Part-time	10.8 (0.69)	7.4 (0.58)	4.4 (0.41)
Not employed but has worked previously	25.8 (0.54)	14.1 (0.41)	14.2 (0.43)
Not employed and has never worked	11.5 (0.91)	11.7 (0.95)	11.2 (0.92)

**Table A-6c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Family income <sup>8</sup>			
Less than \$35,000	18.6 (0.48)	13.4 (0.40)	13.1 (0.42)
\$35,000 or more	13.6 (0.35)	7.1 (0.24)	5.2 (0.22)
\$35,000–\$49,999	16.3 (0.75)	9.1 (0.56)	8.4 (0.58)
\$50,000–\$74,999	14.8 (0.62)	7.7 (0.43)	5.8 (0.44)
\$75,000–\$99,999	11.1 (0.66)	6.3 (0.53)	3.9 (0.43)
\$100,000 or more	12.2 (0.56)	5.8 (0.40)	3.4 (0.30)
Poverty status <sup>9</sup>			
Poor	14.7 (0.63)	14.8 (0.66)	11.9 (0.61)
Near poor	16.6 (0.64)	11.6 (0.52)	12.2 (0.56)
Not poor	14.7 (0.35)	7.2 (0.24)	5.5 (0.22)
Health insurance coverage <sup>10</sup>			
Under 65:			
Private	9.3 (0.31)	5.7 (0.22)	3.6 (0.21)
Medicaid	13.9 (0.83)	15.1 (0.83)	8.4 (0.63)
Other	20.5 (1.49)	15.6 (1.41)	9.6 (0.95)
Uninsured	9.8 (0.49)	9.6 (0.52)	5.2 (0.41)
65 and over:			
Private	37.6 (1.03)	12.3 (0.70)	16.9 (0.86)
Medicare and Medicaid	34.3 (2.31)	25.2 (2.17)	41.2 (2.24)
Medicare only	36.0 (1.22)	14.2 (0.90)	23.1 (1.18)
Other	47.7 (2.66)	17.6 (2.30)	20.7 (2.39)
Uninsured	17.2 (4.73)	*12.2 (4.37)	20.4 (5.47)
Marital status			
Married	16.1 (0.42)	7.8 (0.28)	7.0 (0.29)
Widowed	37.7 (1.20)	18.5 (0.94)	26.4 (1.09)
Divorced or separated	19.6 (0.72)	13.3 (0.64)	11.0 (0.56)
Never married	6.7 (0.36)	6.8 (0.38)	3.6 (0.30)
Living with a partner	10.3 (0.81)	10.0 (0.85)	5.0 (0.54)
Place of residence <sup>11</sup>			
Large MSA	12.7 (0.33)	7.7 (0.25)	5.9 (0.25)
Small MSA	16.5 (0.55)	10.1 (0.44)	8.6 (0.45)
Not in MSA	22.1 (0.88)	11.7 (0.54)	12.6 (0.57)
Region			
Northeast	14.7 (0.70)	8.0 (0.45)	7.9 (0.49)
Midwest	17.6 (0.61)	9.2 (0.43)	7.9 (0.45)
South	14.8 (0.46)	9.4 (0.39)	8.5 (0.38)
West	14.3 (0.56)	9.2 (0.39)	6.1 (0.38)

**Table A-6c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of hearing trouble, vision trouble, and absence of teeth among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, 2013**

Selected characteristic	Hearing trouble <sup>1</sup>	Vision trouble <sup>1</sup>	Absence of all natural teeth <sup>1</sup>
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and sex			
Hispanic or Latino, male	7.6 (0.60)	7.0 (0.65)	3.7 (0.42)
Hispanic or Latina, female	7.0 (0.52)	9.8 (0.63)	5.5 (0.44)
Not Hispanic or Latino:			
White, single race, male	22.8 (0.59)	8.1 (0.38)	8.7 (0.40)
White, single race, female	15.1 (0.43)	10.5 (0.37)	8.4 (0.35)
Black or African American, single race, male	8.8 (0.83)	7.9 (0.69)	6.7 (0.67)
Black or African American, single race, female	9.1 (0.69)	11.6 (0.76)	9.2 (0.72)

\* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

- Quantity zero.

<sup>1</sup> Respondents were asked, "These next questions are about your hearing without the use of hearing aids or other listening devices. Is your hearing excellent, good, [do you have] a little trouble hearing, moderate trouble, a lot of trouble, or are you deaf?" For this table, "a little trouble hearing," "moderate trouble," "a lot of trouble," and "deaf" are combined into one category. Estimates of hearing trouble for 2013 may not be comparable with estimates from 2006 and earlier.

Regarding their vision, respondents were asked, "Do you have any trouble seeing, even when wearing glasses or contact lenses?"

Respondents were also asked "Are you blind or unable to see at all?" For this table, "any trouble seeing" and "blind" are combined into one category.

Respondents were asked, "Have you lost all of your upper and lower natural (permanent) teeth?"

A person may be represented in more than one column.

<sup>2</sup> Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

<sup>3</sup> Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

<sup>4</sup> Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

<sup>5</sup> Shown only for adults aged 25 and over.

<sup>6</sup> GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

<sup>7</sup> "Full-time" employment is 35 or more hours per week. "Part-time" employment is 34 or fewer hours per week.

<sup>8</sup> Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

<sup>9</sup> "Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

<sup>10</sup> Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Adults with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes adults who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>11</sup> MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population size of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population size of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on data from the Sample Adult file and was weighted using the Sample Adult weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Blackwell DL, Villarroel MA, Clarke TC. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Adults: 2013 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>. SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013.